

Indian Institute of Technology Mandi
February-June 2017 Semester
CS202: Data Structure and Algorithms
Programming Assignment 3 Problem Statements

Last date of submission of code: **20th March, 2017**

Implement one of the following problems using C++ programming language. Mapping of the problems to students is given in [Assignment3_Problem_Student_Map.pdf](#).

Note:

1. Write a separate main programs to evaluate the functions in linked list, stack and queue data structures.
2. Implement the linked list data structure using the [list.hpp](#)
3. Implement stack and queue data structures using [stack.hpp](#) and [queue.hpp](#). Most important is, *use the abstraction of linked lists to implement the functionality of stack and queue.*
4. Use Stack or Queue data structure as per the need of the problem assigned to you.
5. Write a separate main programs to evaluate the problem assigned to you.

Problems:

1. Design and implement a calculator that can calculate prefix expressions like:
+ 2 4
* 8 (+ 7 12)
(+ 7 (* 8 12) (* 2 (+ 9 4) 7) 3)
Note: All items are space delimited. Use stack data structure.
Example answers:
+ 2 4 => 2 + 4 = 6
* 8 (+ 7 12) => 8 * (7 + 12) = 152
(+ 7 (* 8 12) (* 2 (+ 9 4) 7) 3) => 7+8*12+2*(9+4)*7+3 = 148
2. Given a mathematical expression, count the number of brackets (pair of open and closes) and then remove the redundant brackets from the expression.
Example:
Input: (a + (b*c)) * (d * (f * j))
Output should be: (a + b * c) *d * f * j
Note: Use stack as data structure.
3. Nikhil learnt two new commands **pwd** and **cd** on the first day of Operating Systems lab.
pwd - command displays the current working directory and,
cd - changes the location of working directory.

If the **cd** parameter contains **".."** (without quotes), that means to step one directory back.
The absolute path of directory is separated by slashes **"/"**(without quotes).
The default root directory is **"/"**.
Your task is to print the current working directory.

Input

Input description.

- The first line of input contains **T**, denoting the number of test cases.
- The second line of input contains **N**, denoting the number of commands.
- Then **N** lines follow, each containing either a **cd** command or **pwd** command.

Output

Output description.

- For each **pwd** command, output the absolute path of current directory.

Constraints

Should contain all the constraints on the input data that you may have. Format it like:

- $1 \leq T \leq 100$
- $1 \leq N \leq 100$
- Maximum length of cd parameter ≤ 200

Example

Input:

```
1
9
pwd
cd /home/csed
pwd
cd /lab/root/../dir
pwd
cd /home
pwd
cd lab
pwd
```

Output:

```
/
/home/csed/
/lab/dir/
/home/
/home/lab/
```

Note: Use queue as data structure.

4. Write a program to print all numbers from 1 to N in binary notation.

Input:

5

Output:

```
1
10
11
100
101
```

Note: Use queue as data structure.

5. Children line up in a circle and pass an item from neighbour to neighbour as fast as they can. At a certain point (say after a round) in the game, the action is stopped and the child who has the item is removed from the circle. Play continues until only one child is left.

- Players: There are n children.
- Elimination Rule: Every i th child will be removed after a round.

Devise a winning strategy, it mean that one can choose a strategy to be the last person left who will be declared as the winner.

Input Data and Format:

Enter number of children: n

Elimination Rule: i

Expected Output for Correct and Incorrect Inputs:

Return: winning strategy i.e. a safe position s for some given values of n and i .

Example: If $n = 7$ and $i = 3$, then the safe position is $s = 4$. The persons at positions 3, 6, 2, 7, 5, 1 are removed in order, and person at position 4 survives.

Sample Output:

Please enter values of n and i : 5 2

The removal sequence is as follows -

[1] Firstly, the person at position 2 is removed.

[2] Then person at position 4 is removed.

[3] Then person at position 1 is removed.

[4] Finally, the person at position 5 is removed. Hence the person at position 3 survives.
(WINNER)

Note: Use queue as data structure.

6. You have been given a lot of numbers in a file named "input.txt". You are required to read this file and store the first number in an integer B and rest of the numbers in a queue named Que. Then rotate this queue by B positions forward in the queue itself. Then print the status of Que in the file named "output.txt".

Example:-

////////// input.txt //////////

1

1 2 3 4 5 6

////////// output.txt //////////

2 3 4 5 6 1

7. Given a series of n daily prices for a stock, calculate span of stock's price for all n days. The span S_i of the stock's price on a given day i is defined as the maximum number of consecutive days just before the given day, for which the price of the stock on the day is less than or equal to its price on the given day.

Note: Use stack as data structure.

Sample input:

7

100 80 60 70 60 75 85

Output:

1 1 1 2 1 4 6

8. Given an array, print the Next Greater Element (NGE) for every element. The NGE for an element x is the first greater element on the right side of x in array. Elements for which no greater element exist, consider next greater element as -1.

Note: Use stack as data structure.

Sample input:

4

4 5 2 25

Output

5 25 25 -1

9. Let us have a string called 'valid string' S of length n . The definition of a valid string is defined recursively as: $S_{n+2} = 'aS_nb'$ or $'abS_n'$ or $'S_nab'$. The first valid string is an empty string of size 0. The next valid string is: $S_{0+2} = 'ab'$ (since all the ways to create a valid string will give same result). Similarly, $S_4 = 'aS_2b'$ or $'abS_2'$ or $'S_2ab'$ i.e., $S_4 = 'aabb'$ or $'abab'$ or $'abab'$ (since $S_2 = 'ab'$). You are given a string as input, you have to find whether the given string is valid or not using one (or multiple) queue(s).

Example:

Input: aaaabbbb

Output: Valid

Input: aaabbbbaba

Output: Invalid