



## Management or Data events, which are not enabled by default in CloudTrail and why?

CloudTrail categorizes events into **two types**:

### ✓ **Management Events (Control plane):**

These are actions that **change your AWS infrastructure** — like configuring services or managing permissions.

Examples:

- CreateBucket (S3)
- RunInstances (EC2)
- PutRolePolicy (IAM)

These are **enabled by default** and usually cost nothing extra.



### **Data Events (Data plane):**

These are **high-volume, resource-level activities**, such as accessing or reading data.

Examples:

- GetObject, PutObject in S3
- InvokeFunction in Lambda

These are **not enabled by default** because they generate lots of logs and might cost more.

### **Example:**

If you want to see who **downloaded a file from an S3 bucket**, that's a data event — and you'll need to explicitly enable it in CloudTrail.

### Which type of AWS CloudTrail events are **enabled by default**?

- A) Data Events (Data plane)
- B) Management Events (Control plane)
- C) Both Data and Management Events
- D) None of the above



**Answer: B — Management Events (Control plane)**

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### Why are **Data Events not enabled by default** in AWS CloudTrail?

- A) They are not useful for auditing
- B) They generate large volumes of logs, which may increase cost

- C) They are not supported by most AWS services
- D) They are automatically included in Management Events

✓ **Answer: B — They generate large volumes of logs, which may increase cost**

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Which of the following is a **Management Event** in AWS CloudTrail?

- A) GetObject (S3)
- B) PutObject (S3)
- C) RunInstances (EC2)
- D) InvokeFunction (Lambda)

✓ **Answer: C — RunInstances (EC2)**

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If you want to track **who downloaded a file from an S3 bucket**, which CloudTrail event type must you enable?

- A) Management Event
- B) Data Event
- C) Both A and B
- D) None of the above

✓ **Answer: B — Data Event**