

AWS CodeCommit: Interview Questions

What is AWS CodeCommit and how is it different from GitHub or Bitbucket?

https://aws.amazon.com/blogs/devo ps/how-to-migrate-your-awscodecommit-repository-to-anothergit-provider/

AWS CodeCommit is a **fully-managed source control service** from AWS that hosts **secure, scalable, private** Git repositories. It helps teams collaborate on code without managing their own Git servers.



- Fully Managed: No need to manage servers, patching, or scaling.
- Secure:
 - o Encryption at rest and in transit
 - IAM-based access control
- Scalable: Handles large repos, branches, histories—no artificial size/file limits.
- **Git-Compatible**: Works with standard Git commands and tools.
- AWS Integration: Natively integrates with CodePipeline, CodeBuild, CodeDeploy, Lambda, and more.

CodeCommit vs GitHub vs Bitbucket			
Feature	AWS CodeCommit	GitHub	Bitbucket
Hosting Model	Fully managed on AWS	SaaS, GitHub Enterprise for on-prem	SaaS, Data Center for on-prem
Integration	Deep with AWS services	GitHub Actions, Packages, 3rd-party tools	Jira, Confluence, Trello, Bamboo
Audience	AWS-focused teams	Open-source & enterprise	Atlassian users & small teams
Private Repos	Private by default	Free/private with limits	Free private repos for up to 5 users
CI/CD	CodePipeline, CodeBuild, CodeDeploy	GitHub Actions, many integrations	Bitbucket Pipelines, Jenkins, Bamboo
Code Review	Pull requests, approvals	Robust discussions & reviews	Full code review flow
Community	Small, AWS-centric	Largest dev community, open- source hub	Strong in enterprise and Atlassian ecosystem
UI/UX	Functional, AWS-style	Polished, intuitive	Friendly for teams
Cost	Pay-as-you-go, free for 5 active users	Tiered pricing, some free usage	Free for small teams, then per-user pricing

How do you configure access to a CodeCommit repository using IAM roles or credentials?

1. IAM User with Git Credentials (HTTPS)

- Create IAM user with AWSCodeCommitPowerUser or custom policy.
- Generate Git credentials in IAM console.

• Use the credentials for git clone or configure Git credential helper.

2. IAM User with SSH Keys

- Generate SSH keys.
- Upload public key to IAM under "SSH keys for AWS CodeCommit".
- Use SSH URL for cloning.

3. AWS CLI Credential Helper (Recommended)

- Install and configure AWS CLI with IAM credentials.
- Run:

git config --global credential.helper '!aws codecommit credential-helper \$@'

• Clone using HTTPS URL; CLI handles credentials.

4. IAM Roles for AWS Services

- Create role (e.g., CodeBuildServiceRole) with necessary CodeCommit permissions.
- Attach the role to:
 - EC2: via instance profile
 - o CodeBuild/CodePipeline: in service settings
- Apply the principle of least privilege when granting permissions.

How do you migrate from Git/GitHub/GitLab to CodeCommit?

Migration Steps:

- 1. Create empty CodeCommit repo
- 2. Mirror existing repo locally:

bash
----git clone --mirror https://github.com/user/repo.git
cd repo.git
3. Add CodeCommit as remote:

bash

git remote add codecommit https://gitcodecommit.region.amazonaws.com/v1/repos/MyRepo

4. Push all data:

bash

git push codecommit --all git push codecommit --tags

Post-Migration Checklist:

- Verify branches, commits
- Clean up local repo (rm -rf repo.git)
- Update webhooks/integrations

· Handle Git LFS if used

What change will take place regarding AWS CodeCommit on July 25, 2024?

- A. CodeCommit will be permanently shut down
- B. New customer access will be closed
- C. CodeCommit will become a paid-only service
- D. All repositories will be auto-migrated to GitHub
- ✓ Correct Answer: B. New customer access will be closed