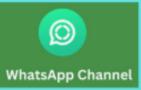
@devopschallengehub







What are the differences between NAT Gateway vs. NAT Instance

Feature NAT Gateway NAT Instance

Management Fully AWS-managed User-managed EC2 instance

AvailabilityHigh (AWS infrastructure)Single point of failureScalingAuto-scales up to 45 GbpsManual scaling requiredPerformanceUp to 45 Gbps bandwidthLimited by instance typeCostHigher (~\$45/month + data fees)Lower (EC2 pricing only)

Security Groups Cannot assign Can assign security groups

NACLsSupports NACLsSupports NACLsSSH AccessNot availableFull SSH access

Customization No customization Full configuration control

Port Forwarding Not supported Supported

Use Case Production, high traffic Cost-sensitive, custom needs

Recommendation:

- Choose NAT Gateway for production environments with high availability needs
- Choose NAT Instance for cost optimization or when custom configuration is required

Q1. Which of the following is a key difference between a NAT Gateway and a NAT Instance in AWS?

- A. NAT Gateway supports security groups, while NAT Instance does not
- B. NAT Gateway is fully managed by AWS, while NAT Instance requires manual setup and maintenance
- C. NAT Instance is more scalable than NAT Gateway
- D. NAT Gateway allows inbound SSH connections by default

Correct Answer: B

Q2. Which option is true regarding high availability?

- A. NAT Gateway provides automatic high availability within an Availability Zone
- B. NAT Instance is automatically distributed across multiple AZs
- C. Both NAT Gateway and NAT Instance offer built-in high availability
- D. Neither of them supports high availability

▼ Correct Answer: A