

# What is an init container, and how is it different from a normal container?

An **Init Container** in Kubernetes is a specialized container that runs **before** the main application container starts. It is useful for performing setup tasks like:

- Initializing configuration
- Waiting for dependencies (databases, services)
- Setting up secrets or fetching data

Unlike a normal application container, an Init Container:

- Runs **once** and exits before the main container starts.
- Ensures prerequisites are met before the app runs.
- ✓ Has its own separate image and lifecycle.

# **Example: Init Container in Action**

We will deploy a **Pod** with:

- 1 An Init Container that waits for 10 seconds (simulating a dependency setup).
- 2 A Main Container that runs nginx.

#### Step 1: Create a YAML file (init-container-demo.yaml)

```
apiVersion: v1
kind: Pod
metadata:
   name: init-container-demo
spec:
   containers:
```

```
- name: main-app
  image: nginx
  ports:
  - containerPort: 80
initContainers:
  - name: setup
  image: busybox
  command: ["sh", "-c", "echo 'Initializing...'; sleep 10; echo 'Setup
Complete'"]
```

# **Step 2: Deploy the Pod**

Run this command to apply the configuration:

#### **Command**

## kubectl get pod init-container-demo

# kubectl describe pod init-container-demo

```
kubectl get pod init-container-demo -w
kubectl logs init-container-demo -c setup
kubectl logs init-container-demo -c main-app
kubectl exec -it init-container-demo -c main-app -- sh
```

#### **Purpose**

Check Pod status
Get detailed container status
Watch Init Container transition
View Init Container logss
View nginx logs
Enter running nginx container

#### For deleting pod

kubectl delete pod init-container-demo

#### **Step 3: Check Pod Status**

```
sh
-----kubectl get pods
```

Initially, you will see Init: 0/1, indicating that the **Init Container is running**. Once it finishes, the main container (nginx) starts.

# To check logs:

```
sh
-----
kubectl logs init-container-demo -c setup
```

#### You will see:

Initializing...
Setup Complete

## **Summary**

- The Init Container runs first to simulate a setup.
- ◆ After it exits successfully, the main nginx container starts.
- ◆ If the Init Container fails, the Pod won't start until it succeeds.

This is useful in real-world scenarios like waiting for a database to be ready before starting an application.

# Which of the following is a common use case for an Init Container?

- A) Serving web traffic to users
- B) Running database queries after the application starts
- C) Preparing configuration files before the main container starts
- D) Handling real-time data processing
- Answer: C) Preparing configuration files before the main container starts

# What happens if an Init Container fails?

- A) The Pod continues running with the main container
- B) Kubernetes retries the Init Container until it succeeds or the Pod fails
- C) The Pod is deleted immediately
- D) The Init Container is ignored, and the main container starts
- **✓ Answer:** B) Kubernetes retries the Init Container until it succeeds or the Pod fails

# How is an Init Container different from a normal application container?

- A) It runs continuously along with the main container
- B) It has a different runtime than the main container
- C) It always restarts after completion
- D) It runs first and exits before the main container starts
- Answer: D) It runs first and exits before the main container starts