

What is your day to day activities as

Day-to-Day Activities of a DevOps Engineer for Kubernetes 🚀

A **DevOps Engineer** managing Kubernetes is responsible for ensuring **high availability, security, monitoring, and automation** of containerized applications.

1 Cluster Management & Maintenance 🔧

- ✓ **Managing Kubernetes clusters** (EKS, AKS, GKE, or on-premise).
- ✓ Performing **Kubernetes upgrades** (control plane, worker nodes).
- ✓ **Scaling** clusters (Horizontal & Vertical Pod Autoscaling).
- ✓ **Node health monitoring** & troubleshooting failures.

📌 Example:

- Upgrading a Kubernetes cluster from **v1.26 to v1.27** to access new features.
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2 Deployments & CI/CD Pipelines 🚀

- ✓ Writing & maintaining **Helm charts** / **Kustomize** for app deployments.
- ✓ Managing **Kubernetes manifests (YAML files)** for pods, services, and ingress.
- ✓ Implementing **GitOps** using tools like **ArgoCD** / **Flux**.
- ✓ Automating deployments with **Jenkins, GitHub Actions, or GitLab CI/CD**.

📌 Example:

- Deploying a new microservice using a **Helm chart** in a **GitOps pipeline**.
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3 Networking & Service Management 🌐

- ✓ Managing **Kubernetes Services** (ClusterIP, NodePort, LoadBalancer, Ingress).
- ✓ Configuring **Ingress Controllers** (NGINX, Traefik, Istio, etc.).
- ✓ Handling **DNS & networking policies** for security.
- ✓ Troubleshooting **network issues** (e.g., `kubectl get endpoints`).

📌 Example:

- Setting up an **NGINX Ingress Controller** to expose an app on <https://myapp.com>.
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4 Security & Access Control

- ✓ Implementing **RBAC (Role-Based Access Control)**.
- ✓ Managing **Secrets & ConfigMaps** securely.
- ✓ Setting up **Pod Security Policies & Network Policies**.
- ✓ Enforcing **container image security** (Trivy, Clair, Aqua Security).
- ✓ Ensuring **TLS encryption** using **cert-manager**.

Example:

- Restricting a developer's access to **only one namespace** using **RBAC roles**.
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5 Monitoring & Logging

- ✓ Setting up **monitoring tools** (Prometheus, Grafana, Datadog).
- ✓ Collecting logs using **ELK (Elasticsearch, Logstash, Kibana)** or **Loki**.
- ✓ Implementing **alerting** via AlertManager, Slack, PagerDuty.
- ✓ Debugging pods using **kubectl logs**, **kubectl describe pod**.

Example:

- Creating **Grafana dashboards** to monitor **CPU, Memory, and Pod availability**.
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6 Backup & Disaster Recovery

- ✓ Implementing **Kubernetes backup solutions** (Velero, Stash).
- ✓ Creating **disaster recovery strategies** (backup etcd, snapshots).
- ✓ Ensuring **persistent volume (PV) backups** for databases (e.g., MySQL, PostgreSQL).

Example:

- Scheduling **daily backups** of Kubernetes persistent volumes using **Velero**.
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7 Performance Optimization & Cost Management

- ✓ Optimizing **resource requests & limits** for CPU & memory.
- ✓ Using **HPA (Horizontal Pod Autoscaler) & VPA (Vertical Pod Autoscaler)**.
- ✓ Analyzing **costs & optimizing cluster utilization** (KubeCost, AWS Cost Explorer).

Example:

- **Right-sizing pods** to prevent overprovisioning & reduce cloud costs.
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8 Troubleshooting & Incident Handling ⚠️

- ✓ Investigating **pod failures**, **CrashLoopBackOff**, **ImagePullBackOff**.
- ✓ Debugging **networking issues** (DNS resolution, CNI plugin failures).
- ✓ Handling **node failures** & scheduling issues.
- ✓ Reviewing **audit logs** for security incidents.

📌 Example:

- Fixing a **failing pod** by debugging logs:

```
sh
CopyEdit
kubectl logs <pod-name> -n <namespace>
```

9 Automating Kubernetes Tasks 🤖

- ✓ Writing **Bash / Python scripts** for automating repetitive tasks.
- ✓ Managing infrastructure as code using **Terraform or Pulumi**.
- ✓ Automating Kubernetes operations with **Kubernetes Operators & Custom Controllers**.

📌 Example:

- Automating cluster provisioning using **Terraform + AWS EKS**.

10 Learning & Keeping Up-to-Date 📖

- ✓ Exploring **new Kubernetes features** (latest releases).
- ✓ Attending **Kubernetes community meetups** & webinars.
- ✓ Learning **service meshes (Istio, Linkerd)** & cloud-native security tools.

📌 Example:

- Experimenting with **Kubernetes Service Mesh (Istio)** to enhance security & observability.

🔥 Summary: Key Responsibilities of a DevOps Engineer for Kubernetes

- ✓ **Managing & maintaining** Kubernetes clusters.
- ✓ **Deploying & updating applications** via CI/CD pipelines.
- ✓ **Handling networking, security, monitoring & troubleshooting**.
- ✓ **Optimizing costs, backup strategies & automation**.