AbhijitMandal DSC540 Week11-12Ex

May 30, 2021

0.0.1 DSC 540 Week 11-12

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0.0.2 Activity 11: Retrieving Data Correctly From Databases

- Connect to petsDB and check whether the connection has been successful.
- Find the different age groups in the persons database.
- Find the age group that has the maximum number of people.
- Find the people who do not have a last name.
- Find out how many people have more than one pet.
- Find out how many pets have received treatment.
- Find out how many pets have received treatment and the type of pet is known.
- Find out how many pets are from the city called east port.
- Find out how many pets are from the city called east port and who received a treatment.

0.0.3 Load the necessary libraries.

```
[7]: import sqlite3
[8]: #Connecting to Pets Db
    conn = sqlite3.connect("petsdb")

[9]: # function to make sure the connection is successful
    def is_opened(conn):
        try:
            conn.execute("SELECT * FROM persons LIMIT 1")
            return True
        except sqlite3.ProgrammingError as e:
            print("Connection closed {}".format(e))
            return False

[10]: print(is_opened(conn))

True
[11]: conn.close()
[12]: print(is_opened(conn))
```

Connection closed Cannot operate on a closed database. False

```
[13]: #Find the different age groups in the persons database.
      conn = sqlite3.connect("petsdb")
      c = conn.cursor()
      for ppl, age in c.execute("SELECT count(*), age FROM persons GROUP BY age"):
          print("We have {} people aged {}".format(ppl, age))
     We have 2 people aged 5
     We have 1 people aged 6
     We have 1 people aged 7
     We have 3 people aged 8
     We have 1 people aged 9
     We have 2 people aged 11
     We have 3 people aged 12
     We have 1 people aged 13
     We have 4 people aged 14
     We have 2 people aged 16
     We have 2 people aged 17
     We have 3 people aged 18
     We have 1 people aged 19
     We have 3 people aged 22
     We have 2 people aged 23
     We have 3 people aged 24
     We have 2 people aged 25
     We have 1 people aged 27
     We have 1 people aged 30
     We have 3 people aged 31
     We have 1 people aged 32
     We have 1 people aged 33
     We have 2 people aged 34
     We have 3 people aged 35
     We have 3 people aged 36
     We have 1 people aged 37
     We have 2 people aged 39
     We have 1 people aged 40
     We have 1 people aged 42
     We have 2 people aged 44
     We have 2 people aged 48
     We have 1 people aged 49
     We have 1 people aged 50
     We have 2 people aged 51
     We have 2 people aged 52
     We have 2 people aged 53
     We have 2 people aged 54
     We have 1 people aged 58
```

We have 1 people aged 59

```
We have 1 people aged 60
     We have 1 people aged 61
     We have 2 people aged 62
     We have 1 people aged 63
     We have 2 people aged 65
     We have 2 people aged 66
     We have 1 people aged 67
     We have 3 people aged 68
     We have 1 people aged 69
     We have 1 people aged 70
     We have 4 people aged 71
     We have 1 people aged 72
     We have 5 people aged 73
     We have 3 people aged 74
[14]: # Find the age group that has the maximum number of people.
      for ppl, age in c.execute("SELECT count(*), age FROM persons GROUP BY age ORDER_
       →BY count(*) DESC"):
          print("Highest number of people {} came from {} age group".format(ppl, age))
          break
     Highest number of people 5 came from 73 age group
[15]: #Find the people who do not have a last name.
      res = c.execute("SELECT count(*) FROM persons WHERE last name IS null")
      for row in res:
          print(row)
     (60,)
[16]: # Find out how many people have more than one pet.
      res = c.execute("SELECT count(*) FROM (SELECT count(owner_id) FROM pets GROUP_
      →BY owner_id HAVING count(owner_id) >1)")
      for row in res:
          print("{} People has more than one pets".format(row[0]))
     43 People has more than one pets
[17]: #Find out how many pets have received treatment.
      res = c.execute("SELECT count(*) FROM pets WHERE treatment_done=1")
      for row in res:
          print(row)
     (36,)
[18]: # Find out how many pets have received treatment and the type of pet is known.
      res = c.execute("SELECT count(*) FROM pets WHERE treatment_done=1 AND pet_type_
       →IS NOT null")
```

```
for row in res:
    print(row)
```

(16,)

[19]: # Find out how many pets are from the city called east port.
res = c.execute("SELECT count(*) FROM pets JOIN persons ON pets.owner_id =
 →persons.id WHERE persons.city='east port'")
for row in res:
 print(row)

(49,)

[20]: # Find out how many pets are from the city called east port and who received a

→ treatment.

res = c.execute("SELECT count(*) FROM pets JOIN persons ON pets.owner_id =

→ persons.id WHERE persons.city='east port' AND pets.treatment_done=1")

for row in res:

print(row)

(11,)