

# XPath Axes

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## The XML Example Document

We will use the following XML document in the examples below.

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>

<bookstore>

  <book>
    <title lang="en">Harry Potter</title>
```

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```
<book>
  <title lang="en">Learning XML</title>
  <price>39.95</price>
</book>

</bookstore>
```

## XPath Axes

An axis represents a relationship to the context (current) node, and is used to locate nodes relative to that node on the tree.

| AxisName           | Result  |
|--------------------|---|
| ancestor           | Selects all ancestors (parent, grandparent, etc.) of the current node                             |
| ancestor-or-self   | Selects all ancestors (parent, grandparent, etc.) of the current node and the current node itself |
| attribute          | Selects all attributes of the current node  |
| child              | Selects all children of the current node  |
| descendant         | Selects all descendants (children, grandchildren, etc.) of the current node                       |
| descendant-or-self | Selects all descendants (children, grandchildren, etc.) of  |

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|                   |  |
|-------------------|--|
| following         | Selects everything in the document after the closing tag of the current node   |
| following-sibling | Selects all siblings after the current node  |
| namespace         | Selects all namespace nodes of the current node  |
| parent            | Selects the parent of the current node   |
| preceding         | Selects all nodes that appear before the current node in the document, except ancestors, attribute nodes and namespace nodes |
| preceding-sibling | Selects all siblings before the current node   |
| self              | Selects the current node   |

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## Location Path Expression

A location path can be absolute or relative.

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An absolute location path:

```
/step/step/...
```

A relative location path:

```
step/step/...
```

Each step is evaluated against the nodes in the current node-set.

A step consists of:

- an axis (defines the tree-relationship between the selected nodes and the current node)
- a node-test (identifies a node within an axis)
- zero or more predicates (to further refine the selected node-set)

The syntax for a location step is:

```
axisname::nodetest[predicate]
```

## Examples

| Example | Result | <input type="checkbox"/> Dark mode |
|---------|--------|------------------------------------|
|---------|--------|------------------------------------|

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|                         |   |
|-------------------------|---|
| attribute::lang         | Selects the lang attribute of the current node  |
| child::*                | Selects all element children of the current node  |
| attribute::*            | Selects all attributes of the current node  |
| child::text()           | Selects all text node children of the current node  |
| child::node()           | Selects all children of the current node  |
| descendant::book        | Selects all book descendants of the current node  |
| ancestor::book          | Selects all book ancestors of the current node  |
| ancestor-or-self::book  | Selects all book ancestors of the current node - and the current as well if it is a book node |
| child::* / child::price | Selects all price grandchildren of the current node   |

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