# Repeated Lexical Retrieval: Experiment 3

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# 1 Comparing TOT Unrelated and TOT Semantic

```
> US = read.csv("US_TOT_Responses.csv", header = TRUE, sep = ",")
```

#### 1.1 LME

```
Generalized linear mixed model fit by maximum likelihood (Laplace
  Approximation) [glmerMod]
Family: binomial (logit)
Formula:
TargetFirstResp\_ACC \sim PrimeCondition + (1 | Subject) + (1 | Target.Trial.)
   Data: US
Control: glmerControl(optimizer = "bobyqa", optCtrl = list(maxfun = 1e+05))
                    logLik deviance df.resid
  4032.1
           4057.4
                  -2012.0
                             4024.1
Scaled residuals:
            1Q Median
                             3 Q
-4.6099 -0.5307 -0.2859 0.5031
                                 5.6758
Random effects:
              Name
                           Variance Std.Dev.
Groups
 Target.Trial. (Intercept) 2.1794
                                    1.4763
               (Intercept) 0.6628
                                     0.8141
Subject
```

```
Number of obs: 4176, groups: Target.Trial., 72; Subject, 58
Fixed effects:
                Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
(Intercept)
                 -1.1647
                             0.2371 -4.912 9.03e-07 ***
PrimeCondition1 -0.1425
                             0.2292 -0.622
                                                0.534
Signif. codes: 0 âĂŸ***âĂŹ 0.001 âĂŸ**âĂŹ 0.01 âĂŸ*âĂŹ 0.05 âĂŸ.âĂŹ 0.1 âĂŸ âĂŹ 1
Correlation of Fixed Effects:
            (Intr)
PrimeCndtn1 -0.464
> # confint(prime_lmer2)
> #
> # > confint(prime_lmer2)
 # Computing profile confidence intervals ...
                     2.5 % 97.5 %
1.2331309 1.7946488
>
                                   97.5 %
>
 # .sig01
> # .sig02
                    0.6586465 1.0185114
> # (Intercept)
                    -1.6374292 -0.6988686
```

## 1.2 Prime and Target Acc

> # PrimeCondition1 -0.6009819 0.3140128

```
> ## PRIME ACCURACY
> ## AOV by subject
> library(dplyr)
> primeacc = group_by(US, Subject, PrimeCondition ) %>%
+ summarise_at(vars(PrimeFirstResp_ACC), mean)
> primeacc_aov = aov(data = primeacc, PrimeFirstResp_ACC ~ PrimeCondition)
> summary(primeacc_aov)
```

```
Df Sum Sq Mean Sq F value Pr(>F)
PrimeCondition 1 0.0514 0.05143 4.67 0.035 *
Residuals 56 0.6167 0.01101
---
Signif. codes: 0 âĂŸ***âĂŹ 0.001 âĂŸ**âĂŹ 0.01 âĂŸ*âĂŹ 0.05 âĂŸ.âĂŹ 0.1 âĂŸ âĂŹ 1
```

```
> prime_r = primeacc %>% filter(PrimeCondition == "Semantic")
> prime_u = primeacc %>% filter(PrimeCondition == "Unrelated")
> t.test(prime_r$PrimeFirstResp_ACC, prime_u$PrimeFirstResp_ACC, paired = FALSE)
```

```
Welch Two Sample t-test

data: prime_r$PrimeFirstResp_ACC and prime_u$PrimeFirstResp_ACC
```

```
t = -2.1485, df = 53.071, p-value = 0.03625
alternative hypothesis: true difference in means is not equal to 0
95 percent confidence interval:
   -0.115218008 -0.003961886
sample estimates:
mean of x mean of y
0.4325397 0.4921296

> ## AOV by item
> primeacc2 = group_by(US, Target.Trial., PrimeCondition ) %>%
+ summarise_at(vars(PrimeFirstResp_ACC), mean)
> primeacc_aov2 = aov(data = primeacc2, PrimeFirstResp_ACC ~ PrimeCondition +
```

```
Error: Target.Trial.

Df Sum Sq Mean Sq F value Pr(>F)

Residuals 71 6.535 0.09204

Error: Target.Trial.:PrimeCondition

Df Sum Sq Mean Sq F value Pr(>F)

PrimeCondition 1 0.128 0.12783 1.513 0.223

Residuals 71 5.997 0.08446
```

summary(primeacc\_aov2)

Error(Target.Trial./PrimeCondition))

```
> ## TARGET ACCURACY
> ## AOV by subject
>
> targetacc = group_by(US, Subject, PrimeCondition ) %>%
+ summarise_at(vars(TargetFirstResp_ACC), mean)
> targetacc_aov = aov(data = targetacc, TargetFirstResp_ACC ~ PrimeCondition)
> summary(targetacc_aov)
```

```
Df Sum Sq Mean Sq F value Pr(>F)
PrimeCondition 1 0.0047 0.00467 0.285 0.595
Residuals 56 0.9163 0.01636
```

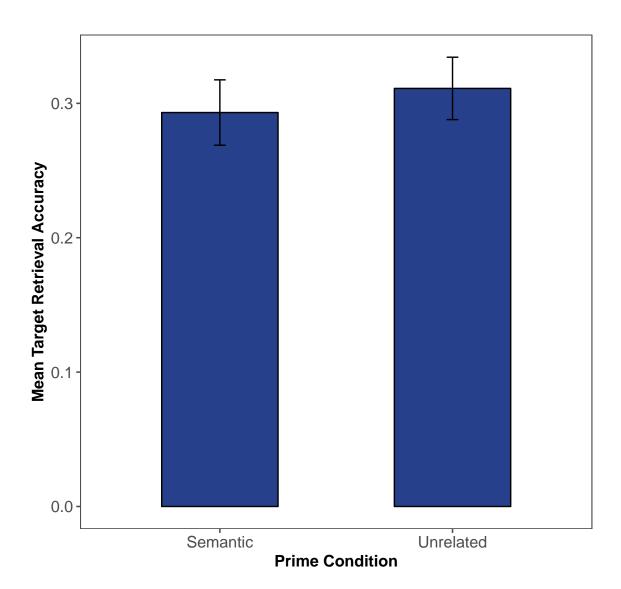
```
Error: Target.Trial.

Df Sum Sq Mean Sq F value Pr(>F)
```

## Figures: Mean Accuracy

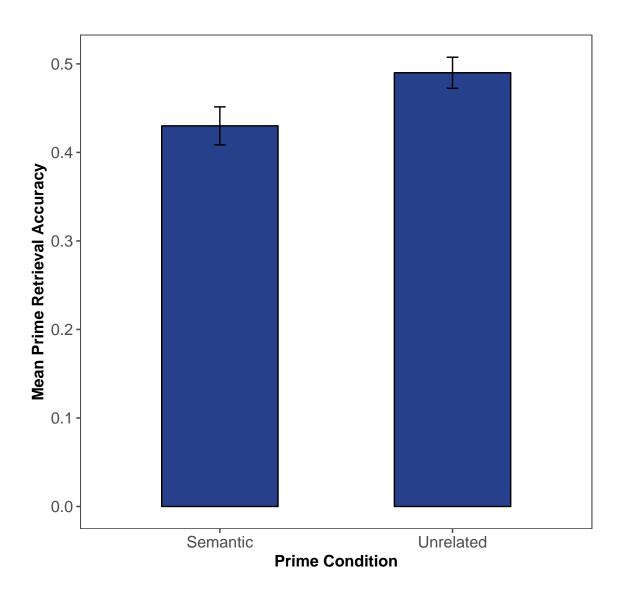
#### **Target**

```
> agg_acc = Rmisc::summarySE(targetacc,
                        measurevar = "TargetFirstResp_ACC",
+
                        groupvars = c("PrimeCondition"))
> library(ggplot2)
> library(ggthemes)
   agg_acc %>% mutate(PrimeType = factor(PrimeCondition,
                                                    levels = unique(PrimeCondition),
                      labels = c("Semantic", "Unrelated")))%>%
    ggplot(aes(x = PrimeType, y = TargetFirstResp_ACC)) +
+
   geom_bar(stat = "identity", position = "dodge", width = 0.5,
            fill = "royalblue4", color = "black")+
     geom_errorbar(aes(ymin = TargetFirstResp_ACC - se, ymax = TargetFirstResp_ACC + se)
                  width=.05, position=position_dodge(.5)) +
      theme_few()+
+
     xlab("Prime Condition") + ylab("Mean Target Retrieval Accuracy") +
+
    ggtitle("") +
+
     theme(axis.text = element_text(size = rel(1)),
+
            axis.title = element_text(face = "bold", size = rel(1)),
            legend.title = element_text(face = "bold", size = rel(1)),
           plot.title = element_text(hjust = .5),
           strip.text.x = element_text(face = "bold", size = rel(1.4)))
```



#### Prime

```
labels = c("Semantic", "Unrelated")))%>%
    ggplot(aes(x = PrimeType, y = PrimeFirstResp_ACC)) +
   geom_bar(stat = "identity", position = "dodge", width = 0.5,
            fill = "royalblue4", color = "black")+
     geom_errorbar(aes(ymin = PrimeFirstResp_ACC - se,
                       ymax = PrimeFirstResp_ACC + se),
                  width=.05, position=position_dodge(.5)) +
     theme_few()+
     xlab("Prime Condition") + ylab("Mean Prime Retrieval Accuracy") +
+
    ggtitle("") +
     theme(axis.text = element_text(size = rel(1)),
            axis.title = element_text(face = "bold", size = rel(1)),
           legend.title = element_text(face = "bold", size = rel(1)),
           plot.title = element_text(hjust = .5),
           strip.text.x = element_text(face = "bold", size = rel(1.4)))
```



# 1.3 Proportion Ret/Not Ret

```
> library(dplyr)
> cued_acc = group_by(US, ExperimentName) %>%
+ summarise_at(vars(PrimeFirstResp_ACC, TargetFirstResp_ACC), mean)
> cued_acc = group_by(US, ExperimentName, Subject, PrimeFirstResp_ACC) %>%
+ summarise(recalltrials = n())
> conditional_acc = group_by(US, ExperimentName, Subject,
+ PrimeFirstResp_ACC, TargetFirstResp_ACC) %>%
+ summarise(trials = n())
```

```
Error: Subject
                              Mean Sq F value
                     Sum Sq
ExperimentName
               1 4.978e-30 4.978e-30
                                        25.95 4.27e-06 ***
Residuals
               56 1.074e-29 1.920e-31
Signif. codes: 0 âĂŸ***âĂŹ 0.001 âĂŸ**âĂŹ 0.01 âĂŸ*âĂŹ 0.05 âĂŸ.âĂŹ 0.1 âĂŸ âĂŹ 1
Error: Subject:PrimeFirstResp_ACC
                                  Df
                                        Sum Sq
                                                  Mean Sq F value Pr(>F)
PrimeFirstResp_ACC
                                   1 1.800e-30 1.799e-30
                                                           0.459
ExperimentName:PrimeFirstResp_ACC
                                  1 1.650e-30 1.649e-30
                                                            0.420 0.519
Residuals
                                  56 2.197e-28 3.923e-30
Error: Subject:TargetFirstResp_ACC
                                   Df Sum Sq Mean Sq F value Pr(>F)
TargetFirstResp_ACC
                                      8.799
                                              8.799 143.179 <2e-16 ***
                                    1
ExperimentName:TargetFirstResp_ACC
                                       0.003
                                                0.003
                                                        0.052
                                       3.441
                                               0.061
Residuals
Signif. codes: 0 âĂŸ***âĂŹ 0.001 âĂŸ**âĂŹ 0.01 âĂŸ*âĂŹ 0.05 âĂŸ.âĂŹ 0.1 âĂŸ âĂŹ 1
Error: Subject:PrimeFirstResp_ACC:TargetFirstResp_ACC
                                                       Df Sum Sq Mean Sq F value
PrimeFirstResp_ACC:TargetFirstResp_ACC
                                                        1 0.3334 0.3334
                                                                           38.60
ExperimentName:PrimeFirstResp_ACC:TargetFirstResp_ACC
                                                       1 0.5862 0.5862
                                                                           67.86
Residuals
                                                       56 0.4838 0.0086
                                                         Pr(>F)
PrimeFirstResp_ACC:TargetFirstResp_ACC
                                                       6.84e-08 ***
ExperimentName:PrimeFirstResp_ACC:TargetFirstResp_ACC 3.15e-11 ***
Residuals
Signif. codes: 0 âĂŸ***âĂŹ 0.001 âĂŸ**âĂŹ 0.01 âĂŸ*âĂŹ 0.05 âĂŸ.âĂŹ 0.1 âĂŸ âĂŹ 1
```

```
>
> prime_sub = group_by(US, ExperimentName, Subject, PrimeCondition) %>%
+ summarise_at(vars(TargetFirstResp_ACC), mean)
> prime_aov = aov(data = prime_sub, TargetFirstResp_ACC ~ PrimeCondition)
> summary(prime_aov)
```

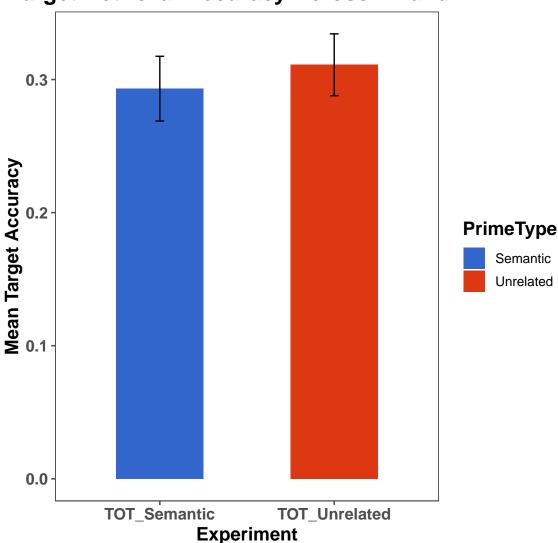
```
Df Sum Sq Mean Sq F value Pr(>F)
PrimeCondition 1 0.0047 0.00467 0.285 0.595
Residuals 56 0.9163 0.01636
```

>

# Target Accuracy Figure

```
> target_rmisc = Rmisc::summarySE(prime_sub,
                        measurevar = "TargetFirstResp_ACC",
                        groupvars = c("ExperimentName", "PrimeCondition"))
> library(ggplot2)
> library(ggthemes)
> target_rmisc %>% mutate(PrimeType = factor(PrimeCondition,
                                                    levels = unique(PrimeCondition),
                      labels = c("Semantic", "Unrelated"))) %>%
 ggplot(aes(x = ExperimentName, y = TargetFirstResp_ACC,
             group = PrimeType, fill = PrimeType))+
   geom_bar(stat = "identity", position = "dodge", width = 0.5)+
    geom_errorbar(aes(ymin = TargetFirstResp_ACC - se, ymax = TargetFirstResp_ACC + se),
                  width=.05, position=position_dodge(.5)) +
    theme_few()+
    scale_fill_gdocs()+
+
    xlab("Experiment") + ylab("Mean Target Accuracy") +
    ggtitle("Target Retrieval Accuracy Across E1 and E2") +
      theme(axis.text = element_text(face = "bold", size = rel(1)),
            axis.title = element_text(face = "bold", size = rel(1.2)),
            legend.title = element_text(face = "bold", size = rel(1.2)),
            plot.title = element_text(face = "bold", size = rel(1.4), hjust = .5))
```

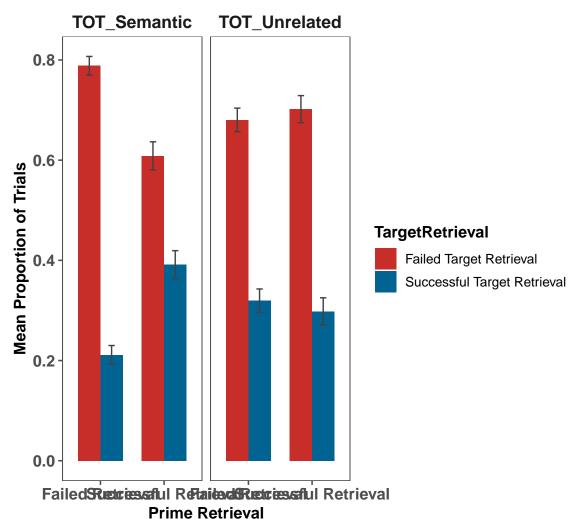
# **Target Retrieval Accuracy Across E1 and E2**



# 1.4 Conditional Figure

```
labels = c("Failed Retrieval",
                                 "Successful Retrieval")),
                      TargetRetrieval = factor(TargetFirstResp_ACC,
                            levels = unique(TargetFirstResp_ACC),
                         labels = c("Failed Target Retrieval",
                              "Successful Target Retrieval")))%>%
  ggplot(aes(x = Recall, y = prop,
             fill = TargetRetrieval, group = TargetRetrieval))+
   geom_bar(stat = "identity", position = "dodge", width = 0.7)+
    geom_errorbar(aes(ymin=prop - se, ymax=prop + se),
               width=.2, color = "gray26",
               position = position_dodge(0.7))+
   theme_few()+
    facet_wrap(~ExperimentName)+
    scale_fill_wsj()+
+
      xlab("Prime Retrieval") + ylab("Mean Proportion of Trials") +
    ggtitle("Target Retrieval Accuracy
            as a function of Prime Retrieval Accuracy") +
     theme(axis.text = element_text(face = "bold", size = rel(1)),
            axis.title = element_text(face = "bold", size = rel(1)),
            legend.title = element_text(face = "bold", size = rel(1)),
            plot.title = element_text(face = "bold",
                    size = rel(1.2), hjust = .5),
           strip.text.x = element_text(face = "bold", size = rel(1.4)))
> condfigure_plot
```

# Target Retrieval Accuracy as a function of Prime Retrieval Accuracy



# 1.5 Follow Up Tests

For each subject, we will calculate a difference score for drop off in accuracy when they failed to recall the item vs. when they successfully retrieved the item.

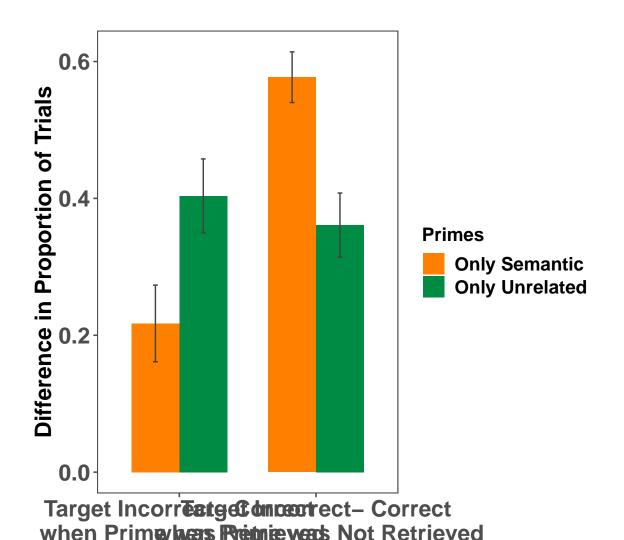
```
> failedrecall = merge_acc %>% filter(PrimeFirstResp_ACC == "0")
> failedrecall = failedrecall[,-c(2,5,6)]
> successfulrecall = merge_acc %>% filter(PrimeFirstResp_ACC == "1")
> successfulrecall = successfulrecall[,-c(2,5,6)]
> ## need to convert from long to wide: using spread
> library(tidyr)
```

```
> failed_wide = failedrecall %>%
+ spread(TargetFirstResp_ACC, prop)
> failed_wide$cost = failed_wide$`0` - failed_wide$`1`
> colnames(failed_wide) = c("Subject", "ExperimentName", "Failed:Incorrect", "Failed:Con
> successful_wide = successfulrecall %>%
+ spread(TargetFirstResp_ACC, prop)
> successful_wide$benefit = successful_wide$`0` - successful_wide$`1`
> colnames(successful_wide) = c("Subject", "ExperimentName", "Successful:Incorrect", "Su
> merged_cost_benefit = merge(failed_wide, successful_wide, by = c("Subject", "Experiment
> merged_cost_benefit = merged_cost_benefit[,-c(3,4,6,7)]
> ## convert to long for plotting
>
> costbenefit_long = merged_cost_benefit %>%
+ gather(Difference, Proportion, Cost:Benefit)
```

#### 1.6 Difference Figure

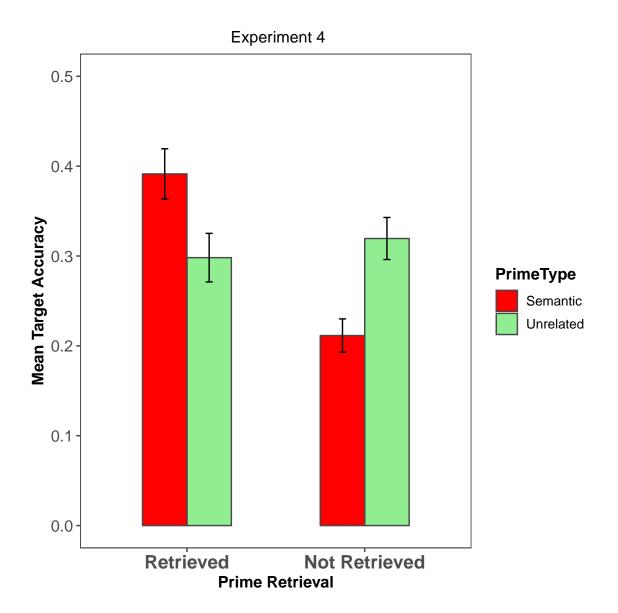
```
> costbenefit_plot = Rmisc::summarySE(costbenefit_long,
+
                          measurevar = "Proportion",
                          groupvars = c("ExperimentName", "Difference"))
> library(ggplot2)
> library(ggthemes)
> costbenefit_plot_fig = costbenefit_plot %>% mutate(`Difference Type` = factor(Differen
                        levels = unique(Difference),
                      labels = c("Target Incorrect- Correct\n when Prime was Retrieved",
                   "Target Incorrect- Correct\n when Prime was Not Retrieved")),
                      Primes = factor(ExperimentName,
                            levels = unique(ExperimentName),
                         labels = c("Only Semantic",
                              "Only Unrelated")))%>%
  ggplot(aes(x = `Difference Type`, y = Proportion,
             fill = Primes, group = Primes))+
   geom_bar(stat = "identity", position = "dodge", width = 0.7)+
    geom_errorbar(aes(ymin=Proportion - se, ymax=Proportion + se),
               width=.07, color = "gray26",
               position = position_dodge(0.7))+
   theme_few()+
    scale_fill_manual(values = c("darkorange1", "springgreen4"))+
      xlab("") + ylab("Difference in Proportion of Trials") +
    ggtitle("") +
     theme(axis.text = element_text(face = "bold", size = rel(1.4)),
           axis.title.y = element_text(face = "bold", size = rel(1.4)),
            axis.title = element_text(face = "bold", size = rel(1)),
+
            legend.title = element_text(face = "bold", size = rel(1.2)),
            plot.title = element_text(face = "bold",
                    size = rel(1.4), hjust = .5),
           legend.text = element_text(face = "bold", size = rel(1.2)),
```

```
+ strip.text.x = element_text(face = "bold", size = rel(1.4)))
> costbenefit_plot_fig
```



# 1.7 Retrieval Figure

```
> ret_figure = Rmisc::summarySE(targetacc2,
                      measurevar = "TargetFirstResp_ACC",
                  groupvars = c("primefac", "PrimeFirstResp_ACC_fac"))
> ret_figure = ret_figure %>% arrange(PrimeFirstResp_ACC_fac)
> library(ggplot2)
> library(ggthemes)
> ret_figure %>% mutate(PrimeType = factor(primefac,
                                           levels = unique(primefac),
                      labels = c("Semantic",
                                  "Unrelated")),
                      `Prime Retrieval` = factor(PrimeFirstResp_ACC_fac,
                                  levels = unique(PrimeFirstResp_ACC_fac),
                      labels = c("Retrieved", "Not Retrieved")))%>%
     ggplot(aes(x = `Prime Retrieval`, y = TargetFirstResp_ACC,
                            group =PrimeType ,
+
                             fill = PrimeType)) +
    geom_bar(stat = "identity", position = "dodge", width = 0.5,
             color = "gray28")+
     geom_errorbar(aes(ymin = TargetFirstResp_ACC - se,
                       ymax = TargetFirstResp_ACC + se),
                  width=.08, position=position_dodge(.5)) +
+
    theme_few()+
    scale_fill_canva() +
   scale_fill_manual(values = c( "red",
                                  "lightgreen"))+
    xlab("Prime Retrieval") + ylab("Mean Target Accuracy") +
    ylim (0,0.5)+
  ggtitle(" Experiment 4") +
    theme(axis.text = element_text(size = rel(1)),
            axis.title = element_text(face = "bold", size = rel(1)),
            legend.title = element_text(face = "bold", size = rel(1)),
           plot.title = element_text(hjust = .5, size = rel(1)),
           axis.text.x = element_text(face = "bold", size = rel(1.2)))
```



# 2 Percent State Analysis

```
> state = read.csv("TOTUnrelatedSemantic_agg.csv",header = TRUE, sep = ",")
> j_statepercent = state[,c(1,2,12:15)] # use for prime percents
> j_statepercent$Subject = as.factor(j_statepercent$Subject)
> library(tidyr)
> library(dplyr)
> statepercent ← j_statepercent %>%
+ gather(State, Percent,
+ prop_know, prop_dontknow, prop_other, prop_TOT)%>%
```

```
Error: Subject

Df Sum Sq Mean Sq F value Pr(>F)

PrimeCondition 1 3.800e-20 3.795e-20 0.785 0.379

Residuals 56 2.708e-18 4.835e-20

Error: Subject:State

Df Sum Sq Mean Sq F value Pr(>F)

State

Df Sum Sq Mean Sq F value Pr(>F)

State

3 2.698 0.8995 44.267 <2e-16 ***

PrimeCondition:State 3 0.014 0.0046 0.225 0.879

Residuals 168 3.414 0.0203

---

Signif. codes: 0 âĂŸ***âĂŹ 0.001 âĂŸ**âĂŹ 0.01 âĂŸ*âĂŹ 0.05 âĂŸ.âĂŹ 0.1 âĂŸ âĂŹ 1
```

#### 2.0.1 plot

```
> ## figure
> state_rmisc = Rmisc::summarySE(statepercent,
                                  measurevar = "Percent",
                                  groupvars = c("PrimeCondition", "State"))
> x \leftarrow c("know","dontknow", "other", "TOT")
> state_rmisc = state_rmisc %>%
   mutate(rstate = factor(State, levels = x)) %>%
   arrange(rstate)
> library(ggplot2)
> library(ggthemes)
> percentplot = state_rmisc %>%
    mutate(PrimeType = factor(PrimeCondition, levels = unique(PrimeCondition),
                      labels = c("Semantic", "Unrelated")),
+
     R = factor(rstate, levels = unique(rstate),
+
                                   labels = c( "1: Know", "2: Dont Know",
                                               "3:Other", "4: TOT")))%>%
+ ggplot(aes(x = R, y = Percent,
```

```
group = PrimeType, fill = PrimeType))+
   geom_bar(stat = "identity", position = "dodge", width = 0.7,
           color= "black")+
    geom_errorbar(aes(ymin=Percent - se, ymax=Percent + se),
               width=.2, color = "gray26",
               position = position_dodge(0.7))+
   theme_few()+
+
     xlab("") + ylab("Percentage of trials") +
   scale_fill_manual(values = c( "red",
                                 "lightgreen"))+
   ggtitle("E4") +
    theme(axis.text = element_text(size = rel(1)),
            axis.title = element_text(face = "bold", size = rel(1)),
           legend.title = element_text(face = "bold", size = rel(1)),
           plot.title = element_text(hjust = .5),
                    axis.text.x = element_text(size = rel(1)),
           strip.text.x = element_text(face = "bold", size = rel(1.4)))
 percentplot
```

#### 2.0.2 know

```
> e4_know = statepercent %>% filter(State == "know")
> e4_know_aov = aov(data = e4_know,
+ Percent ~ PrimeCondition)
> summary(e4_know_aov)
```

```
Df Sum Sq Mean Sq F value Pr(>F)
PrimeCondition 1 0.0011 0.001138 0.058 0.811
Residuals 56 1.1078 0.019782
```

#### 2.0.3 dont know

```
> e4_dontknow = statepercent %>% filter(State == "dontknow")
> e4_dontknow_aov = aov(data = e4_dontknow,
+ Percent ~ PrimeCondition )
> summary(e4_dontknow_aov)
```

```
Df Sum Sq Mean Sq F value Pr(>F)
PrimeCondition 1 0.004 0.004007 0.168 0.684
Residuals 56 1.337 0.023866
```

#### 2.0.4 other

```
> e4_other = statepercent %>% filter(State == "other")
> e4_other_aov = aov(data = e4_other,
```

```
+ Percent \sim PrimeCondition ) > summary(e4_other_aov)
```

```
Df Sum Sq Mean Sq F value Pr(>F)
PrimeCondition 1 0.0000 0.000021 0.002 0.964
Residuals 56 0.5479 0.009785
```

#### 2.0.5 TOT

```
Df Sum Sq Mean Sq F value Pr(>F)
PrimeCondition 1 0.0086 0.008556 1.137 0.291
Residuals 56 0.4214 0.007526
```

## 3 LMER model

```
> library(lme4)
> ## adding prime acc as a covariate
>
> # participant_acc = group_by(US, Subject) %>%
>
      summarise\_at \ (vars \ (TargetFirstResp\_ACC \ , \ PrimeFirstResp\_ACC) \ , \ mean)
>
>
 # participant_acc$ MeanAcc = (participant_acc$ TargetFirstResp_ACC +
>
                               participant\_acc\$PrimeFirstResp\_ACC)/2
>
  \# colnames(participant_acc) = c("Subject", "TargetAcc", "PrimeAcc", "MeanAcc")
>
>
  # US2 = merge(US, participant_acc[,c(1,3,4)],
>
                            by = c ("Subject"))
 ## accounting for mean prime accuracy
> item_acc = group_by(US, Target.Trial., PrimeCondition) %>%
    summarise_at(vars(PrimeFirstResp_ACC), mean)
 colnames(item_acc) = c("Target.Trial.","PrimeCondition","PrimeAcc")
> US2 = merge(US, item_acc,
                          by = c("Target.Trial.", "PrimeCondition"))
> contrasts(US2$PrimeCondition) = contr.treatment(2, base = 2)
> US2$PrimeFirstResp_ACC = as.factor(US2$PrimeFirstResp_ACC)
> lmer_model_acc = lme4::glmer(data = US2, TargetFirstResp_ACC \sim
                              PrimeFirstResp_ACC*PrimeCondition + PrimeAcc +
```

```
Generalized linear mixed model fit by maximum likelihood (Laplace
      Approximation) [glmerMod]
   Family: binomial (logit)
Formula:
{\tt TargetFirstResp\_ACC} \ \sim \ {\tt PrimeFirstResp\_ACC} \ * \ {\tt PrimeCondition} \ + \ {\tt PrimeAcc} \ + \ {\tt 
           (1 | Subject) + (1 | Target.Trial.)
        Data: US2
Control: glmerControl(optimizer = "bobyqa", optCtrl = list(maxfun = 1e+05))
                                        BIC
                                                     logLik deviance df.resid
              ATC
     3993.1
                               4037.4
                                                   -1989.5 3979.1
Scaled residuals:
 Min 1Q Median 3Q Max -4.5504 -0.5192 -0.2794 0.4877 7.2087
Random effects:
  Groups
                                         Name
                                                                            Variance Std.Dev.
  Target.Trial. (Intercept) 2.2508 1.5003
                                         (Intercept) 0.5847 0.7647
Number of obs: 4176, groups: Target.Trial., 72; Subject, 58
Fixed effects:
                                                                                                       Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
                                                                                                          -0.7611 0.2565 -2.967 0.00301 **
 (Intercept)
PrimeFirstResp_ACC1
                                                                                                            0.2761
                                                                                                                                         0.1357 2.034 0.04193 *
PrimeCondition1
                                                                                                                                         0.2354 -1.869 0.06158 .
                                                                                                          -0.4401
PrimeAcc
                                                                                                          -1.1112
                                                                                                                                          0.2306 -4.818 1.45e-06 ***
PrimeFirstResp_ACC1:PrimeCondition1 0.5679
                                                                                                                                           0.1805
                                                                                                                                                                3.147 0.00165 **
Signif. codes: 0 âĂŸ***âĂŹ 0.001 âĂŸ**âĂŹ 0.01 âĂŸ*âĂŹ 0.05 âĂŸ.âĂŹ 0.1 âĂŸ âĂŹ 1
Correlation of Fixed Effects:
                                 (Intr) PrFR_ACC1 PrmCn1 PrmAcc
PrmFrR_ACC1 -0.113
PrimeCndtn1 -0.453 0.241
                                  -0.330 -0.351
PrimeAcc
                                                                                    0.028
PFR_ACC1:PC 0.173 -0.647
                                                                                   -0.383 0.004
```

```
> car::Anova(lmer_model_acc)
```

Analysis of Deviance Table (Type II Wald chisquare tests)

```
Response: TargetFirstResp_ACC
                                    Chisq Df Pr(>Chisq)
PrimeFirstResp_ACC
                                  28.4789 1 9.473e-08 ***
PrimeCondition
                                   0.5172 1
                                              0.472056
PrimeAcc
                                  23.2175 1 1.447e-06 ***
PrimeFirstResp_ACC: PrimeCondition 9.9016
                                          1
                                              0.001651 **
Signif. codes: 0 âĂŸ***âĂŹ 0.001 âĂŸ**âĂŹ 0.01 âĂŸ*âĂŹ 0.05 âĂŸ.âĂŹ 0.1 âĂŸ âĂŹ 1
> options(contrasts = c("contr.sum","contr.poly"))
> anova(lmer_model_acc)
Analysis of Variance Table
                                  Df Sum Sq Mean Sq F value
PrimeFirstResp_ACC
                                   1 12.6485 12.6485 12.6485
PrimeCondition
                                   1 0.3203 0.3203 0.3203
PrimeAcc
                                   1 23.6301 23.6301 23.6301
PrimeFirstResp_ACC:PrimeCondition
                                  1 9.9603 9.9603 9.9603
> ### NOTE: Ask about best way to covary out prime accuracy
```

# 4 z-scoring RTs

RT prime and Target

```
> library(dplyr)
> colnames(US) = c( "ExperimentName", "Subject","ID", "Session", "Procedure", "Trial", '
+
                             "PrimeRespRT", "Stimuli1",
                             "Target", "TargetDefResp", "TargetRT",
+
                              "State", "StateRT", "TargetResp", "TargetRespRT",
                              "PrimeAcc", "Accuracy",
                              "RTrecognisePrime", "RTrecogniseTarget",
                    "PrimeCondition", "PrimeRespType", "TargetRespType", "Prime_POS",
                    "Target_POS")
 \#US\_firsttrim = US \%>\% filter(PrimeAcc == 1)
> US_firsttrim_target = subset(US,
                                  US$RTrecogniseTarget > 250 &
                                 US$RTrecogniseTarget < 7000)
> US_firsttrim_prime = subset(US,
                                  US$RTrecognisePrime > 250 &
                                  US$RTrecognisePrime < 7000)
> US_firsttrim_targetdef = subset(US,
                                  US$TargetDefRT > 250 &
                                 US$TargetDefRT < 9000)
```

## RTRecogniseprime

```
> ## FOR PRIME
 ## aggregate per subject all IVs and DVs
 meanRT = group_by(US_firsttrim_prime, Subject) %>%
    summarise_at(vars(RTrecognisePrime), mean)
 colnames(meanRT) = c("Subject",
                       "MeanRTrecogPrime")
> sdRT = group_by(US_firsttrim_prime, Subject) %>%
    summarise_at(vars(RTrecognisePrime), sd)
 colnames(sdRT) = c("Subject",
                       "sdRTrecogPrime")
> RT_agg = merge(meanRT, sdRT, by = "Subject")
> ## merge aggregate info with long data
> US_z_prime = merge(US_firsttrim_prime,
                               RT_agg, by = "Subject", all.x = T)
> ## person and grand-mean centered scores using original and aggregate
> library(dplyr)
 US_z_prime = US_z_prime %>% mutate(zPrimeRecogRT =
                                                (RTrecognisePrime -
                                                   MeanRTrecogPrime)/sdRTrecogPrime)
 ## checking: subject level means should be zero
> sub_pic = group_by(US_z_prime, Subject) %>%
   summarise_at(vars(zPrimeRecogRT), mean)
```

#### RTRecogniseTarget

```
> ## FOR TARGET
> ## aggregate per subject all IVs and DVs
> meanRT = group_by(US_firsttrim_target, Subject) %>%
    summarise_at(vars(RTrecogniseTarget), mean)
> colnames(meanRT) = c("Subject", "MeanRTrecogTarget")
> sdRT = group_by(US_firsttrim_target, Subject) %>%
    summarise_at(vars(RTrecogniseTarget), sd)
> colnames(sdRT) = c("Subject", "sdRTrecogTarget")
> RT_agg = merge(meanRT, sdRT, by = "Subject")
> ## merge aggregate info with long data
> US_z_target= merge(US_firsttrim_target,
                               RT_agg, by = "Subject", all.x = T)
> ## person and grand-mean centered scores using original and aggregate
> library(dplyr)
> US_z_target = US_z_target %>% mutate( zTargetRecogRT =
                                                (RTrecogniseTarget -
                                                   MeanRTrecogTarget)/sdRTrecogTarget)
 ## checking: subject level means should be zero
```

```
> sub_pic = group_by(US_z_target, Subject) %>%
+ summarise_at(vars(zTargetRecogRT), mean)
>
```

## **TargetDefRT**

```
> ## FOR TARGET
> ## aggregate per subject all IVs and DVs
> meanRT = group_by(US_firsttrim_targetdef, Subject) %>%
   summarise_at(vars(TargetRT), mean)
> colnames(meanRT) = c("Subject", "MeanTargetRT")
> sdRT = group_by(US_firsttrim_targetdef, Subject) %>%
    summarise_at(vars(TargetRT), sd)
> colnames(sdRT) = c("Subject", "sdTargetRT")
> RT_agg = merge(meanRT, sdRT, by = "Subject")
> ## merge aggregate info with long data
> US_z_targetdef = merge(US_firsttrim_targetdef,
                               RT_agg, by = "Subject", all.x = T)
> ## person and grand-mean centered scores using original and aggregate
> library(dplyr)
> US_z_targetdef = US_z_targetdef %>% mutate( zTargetRT =
                                                (TargetRT -
                                                   MeanTargetRT)/sdTargetRT)
 ## checking: subject level means should be zero
> sub_pic = group_by(US_z_targetdef, Subject) %>%
    summarise_at(vars(zTargetRT), mean)
```

#### 4.1 Trimming z-RTs

- 4.2 Repeating z-scoring
- 4.3 For RTrecogniseprime

```
> ## aggregate per subject all IVs and DVs
 meanRT_prime = group_by(US_z_trimmed_prime, ExperimentName, Subject) %>%
    summarise_at(vars(RTrecognisePrime), mean)
 colnames(meanRT_prime) = c("ExperimentName", "Subject",
                       "MeanRTrecogPrime_trim")
> sdRT_prime = group_by(US_z_trimmed_prime, ExperimentName, Subject) %>%
    summarise_at(vars(RTrecognisePrime), sd)
 colnames(sdRT_prime) = c("ExperimentName", "Subject",
                     "sdRTrecogPrime_trim")
 RT_agg_prime = merge(meanRT_prime, sdRT_prime,
                       by = c("ExperimentName", "Subject"))
> ## merge aggregate info with long data
 US_final_z_prime = merge(US_z_trimmed_prime,
                               RT_agg_prime,
                     by = c("ExperimentName", "Subject"), all.x = T)
 ## person and grand-mean centered scores using original and aggregate
> library(dplyr)
> US_final_z_prime = US_final_z_prime %>% mutate(zPrimeRecogRT_trim =
                                                (RTrecognisePrime -
                               MeanRTrecogPrime_trim)/sdRTrecogPrime_trim)
 ## checking: subject level means should be zero
>
 sub_pic = group_by(US_final_z_prime, Subject) %>%
    summarise_at(vars(zPrimeRecogRT_trim), mean)
>
```

#### 4.4 For RTrecognisetarget

```
> ## aggregate per subject all IVs and DVs
> meanRT_target = group_by(US_z_trimmed_target, ExperimentName, Subject) %>%
    summarise_at(vars(RTrecogniseTarget), mean)
> colnames(meanRT_target) = c("ExperimentName", "Subject","MeanRTrecogTarget_trim")
> sdRT_target = group_by(US_z_trimmed_target, ExperimentName, Subject) %>%
    summarise_at(vars( RTrecogniseTarget), sd)
> colnames(sdRT_target) = c("ExperimentName", "Subject", "sdRTrecogTarget_trim")
> RT_agg = merge(meanRT_target, sdRT_target, by = c("ExperimentName", "Subject"))
> ## merge aggregate info with long data
> US_final_z_target = merge(US_z_trimmed_target,
                               RT_agg,
                            by = c("ExperimentName", "Subject"), all.x = T)
\gt ## person and grand-mean centered scores using original and aggregate
> library(dplyr)
> US_final_z_target = US_final_z_target %>% mutate( zTargetRecogRT_trim =
                                                (RTrecogniseTarget -
                                     MeanRTrecogTarget_trim)/sdRTrecogTarget_trim)
> ## checking: subject level means should be zero
```

```
> 
> sub_pic = group_by(US_final_z_target, Subject) %>% 
+ summarise_at(vars(zTargetRecogRT_trim), mean) 
>
```

#### 4.5 For TargetDefRT

```
> ## aggregate per subject all IVs and DVs
> meanRT_targetdef = group_by(US_z_trimmed_targetdef, Subject) %>%
   summarise_at(vars(TargetRT), mean)
> colnames(meanRT_targetdef) = c("Subject", "MeanTargetRT_trim")
> sdRT_targetdef = group_by(US_z_trimmed_targetdef, Subject) %>%
    summarise_at(vars(TargetRT), sd)
> colnames(sdRT_targetdef) = c("Subject", "sdTargetRT_trim")
> RT_agg_targetdef = merge(meanRT_targetdef, sdRT_targetdef, by = "Subject")
> ## merge aggregate info with long data
> US_final_z_targetdef = merge(US_z_trimmed_targetdef,
                               RT_agg_targetdef, by = "Subject", all.x = T)
> ## person and grand-mean centered scores using original and aggregate
> library(dplyr)
> US_final_z_targetdef = US_final_z_targetdef %>%
                                    mutate(zTargetRT_trim =
                                                (TargetRT
                                                   MeanTargetRT_trim)/sdTargetRT_trim)
 ## checking: subject level means should be zero
 sub_pic = group_by(US_final_z_targetdef, Subject) %>%
    summarise_at(vars(zTargetRT_trim), mean)
```

#### 4.6 Combining z-RT Prime and Target

### 4.7 Linear Models

```
> # Mean RT to retrieve Target as a function of Prime Condition
> # Effect of RT prime on Accuracy
> library(lme4)
> contrasts(US_final_z_prime$ExperimentName) = contr.treatment(2, base = 2)
> RTprime_acc_model = glmer(data = US_final_z_prime,
                            Accuracy ~ ExperimentName*zPrimeRecogRT_trim +
                              (1|Subject) + (1|Target), family = binomial)
> summary(RTprime_acc_model)
Generalized linear mixed model fit by maximum likelihood (Laplace
  Approximation) [glmerMod]
 Family: binomial (logit)
Formula: Accuracy ~ ExperimentName * zPrimeRecogRT_trim + (1 | Subject) +
    (1 | Target)
   Data: US_final_z_prime
             BIC logLik deviance df.resid
  3898.7
           3936.6 -1943.3
                            3886.7
Scaled residuals:
         1Q Median
    Min
                            3 Q
-4.7846 -0.5194 -0.2821 0.4978
                                5.8965
Random effects:
Groups Name
                    Variance Std.Dev.
Target (Intercept) 2.1623 1.470
Subject (Intercept) 0.6839 0.827
Number of obs: 4062, groups: Target, 72; Subject, 57
Fixed effects:
                                   Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
                                             0.24010 -4.871 1.11e-06 ***
(Intercept)
                                   -1.16959
                                              0.23472 -0.647
ExperimentName1
                                   -0.15191
                                                               0.5175
zPrimeRecogRT_trim
                                   -0.01920
                                              0.06337
                                                       -0.303
                                                                 0.7619
ExperimentName1:zPrimeRecogRT_trim -0.22940
                                              0.09080 -2.526
                                                                0.0115 *
Signif. codes: 0 âĂŸ***âĂŹ 0.001 âĂŸ**âĂŹ 0.01 âĂŸ*âĂŹ 0.05 âĂŸ.âĂŹ 0.1 âĂŸ âĂŹ 1
Correlation of Fixed Effects:
            (Intr) ExprN1 zPRRT_
ExpermntNm1 -0.477
zPrmRcgRT_t -0.001
                    0.001
ExpN1:PRRT_ 0.002 0.017 -0.684
```

```
> car::Anova(RTprime_acc_model)
```

```
Analysis of Deviance Table (Type II Wald chisquare tests)
Response: Accuracy
                                   Chisq Df Pr(>Chisq)
ExperimentName
                                  0.3651
                                         1
                                              0.545678
zPrimeRecogRT_trim
                                  7.7327
                                         1
                                              0.005423 **
ExperimentName:zPrimeRecogRT_trim 6.3821
                                         1
                                              0.011528 *
Signif. codes: 0 âĂŸ***âĂŹ 0.001 âĂŸ**âĂŹ 0.01 âĂŸ*âĂŹ 0.05 âĂŸ.âĂŹ 0.1 âĂŸ âĂŹ 1
> options(contrasts = c("contr.sum","contr.poly"))
> anova(RTprime_acc_model)
Analysis of Variance Table
                                  Df Sum Sq Mean Sq F value
ExperimentName
                                   1 0.3060 0.3060 0.3060
zPrimeRecogRT_trim
                                   1 7.7398 7.7398 7.7398
ExperimentName: zPrimeRecogRT_trim 1 6.4002 6.4002 6.4002
> # > confint(RTprime_acc_model)
> # Computing profile confidence intervals ...
> #
                                            2.5 %
                                                       97.5 %
> # .sig01
                                        1.2274544 1.78845270
> # .sig02
                                        0.6684390 1.03710333
                                        -1.6476725 -0.69786185
> # (Intercept)
>
 # ExperimentName1
                                       -0.6214896 0.31564775
> # zPrimeRecogRT_trim
                                       -0.1456978 0.10624292
> # ExperimentName1: zPrimeRecogRT_trim -0.4103775 -0.04937913
> contrasts(US_final_z$ExperimentName) = contr.treatment(2, base = 2)
> library(lmerTest)
> RTprime_RT_model = lmer(data = US_final_z,
                    zTargetRecogRT_trim ~ ExperimentName*zPrimeRecogRT_trim +
                              (1|Subject) + (1|Target))
> summary(RTprime_RT_model)
Linear mixed model fit by REML. t-tests use Satterthwaite's method [
lmerModLmerTest]
Formula: zTargetRecogRT_trim ~ ExperimentName * zPrimeRecogRT_trim + (1 |
    Subject) + (1 | Target)
   Data: US_final_z
REML criterion at convergence: 9950.9
Scaled residuals:
            1Q Median
                             3 Q
```

4.0751

-3.4569 -0.6513 -0.0947 0.5920

```
Random effects:
 Groups Name
                     Variance Std.Dev.
         (Intercept) 0.3326 0.5767
 Target
 Subject (Intercept) 0.0000
                             0.0000
 Residual
                      0.6674
                              0.8170
Number of obs: 3983, groups: Target, 72; Subject, 57
Fixed effects:
                                     Estimate Std. Error
                                                                 df t value
(Intercept)
                                    2.387e-02 7.036e-02 7.548e+01 0.339
ExperimentName1
                                   -6.526e-03 2.590e-02 3.908e+03
                                                                    -0.252
                                                                     2.492
                                   4.983e-02 1.999e-02 3.952e+03
zPrimeRecogRT_trim
                                   7.073e-02 2.818e-02 3.949e+03
                                                                    2.510
ExperimentName1:zPrimeRecogRT_trim
                                   Pr(>|t|)
(Intercept)
                                     0.7354
                                     0.8011
ExperimentName1
zPrimeRecogRT_trim
                                     0.0127 *
ExperimentName1:zPrimeRecogRT_trim
                                     0.0121 *
Signif. codes: 0 âĂŸ***âĂŹ 0.001 âĂŸ**âĂŹ 0.01 âĂŸ*âĂŹ 0.05 âĂŸ.âĂŹ 0.1 âĂŸ âĂŹ 1
Correlation of Fixed Effects:
            (Intr) ExprN1 zPRRT_
ExpermntNm1 -0.181
zPrmRcgRT_t 0.000 0.000
ExpN1:PRRT_ 0.000 -0.002 -0.696
> car::Anova(RTprime_RT_model)
Analysis of Deviance Table (Type II Wald chisquare tests)
Response: zTargetRecogRT_trim
                                    Chisq Df Pr(>Chisq)
ExperimentName
                                   0.0609 1
                                                0.80512
                                  34.9151
                                          1 3.444e-09 ***
zPrimeRecogRT_trim
ExperimentName:zPrimeRecogRT_trim 6.2990
                                          1
                                                0.01208 *
Signif. codes: 0 âĂŸ***âĂŹ 0.001 âĂŸ**âĂŹ 0.01 âĂŸ*âĂŹ 0.05 âĂŸ.âĂŹ 0.1 âĂŸ âĂŹ 1
> options(contrasts = c("contr.sum","contr.poly"))
> anova(RTprime_RT_model)
```

```
Pr(>F)
ExperimentName
                                     0.80107
zPrimeRecogRT_trim
                                   3.134e-09 ***
ExperimentName:zPrimeRecogRT_trim
                                    0.01212 *
Signif. codes: 0 âĂŸ***âĂŹ 0.001 âĂŸ**âĂŹ 0.01 âĂŸ*âĂŹ 0.05 âĂŸ.âĂŹ 0.1 âĂŸ âĂŹ 1
> # > confint(RTprime_RT_model)
> # Computing profile confidence intervals ...
>
                                              2.5 %
                                                       97.5 %
>
 # .sig01
                                         0.48676697 0.68438335
>
 # .sig02
                                         0.00000000 0.02668791
> # .sigma
                                         0.79887469 0.83508277
> # (Intercept)
                                        -0.11479021 0.16260058
> # ExperimentName1
                                        -0.05728127 0.04423402
 # zPrimeRecogRT_trim
                                        0.01066445 0.08901858
 # ExperimentName1: zPrimeRecogRT_trim 0.01550415 0.12595953
>
>
```

#### 4.7.1 Model 1

```
> ## sd for zPrimeRecogRT_trim
> sd(US_final_z_prime$zPrimeRecogRT_trim)
```

#### [1] 0.9930812

```
Linear mixed model fit by REML. t-tests use Satterthwaite's method [
lmerModLmerTest]
Formula: zPrimeRecogRT_trim ~ 1 + (1 | Subject) + (1 | Target)
Data: US_final_z_prime

REML criterion at convergence: 10920
```

```
Scaled residuals:
   Min 1Q Median
                            30
                                   Max
-2.7548 -0.6992 -0.1521 0.5687 3.6681
Random effects:
                     Variance Std.Dev.
 Groups
         Name
                            0.4090
         (Intercept) 0.1673
 Target
 Subject (Intercept) 0.0000
                              0.0000
                             0.9071
 Residual
                     0.8228
Number of obs: 4062, groups: Target, 72; Subject, 57
Fixed effects:
           Estimate Std. Error
                                     df t value Pr(>|t|)
(Intercept) 0.00334 0.05026 70.87856
                                        0.066
```

#### > VarCorr(primert\_model)

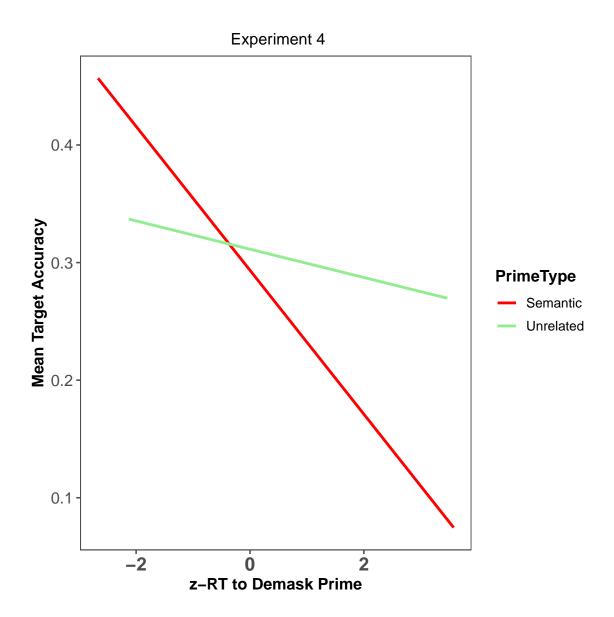
```
Groups Name Std.Dev.
Target (Intercept) 0.40897
Subject (Intercept) 0.00000
Residual 0.90708
```

```
> SD_prime \( \tau \) as.data.frame(VarCorr(primert_model))[3, 5]
> ## now we need to find increments for each prime condition
> primert_model_2 \leftarrow lmer(data = US_final_z_prime,
                          zPrimeRecogRT_trim \sim 1 + ExperimentName +
                        (1|Subject) + (1|Target))
 prime_Inc_1_U \( \tau \) 0*fixef(primert_model_2)[1]
 predict_data_U \( \text{with(US_final_z_prime,} \)
                    data.frame(school=1,
   zPrimeRecogRT_trim=seq(from=-prime_Inc_1_U-SD_prime,
           to=-prime_Inc_1_U+SD_prime,
           by=SD_prime),
  PrimeCondition = 0))
 predict_data_R \( \text{with(US_final_z_prime,} \)
                    data.frame(school=1,
   zPrimeRecogRT_trim=seq(from=-prime_Inc_1_R-SD_prime,
           to=-prime_Inc_1_R+SD_prime,
           by=SD_prime),
  PrimeCondition = 1))
 predict_data = rbind(predict_data_U,
                       predict_data_R)
 predict_data$ExperimentName = ifelse(predict_data$PrimeCondition == 0,
                                       "TOT_Unrelated","TOT_Semantic")
 predict_data = predict_data %>%
    mutate(predicted_values = predict(RTprime_acc_model,
```

```
newdata = predict_data, re.form = NA))
> predict_data$prob = exp(predict_data$predicted_values)/(1+exp(predict_data$predicted_v
> predict_data$ExperimentName = ordered(as.factor(as.character(predict_data$ExperimentName)
 predict_data %>%
    mutate(PrimeType = factor(ExperimentName, levels = unique(ExperimentName),
                      labels = c("Unrelated", "Semantic")))%>%
    ggplot(aes(x = zPrimeRecogRT_trim, y = prob,
               color = PrimeType)) +
      geom_line(size = 1) +
      xlab("z-RT to Demask Prime") + ylab ("Mean Target Accuracy")+
    ggtitle("Experiment 4")+
 theme_few() +
    scale_color_manual(values = c("lightgreen","red"))+
      theme(axis.text = element_text(face = "bold", size = rel(1.2)),
            axis.title = element_text(face = "bold", size = rel(1.2)),
            legend.title = element_text(face = "bold", size = rel(1.2)),
      plot.title = element_text(face = "bold", size = rel(1.2), hjust = .5))
```

#### 4.7.2 Raw Data 1

```
> library(ggplot2)
> library(ggthemes)
> US_final_z$Accuracy = as.numeric(as.character(US_final_z$Accuracy))
> mainplot = US_final_z_prime %>%
    mutate(PrimeType = factor(ExperimentName,
                            levels = unique(ExperimentName),
                         labels = c("Semantic",
                              "Unrelated")))%>%
    ggplot(aes(x = zPrimeRecogRT_trim , y = Accuracy,
               group = PrimeType, color = PrimeType)) +
    geom_smooth(method = "glm", se = FALSE, size = 1)+
      xlab("z-RT to Demask Prime") + ylab ("Mean Target Accuracy")+
 theme_few() +
    scale_color_manual(values = c("red", "lightgreen"))+
      ggtitle(" Experiment 4") +
    theme(axis.text = element_text(size = rel(1)),
            axis.title = element_text(face = "bold", size = rel(1)),
            legend.title = element_text(face = "bold", size = rel(1)),
           plot.title = element_text(hjust = .5, size = rel(1)),
           axis.text.x = element_text(face = "bold", size = rel(1.2)))
 mainplot
```



# 4.8 Model 2

#### > summary(primert\_model)

```
Linear mixed model fit by REML. t-tests use Satterthwaite's method [
lmerModLmerTest]
Formula: zPrimeRecogRT\_trim \sim 1 + (1 | Subject) + (1 | Target)
   Data: US_final_z
REML criterion at convergence: 10709.6
Scaled residuals:
    Min
         1Q Median
                             30
                                    Max
-2.7547 -0.6981 -0.1551 0.5650
                                 3.6481
Random effects:
Groups Name
                      Variance Std.Dev.
          (Intercept) 0.1672
                             0.4089
 Target
 Subject (Intercept) 0.0000
                               0.0000
 Residual
                      0.8228
                              0.9071
Number of obs: 3983, groups: Target, 72; Subject, 57
Fixed effects:
             Estimate Std. Error
                                        df t value Pr(>|t|)
(Intercept) 0.001401 0.050292 71.026690
                                             0.028
```

#### > VarCorr(primert\_model)

```
Groups Name Std.Dev.
Target (Intercept) 0.40888
Subject (Intercept) 0.00000
Residual 0.90706
```

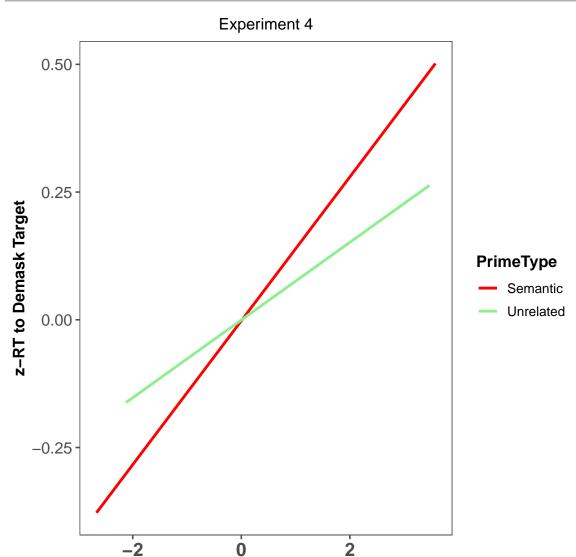
```
> SD_prime \( \tau \) as.data.frame(VarCorr(primert_model))[3, 5]
> ## now we need to find increments for each prime condition
> primert_model_2 \leftarrow lmer(data = US_final_z,
                        zPrimeRecogRT_trim \sim 1 + PrimeCondition +
                       (1|Subject) + (1|Target))
 prime_Inc_1_U \( \tau \) 0*fixef(primert_model_2)[1]
 predict_data_U \leftarrow with(US_final_z,
                  data.frame(school=1,
  zPrimeRecogRT_trim=seq(from=-prime_Inc_1_U-SD_prime,
+
          to=-prime_Inc_1_U+SD_prime,
          by=SD_prime),
   PrimeCondition = 0))
 data.frame(school=1,
  zPrimeRecogRT_trim=seq(from=-prime_Inc_1_R-SD_prime,
```

```
to=-prime_Inc_1_R+SD_prime,
           by=SD_prime),
  PrimeCondition = 1))
 predict_data = rbind(predict_data_U,
                       predict_data_R)
 predict_data$ExperimentName = ifelse(predict_data$PrimeCondition == 0,
                                        "TOT_Unrelated", "TOT_Semantic")
 predict_data = predict_data %>%
    mutate(predicted_values = predict(RTprime_RT_model,
            newdata = predict_data, re.form = NA))
 predict_data$ExperimentName = ordered(as.factor(as.character(predict_data$ExperimentNa
 predict_data %>%
    mutate(PrimeType = factor(ExperimentName, levels = unique(ExperimentName),
                      labels = c("Unrelated", "Semantic")))%>%
    ggplot(aes(x = zPrimeRecogRT_trim, y = predicted_values,
+
               color = PrimeType)) +
      geom_line(size = 1) +
      xlab("z-RT to Demask Prime") + ylab ("z-RT to Demask Target")+
    ggtitle("Experiment 4")+
 theme_few() +
    scale_color_manual(values = c("lightgreen", "red"))+
+
      theme(axis.text = element_text(face = "bold", size = rel(1.2)),
            axis.title = element_text(face = "bold", size = rel(1.2)),
+
            legend.title = element_text(face = "bold", size = rel(1.2)),
+
      plot.title = element_text(face = "bold", size = rel(1.2), hjust = .5))
```

#### 4.8.1 Raw Data 2

```
> library(ggplot2)
> library(ggthemes)
> mainplot2 = US_final_z %>%
    mutate(PrimeType = factor(ExperimentName,
                             levels = unique(ExperimentName),
                         labels = c("Semantic",
                               "Unrelated")))%>%
+
    ggplot(aes(x = zPrimeRecogRT_trim , y = zTargetRecogRT_trim ,
               group = PrimeType, color = PrimeType)) +
    geom_smooth(method = "glm", se = FALSE, size = 1)+
      xlab("z-RT to Demask Prime") + ylab ("z-RT to Demask Target")+
   # ylim(-0.5,0.5)+
  theme_few() +
     scale_color_manual(values = c("red", "lightgreen"))+
      ggtitle("Experiment 4") +
+
    theme(axis.text = element_text(size = rel(1)),
            axis.title = element_text(face = "bold", size = rel(1)),
            legend.title = element_text(face = "bold", size = rel(1)),
```

```
+ plot.title = element_text(hjust = .5, size = rel(1)),
+ axis.text.x = element_text(face = "bold", size = rel(1.2)))
> mainplot2
>
```

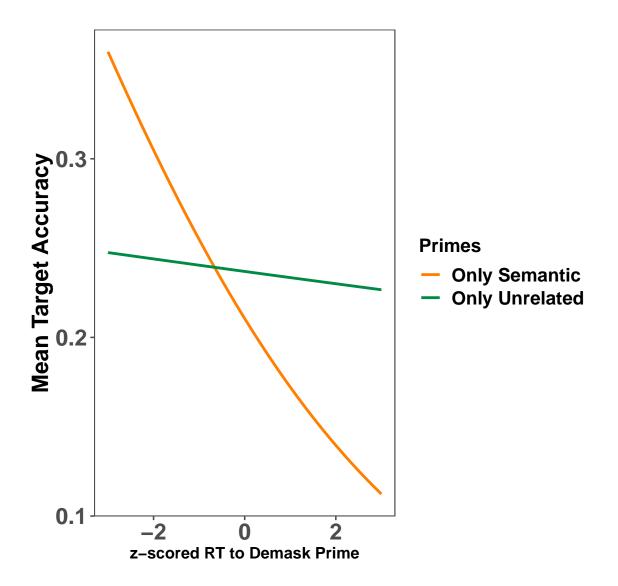


z-RT to Demask Prime

# 4.8.2 Model Plot 1

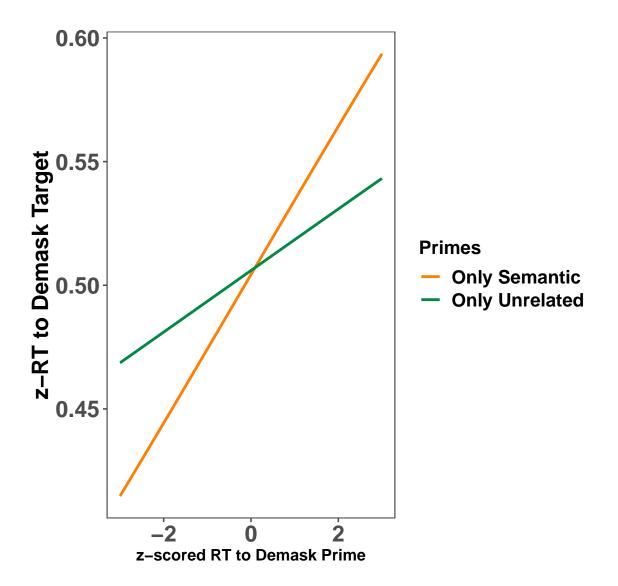
```
> library(ggplot2)
> library(ggthemes)
> library(dplyr)
> fixed.frame ←
```

```
data.frame(
      expand.grid(
        ExperimentName = c("TOT_Semantic", "TOT_Unrelated"),
        zPrimeRecogRT_trim = seq(-3, 3, 0.001))
> fixed.frame$pred = predict(RTprime_acc_model, newdata = fixed.frame, re.form = NA, type
> fixed.frame$prob = exp(fixed.frame$pred)/(1+exp(fixed.frame$pred))
> fixed.frame %>%
    mutate(Primes = factor(ExperimentName,
                            levels = unique(ExperimentName),
                         labels = c("Only Semantic",
                              "Only Unrelated")))%>%
    ggplot(aes(x =zPrimeRecogRT_trim , y = prob,
               group = Primes, color = Primes)) +
 geom_line(size = 1)+
        xlab("z-scored RT to Demask Prime") + ylab ("Mean Target Accuracy")+
    ggtitle("")+
 theme_few() +
    scale_color_manual(values = c("darkorange1", "springgreen4"))+
      theme(axis.text = element_text(face = "bold", size = rel(1.4)),
           axis.title.y = element_text(face = "bold", size = rel(1.4)),
+
            axis.title = element_text(face = "bold", size = rel(1)),
+
            legend.title = element_text(face = "bold", size = rel(1.2)),
+
            plot.title = element_text(face = "bold",
+
                    size = rel(1.4), hjust = .5),
           legend.text = element_text(face = "bold", size = rel(1.2)),
           strip.text.x = element_text(face = "bold", size = rel(1.4)))
```



### 4.8.3 Model Plot 2

```
> fixed.frame$prob = exp(fixed.frame$pred)/(1+exp(fixed.frame$pred))
> fixed.frame %>%
    mutate(Primes = factor(ExperimentName,
                              levels = unique(ExperimentName),
                           labels = c("Only Semantic",
+
                                "Only Unrelated")))%>%
    ggplot(aes(x =zPrimeRecogRT_trim , y = prob,
                group = Primes, color = Primes)) +
 geom_line(size = 1)+
        xlab("z-scored RT to Demask Prime") + ylab ("z-RT to Demask Target")+
    ggtitle("")+
 theme_few() +
    scale_color_manual(values = c("darkorange1", "springgreen4"))+
      theme(axis.text = element_text(face = "bold", size = rel(1.4)),
+
            axis.title.y = element_text(face = "bold", size = rel(1.4)),
axis.title = element_text(face = "bold", size = rel(1)),
+
+
             legend.title = element_text(face = "bold", size = rel(1.2)),
             plot.title = element_text(face = "bold",
                     size = rel(1.4), hjust = .5,
            legend.text = element_text(face = "bold", size = rel(1.2)),
            strip.text.x = element_text(face = "bold", size = rel(1.4)))
```



## 4.9 Effect on Target Def RT

```
> # car::Anova(RTprime_targetdefRT_model_1)
> #
> #
 \# RTprime_targetdefRT_model_2 = lmer(data = US_final_z_targetdef,
> #
                           zTargetRT\_trim \sim PrimeAcc*PrimeCondition +
> #
                                    (1|Subject) + (1|Stimuli1))
>
  # summary (RTprime_targetdefRT_model_2)
>
  # car::Anova(RTprime_targetdefRT_model_2)
>
  #
>
 \# RTprime_targetdefRT_model_3 = lmer(data = US_final_z_targetdef,
>
               zTargetRT\_trim \sim PrimeAcc*zPrimeRecogRT\_trim*PrimeCondition +
>
                                    (1|Subject) + (1|Stimuli1)
 #
>
  # summary (RTprime_targetdefRT_model_3)
>
  #
    car::Anova(RTprime_targetdefRT_model_3)
>
  #
>
  \begin{tabular}{ll} \# & anova (RTprime\_targetdefRT\_model\_1), & RTprime\_targetdefRT\_model\_2) \end{tabular} 
> #
 \# RTprime_targetdefRT_model_4 = lmer(data = US_final_z_targetdef,
>
>
  #
               zTargetRT\_trim \sim PrimeAcc +
>
 #
                                    (1|Subject) + (1|Stimuli1))
>
  # summary (RTprime_targetdefRT_model_4)
>
  # car::Anova(RTprime_targetdefRT_model_4)
>
   \verb|# anova(RTprime\_targetdefRT\_model\_4|, RTprime\_targetdefRT\_model\_2) \\
>
  #
>
 \# RTprime_targetdefRT_model_5 = lmer(data = US_final_z_targetdef,
>
               zTarqetRT\_trim \sim zPrimeRecoqRT\_trim*PrimeCondition +
> #
                                    (1|Subject) + (1|Stimuli1)
>
 \# summary (RTprime_targetdefRT_model_5)
>
 # car::Anova(RTprime_targetdefRT_model_5)
>
   \# \ anova \ (RTprime\_targetdefRT\_model\_5 \ , \ RTprime\_targetdefRT\_model\_2) 
>
```

#### 4.9.1 Model 1

```
> # targetdefRT_rmisc = Rmisc::summarySE(US_final_z_targetdef,
> #
                                                measurevar = "zTargetRT_trim",
> #
                                                groupvars = c("PrimeCondition"))
>
  #
>
   \begin{tabular}{lll} \# & ggplot(targetdefRT\_rmisc, & aes(x = PrimeCondition, y = zTargetRT\_trim, \\ \end{tabular} 
>
 #
                                       fill = PrimeCondition)) +
>
 #
      geom\_bar(stat = "identity", position = "dodge", width = 0.7,
>
                color = "black") +
 #
>
 #
       geom\_errorbar \ (aes \ (ymin=zTargetRT\_trim \ - se \ , \ ymax=zTargetRT\_trim \ + se) \ ,
>
 #
                    width = .2, color = "gray26",
>
  #
                    position = position_dodge(0.7)) +
>
  #
      theme_few()+
> #
         xlab ("Prime Condition") + ylab ("z-RT") +
```

```
ggtitle ("YA: Effect of Prime on RT to Retrieving Target") +
> #
      scale_fill_gdocs()+
> #
       theme(axis.text = element_text(size = rel(1)),
> #
              axis.title = element_text(face = "bold", size = rel(1)),
> #
              legend.title = element_text(face = "bold", size = rel(1)),
> #
             plot.title = element_text(hjust = .5),
>
 #
                       axis.text.x = element\_text(size = rel(1)),
> #
             strip.text.x = element\_text(face = "bold", size = rel(1.4)))
```

#### 4.9.2 Model 2

```
\rightarrow # targetdefRT_rmisc2 = Rmisc::summarySE(US_final_z_targetdef,
> #
                                           measurevar = "zTargetRT_trim",
> #
                                           groupvars = c("PrimeAcc",
>
                                                           'PrimeCondition"))
>
 \# targetdefRT_rmisc2\$PrimeAcc = as.factor(targetdefRT_rmisc2\$PrimeAcc)
>
 \# ggplot(targetdefRT_rmisc2, aes(x = PrimeCondition, y = zTargetRT_trim,
> #
                           group = PrimeAcc, fill = PrimeAcc))+
>
    geom_bar(stat = "identity", position = "dodge", width = 0.7,
>
 #
               color = "black") +
>
      geom\_errorbar(aes(ymin=zTargetRT\_trim - se, ymax=zTargetRT\_trim + se),
 #
>
  #
                  width = .2, color = "gray26",
>
  #
                  position = position_dodge(0.7)) +
>
     theme_few()+
  #
>
 #
      xlab("Prime Condition") + ylab("z-RT to Retrieve Target") +
>
 #
      gqtitle("YA: Effect of Prime on Retrieving Target") +
>
 #
      scale_fill_wsj()+
       theme(axis.text = element\_text(size = rel(1)),
>
 #
> #
               axis.title = element\_text(face = "bold", size = rel(1)),
>
               legend.title = element\_text(face = "bold", size = rel(1)),
>
              plot.title = element\_text(hjust = .5),
 #
>
 #
                       axis.text.x = element\_text(size = rel(1)),
> #
             strip.text.x = element\_text(face = "bold", size = rel(1.4)))
```

### 4.9.3 Model 5

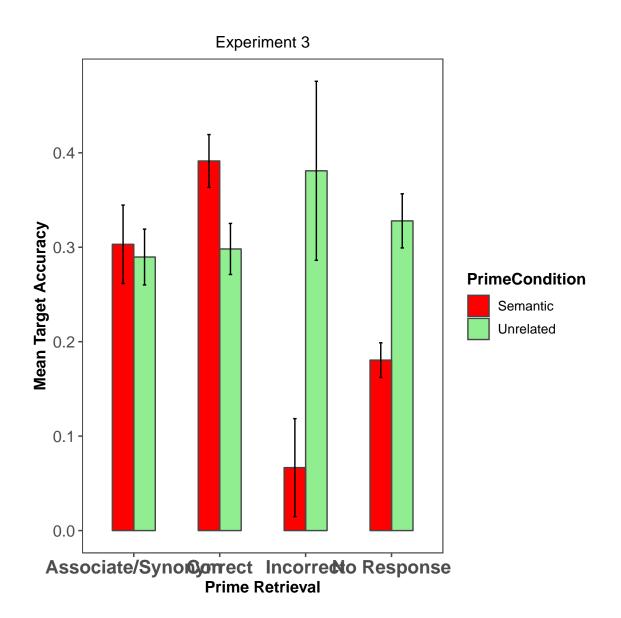
```
> # US_final_z_targetdef %>%
>
      ggplot(aes(x = zPrimeRecogRT\_trim, y = zTargetRT\_trim,
>
  #
                  group = PrimeCondition, color = PrimeCondition)) +
>
 #
      geom\_smooth (method = "lm", se = FALSE, size = 1) +
>
 #
      facet_wrap (\sim PrimeCondition, nrow = 2) +
>
        xlab("z-RT to Demask Prime") + ylab ("z-RT to Retrieve Target")+
      ggtitle("YA: Effect of Prime on Retrieving Target")
>
 #
>
 # theme_hc() +
>
    scale_color_manual(values = c( "darkorange1", "red",
> #
                                    "dodgerblue3", "springgreen3"))+
```

```
> # theme(axis.text = element_text(size = rel(1)),
> # axis.title = element_text(face = "bold", size = rel(1)),
> # legend.title = element_text(face = "bold", size = rel(1)),
> # plot.title = element_text(hjust = .5),
> # axis.text.x = element_text(size = rel(1)),
> # strip.text.x = element_text(face = "bold", size = rel(1.4)))
```

# 5 Response Analysis

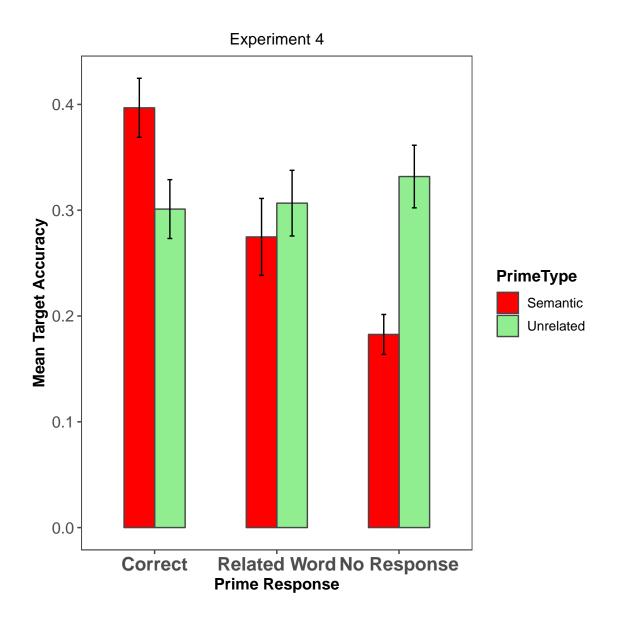
#### 5.1 All Responses

```
> US_responses = read.csv("US_TOT_Responses.csv", header = TRUE, sep = ",")
 US_responses$AllResponse = ifelse(US_responses$PrimeRespType %in%
                                    c("Associate", "Synonym"), "Associate/Synonym",
                                  ifelse(US_responses$PrimeRespType == "NoResponse",
                                         "No Response",
                              ifelse(US_responses$PrimeRespType == "Correct","Correct",
                                      "Incorrect")))
> US_responses_subject = group_by(US_responses, Subject, PrimeCondition, AllResponse) %>
    summarize_at(vars(TargetFirstResp_ACC), mean)
 ret_figure = Rmisc::summarySE(US_responses_subject,
                      measurevar = "TargetFirstResp_ACC",
                  groupvars = c("PrimeCondition", "AllResponse"))
 library(ggplot2)
 library(ggthemes)
> library(dplyr)
 ret_figure %>%
     ggplot(aes(x = AllResponse, y = TargetFirstResp_ACC,
                            group =PrimeCondition
                            fill = PrimeCondition)) +
    geom_bar(stat = "identity", position = "dodge", width = 0.5,
             color = "gray28")+
     geom_errorbar(aes(ymin = TargetFirstResp_ACC - se,
                       ymax = TargetFirstResp_ACC + se),
                  width=.08, position=position_dodge(.5)) +
    theme_few()+
    scale_fill_canva()+
   scale_fill_manual(values = c(
                                  "red", "lightgreen"))+
    xlab("Prime Retrieval") + ylab("Mean Target Accuracy") +
  ggtitle("Experiment 3") +
    theme(axis.text = element_text(size = rel(1)),
            axis.title = element_text(face = "bold", size = rel(1)),
            legend.title = element_text(face = "bold", size = rel(1)),
           plot.title = element_text(hjust = .5, size = rel(1)),
           axis.text.x = element_text(face = "bold", size = rel(1.2)))
```



## 5.2 3-group Responses

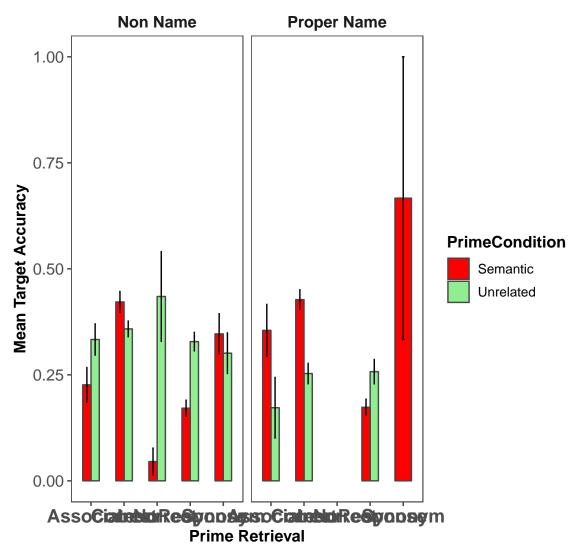
```
levels = c("Correct", "Related Word", "No Response"))
> US_responses_subject = group_by(US_responses, Subject, PrimeCondition, Response) %>%
   summarize_at(vars(Accuracy), mean)
> ret_figure = Rmisc::summarySE(US_responses_subject,
                       measurevar = "Accuracy",
                   groupvars = c( "PrimeCondition", "Response"))
> library(ggplot2)
> library(ggthemes)
> library(dplyr)
> ret_figure %>%
    mutate(PrimeType = factor(PrimeCondition, levels = unique(PrimeCondition),
                       labels = c( "Semantic", "Unrelated")))%>%
     ggplot(aes(x = Response, y = Accuracy,
+
                             group =PrimeType ,
                              fill = PrimeType)) +
+
    geom_bar(stat = "identity", position = "dodge", width = 0.5,
              color ="gray28")+
     geom_errorbar(aes(ymin = Accuracy - se,
                        ymax = Accuracy + se),
                   width=.08, position=position_dodge(.5)) +
    theme_few()+
    scale_fill_manual(values = c( "red",
                                   "lightgreen"))+
    xlab("Prime Response") + ylab("Mean Target Accuracy") +
  ggtitle("Experiment 4") +
    theme(axis.text = element_text(size = rel(1)),
             axis.title = element_text(face = "bold", size = rel(1)),
            legend.title = element_text(face = "bold", size = rel(1)),
           plot.title = element_text(hjust = .5, size = rel(1)),
axis.text.x = element_text(face = "bold", size = rel(1.2)))
```



## 5.3 POS split Responses

```
group =PrimeCondition ,
                          fill = PrimeCondition)) +
  geom_bar(stat = "identity", position = "dodge", width = 0.5,
           color ="gray28")+
   geom_errorbar(aes(ymin = Accuracy - se,
                     ymax = Accuracy + se),
                width=.08, position=position_dodge(.5)) +
  theme_few()+
facet_wrap(~Prime_POS)+
 scale_fill_manual(values = c( "red",
                               "lightgreen"))+
  xlab("Prime Retrieval") + ylab("Mean Target Accuracy") +
ggtitle("Experiment 3") +
  theme(axis.text = element_text(size = rel(1)),
          axis.title = element_text(face = "bold", size = rel(1)),
          legend.title = element_text(face = "bold", size = rel(1)),
         plot.title = element_text(hjust = .5, size = rel(1)),
         axis.text.x = element_text(face = "bold", size = rel(1.2)),
        strip.text.x = element_text(face = "bold", size = rel(1.2)))
```

# **Experiment 3**



# 5.4 LME

#### > summary(TOTFeedback\_hlm2)

```
Generalized linear mixed model fit by maximum likelihood (Laplace
  Approximation) [glmerMod]
 Family: binomial (logit)
Formula: Accuracy \sim PrimeCondition * Response + (1 | Subject) + (1 | Target)
   Data: US_responses
Control: glmerControl(optimizer = "bobyqa", optCtrl = list(maxfun = 1e+05))
              BIC
                   logLik deviance df.resid
           3905.7 -1919.7
  3855.4
                            3839.4
Scaled residuals:
         1Q Median
                            30
-5.3859 -0.5251 -0.2855 0.5081
                                7.2519
Random effects:
Groups Name
                     Variance Std.Dev.
Target (Intercept) 2.0625 1.4361
 Subject (Intercept) 0.6108
                              0.7815
Number of obs: 3983, groups: Target, 72; Subject, 57
Fixed effects:
                          Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
(Intercept)
                                      0.24060 -4.637 3.53e-06 ***
                          -1.11575
PrimeCondition1
                          0.18171
                                      0.24171 0.752
                                                         0.452
                                              -0.780
                          -0.14247
                                                         0.435
Response2
                                      0.18262
                                               -0.117
Response3
                          -0.01656
                                      0.14197
                                                         0.907
                                               -0.272
PrimeCondition1:Response2 -0.06998
                                      0.25765
PrimeCondition1:Response3 -0.83335
                                      0.20227
                                               -4.120 3.79e-05 ***
Signif. codes: 0 âĂŸ***âĂŹ 0.001 âĂŸ**âĂŹ 0.01 âĂŸ*âĂŹ 0.05 âĂŸ.âĂŹ 0.1 âĂŸ âĂŹ 1
Correlation of Fixed Effects:
            (Intr) PrmCn1 Rspns2 Rspns3 PC1:R2
PrimeCndtn1 -0.487
Response2
            -0.182 0.174
Response3
           -0.246 0.238 0.334
PrmCndt1:R2 0.127 -0.267 -0.709 -0.243
PrmCndt1:R3 0.163 -0.344 -0.213 -0.681 0.336
```

## > car::Anova(TOTFeedback\_hlm2)

```
Analysis of Deviance Table (Type II Wald chisquare tests)

Response: Accuracy

Chisq Df Pr(>Chisq)

PrimeCondition 0.2648 1 0.6068164
```

```
Response 15.7945 2 0.0003718 ***

PrimeCondition:Response 18.3686 2 0.0001026 ***
---

Signif. codes: 0 âĂŸ***âĂŹ 0.001 âĂŸ**âĂŹ 0.01 âĂŸ*âĂŹ 0.05 âĂŸ.âĂŹ 0.1 âĂŸ âĂŹ 1
```

#### 5.5 Contrasts

UO == 0 -1.2582

```
| | Logits|
|:--|-----:|
|UC | -1.1157547|
|SC | -0.9340412|
|UO | -1.2582280|
|SO | -1.1464959|
|UN | -1.1323190|
|SN | -1.7839508|
```

0.2743 -4.587 1.80e-05 \*\*\*

```
SO == 0 -1.1465
                     0.2732 -4.197 5.42e-05 ***
UN == 0 -1.1323
                     0.2474 -4.576 1.80e-05 ***
SN == 0 -1.7840
                     0.2518 -7.085 8.37e-12 ***
Signif. codes: 0 âĂŸ***âĂŹ 0.001 âĂŸ**âĂŹ 0.01 âĂŸ*âĂŹ 0.05 âĂŸ.âĂŹ 0.1 âĂŸ âĂŹ 1
(Adjusted p values reported -- holm method)
> ## create contrast matrix that needs to be multiplied
> contrast_matrix \leftarrow matrix(c(1, -1, 0, 0, 0,
                      0, 0, 1, -1, 0, 0,
                      0, 0, 0, 0, 1, -1),
+
                  nrow = 3, ncol = 6, byrow = TRUE)
> rownames(contrast_matrix) \leftarrow c("SC vs UC",
                          "SO vs UO",
                          "SN vs UN")
> matrix_for_glht ← contrast_matrix %*% means_contrasts
> matrix_for_glht
         [,1] [,2] [,3] [,4] [,5] [,6]
               -1
                      0
SO vs UO
            0
                -1
                      0
                            0
                                -1
                                      0
SN vs UN
            0
                -1
                      0
                            0
                                 0
                                     -1
> glht_model1 \leftarrow multcomp::glht(TOTFeedback_hlm2,
+
                              linfct = matrix_for_glht,
                 alternative = "two.sided", rhs = 0)
> summary(glht_model1)
         Simultaneous Tests for General Linear Hypotheses
Fit: glmer(formula = Accuracy \sim PrimeCondition * Response + (1 | Subject) +
    (1 | Target), data = US_responses, family = "binomial", control = glmerControl(optim
    optCtrl = list(maxfun = 1e+05)))
Linear Hypotheses:
              Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
SC vs UC == 0 -0.1817
                           0.2417
                                   -0.752
                                             0.7692
                                    -0.369
SO vs UO == 0 -0.1117
                                             0.9614
                            0.3026
SN vs UN == 0 0.6516
                          0.2563
                                    2.542
                                             0.0282 *
_ _ _
```

## 5.6 Specific Comparisons

(Adjusted p values reported -- single-step method)

```
> responses_correct = US_responses %>% filter(Response == "Correct")
```

Signif. codes: 0 âĂŸ\*\*\*âĂŹ 0.001 âĂŸ\*\*âĂŹ 0.01 âĂŸ\*âĂŹ 0.05 âĂŸ.âĂŹ 0.1 âĂŸ âĂŹ 1

```
> ## get an estimate of semantic and unrelated per subject: this is between subjects her
> responses_correct_sub = group_by(responses_correct, Subject, PrimeCondition) %>%
    summarise_at(vars(Accuracy), mean)
> responses_correct_sub_semantic = responses_correct_sub %>%
    filter(PrimeCondition == "Semantic")
 responses_correct_sub_unrelated = responses_correct_sub %>%
    filter(PrimeCondition == "Unrelated")
> t.test(responses_correct_sub_semantic$Accuracy, responses_correct_sub_unrelated$Accura
         paired = FALSE)
        Welch Two Sample t-test
data: responses_correct_sub_semantic$Accuracy and responses_correct_sub_unrelated$Accur
t = 2.4303, df = 54.974, p-value = 0.01838
alternative hypothesis: true difference in means is not equal to 0
95 percent confidence interval:
 0.01679081 0.17467036
sample estimates:
mean of x mean of y
0.3967913 0.3010607
> responses_other = US_responses %>% filter(Response == "Related Word")
> ## get an estimate of semantic and unrelated per subject: this is between subjects her
> responses_other_sub = group_by(responses_other, Subject, PrimeCondition) %>%
    summarise_at(vars(Accuracy), mean)
> responses_other_sub_semantic = responses_other_sub %>%
    filter(PrimeCondition == "Semantic")
> responses_other_sub_unrelated = responses_other_sub %>%
    filter(PrimeCondition == "Unrelated")
> t.test(responses_other_sub_semantic$Accuracy, responses_other_sub_unrelated$Accuracy,
         paired = FALSE)
        Welch Two Sample t-test
data: responses_other_sub_semantic$Accuracy and responses_other_sub_unrelated$Accuracy
t = -0.66745, df = 53.352, p-value = 0.5074
alternative hypothesis: true difference in means is not equal to 0
95 percent confidence interval:
 -0.12786469
             0.06400637
sample estimates:
mean of x mean of y
0.2747373 0.3066665
> responses_none = US_responses %>% filter(Response == "No Response")
 ## get an estimate of semantic and unrelated per subject: this is between subjects her
```

```
> responses_none_sub = group_by(responses_none, Subject, PrimeCondition) %>%
+ summarise_at(vars(Accuracy), mean)
> responses_none_sub_semantic = responses_none_sub %>%
+ filter(PrimeCondition == "Semantic")
> responses_none_sub_unrelated = responses_none_sub %>%
+ filter(PrimeCondition == "Unrelated")
> t.test(responses_none_sub_semantic$Accuracy, responses_none_sub_unrelated$Accuracy,
+ paired = FALSE)
```

```
Welch Two Sample t-test

data: responses_none_sub_semantic$Accuracy and responses_none_sub_unrelated$Accuracy
t = -4.2526, df = 47.283, p-value = 9.892e-05
alternative hypothesis: true difference in means is not equal to 0
95 percent confidence interval:
   -0.2198389   -0.0786556
sample estimates:
mean of x mean of y
0.1825733   0.3318206
```