# Computational Linguistics Project

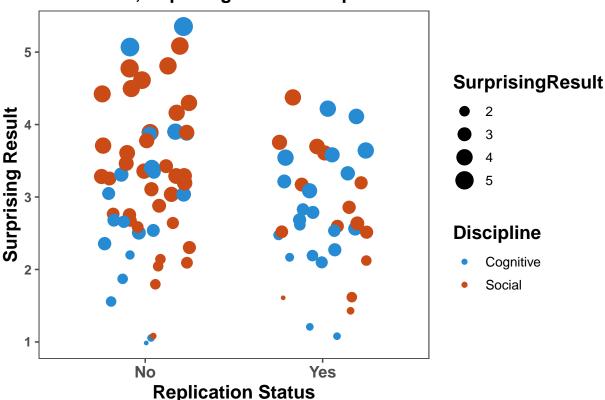
Abhilasha Kumar

#### Reading the File

```
rpp = read.csv("rpp_data.csv", header = TRUE, sep = ",")
library(dplyr)
## Warning: package 'dplyr' was built under R version 3.4.4
##
## Attaching package: 'dplyr'
## The following objects are masked from 'package:stats':
##
##
       filter, lag
## The following objects are masked from 'package:base':
##
       intersect, setdiff, setequal, union
rpp = rpp %>% filter(TextNumber != "" & Abstract != "No Abstract" & Replicate..R. != "")
## Warning: package 'bindrcpp' was built under R version 3.4.4
rpp = rpp[,c(138, 139,76,24, 30, 36,37,72)]
colnames(rpp) = c("TextNumber", "Abstract", "Replicated", "Citation Count",
                  "Discipline", "SurprisingResult", "ExcitingResult",
                  "Direction of Replication")
rpp$Replicated = ifelse(rpp$Replicated == "yes", "Yes", "No")
```

#### **Plotting Studies**

#### **Abstracts, Suprisingness and Replication**

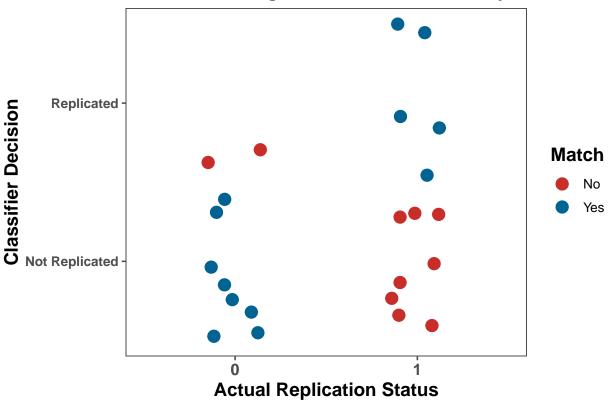


#### Classifier Decisions

#### Nearest Neighbors

```
c3 = read.csv("classify_knn.csv", header = TRUE, sep = ",")
c3 %>%
ggplot(aes(x =factor(Actual), y = Decision)) +
    geom_jitter( width = 0.15, height = 0.5, aes(color = Match), size = 4)+
    theme_few()+
    scale_color_wsj()+
    xlab("Actual Replication Status") + ylab("Classifier Decision") +
    ggtitle("K-nearest neighbors Classifier Accuracy") +
    theme(axis.text = element_text( face = "bold", size = rel(0.8)),
        axis.title = element_text(face = "bold", size = rel(1.2)),
        legend.title = element_text(face = "bold", size = rel(1.2)),
        axis.text.x = element_text(face = "bold", size = rel(1.2)),
        plot.title = element_text(face = "bold", size = rel(1.2), hjust = .5))
```

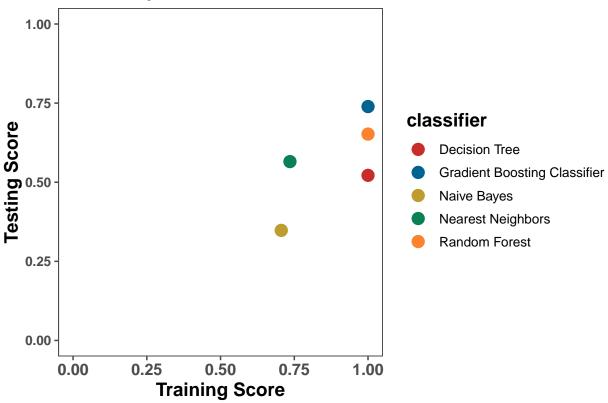
### K-nearest neighbors Classifier Accuracy



#### Classifier Performance

```
clf_compare = read.csv("classifier_compare.csv", header = TRUE, sep = ",")
clf_compare = clf_compare %>% arrange(desc(test_score))
clf_compare = clf_compare %>% filter(!classifier %in% c("Logistic Regression",
                                                        "Linear SVM",
                                                        "Neural Net"))
clf compare %>%
  ggplot(aes(x =train_score, y = test_score)) +
    geom_point(aes(color = classifier), size = 4)+
  theme_few()+
  xlim(0,1)+
  ylim(0,1)+
  scale_color_wsj()+
  xlab("Training Score") + ylab("Testing Score") +
    ggtitle("Comparison of Classifiers") +
  theme(axis.text = element_text( face = "bold", size = rel(0.8)),
          axis.title = element_text(face = "bold", size = rel(1.2)),
          legend.title = element_text(face = "bold", size = rel(1.2)),
        axis.text.x = element_text(face = "bold", size = rel(1.2)),
  plot.title = element_text(face = "bold", size = rel(1.2), hjust = .5))
```

### **Comparison of Classifiers**



#### Lexical Diversity and Length

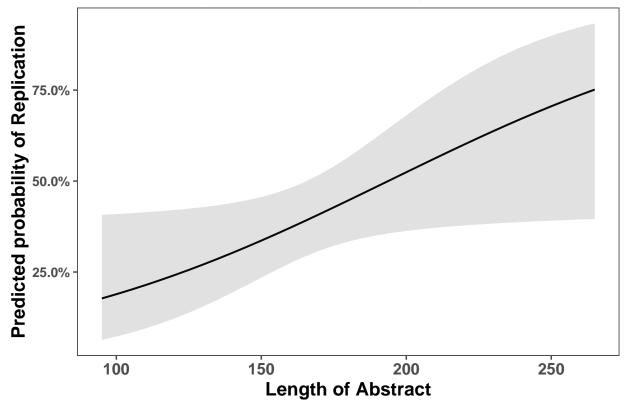
```
ld = read.csv("lexical_diversity.csv", header = TRUE, sep = ",")
ld$R = ifelse(ld$Replicated == "yes", 1,0)
ld$ld_c = scale(ld$Lexical.Diversity, center = TRUE, scale = FALSE)
ld_lm = glm (data = ld, R ~ Ldnew + Length,
             family = "binomial")
summary(ld_lm)
##
## Call:
## glm(formula = R ~ Ldnew + Length, family = "binomial", data = ld)
##
## Deviance Residuals:
      Min
##
                1Q
                     Median
                                  3Q
                                          Max
## -1.3629 -0.9831 -0.7739
                              1.2071
                                       1.8834
##
## Coefficients:
##
               Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
## (Intercept) -1.820672
                          3.104206 -0.587
              -1.640713
                          3.339191 -0.491
                                             0.6232
## Ldnew
## Length
               0.015536
                          0.007623
                                    2.038 0.0415 *
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
```

```
## (Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)
##
       Null deviance: 122.16 on 90 degrees of freedom
##
## Residual deviance: 115.76 on 88 degrees of freedom
## AIC: 121.76
## Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 4
ld_lm2 = glm (data = ld, R ~ Length,
              family = "binomial")
summary(ld_lm2)
##
## Call:
## glm(formula = R ~ Length, family = "binomial", data = ld)
## Deviance Residuals:
                     Median
       Min
                1Q
                                   3Q
                                          Max
## -1.3662 -0.9786 -0.7906
                             1.2452
                                        1.8789
## Coefficients:
              Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
## (Intercept) -3.23329 1.21859 -2.653 0.00797 **
## Length
               0.01690
                          0.00716
                                   2.360 0.01828 *
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## (Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)
##
##
       Null deviance: 122.16 on 90 degrees of freedom
## Residual deviance: 116.00 on 89 degrees of freedom
## AIC: 120
## Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 4
anova(ld_lm, ld_lm2)
## Analysis of Deviance Table
## Model 1: R ~ Ldnew + Length
## Model 2: R ~ Length
    Resid. Df Resid. Dev Df Deviance
## 1
                  115.76
           88
## 2
           89
                   116.00 -1 -0.24222
## need to plot length figure
x = sjPlot::plot_model(ld_lm, type = "pred", terms = "Length")
x + theme_few()+
  scale color wsj()+
  xlab("Length of Abstract") + ylab("Predicted probability of Replication") +
    ggtitle("Length of Abstract Predicting Replication") +
  theme(axis.text = element_text( face = "bold", size = rel(0.8)),
          axis.title = element_text(face = "bold", size = rel(1.2)),
```

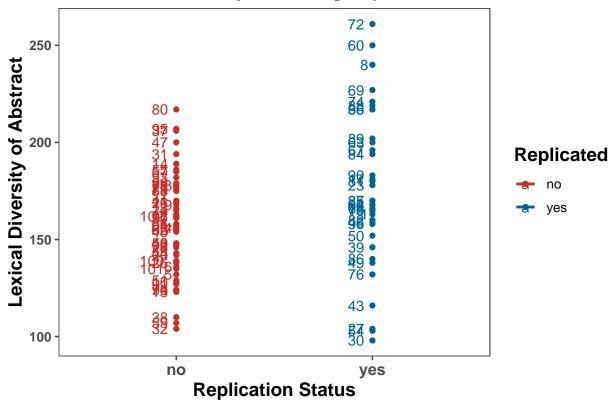
```
legend.title = element_text(face = "bold", size = rel(1.2)),
axis.text.x = element_text(face = "bold", size = rel(1.2)),
plot.title = element_text(face = "bold", size = rel(1.2), hjust = .5))
```

## Scale for 'colour' is already present. Adding another scale for
## 'colour', which will replace the existing scale.

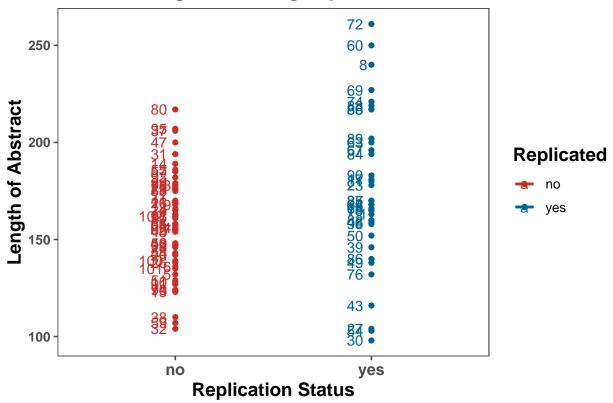
## **Length of Abstract Predicting Replication**



# **Lexical Diversity Predicting Replication**



### **Length Predicting Replication**



## **POS Tagging**

```
pos_data = read.csv("pos_python.csv", header = TRUE, sep = ",")
library(dplyr)
## This data is in wide format: need to convert to long format
pos_long = tidyr::gather(pos_data, PartOfSpeech, Count,
                         Adjective, Noun, Verb, Other, factor_key=TRUE)
pos_long = pos_long %>% arrange(TextNumber)
pos_long$Percent = pos_long$Count/pos_long$Length
pos_long$Percent = round(pos_long$Percent, digits = 2)
pos_long$R = ifelse(pos_long$Replicated == "yes", 1,0)
contrasts(pos_long$PartOfSpeech) = contr.treatment(4, base = 1)
library(lme4)
## Warning: package 'lme4' was built under R version 3.4.4
## Loading required package: Matrix
## Warning: package 'Matrix' was built under R version 3.4.4
cl3 <- glmerControl(optimizer="optimx",</pre>
                    optCtrl=list(method="nlminb", maxiter=10000))
```

```
library(optimx)
pos_lm = glmer (data = pos_long, R ~ PartOfSpeech*Percent
                  (1 | TextNumber),
             family = "binomial", control = cl3)
summary(pos_lm)
## Generalized linear mixed model fit by maximum likelihood (Laplace
    Approximation) [glmerMod]
## Family: binomial (logit)
## Formula: R ~ PartOfSpeech * Percent + (1 | TextNumber)
     Data: pos_long
## Control: cl3
##
##
       AIC
                BIC
                      logLik deviance df.resid
##
     132.7
              167.8
                     -57.3
                               114.7
##
## Scaled residuals:
                         Median
        Min
                   1Q
                                       3Q
## -0.002221 -0.001736 -0.001580 0.036242 0.042923
## Random effects:
## Groups
              Name
                          Variance Std.Dev.
## TextNumber (Intercept) 3457
                                   58.8
## Number of obs: 364, groups: TextNumber, 91
## Fixed effects:
##
                       Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
## (Intercept)
                       -12.5772
                                   6.1014 -2.061
                                                     0.0393 *
## PartOfSpeech2
                         0.9861
                                    14.0685
                                            0.070 0.9441
## PartOfSpeech3
                                  6.8714 0.068 0.9455
                         0.4694
## PartOfSpeech4
                        -1.1406
                                   9.6022 -0.119 0.9054
## Percent
                         -0.4872
                                   29.6337 -0.016 0.9869
                                 42.2061 -0.049
## PartOfSpeech2:Percent -2.0591
                                                    0.9611
## PartOfSpeech3:Percent -6.2600
                                   49.8876 -0.125 0.9001
## PartOfSpeech4:Percent
                        4.0429
                                   39.6274
                                            0.102 0.9187
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Correlation of Fixed Effects:
              (Intr) Prt0S2 Prt0S3 Prt0S4 Percnt P0S2:P P0S3:P
## PartOfSpch2 -0.409
## PartOfSpch3 -0.826 0.373
## PartOfSpch4 -0.695 0.246 0.580
             -0.945 0.412 0.828 0.697
## Percent
## PrtOfSpc2:P 0.664 -0.929 -0.593 -0.447 -0.705
## PrtOfSpc3:P 0.544 -0.260 -0.872 -0.356 -0.579 0.425
## PrtOfSpc4:P 0.783 -0.296 -0.663 -0.963 -0.826 0.547 0.440
car::Anova(pos_lm)
## Analysis of Deviance Table (Type II Wald chisquare tests)
##
## Response: R
```

Chisq Df Pr(>Chisq)

##

```
## PartOfSpeech
                        0.0001 3
                                      1.0000
                        0.0000 1
                                      0.9964
## Percent
## PartOfSpeech:Percent 0.0530 3
                                      0.9968
pos_long$Replicated = ifelse(pos_long$Replicated == "yes", "Yes", "No")
library(ggplot2)
library(ggthemes)
pos_long %>%
  ggplot(aes(x =Replicated, y = Percent, color = Replicated)) +
   geom_point()+
   geom_text(aes(label=TextNumber), hjust = 1.5, vjust = .5)+
  geom_smooth(method = "glm", se = FALSE)+
   theme_light()+
  scale_color_wsj()+
  facet_wrap(~PartOfSpeech)+
  xlab("Replication Status") + ylab("Percentage of POS") +
    ggtitle("Parts of Speech Predicting Replication?") +
  theme(axis.text = element_text( face = "bold", size = rel(0.8)),
          axis.title = element_text(face = "bold", size = rel(1.2)),
          legend.title = element_text(face = "bold", size = rel(1.2)),
        axis.text.x = element_text(face = "bold", size = rel(1.4)),
        strip.text.x = element_text(face = "bold", size = rel(1.2)),
   plot.title = element_text(face = "bold", size = rel(1.2), hjust = .5))
```

### Parts of Speech Predicting Replication?

