TOT Cued Recall Analysis

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1 Reading the Data File

We first read the file into an object called TOTcuedrecall. We can also display some part of the data by calling the head() function.

```
> TOTcuedrecall = read.csv("Compiled_TOTCuedRecall.csv",
+ header = TRUE, sep = ",")
> head(TOTcuedrecall[,c(1,21,22)])
```

2 Conditional Target Accuracy

In this section, we calculate the number of trials in which participants correctly or incorrectly recalled the item, and split that by whether they correctly recalled the target from the definition. Then, we calculate the proportion of trials from the raw number of trials.

```
> library(dplyr)
> cued_acc = group_by(TOTcuedrecall) %>%
+ summarise_at(vars(CuedRecallAcc, TargetAccuracy), mean)
> cued_acc = group_by(TOTcuedrecall, Subject, CuedRecallAcc) %>%
+ summarise(recalltrials = n())
> conditional_acc = group_by(TOTcuedrecall, Subject,
+ CuedRecallAcc, TargetAccuracy) %>%
+ summarise(trials = n())
> merge_acc = merge(conditional_acc, cued_acc,
+ by = c("Subject", "CuedRecallAcc"))
> merge_acc$prop = merge_acc$trials/merge_acc$recalltrials
```

3 ANOVA

In this section, we perform a repeated measures ANOVA on our data, to see if we are indeed seeing a difference in the proportion of unsuccessful trials for failed and successful cued recall.

```
> merge_acc$Subject =
+ as.factor(as.character(merge_acc$Subject))
> merge_acc$CuedRecallAcc =
+ as.factor(as.character(merge_acc$CuedRecallAcc))
> merge_acc$TargetAccuracy =
+ as.factor(as.character(merge_acc$TargetAccuracy))
> cond_aov = aov(data = merge_acc,
+ prop ~ CuedRecallAcc*TargetAccuracy +
Error(Subject/(CuedRecallAcc*TargetAccuracy)))
> summary(cond_aov)
```

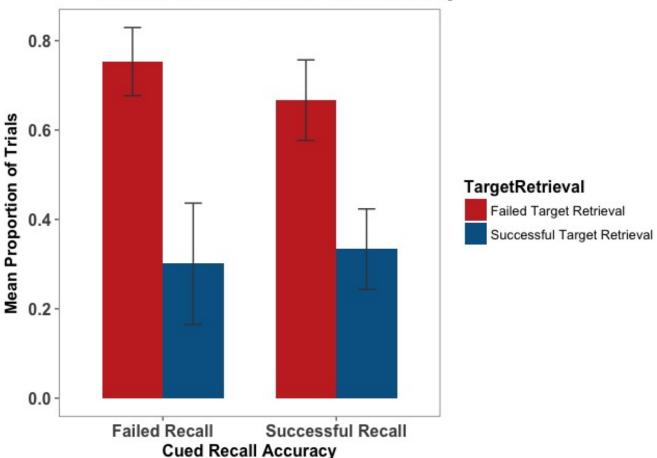
```
Error: Subject
              Df
                 Sum Sq Mean Sq
                                   F value Pr(>F)
              1 0.07879 0.07879 1.818e+29 <2e-16 ***
CuedRecallAcc
             12 0.00000 0.00000
Signif. codes: 0 âĂŸ***âĂŹ 0.001 âĂŸ**âĂŹ 0.01 âĂŸ*âĂŹ 0.05 âĂŸ.âĂŹ 0.1 âĂŸ âĂŹ 1
Error: Subject: CuedRecallAcc
               Df
                  Sum Sq Mean Sq
                                    F value Pr(>F)
               1 0.00813 0.00813 7.968e+27 <2e-16 ***
CuedRecallAcc
TargetAccuracy 1 0.15854 0.15854 1.554e+29 <2e-16 ***
Residuals
               12 0.00000 0.00000
Signif. codes: 0 âĂŸ***âĂŹ 0.001 âĂŸ**âĂŹ 0.01 âĂŸ*âĂŹ 0.05 âĂŸ.âĂŹ 0.1 âĂŸ âĂŹ 1
Error: Subject: TargetAccuracy
                              Df Sum Sq Mean Sq F value
                                                          Pr(>F)
TargetAccuracy
                              1 2.3425
                                         2.3425
                                                 34.894 7.17e-05 ***
CuedRecallAcc: TargetAccuracy
                              1 0.0126
                                         0.0126
                                                  0.187
                                                           0.673
Residuals
                              12 0.8056
                                         0.0671
                0 âĂŸ***âĂŹ 0.001 âĂŸ**âĂŹ 0.01 âĂŸ*âĂŹ 0.05 âĂŸ.âĂŹ 0.1 âĂŸ âĂŹ 1
Signif. codes:
Error: Subject: CuedRecallAcc: TargetAccuracy
                             Df Sum Sq Mean Sq F value Pr(>F)
CuedRecallAcc:TargetAccuracy
                              1 0.0907 0.09070
                                                  5.307 0.0399 *
Residuals
                              12 0.2051 0.01709
Signif. codes: 0 âĂŸ***âĂŹ 0.001 âĂŸ**âĂŹ 0.01 âĂŸ*âĂŹ 0.05 âĂŸ.âĂŹ 0.1 âĂŸ âĂŹ 1
```

The ANOVA output tells us that the interaction term is not significant. We will next see this in a figure, to better understand our data.

4 Conditional Figure

```
> library(Rmisc)
 cond_figure = summarySE(merge_acc,
                          measurevar = "prop",
                          groupvars = c("CuedRecallAcc",
                                         "TargetAccuracy"))
 library(ggplot2)
> library(ggthemes)
 condfigure_plot = cond_figure %>% mutate(Recall = factor(CuedRecallAcc,
                        levels = unique(CuedRecallAcc),
                      labels = c("Failed Recall",
                                 "Successful Recall")),
                      TargetRetrieval = factor(TargetAccuracy,
                            levels = unique(TargetAccuracy),
                         labels = c("Failed Target Retrieval",
                              "Successful Target Retrieval")))%>%
  ggplot(aes(x = Recall, y = prop,
             fill = TargetRetrieval, group = TargetRetrieval))+
   geom_bar(stat = "identity", position = "dodge", width = 0.7)+
    geom_errorbar(aes(ymin=prop - ci, ymax=prop + ci),
               width=.2, color = "gray26",
               position = position_dodge(0.7))+
   theme_few()+
    scale_fill_wsj()+
      xlab("Cued Recall Accuracy") + ylab("Mean Proportion of Trials") +
+
    ggtitle("Target Retrieval Accuracy
+
            as a function of Cued Recall Accuracy") +
     theme(axis.text = element_text(face = "bold", size = rel(1)),
            axis.title = element_text(face = "bold", size = rel(1)),
            legend.title = element_text(face = "bold", size = rel(1)),
            plot.title = element_text(face = "bold",
                    size = rel(1.2), hjust = .5),
           strip.text.x = element_text(face = "bold", size = rel(1.4)))
```

Target Retrieval Accuracy as a function of Cued Recall Accuracy



5 Follow Up Tests

For each subject, we will calculate a difference score for drop off in accuracy when they failed to recall the item vs. when they successfully retrieved the item.

```
> failedrecall = merge_acc %>% filter(CuedRecallAcc == "0")
> failedrecall = failedrecall[,-c(2,4,5)]
> successfulrecall = merge_acc %>% filter(CuedRecallAcc == "1")
> successfulrecall = successfulrecall[,-c(2,4,5)]
> ## need to convert from long to wide: using spread
> library(tidyr)
> failed_wide = failedrecall %>%
+ spread(TargetAccuracy, prop)
> failed_wide$diff = failed_wide$^0 - failed_wide$^1
```

```
> successful_wide = successfulrecall %>%
+ spread(TargetAccuracy, prop)
> successful_wide$diff = successful_wide$`0` - successful_wide$`1`
```

Now we have two datasets, each contains a difference score for each subject, for failed and successful cued recall. Now, we can perform a paired t-test (why paired? because the data for failed and successful recall comes from the same subjects i.e., it is a within-subjects design).

```
> t.test(failed_wide$diff, successful_wide$diff, paired = TRUE)
```

6 HLM Model

```
Generalized linear mixed model fit by maximum likelihood (Laplace
  Approximation) [glmerMod]
Family: binomial (logit)
Formula: FailedRetrieval \sim CuedRecallAcc + (1 | Subject)
  Data: TOTcuedrecall
                  logLik deviance df.resid
     AIC
             BIC
  762.5
           776.1
                   -378.3
                            756.5
Scaled residuals:
    Min
         1Q Median
                            3Q
-2.4688 -0.7993 0.5136 0.5763
Random effects:
 Groups Name
                    Variance Std.Dev.
 Subject (Intercept) 0.2702
```

6.0.1 Plot

```
> fixed.frame \leftarrow
    data.frame(expand.grid( CuedRecallAcc = c("0","1"))) %>%
    mutate(pred = predict(totcuedrecall_hlm, newdata = ., re.form = NA))
> fixed.frame$odds = exp(fixed.frame$pred)
> fixed.frame$prob = fixed.frame$odds/(1+ fixed.frame$odds)
> fixed.frame$failure = 1 - fixed.frame$prob
> fixed.frame %>%
    mutate(CuedRecallAccuracy = factor(CuedRecallAcc,
+
      levels = unique(CuedRecallAcc),
                      labels = c("Failed Recall", "Successful Recall")))%>%
 ggplot(aes(x = CuedRecallAccuracy, y = prob))+
   geom_line(group = 1)+
    ylim(.5,1)+
 # geom_bar(stat = "identity", position = "dodge",
+
             width = 0.7, color = "black") +
+
  theme_few()+
    xlab("Cued Recall Accuracy") + ylab("Probability of Failing at Target Retrieval") +
    ggtitle("TOT Cued Recall ")
     theme(axis.text = element_text(face = "bold", size = rel(1)),
            axis.title = element_text(face = "bold", size = rel(1)),
            legend.title = element_text(face = "bold", size = rel(1)),
+
       plot.title = element_text(face = "bold", size = rel(1.5), hjust = .5),
           strip.text.x = element_text(face = "bold", size = rel(1.4)))
```

TOT Cued Recall

