# Problem Statement: University Course and Student Management

## Scenario:

You need to build a system component to manage students, courses, and enrollments at a university. Students can enroll in multiple courses, and courses can have multiple students. Additionally, each course belongs to a specific department. You will use SQLModel to model this data and perform operations.

## Objective:

Implement SQLModel classes for Departments, Students, Courses, and Enrollments. Perform CRUD operations on Departments, Students, and Courses. Implement functionality to enroll/unenroll students in courses and retrieve relationship data.

#### Tasks:

#### 1. Define Models:

## Department Model:

- id: Integer, primary key, optional.
- name: String, required, unique.
- building: String, optional.
- courses: List of Course objects (relationship). Use Relationship(back\_populates=...).

#### Student Model:

- id: Integer, primary key, optional.
- first\_name: String, required.
- last\_name: String, required.
- email: String, required, unique.
- courses: List of Course objects (relationship via link table). Use Relationship(back\_populates=..., link\_model=...).

## • Course Model:

- id: Integer, primary key, optional.
- title: String, required, indexed.
- code: String, required, unique.
- department\_id: Integer, foreign key referencing department.id, optional.
- department: Optional Department object (relationship). Use Relationship(back\_populates=...).
- students: List of Student objects (relationship via link table). Use Relationship(back\_populates=..., link\_model=...).

## • StudentCourseLink Model (Link Table):

- student\_id: Integer, foreign key referencing student.id, primary key.
- course\_id: Integer, foreign key referencing course.id, primary key.
- enrollment\_date: Optional datetime (use datetime from Python's datetime module). *This is a relationship attribute*.
- grade: Optional String (e.g., "A", "B+", "In Progress"). *Another relationship attribute*.

## 2. Database Setup:

- Create a SQLAlchemy engine connected to a SQLite database university.db.
- Create all the necessary tables based on your models.

## 3. CRUD Operations (Departments, Students, Courses):

- Write functions to create\_department, create\_student, create\_course.
- Write functions to get\_department\_by\_name, get\_student\_by\_email, get\_course\_by\_code.
- Write functions to list all entities (e.g., list\_all\_students).
- Write a function to update a student's email (update\_student\_email).
- Write a function to delete a course by its code (delete\_course).
- Remember: When creating a course, associate it with an existing department by setting department\_id or the department object.

#### 4. Manage Enrollments (Many-to-Many Relationship):

- Write a function enroll\_student(student\_id: int, course\_id: int, enrollment\_date: Optional[datetime] = None):
  - Creates an entry in the StudentCourseLink table.
  - Handle potential errors (e.g., student or course not found, student already enrolled).
- Write a function get\_courses\_for\_student(student\_id: int):
  - Retrieves a student.
  - Returns the list of courses they are enrolled in by accessing the student.courses relationship attribute. Print the course titles.
- Write a function get\_students\_in\_course(course\_id: int):
  - Retrieves a course.
  - Returns the list of students enrolled by accessing the course.students relationship attribute. Print the student names.
- Write a function set\_enrollment\_grade(student\_id: int, course\_id: int, grade: str):
  - Finds the specific StudentCourseLink entry for the given student and course.
  - Updates the grade attribute on that link table entry.
  - Commits the change.
- Write a function unenroll\_student(student\_id: int, course\_id: int):
  - Finds and deletes the corresponding entry from the StudentCourseLink table.

## 5. Demonstrate Usage:

- In a if \_\_name\_\_ == "\_\_main\_\_": block:
  - Setup the database and tables.
  - Create a couple of departments (e.g., "Computer Science", "Mathematics").
  - Create a few courses, associating them with departments.
  - Create several students.
  - Enroll students in various courses (demonstrating Many-to-Many).
  - List the courses for a specific student.
  - List the students in a specific course.
  - Set a grade for one of the enrollments.
  - Unenroll a student from a course.
  - List the students in that course again to verify the unenrollment.
  - Perform basic CRUD operations (update a student, delete a course) and verify.