5.4 This exercise seems similar to Exercise 4.16.

Using cross entropy, we get:

$$-\ln p(\mathbf{t}|\mathbf{X}, \mathbf{w}) = -\sum_{n=1}^{N} \{ (t_n(1-\epsilon) + (1-t_n)\epsilon) \ln y(\mathbf{x}_n, \mathbf{w}) + ((1-t_n)(1-\epsilon) + t_n\epsilon) \ln(1-y(\mathbf{x}_n, \mathbf{w})) \}$$

Note: The official solution manual is incorrect here. Let's assume that $\epsilon=1/2$. In that case, according to the official solution, the cross entropy becomes:

$$E(\mathbf{w}) = -\sum_{n=1}^{N} \{t_n \ln[(1 - \epsilon)y(\mathbf{x}_n, \mathbf{w}) + \epsilon(1 - y(\mathbf{x}_n, \mathbf{w}))] + (1 - t_n) \ln[1 - (1 - \epsilon)y(\mathbf{x}_n, \mathbf{w}) - \epsilon(1 - y(\mathbf{x}_n, \mathbf{w}))]\}$$

$$= -\sum_{n=1}^{N} \{t_n \ln[(1/2)y(\mathbf{x}_n, \mathbf{w}) + (1/2)(1 - y(\mathbf{x}_n, \mathbf{w}))] + (1 - t_n) \ln[1 - (1/2)y(\mathbf{x}_n, \mathbf{w}) - (1/2)(1 - y(\mathbf{x}_n, \mathbf{w}))]\}$$

$$= -\sum_{n=1}^{N} \{t_n \ln[(1/2)y(\mathbf{x}_n, \mathbf{w}) + (1/2) - (1/2)y(\mathbf{x}_n, \mathbf{w})]$$

$$+ (1 - t_n) \ln[1 - (1/2)y(\mathbf{x}_n, \mathbf{w}) - (1/2) + (1/2)y(\mathbf{x}_n, \mathbf{w})]\}$$

$$= -\sum_{n=1}^{N} \{t_n \ln[(1/2)] + (1 - t_n) \ln[1/2]\}$$

$$= -\sum_{n=1}^{N} \{t_n \ln[(1/2)] + \ln[1/2] - t_n \ln[1/2]\}$$

$$= -\sum_{n=1}^{N} \{\ln[1/2]\}$$

$$= N \ln[2]$$

This would imply that for $\epsilon = 1/2$, the cross-entropy does not depend on the function $y(\mathbf{x}_n, \mathbf{w})$ at all. This is not correct.