5.35

$$E_n = -\ln \left\{ \sum_{k=1}^K \pi_k(\mathbf{x}_n, \mathbf{w}) \mathcal{N} \left(\mathbf{t} | \boldsymbol{\mu}_k(\mathbf{x}_n, \mathbf{w}), \left(\sigma_k(\mathbf{x}_n, \mathbf{w})^2 \mathbf{I} \right) \right) \right\}$$

Since $a_{kl}^{\mu} = \mu_{kl}$,

$$\frac{\partial E_n}{\partial a_{kl}^{\mu}} = -\frac{1}{\left\{\sum_{k=1}^K \pi_k \, \mathcal{N}_{nk}\right\}} \left(\pi_k \frac{\partial \mathcal{N}_{nk}}{\partial a_{kl}^{\mu}}\right)$$

$$\frac{\partial \mathcal{N}_{nk}}{\partial a_{kl}^{\mu}} = \frac{\partial \mathcal{N}_{nk}}{\partial \mu_{kl}}$$

$$= \frac{\partial}{\partial \mu_{kl}} \left(\frac{1}{(2\pi)^{L/2} |(\sigma_k^2 \mathbf{I})|^{(1/2)}} \exp\left\{ -\frac{1}{2} (\mathbf{t} - \boldsymbol{\mu}_k)^T (\sigma_k^2 \mathbf{I})^{-1} (\mathbf{t} - \boldsymbol{\mu}_k) \right\} \right)$$

$$= \frac{1}{(2\pi)^{L/2} |(\sigma_k^2 \mathbf{I})|^{(1/2)}} \left(\frac{\partial}{\partial \mu_{kl}} \exp\left\{ -\frac{1}{2\sigma_k^2} (\mathbf{t} - \boldsymbol{\mu}_k)^T (\mathbf{t} - \boldsymbol{\mu}_k) \right\} \right)$$

$$\begin{split} &= \frac{1}{(2\pi)^{L/2} |\left(\sigma_k^2 \mathbf{I}\right)|^{(1/2)}} \exp\left\{-\frac{1}{2\sigma_k^2} (\mathbf{t} - \boldsymbol{\mu}_k)^T \left(\sigma_k^2 \mathbf{I}\right)^{-1} (\mathbf{t} - \boldsymbol{\mu}_k)\right\} \\ & \left(\frac{\partial}{\partial \mu_{kl}} \left(-\frac{1}{2\sigma_k^2} (\mathbf{t} - \boldsymbol{\mu}_k)^T (\mathbf{t} - \boldsymbol{\mu}_k)\right)\right) \end{split}$$

$$\begin{split} &= \frac{1}{(2\pi)^{L/2} |\left(\sigma_k^2 \mathbf{I}\right)|^{(1/2)}} \exp\left\{-\frac{1}{2} (\mathbf{t} - \boldsymbol{\mu}_k)^T \left(\sigma_k^2 \mathbf{I}\right)^{-1} (\mathbf{t} - \boldsymbol{\mu}_k)\right\} \\ & \left(-\frac{1}{2\sigma_k^2} \left(\frac{\partial}{\partial \boldsymbol{\mu}_{kl}} \left(\mathbf{t}^T \mathbf{t} - 2\boldsymbol{\mu}_k^T \mathbf{t} + \boldsymbol{\mu}_k^T \boldsymbol{\mu}_k\right)\right)\right) \end{split}$$

Calculating the partial derivatives inside the braces:

$$\frac{\partial \mathbf{t}^T \mathbf{t}}{\partial \mu_{kl}} = 0$$

$$\frac{\partial (-2\boldsymbol{\mu}_k^T \mathbf{t})}{\partial \mu_{kl}} = -2t_l$$

$$\frac{\partial \boldsymbol{\mu}_k^T \boldsymbol{\mu}_k}{\partial \mu_{kl}} = (2\boldsymbol{\mu}_k) \, \frac{\partial \boldsymbol{\mu}_k}{\partial \mu_{kl}} = 2\mu_{kl}$$

Substituting these results back, we get:

$$\begin{split} \frac{\partial E_n}{\partial a_{kl}^{\mu}} &= -\frac{1}{\left\{\sum_{k=1}^K \pi_k \, \mathcal{N}_{nk}\right\}} \left(\pi_k \mathcal{N}_{nk} \left(-\frac{1}{2\sigma_k^2} \left(-2t_l + 2\mu_{kl}\right)\right)\right) \\ &= \frac{\pi_k \mathcal{N}_{nk}}{\left\{\sum_{k=1}^K \pi_k \, \mathcal{N}_{nk}\right\}} \left(\frac{\mu_{kl} - t_l}{\sigma_k^2}\right) \\ &= \gamma_{nk} \left(\frac{\mu_{kl} - t_l}{\sigma_k^2}\right) \end{split}$$

which is the same as the result in 5.156.