**5.29** From 5.139, we have,

$$\tilde{E}(\mathbf{w}) = E(\mathbf{w}) + \lambda \mathbf{\Omega}(\mathbf{w})$$

$$\Longrightarrow \frac{\partial \tilde{E}}{\partial w_i} = \frac{\partial E}{\partial w_i} + \frac{\partial \lambda \mathbf{\Omega}(\mathbf{w})}{\partial w_i}$$

$$R.H.S = \frac{\partial E}{\partial w_i} + \lambda \frac{\partial \mathbf{\Omega}(\mathbf{w})}{\partial w_i}$$

$$\frac{\partial \mathbf{\Omega}(\mathbf{w})}{\partial w_i} = \frac{\partial}{\partial w_i} \left( -\sum_i \ln \left( \sum_{j=1}^M \pi_j \, \mathcal{N}(w_i | \mu_j, \sigma_j^2) \right) \right)$$

Since the partial derivative is only w.r.t one i, this becomes:

$$= \frac{\partial}{\partial w_i} \left( -\ln \left( \sum_{j=1}^M \pi_j \mathcal{N}(w_i | \mu_j, \sigma_j^2) \right) \right)$$

$$= -\frac{1}{\left( \sum_{j=1}^M \pi_j \mathcal{N}(w_i | \mu_j, \sigma_j^2) \right)} \frac{\partial}{\partial w_i} \left( \sum_{j=1}^M \pi_j \mathcal{N}(w_i | \mu_j, \sigma_j^2) \right)$$

$$= -\frac{1}{\left( \sum_{j=1}^M \pi_j \mathcal{N}(w_i | \mu_j, \sigma_j^2) \right)} \frac{\partial}{\partial w_i} \left( \sum_{j=1}^M \frac{\pi_j}{(2\pi\sigma_j^2)^{(1/2)}} \exp \left( -\frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{w_i - \mu_j}{\sigma_j} \right)^2 \right) \right)$$

$$= -\frac{1}{\left( \sum_{j=1}^M \pi_j \mathcal{N}(w_i | \mu_j, \sigma_j^2) \right)} \left( \sum_{j=1}^M \frac{\pi_j}{(2\pi\sigma_j^2)^{(1/2)}} \exp \left( -\frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{w_i - \mu_j}{\sigma_j} \right)^2 \right) \frac{\partial \left( -\frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{w_i - \mu_j}{\sigma_j} \right)^2 \right)}{\partial w_i} \right)$$

$$= -\frac{1}{\left( \sum_{j=1}^M \pi_j \mathcal{N}(w_i | \mu_j, \sigma_j^2) \right)} \left( \sum_{j=1}^M \frac{\pi_j}{(2\pi\sigma_j^2)^{(1/2)}} \exp \left( -\frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{w_i - \mu_j}{\sigma_j} \right)^2 \right) \left( -\left( \frac{w_i - \mu_j}{\sigma_j^2} \right) \right) \right)$$

$$= \frac{1}{\left( \sum_{j=1}^M \pi_j \mathcal{N}(w_i | \mu_j, \sigma_j^2) \right)} \left( \sum_{j=1}^M \frac{\pi_j}{(2\pi\sigma_j^2)^{(1/2)}} \exp \left( -\frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{w_i - \mu_j}{\sigma_j} \right)^2 \right) \left( \frac{w_i - \mu_j}{\sigma_j^2} \right) \right)$$

$$= \frac{1}{\left(\sum_{j=1}^{M} \pi_{j} \mathcal{N}(w_{i}|\mu_{j}, \sigma_{j}^{2})\right)} \left(\sum_{j=1}^{M} \pi_{j} \mathcal{N}(w_{i}|\mu_{j}, \sigma_{j}^{2}) \left(\frac{w_{i} - \mu_{j}}{\sigma_{j}^{2}}\right)\right)$$

$$= \sum_{j=1}^{M} \frac{\pi_{j} \mathcal{N}(w_{i}|\mu_{j}, \sigma_{j}^{2})}{\left(\sum_{j=1}^{M} \pi_{j} \mathcal{N}(w_{i}|\mu_{j}, \sigma_{j}^{2})\right)} \left(\frac{w_{i} - \mu_{j}}{\sigma_{j}^{2}}\right)$$

$$= \sum_{j=1}^{M} \gamma_{j}(w_{i}) \left(\frac{w_{i} - \mu_{j}}{\sigma_{j}^{2}}\right)$$

Substituting this result in the partial derivative above, we get:

$$\frac{\partial \tilde{E}}{\partial w_i} = \frac{\partial E}{\partial w_i} + \lambda \sum_{j=1}^{M} \gamma_j(w_i) \left( \frac{w_i - \mu_j}{\sigma_j^2} \right)$$

which is the same as the result in 5.141.