1.32 Using 1.27,

$$p(\mathbf{y}) = p(\mathbf{x}) \left| \frac{d\mathbf{x}}{d\mathbf{y}} \right|$$
$$= p(\mathbf{x}) \left| \frac{d(\mathbf{x})}{d(\mathbf{A}\mathbf{x})} \right|$$
$$= p(\mathbf{x}) \left| \frac{1}{\det(\mathbf{A})} \right| \quad Source$$
$$= |\det(\mathbf{A})|^{-1} p(\mathbf{x})$$

Entropy of y is given by:

$$\mathbf{H}[\mathbf{y}] = -\int p(\mathbf{y}) \ln p(\mathbf{y}) \, d\mathbf{y}$$

Since $p(\mathbf{y}) d\mathbf{y} = p(\mathbf{x}) d\mathbf{x}$, this becomes:

$$= -\int p(\mathbf{x}) \ln \left(|det(\mathbf{A})|^{-1} p(\mathbf{x}) \right) d\mathbf{x}$$

$$= -\int p(\mathbf{x}) \ln (|det(\mathbf{A})|^{-1}) d\mathbf{x} - \int p(\mathbf{x}) \ln p(\mathbf{x}) d\mathbf{x}$$

$$= \int p(\mathbf{x}) \ln |det(\mathbf{A})| d\mathbf{x} + \mathbf{H}[\mathbf{x}]$$

$$= \ln |det(\mathbf{A})| \int p(\mathbf{x}) d\mathbf{x} + \mathbf{H}[\mathbf{x}]$$

$$= \ln |det(\mathbf{A})|(1) + \mathbf{H}[\mathbf{x}]$$

$$= \mathbf{H}[\mathbf{x}] + \ln |det(\mathbf{A})|$$