6.16 The gradient of f is:

$$\nabla_{\mathbf{w}} J = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{\partial f}{\partial w_1} + \frac{g(\mathbf{w}^T \mathbf{w})}{\partial w_1} \\ \frac{\partial f}{\partial w_2} + \frac{g(\mathbf{w}^T \mathbf{w})}{\partial w_2} \\ \vdots \\ \frac{\partial f}{\partial w_M} + \frac{g(\mathbf{w}^T \mathbf{w})}{\partial w_M} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\frac{\partial f}{\partial w_m} = \sum_{n=1}^N \frac{\partial f}{\partial \mathbf{w}^T \phi(\mathbf{x}_n)} \cdot \frac{\partial \mathbf{w}^T \phi(\mathbf{x}_n)}{\partial w_m}$$
$$= \sum_{n=1}^N \frac{\partial f}{\partial \mathbf{w}^T \phi(\mathbf{x}_n)} \cdot \phi_m(\mathbf{x}_n)$$
$$= (\nabla_{(\mathbf{\Phi}\mathbf{w})} f)^T \phi_m$$

$$\frac{g(\mathbf{w}^T \mathbf{w})}{\partial w_m} = \frac{g(\mathbf{w}^T \mathbf{w})}{\partial \mathbf{w}^T \mathbf{w}} \cdot \frac{\partial \mathbf{w}^T \mathbf{w}}{\partial w_m}$$
$$= g'(\mathbf{w}^T \mathbf{w}) \cdot 2w_m$$

Setting the gradient to 0, we get:

$$(\nabla_{(\mathbf{\Phi}\mathbf{w})}f)^{T}\phi_{m} + 2g'(\mathbf{w}^{T}\mathbf{w})w_{m} = 0$$

$$\Longrightarrow w_{m} = -\frac{(\nabla_{(\mathbf{\Phi}\mathbf{w})}f)^{T}\phi_{m}}{2g'(\mathbf{w}^{T}\mathbf{w})}$$

$$\Longrightarrow \mathbf{w} = -\frac{1}{2g'(\mathbf{w}^T\mathbf{w})} \begin{bmatrix} ---\phi_1 - -- \\ ---\phi_2 - -- \\ \vdots \\ ---\phi_M - -- \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \frac{\partial f}{\partial \mathbf{w}^T \phi(\mathbf{x}_1)} \\ \frac{\partial f}{\partial \mathbf{w}^T \phi(\mathbf{x}_2)} \\ \vdots \\ \frac{\partial f}{\partial \mathbf{w}^T \phi(\mathbf{x}_N)} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= -\frac{1}{2g'(\mathbf{w}^T\mathbf{w})} \sum_{n=1}^{N} \phi(\mathbf{x}_n) \cdot \frac{\partial f}{\partial \mathbf{w}^T \phi(\mathbf{x}_n)}$$

$$\Longrightarrow \alpha_n = -\frac{1}{2g'(\mathbf{w}^T \mathbf{w})} \cdot \frac{\partial f}{\partial \mathbf{w}^T \boldsymbol{\phi}(\mathbf{x}_n)}$$

and

$$\mathbf{w}_{\perp}=\mathbf{0}$$