

3.24

$$p(\mathbf{t}) = \frac{p(\mathbf{t}|\mathbf{w}, \beta) p(\mathbf{w}, \beta)}{p(\mathbf{w}, \beta|\mathbf{t})}$$

where

$$\begin{aligned} p(\mathbf{t}|\mathbf{w}, \beta) &= \left(\prod_{n=1}^N \mathcal{N}(t_n | \mathbf{w}^T \boldsymbol{\phi}(\mathbf{x}_n), \beta^{-1}) \right)^{N/2} \\ &= \frac{1}{(2\pi\beta^{-1})^{N/2}} \exp \left\{ -\frac{\beta}{2} (\mathbf{t} - \boldsymbol{\Phi} \mathbf{w})^T (\mathbf{t} - \boldsymbol{\Phi} \mathbf{w}) \right\} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} p(\mathbf{w}, \beta) &= \mathcal{N}(\mathbf{w} | \mathbf{m}_0, \beta^{-1} \mathbf{S}_0) \text{Gam}(\beta | a_0, b_0) \\ &= \frac{1}{(2\pi)^{D/2} |\beta^{-1} \mathbf{S}_0|^{1/2}} \exp \left\{ -\frac{1}{2} (\mathbf{w} - \mathbf{m}_0)^T (\beta^{-1} \mathbf{S}_0)^{-1} (\mathbf{w} - \mathbf{m}_0) \right\} \\ &\quad \frac{1}{\Gamma(a_0)} b_0^{a_0} \beta^{(a_0-1)} \exp \{-\beta b_0\} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} p(\mathbf{w}, \beta | \mathbf{t}) &= \mathcal{N}(\mathbf{w} | \mathbf{m}_N, \beta^{-1} \mathbf{S}_N) \text{Gam}(\beta | a_N, b_N) \\ &= \frac{1}{(2\pi)^{D/2} |\beta^{-1} \mathbf{S}_N|^{1/2}} \exp \left\{ -\frac{1}{2} (\mathbf{w} - \mathbf{m}_N)^T (\beta^{-1} \mathbf{S}_N)^{-1} (\mathbf{w} - \mathbf{m}_N) \right\} \\ &\quad \frac{1}{\Gamma(a_N)} b_N^{a_N} \beta^{(a_N-1)} \exp \{-\beta b_N\} \end{aligned}$$

Therefore, $p(\mathbf{t})$ is given by:

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{\frac{1}{(2\pi\beta^{-1})^{N/2}} \exp\left\{-\frac{\beta}{2}(\mathbf{t} - \Phi\mathbf{w})^T(\mathbf{t} - \Phi\mathbf{w})\right\}}{\frac{1}{(2\pi)^{D/2}|\beta^{-1}\mathbf{S}_N|^{1/2}} \exp\left\{-\frac{1}{2}(\mathbf{w} - \mathbf{m}_N)^T(\beta^{-1}\mathbf{S}_N)^{-1}(\mathbf{w} - \mathbf{m}_N)\right\}} \\
& \quad \frac{\frac{1}{\Gamma(a_0)} b_0^{a_0} \beta^{(a_0-1)} \exp\{-\beta b_0\}}{\frac{1}{\Gamma(a_N)} b_N^{a_N} \beta^{(a_N-1)} \exp\{-\beta b_N\}} \\
& = \frac{|\mathbf{S}_N|^{1/2}}{(2\pi\beta^{-1})^{N/2}|\mathbf{S}_0|^{1/2}} \\
& \exp\left\{-\frac{\beta}{2}((\mathbf{t} - \Phi\mathbf{w})^T(\mathbf{t} - \Phi\mathbf{w}) + (\mathbf{w} - \mathbf{m}_0)^T\mathbf{S}_0^{-1}(\mathbf{w} - \mathbf{m}_0) - (\mathbf{w} - \mathbf{m}_N)^T\mathbf{S}_N^{-1}(\mathbf{w} - \mathbf{m}_N))\right\} \\
& \quad \frac{\Gamma(a_N)}{\Gamma(a_0)} \frac{b_0^{a_0} \beta^{(a_0-1)} \exp\{-\beta b_0\}}{b_N^{a_N} \beta^{(a_N-1)} \exp\{-\beta b_N\}} \\
& = \left(\frac{|\mathbf{S}_N|^{1/2}}{(2\pi)^{N/2}|\mathbf{S}_0|^{1/2}} \frac{\Gamma(a_N)}{\Gamma(a_0)} \frac{b_0^{a_0}}{b_N^{a_N}}\right) \beta^{N/2} \\
& \exp\left\{-\frac{\beta}{2}((\mathbf{t} - \Phi\mathbf{w})^T(\mathbf{t} - \Phi\mathbf{w}) + (\mathbf{w} - \mathbf{m}_0)^T\mathbf{S}_0^{-1}(\mathbf{w} - \mathbf{m}_0) - (\mathbf{w} - \mathbf{m}_N)^T\mathbf{S}_N^{-1}(\mathbf{w} - \mathbf{m}_N))\right\} \\
& \quad \frac{\beta^{(a_0-1)} \exp\{-\beta b_0\}}{\beta^{(a_N-1)} \exp\{-\beta b_N\}}
\end{aligned}$$

The exponent of the middle the middle term can be simplified as:

$$\begin{aligned}
& (\mathbf{t} - \Phi\mathbf{w})^T(\mathbf{t} - \Phi\mathbf{w}) + (\mathbf{w} - \mathbf{m}_0)^T\mathbf{S}_0^{-1}(\mathbf{w} - \mathbf{m}_0) - (\mathbf{w} - \mathbf{m}_N)^T\mathbf{S}_N^{-1}(\mathbf{w} - \mathbf{m}_N) \\
& = \mathbf{t}^T\mathbf{t} - 2\mathbf{t}^T\Phi\mathbf{w} + \mathbf{w}^T\Phi^T\Phi\mathbf{w} \\
& \quad + \mathbf{w}^T\mathbf{S}_0^{-1}\mathbf{w} - 2\mathbf{m}_0^T\mathbf{S}_0^{-1}\mathbf{w} + \mathbf{m}_0^T\mathbf{S}_0^{-1}\mathbf{m}_0 \\
& \quad - \mathbf{w}^T\mathbf{S}_N^{-1}\mathbf{w} + 2\mathbf{m}_N^T\mathbf{S}_N^{-1}\mathbf{w} - \mathbf{m}_N^T\mathbf{S}_N^{-1}\mathbf{m}_N \\
& = \mathbf{w}^T(\Phi^T\Phi + \mathbf{S}_0^{-1} - \mathbf{S}_N^{-1})\mathbf{w}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& -2(\mathbf{t}^T \boldsymbol{\Phi} + \mathbf{m}_0^T \mathbf{S}_0^{-1} - \mathbf{m}_N^T \mathbf{S}_N^{-1}) \mathbf{w} \\
& + \mathbf{m}_0^T \mathbf{S}_0^{-1} \mathbf{m}_0 + \mathbf{t}^T \mathbf{t} - \mathbf{m}_N^T \mathbf{S}_N^{-1} \mathbf{m}_N
\end{aligned}$$

From Exercise 3.12, we know that $\mathbf{S}_N^{-1} = \boldsymbol{\Phi}^T \boldsymbol{\Phi} + \mathbf{S}_0^{-1}$ and $\mathbf{m}_N^T \mathbf{S}_N^{-1} = \mathbf{t}^T \boldsymbol{\Phi} + \mathbf{m}_0^T \mathbf{S}_0^{-1}$.

Therefore, the term becomes:

$$= \mathbf{m}_0^T \mathbf{S}_0^{-1} \mathbf{m}_0 + \mathbf{t}^T \mathbf{t} - \mathbf{m}_N^T \mathbf{S}_N^{-1} \mathbf{m}_N$$

Substituting this result back into the expression for the posterior, we get:

$$\begin{aligned}
& = \left(\frac{|\mathbf{S}_N|^{1/2}}{(2\pi)^{N/2} |\mathbf{S}_0|^{1/2}} \frac{\Gamma(a_N)}{\Gamma(a_0)} \frac{b_0^{a_0}}{b_N^{a_N}} \right) \beta^{N/2} \\
& \exp \left\{ -\frac{\beta}{2} (\mathbf{m}_0^T \mathbf{S}_0^{-1} \mathbf{m}_0 + \mathbf{t}^T \mathbf{t} - \mathbf{m}_N^T \mathbf{S}_N^{-1} \mathbf{m}_N) \right\} \\
& \frac{\beta^{(a_0-1)} \exp\{-\beta b_0\}}{\beta^{(a_N-1)} \exp\{-\beta b_N\}}
\end{aligned}$$

From Exercise 3.12, we also know that $a_N = a_0 + N/2$, and $b_N = b_0 + \frac{1}{2}(\mathbf{m}_N^T \mathbf{S}_N^{-1} \mathbf{m}_N + \mathbf{m}_0^T \mathbf{S}_0^{-1} \mathbf{m}_0 + \mathbf{t}^T \mathbf{t})$.

Substituting these into the posterior, we get:

$$\begin{aligned}
& = \left(\frac{|\mathbf{S}_N|^{1/2}}{(2\pi)^{N/2} |\mathbf{S}_0|^{1/2}} \frac{\Gamma(a_N)}{\Gamma(a_0)} \frac{b_0^{a_0}}{b_N^{a_N}} \right) \beta^{N/2} \\
& \exp \left\{ -\frac{\beta}{2} (\mathbf{m}_0^T \mathbf{S}_0^{-1} \mathbf{m}_0 + \mathbf{t}^T \mathbf{t} - \mathbf{m}_N^T \mathbf{S}_N^{-1} \mathbf{m}_N) \right\} \\
& \frac{\beta^{(a_0-1)} \exp\{-\beta b_0\}}{\beta^{(a_0+N/2-1)} \exp\{-\beta (b_0 + \frac{1}{2}(\mathbf{m}_N^T \mathbf{S}_N^{-1} \mathbf{m}_N + \mathbf{m}_0^T \mathbf{S}_0^{-1} \mathbf{m}_0 + \mathbf{t}^T \mathbf{t}))\}} \\
& = \left(\frac{|\mathbf{S}_N|^{1/2}}{(2\pi)^{N/2} |\mathbf{S}_0|^{1/2}} \frac{\Gamma(a_N)}{\Gamma(a_0)} \frac{b_0^{a_0}}{b_N^{a_N}} \right) \beta^{N/2} \\
& \exp \left\{ -\frac{\beta}{2} (\mathbf{m}_0^T \mathbf{S}_0^{-1} \mathbf{m}_0 + \mathbf{t}^T \mathbf{t} - \mathbf{m}_N^T \mathbf{S}_N^{-1} \mathbf{m}_N) \right\}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{1}{\beta^{N/2} \exp\{-\beta (\frac{1}{2}(\mathbf{m}_N^T \mathbf{S}_N^{-1} \mathbf{m}_N + \mathbf{m}_0^T \mathbf{S}_0^{-1} \mathbf{m}_0 + \mathbf{t}^T \mathbf{t})\}})$$

$$\begin{aligned} &= \left(\frac{|\mathbf{S}_N|^{1/2}}{(2\pi)^{N/2} |\mathbf{S}_0|^{1/2}} \frac{\Gamma(a_N)}{\Gamma(a_0)} \frac{b_0^{a_0}}{b_N^{a_N}} \right) \beta^{N/2} \frac{1}{\beta^{N/2}} \\ &= \frac{|\mathbf{S}_N|^{1/2}}{(2\pi)^{N/2} |\mathbf{S}_0|^{1/2}} \frac{\Gamma(a_N)}{\Gamma(a_0)} \frac{b_0^{a_0}}{b_N^{a_N}} \end{aligned}$$

which is the same as the result in 3.118.