3.12 The posterior distribution is given by:

$$p(\mathbf{w}, \beta | \mathbf{t}) \propto p(\mathbf{t} | \mathbf{X}, \mathbf{w}, \beta) p(\mathbf{w}, \beta)$$

where the R.H.S terms are given by 3.10 and 3.112:

$$p(\mathbf{t}|\mathbf{X}, \mathbf{w}, \beta) = \prod_{n=1}^{N} p(t_n|\mathbf{x}_n, \mathbf{w}, \beta) = \prod_{n=1}^{N} \mathcal{N}(t_n|\mathbf{w}^T \phi(\mathbf{x}_n), \beta^{-1})$$
$$p(\mathbf{w}, \beta) = \mathcal{N}(\mathbf{w}|\mathbf{m}_0, \beta^{-1}\mathbf{S}_0) \ Gam(\beta|a_0, b_0)$$

Given the above, R.H.S is given by:

$$\left(\prod_{n=1}^{N} \mathcal{N}(t_n | \mathbf{w}^T \phi(\mathbf{x}_n), \beta^{-1})\right) \mathcal{N}(\mathbf{w} | \mathbf{m}_0, \beta^{-1} \mathbf{S}_0) \ Gam(\beta | a_0, b_0)$$

$$= \left(\prod_{n=1}^{N} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi\beta^{-1}}} \exp\left\{ -\frac{\beta(t_n - \mathbf{w}^T \phi(\mathbf{x}_n))^2}{2} \right\} \right)$$

$$\frac{1}{(2\pi)^{D/2} |\beta^{-1} \mathbf{S}_0|^{1/2}} \exp\left\{ -\frac{1}{2} (\mathbf{w} - \mathbf{m}_0)^T \beta \mathbf{S}_0^{-1} (\mathbf{w} - \mathbf{m}_0) \right\}$$

$$\frac{1}{\Gamma(a_0)} b_0^{a_0} \beta^{a_0 - 1} \exp(-b_0 \beta)$$

$$= \frac{1}{(2\pi\beta^{-1})^{N/2}} \exp\left\{ \sum_{n=1}^{N} -\frac{\beta(t_n - \mathbf{w}^T \phi(\mathbf{x}_n))^2}{2} \right\}$$
$$\frac{1}{(2\pi)^{D/2} |\beta^{-1} \mathbf{S}_0|^{1/2}} \exp\left\{ -\frac{1}{2} (\mathbf{w} - \mathbf{m}_0)^T \beta \mathbf{S}_0^{-1} (\mathbf{w} - \mathbf{m}_0) \right\}$$
$$\frac{1}{\Gamma(a_0)} b_0^{a_0} \beta^{a_0 - 1} \exp(-b_0 \beta)$$

$$= \frac{\beta^{(N+1)/2}}{(2\pi)^{(N+D)/2}|\mathbf{S}_0|^{1/2}} \exp\left\{\sum_{n=1}^N -\frac{\beta(t_n - \mathbf{w}^T \phi(\mathbf{x}_n))^2}{2}\right\}$$
$$\exp\left\{-\frac{1}{2}(\mathbf{w} - \mathbf{m}_0)^T \beta \mathbf{S}_0^{-1}(\mathbf{w} - \mathbf{m}_0)\right\}$$

$$\frac{1}{\Gamma(a_0)} b_0^{a_0} \beta^{a_0 - 1} \exp(-b_0 \beta)$$

First we simplify the exponent of the first term. From the solution to exercise 3.7, we know that it becomes:

$$= \frac{\beta^{(N+1)/2}}{(2\pi)^{(N+D)/2} |\mathbf{S}_0|^{1/2}} \exp\left\{-\frac{\beta}{2} \left(\mathbf{t}^T \mathbf{t} - 2\mathbf{w}^T \mathbf{\Phi}^T \mathbf{t} + \mathbf{w}^T \mathbf{\Phi}^T \mathbf{\Phi} \mathbf{w}\right)\right\}$$
$$\exp\left\{-\frac{\beta}{2} (\mathbf{w} - \mathbf{m}_0)^T \mathbf{S}_0^{-1} (\mathbf{w} - \mathbf{m}_0)\right\}$$
$$\frac{1}{\Gamma(a_0)} b_0^{a_0} \beta^{a_0 - 1} \exp(-b_0 \beta)$$

Expanding the exponent of the second term and merging with the first, we get:

$$\begin{split} &-\frac{\beta}{2}\left(\mathbf{t}^T\mathbf{t} - 2\mathbf{w}^T\mathbf{\Phi}^T\mathbf{t} + \mathbf{w}^T\mathbf{\Phi}^T\mathbf{\Phi}\mathbf{w} + \mathbf{w}^T\mathbf{S}_0^{-1}\mathbf{w} - 2\mathbf{w}^T\mathbf{S}_0^{-1}\mathbf{m}_0 + \mathbf{m}_0^T\mathbf{S}_0^{-1}\mathbf{m}_0\right) \\ &= -\frac{\beta}{2}\left(\mathbf{w}^T(\mathbf{\Phi}^T\mathbf{\Phi} + \mathbf{S}_0^{-1})\mathbf{w} - 2\mathbf{w}^T(\mathbf{\Phi}^T\mathbf{t} + \mathbf{S}_0^{-1}\mathbf{m}_0) + \mathbf{m}_0^T\mathbf{S}_0^{-1}\mathbf{m}_0 + \mathbf{t}^T\mathbf{t}\right) \\ &= -\frac{\beta}{2}\left(\mathbf{w}^T\mathbf{S}_N^{-1}\mathbf{w} - 2\mathbf{w}^T\mathbf{S}_N^{-1}\mathbf{m}_N + \mathbf{m}_0^T\mathbf{S}_0^{-1}\mathbf{m}_0 + \mathbf{t}^T\mathbf{t}\right) \end{split}$$

Adding and subtracting $\mathbf{m}_N^T \mathbf{S}_N^{-1} \mathbf{m}_N$, we get:

$$= -\frac{\beta}{2} \left(\mathbf{w}^T \mathbf{S}_N^{-1} \mathbf{w} - 2 \mathbf{w}^T \mathbf{S}_N^{-1} \mathbf{m}_N + \mathbf{m}_N^T \mathbf{S}_N^{-1} \mathbf{m}_N - \mathbf{m}_N^T \mathbf{S}_N^{-1} \mathbf{m}_N + \mathbf{m}_0^T \mathbf{S}_0^{-1} \mathbf{m}_0 + \mathbf{t}^T \mathbf{t} \right)$$

$$= -\frac{\beta}{2} \left((\mathbf{w} - \mathbf{m}_N)^T \mathbf{S}_N^{-1} (\mathbf{w} - \mathbf{m}_N) - \mathbf{m}_N^T \mathbf{S}_N^{-1} \mathbf{m}_N + \mathbf{m}_0^T \mathbf{S}_0^{-1} \mathbf{m}_0 + \mathbf{t}^T \mathbf{t} \right)$$

Substituting this result back, we get:

$$= \frac{\beta^{(N+1)/2}}{(2\pi)^{(N+D)/2} |\mathbf{S}_0|^{1/2}}$$

$$\exp\left\{-\frac{\beta}{2}\left((\mathbf{w} - \mathbf{m}_N)^T \mathbf{S}_N^{-1} (\mathbf{w} - \mathbf{m}_N) - \mathbf{m}_N^T \mathbf{S}_N^{-1} \mathbf{m}_N + \mathbf{m}_0^T \mathbf{S}_0^{-1} \mathbf{m}_0 + \mathbf{t}^T \mathbf{t}\right)\right\}$$
$$\frac{1}{\Gamma(a_0)} b_0^{a_0} \beta^{a_0 - 1} \exp(-b_0 \beta)$$

$$= \frac{\beta^{(N+1)/2}}{(2\pi)^{(N+D)/2}|\mathbf{S}_0|^{1/2}}$$

$$\exp\left\{-\frac{\beta}{2}\left((\mathbf{w} - \mathbf{m}_N)^T\mathbf{S}_N^{-1}(\mathbf{w} - \mathbf{m}_N)\right)\right\}$$

$$\exp\left\{-\frac{\beta}{2}\left(-\mathbf{m}_N^T\mathbf{S}_N^{-1}\mathbf{m}_N + \mathbf{m}_0^T\mathbf{S}_0^{-1}\mathbf{m}_0 + \mathbf{t}^T\mathbf{t}\right)\right\}$$

$$\frac{1}{\Gamma(a_0)}b_0^{a_0}\beta^{a_0-1}\exp(-b_0\beta)$$

$$= \left(\frac{1}{(2\pi)^{D/2}|\beta^{-1}\mathbf{S}_N|^{1/2}}\right) \left(\frac{\beta^{N/2}|\mathbf{S}_N|^{1/2}}{(2\pi)^{N/2}|\mathbf{S}_0|^{1/2}}\right)$$

$$\exp\left\{-\frac{\beta}{2}\left((\mathbf{w} - \mathbf{m}_N)^T\mathbf{S}_N^{-1}(\mathbf{w} - \mathbf{m}_N)\right)\right\}$$

$$\exp\left\{-\frac{\beta}{2}\left(-\mathbf{m}_N^T\mathbf{S}_N^{-1}\mathbf{m}_N + \mathbf{m}_0^T\mathbf{S}_0^{-1}\mathbf{m}_0 + \mathbf{t}^T\mathbf{t}\right)\right\}$$

$$\frac{1}{\Gamma(a_0)}b_0^{a_0}\beta^{a_0-1}\exp(-b_0\beta)$$

$$= \left(\frac{1}{(2\pi)^{D/2}|\beta^{-1}\mathbf{S}_N|^{1/2}}\right) \exp\left\{-\frac{\beta}{2} \left((\mathbf{w} - \mathbf{m}_N)^T (\beta^{-1}\mathbf{S}_N)^{-1} (\mathbf{w} - \mathbf{m}_N)\right)\right\}$$
$$\left(\frac{\beta^{N/2}|\mathbf{S}_N|^{1/2}}{(2\pi)^{N/2}|\mathbf{S}_0|^{1/2}}\right) \exp\left\{-\frac{\beta}{2} \left(-\mathbf{m}_N^T \mathbf{S}_N^{-1} \mathbf{m}_N + \mathbf{m}_0^T \mathbf{S}_0^{-1} \mathbf{m}_0 + \mathbf{t}^T \mathbf{t}\right)\right\}$$
$$\frac{1}{\Gamma(a_0)} b_0^{a_0} \beta^{a_0-1} \exp(-b_0 \beta)$$

$$= \mathcal{N}(\mathbf{w}|\mathbf{m}_N, \beta^{-1}\mathbf{S}_N)$$

$$\left(\frac{\beta^{N/2}|\mathbf{S}_N|^{1/2}}{(2\pi)^{N/2}|\mathbf{S}_0|^{1/2}}\right) \exp\left\{-\frac{\beta}{2}\left(-\mathbf{m}_N^T\mathbf{S}_N^{-1}\mathbf{m}_N + \mathbf{m}_0^T\mathbf{S}_0^{-1}\mathbf{m}_0 + \mathbf{t}^T\mathbf{t}\right)\right\}$$

$$\frac{1}{\Gamma(a_0)}b_0^{a_0}\beta^{a_0-1}\exp(-b_0\beta)$$

$$= \mathcal{N}(\mathbf{w}|\mathbf{m}_N, \beta^{-1}\mathbf{S}_N)$$

$$\left(\frac{|\mathbf{S}_N|^{1/2}}{(2\pi)^{N/2}|\mathbf{S}_0|^{1/2}}\right) \frac{1}{\Gamma(a_0)} b_0^{a_0} \beta^{(a_0 - 1 + N/2)}$$

$$\exp\left\{-\beta \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(\mathbf{m}_N^T \mathbf{S}_N^{-1} \mathbf{m}_N + \mathbf{m}_0^T \mathbf{S}_0^{-1} \mathbf{m}_0 + \mathbf{t}^T \mathbf{t}\right) + b_0\right)\right\}$$

Here, let $a_N = a_0 + N/2$, and $b_N = b_0 + \frac{1}{2} \left(\mathbf{m}_N^T \mathbf{S}_N^{-1} \mathbf{m}_N + \mathbf{m}_0^T \mathbf{S}_0^{-1} \mathbf{m}_0 + \mathbf{t}^T \mathbf{t} \right)$.

The expression becomes:

$$= \mathcal{N}(\mathbf{w}|\mathbf{m}_{N}, \beta^{-1}\mathbf{S}_{N})$$

$$\left(\frac{|\mathbf{S}_{N}|^{1/2}}{(2\pi)^{N/2}|\mathbf{S}_{0}|^{1/2}}\right) \frac{1}{\Gamma(a_{0})} b_{0}^{a_{0}} \beta^{(a_{N}-1)} \exp\left\{-\beta b_{N}\right\}$$

$$\begin{split} &= \mathcal{N}(\mathbf{w}|\mathbf{m}_{N}, \beta^{-1}\mathbf{S}_{N}) \\ &\left(\frac{|\mathbf{S}_{N}|^{1/2}}{(2\pi)^{N/2}|\mathbf{S}_{0}|^{1/2}} \frac{\Gamma(a_{N})}{\Gamma(a_{0})} \frac{b_{0}^{a_{0}}}{b_{N}^{a_{N}}}\right) \\ &\frac{1}{\Gamma(a_{N})} b_{N}^{a_{N}} \beta^{(a_{N}-1)} \exp\left\{-\beta b_{N}\right\} \end{split}$$

PS: This type of multiplying and dividing by the term $\frac{1}{\Gamma(a_N)}b_N^{a_N}$ can be done because the Gamma distribution is a distribution of β , and this term is just the normalizing constant.

This finally gives us:

$$p(\mathbf{w}, \beta | \mathbf{t}) = c \, \mathcal{N}(\mathbf{w} | \mathbf{m}_N, \beta^{-1} \mathbf{S}_N) \, Gam(\beta | a_N, b_N)$$

where
$$c = \left(\frac{|\mathbf{S}_N|^{1/2}}{(2\pi)^{N/2}|\mathbf{S}_0|^{1/2}} \frac{\Gamma(a_N)}{\Gamma(a_0)} \frac{b_0^{a_0}}{b_N^{a_N}}\right)$$