

Lab 2

Question:

Write a python program to simulate a neural network model for calculating the error function and its surface.

Solution:

Import and Libraries and Data

```
In [ ]: import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
```

```
In [ ]: df = pd.read_csv('iris.data')
df.head()
```

```
Out[ ]:    5.1  3.5  1.4  0.2  Iris-setosa
0  4.9  3.0  1.4  0.2  Iris-setosa
1  4.7  3.2  1.3  0.2  Iris-setosa
2  4.6  3.1  1.5  0.2  Iris-setosa
3  5.0  3.6  1.4  0.2  Iris-setosa
4  5.4  3.9  1.7  0.4  Iris-setosa
```

Data Pre-Processing

We will convert the output label from class name to numerical value, e.g.

Iris-setosa -> 0 ,

Iris-versicolor -> 1 and so on.

```
In [ ]: def target_converter(Lable):
    # To change class lable into numerical variable
    A = []
    output = []
    x = 0
    # Append value if not present in A
    for i in Lable:
        if (i not in A):
            A.append(i)
            x += 1
    # Increase Count If Present in A
    for i in Lable:
        x = A.index(i)
        output.append(x)

    return(np.array(output))
```

```
In [ ]: X = np.array(df)[:,0:4]
X[:5]
```

```
Out[ ]: array([[4.9, 3.0, 1.4, 0.2],
          [4.7, 3.2, 1.3, 0.2],
          [4.6, 3.1, 1.5, 0.2],
          [5.0, 3.6, 1.4, 0.2],
          [5.4, 3.9, 1.7, 0.4]], dtype=object)
```

```
In [ ]: Y = np.array(df[:,4])
Y = target_converter(Y)
Y[:5]
```

```
Out[ ]: array([0, 0, 0, 0, 0])
```

Transfer Function and Error

```
In [ ]: # Sigmoid(Log Sigmoidal) transfer function
def sigmoid(n):
    return 1/(1+np.exp(-n))

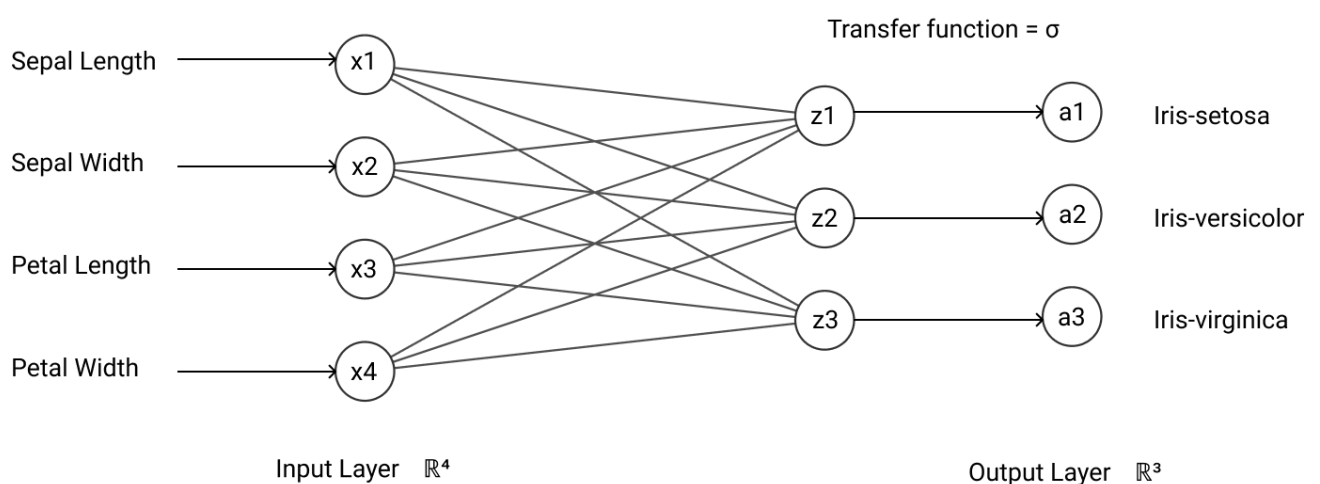
# Misclassification Error
def error(val,tar):
    if val == tar:
        return 0

    else:
        return 1
```

Neural Network Architecture

As iris have 4 input layers and 3 output layers we will use 3×4 matrix to represent the weight. We will use log-sigmoidal function as transfer function, because it outputs the value between 0 and 1. We will use these values as probabilities to determine the output of the particular pattern. At last we will use classification error as 0 when output is right, otherwise 1.

The Neural Network Representation is as follows:



```
In [ ]: def neuron(x,y,epoch):

    tot_err = []
    # Loop through n(Epoch) number of times
    for _ in range(epoch):
        # Error List for each Epoch
        err_list = []

        for i,j in zip(x,y):
            # For each iteration actual output list
            ao_list = []
```

```

# Randomly Generated Weight
w = np.random.rand(3,4)
net = np.dot(i,w.T)

# Actual output List for each iteration
for n in net:
    ao = sigmoid(n)
    ao_list.append(ao)

# Taking the maximum probality among the outputs
out = ao_list.index(max(ao_list))

err = error(out,j)
err_list.append(err)

tot_err.append(err_list)

# X and Y axis for plotting
ax = plt.axes(projection = '3d')
x_axis = np.arange(1,len(y) + 1,step = 1)
y_axis = np.arange(1,epoch + 1,step = 1)
# Using Meshgrid for generating 2D Matrices of X and Y axis
X_Axis, Y_Axis = np.meshgrid(x_axis,y_axis)
z_axis = np.array(tot_err)

# Plotting 3D Scatter Plot
ax.scatter3D(X_Axis,Y_Axis,z_axis, c = z_axis)
ax.set_xlabel('Pattern')
ax.set_ylabel('Epoch')
ax.set_zlabel('Error')
plt.show()

```

In []: `neuron(X,Y,10)`

