# PROJECT REPORT

### Members:

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# Description:

Gym database management system for a single gym. It helps the gym to manage Members, Employees, Trainers, Membership Levels as well as to keep a record of payments made by members.

## Queries:

#### Simple

- 1. Add member
- 2. Delete member with id x
- 3. View member with id = x
- 4. Add Employee
- 5. Remove Employee with id = x
- 6. View employee with id = x
- 7. Add trainer
- 8. Delete trainer with Emp\_id = x
- 9. View trainer with Emp\_id = x
- 10. Add payment
- 11. Delete payment with id = x
- 12. View payment with id = x
- 13. Add Membership Tier

#### Complex

- 1. Get all members who have been members since x and tier cost >= y
- 2. Get all members who haven't paid since x
- 3. Get trainers specializing in x with salary >= y
- 4. Get the average salary for each specialization of trainer
- 5. Find number of people in each tier

# **SQL** Commands for Queries:

#### Simple

- 1. INSERT INTO Members (id, Name, Date Joined, Tier Name)
- 2. DELETE FROM Members WHERE id = x
- 3. SELECT \* FROM Members WHERE id = x
- 4. INSERT INTO Employees (id, Name, Date\_Joined, Salary)
- 5. DELETE FROM Employees WHERE id = x
- 6. SELECT \* FROM Employees WHERE id = x
- 7. INSERT INTO Trainers (Emp. id, Specialization)
- 8. DELETE FROM Trainers WHERE id = x
- 9. SELECT \* FROM Trainers WHERE id = x
- 10. INSERT INTO Payments (id, Date\_Paid, Member\_id, Amount)
- 11. DELETE FROM Payments WHERE id = x
- 12. SELECT \* FROM Payments WHERE id = x
- 13. INSERT INTO Tiers (Name, Cost)

### Complex

- 1. SELECT id, Members.Name, Date\_Joined, Cost as Tier\_Cost FROM Members, Tiers WHERE Tier\_Name = Tiers.Name AND Tier\_Cost >= y AND Date\_Joined >= x
- 2. SELECT \* FROM Members WHERE Members.id NOT IN (SELECT Members.id FROM Members, Payments WHERE Members.id = Member id AND Date Paid >= x)
- 3. Select id, Name, Specialization, Salary FROM Trainers, Employees WHERE Emp\_id = id AND Specialization = x AND Salary >= y
- 4. SELECT Specialization, AVG(Salary) FROM Trainers, Employees WHERE Emp\_id = id GROUP BY Specialization
- 5. SELECT Tier\_Name, COUNT(id) FROM Members, Tiers WHERE Tier\_Name = Tiers.Name GROUP BY Tier\_Name