

LOGICAL CORRELATION & 1ST INCOMPLETENESS THM

• I read your mind and does the opposite of what you predicts



LOGICAL CORRELATION & 1ST INCOMPLETENESS THM

- You are a formal system :::: Godel's theorem
- You are just some program ::::: Halting problem
- "Diagonalization theorems" (and also e.g. Quine's paradox) introduce selfreference through logical correlation.
- You can't disentangle yourself from the "rest of the world" because the rest
 of the world may contain logically correlated copies of you

WAIT BUT HOW? 2ND INCOMPLETENESS THM

Bob: "I'll only halt if Alice proves I don't halt"

 BUT WE CAN SEE that bob won't halt! So are we fundamentally superior to Alice??

WAIT BUT HOW? 2ND INCOMPLETENESS THM

- We assumed Alice's soundness, Alice may not do so herself
- You're just not allowed to hold beliefs about your entire beliefs
- So-called "informal reasoning" is just reflective reasoning



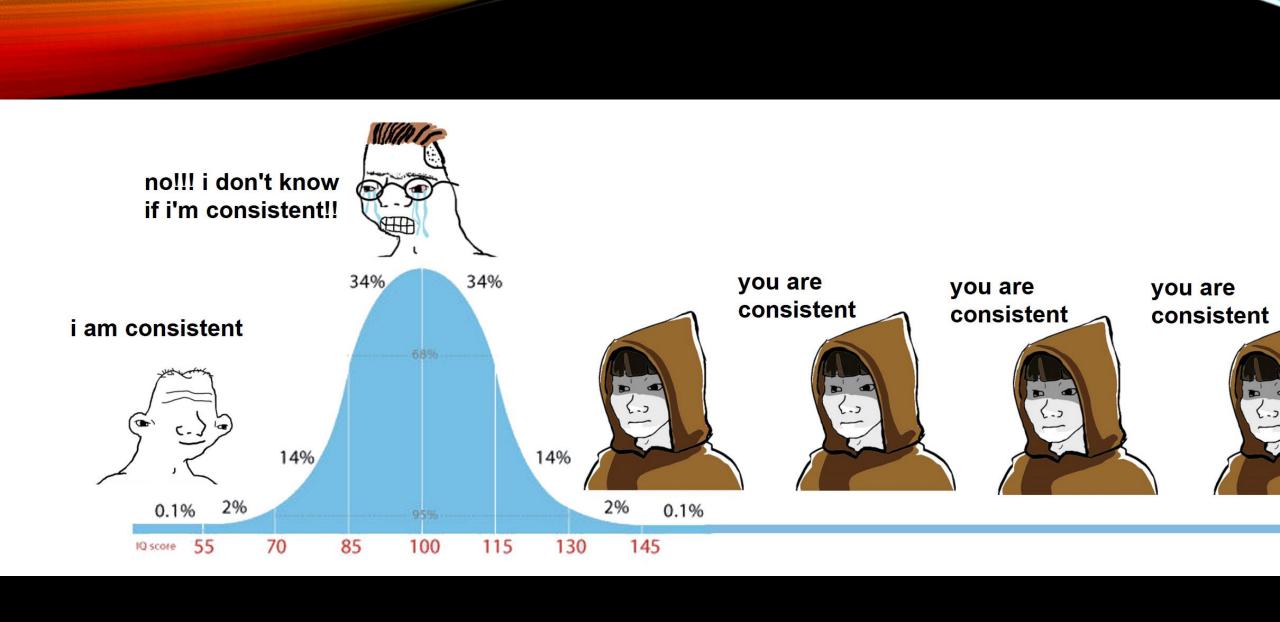
Löb

Bob



REFLECTION

- At t = 2 I can have beliefs about my beliefs, t = 3 beliefs about those beliefs...
- But I can also do a little thinking
- and at t = 2 have beliefs about all the beliefs I would have had (ω)
- ... in general I can reflect up to "any computable ordinal"



REFLECTION

- Well actually not any computable ordinal.
- Because then you would be uncomputable.
- Your mind is some complex program with its own ordinal complexity
- "Oh, but I can think about ZFC + Large ordinal!" not usefully

Wang Yangming



I know and understand ZFC + Any Arbitrary Large Ordinal!!!



If you cannot act on it, it is not knowledge.

CHAITIN'S FORMULATION

• There is a program just slightly more complex than you can't predict

THE LÖBSTACLE

- If you can't determine the behavior of more complex things, how do you become more complex?
- Are you permanently limited to your current complexity, without hope for improvement?
- Should we fear becoming smarter, because of the uncertainty of what we'd do if we were smarter?
- If a smarter computer tells us it's ok, can we trust it?





