

**FOR FURTHER INFORMATION, PLEASE REFER TO THE SDS**

Issue: October 20

**PRODUCT:** Isopropanol

**Other Names:** Propan-2-ol, 2-propanol, IPA, Isopropyl Alcohol 100%, 99%, 80%, 75%, 70%, Rubbing Alcohol.

**Uses:** Industrial solvent: cleaning and degreasing

**Signal Word:** DANGER

	<b>UN No.</b>	1219
	<b>Dangerous Goods Class</b>	3
	<b>Subsidiary Risk</b>	None
	<b>Pack Group</b>	II
	<b>Hazchem</b>	• 2YE
	<b>Poison Schedule</b>	None

**Hazardous Nature:** This product is classified as hazardous under GHS for Australia criteria

**Hazardous Classification:** Flammable Liquids: 2; Serious Eye Damage/Irritation: 2A; Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Single Exposure - Narcotic Effects): 3

**Hazardous Statement:** Highly Flammable liquid and vapour

**Exposure Standards:** TWA: 983 mg/m<sup>3</sup> (400 ppm); STEL: 1230 mg/m<sup>3</sup> (500 ppm)

**Physical Characteristics (Typical)**

**Section 9 of SDS**

Appearance Clear, colourless liquid

Boiling Point/ Range (°C): 80-83

Flash Point (°C): 11.7

Specific Gravity/ Density (g/ml @ 15°C): 0.79

Chemical Stability: Stable at room temperature and pressure

**Product Ingredients**

**Section 3 of SDS**

Isopropyl Alcohol	67-63-0	> 99
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For further ingredients information, please refer to the full SDS.

**GHS Pictograms**

**Section 2 of SDS**




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For further Risk and Safety information, please refer to the full SDS.

**DEFINITIONS**

Dangerous Goods	Products that are classified as Dangerous for Storage and Transport: these products are allocated a UN No., with accompanying Class, Pack Group, and Sub. Risk, if required. Products that do not have a specific description under the code, but have low flash points, or such, must be classified under their most significant risk, eg. Flammable Goods N.O.S. (Not otherwise specified), UN 1993
Poisonous Substance	Products that are classified under the poisons schedule are a poisonous substance. The proportion of the poison in the product will determine its numerical classification.
Hazardous Substance	Products are considered to be Hazardous if they pose an intrinsic risk to human or environmental health, such as mutagens (able to change DNA), teratogens (able to result in birth defects), carcinogens (able to generate cell abnormalities), etc. Materials are not hazardous substances if they pose risks such as potential for misuse, like flammability, or explosions when heated and ignited.

**1. IDENTIFICATION**

<b>Product Name:</b>	Isopropanol
<b>Other Names:</b>	Propan-2-ol, 2-propanol, IPA, Isopropyl Alcohol 100%, 99%, 80%, 75%, 70%, Rubbing Alcohol.
<b>Chemical Family:</b>	Oxygenated hydrocarbon
<b>Recommended Use:</b>	Industrial solvent: cleaning and degreasing
<b>Supplier:</b>	Sydney Solvents Pty Ltd
<b>ABN:</b>	51 104 642 695
<b>Street Address:</b>	Unit 3, 10 Production Place, Jamisontown NSW 2750
<b>Telephone:</b>	02 4722 5060
<b>Fax:</b>	
<b>Emergency phone:</b>	<b>CHEMCALL: 1800 605 040</b>
<b>All other inquiries:</b>	02 4722 5060

**2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION****Hazardous Nature**

This product is classified as hazardous under GHS for Australia criteria

**Hazardous Classification**

Flammable Liquids: 2; Serious Eye Damage/Irritation: 2A; Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Single Exposure - Narcotic Effects): 3

**Hazardous Statement**

Highly Flammable liquid and vapour

**GHS Pictograms****Hazard Statements**

H225: Highly flammable liquid and vapour

H319: Causes serious eye irritation

H336: May cause drowsiness or dizziness

**Precautionary Statements**

P210: Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

P233: Keep container tightly closed. P240: Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. P241: Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/light/.../equipment. P242: Use only non-sparking tools. P243: Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

P261: Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.

P280: Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

P303+361+353: IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/ shower.

P304+340: IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. P312: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/ physician if you feel unwell

P305+351+338: IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses if present and easy to do – continue rinsing. P337+313: If eye irritation persists get medical advice/attention.

P370+378: In case of fire: use dry chemical, carbon dioxide or alcohol resistant foam to extinguish

P403+235: Store in a well ventilated place. Keep cool. P405: Store locked up

**Dangerous Goods Classification 3**

Poisons Schedule None

Signal Word DANGER

### 3. COMPOSITION: Information on Ingredients

Chemical Ingredient	CAS No.	Proportion (%v/v)
Isopropyl Alcohol	67-63-0	> 99

### 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

For advice, contact Poisons Information Centre (Phone Australia: 13 1126) or a doctor.

#### Ingestion

If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting. Keep at rest. Seek immediate medical attention.

#### Eye Contact

Flush eyes with large amounts of water until irritation subsides. Seek immediate medical attention.

#### Skin Contact

Flush area with large amounts of water and wash area with soap if available. Remove contaminated clothing, including shoes, and launder before reuse. Seek medical attention for skin irritations.

#### Inhalation

Using proper respiratory protection, immediately remove the affected victim from exposure. Administer artificial respiration if breathing is stopped. Keep at rest. Seek immediate medical attention.

#### First Aid facilities

Provide eye baths and safety showers.

#### Medical Attention

Treat according to symptoms. Avoid gastric lavage: risk of aspiration of product to the lungs with the potential to cause chemical pneumonitis.

### 5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Shut off product that may 'fuel' a fire if safe to do so. Allow trained personnel to attend a fire in progress, providing firefighters with this Safety Data Sheet. Prevent extinguishing media from escaping to drains and waterways.

#### Suitable extinguishing media

Dry chemical, carbon dioxide, alcohol-resistant foam or water spray.

Do not use straight streams of water.

#### Hazards from combustion products

Carbon dioxide and carbon monoxide

#### Precautions for fire fighters and special protective equipment

Full protective clothing and self-contained breathing apparatus

**Hazchem Code:** • 2YE

### 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

#### Emergency Procedures

Prevent fluid from escaping to drains and waterways. Contain leaking packaging in a containment drum. Prevent vapours from building up in confined areas. Ensure that drain valves are closed at all times. Clean up and report spills immediately.

#### Methods and materials for containment

##### Major Land Spill

- Eliminate sources of ignition.
- Warn occupants of downwind areas of possible fire and explosion hazard.
- Prevent liquid from entering sewers, watercourses, or low-lying areas.
- Keep the public away from the area.

- Shut off the source of the spill if possible and safe to do so.
- Advise authorities if substance has entered a watercourse or sewer or has contaminated soil or vegetation.
- Take measures to minimise the effect on the ground water.
- Contain the spilled liquid with sand or earth.
- Recover by pumping – use explosion proof pump or hand pump – or with a suitable absorbent material.
- Consult an expert on disposal of recovered material and ensure conformity to local disposal regulations.
- See "First Aid Measures" and "Stability and Reactivity"

**Major Water Spill**

- Eliminate any sources of ignition.
- Warn occupants and shipping in downwind areas of possible fire and explosion hazard.
- Notify the port or relevant authority and keep the public away from the area.
- Shut off the source of the spill if possible and safe to do so.
- Confine the spill if possible.
- Remove the product from the surface by skimming or with suitable absorbent material.
- Consult an expert on disposal of recovered material and ensure conformity to local disposal regulations.
- See "First Aid Measures" and "Stability and Reactivity".

**7. HANDLING AND STORAGE****Precautions for safe handling**

This product is flammable. Do not open near open flame, sources of heat or ignition. No smoking. Keep container closed. Handle containers with care. Open slowly to control possible pressure release. Use grounding leads to avoid discharge (electrical spark).

**Conditions for safe storage**

Store in a cool, dry place away from direct sunlight. Do not pressurise, cut, heat or weld containers - residual vapours are flammable. This product is flammable and will fuel a fire in progress.

**Incompatible materials**

Natural Rubber, Butyl Rubber, EPDM, Polystyrene, acid anhydrides, acid chlorides, oxidants, food and feedstuffs.

**8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS: PERSONAL PROTECTION****National Exposure Standards**

The time weighted average concentration (TWA) for this product is: 983 mg/m<sup>3</sup> (400 ppm), which means the highest allowable exposure concentration in an eight-hour day for a five-day working week. The short-term exposure limit (STEL) is: 1230 mg/m<sup>3</sup> (500 ppm), which is the maximum allowable exposure concentration at any time. Products may be identified as skin sensitisers, indicated as (Sen), which means that the product will induce ever-increasing adverse effects with subsequent exposure, such as loss of feeling in extremities, or pain or irritation on contact with the product. Where (Sk) appears, the product will be easily absorbed to the skin, risking overexposure and symptoms similar to Ingestion or Inhalation. applies in this case. Refer: Section 11: Toxicological Effects.

**Biological limit values**

No data available

**Engineering Controls: Ventilation**

The use of local exhaust ventilation is recommended to control process emissions near the source. Laboratory samples should be handled in a fume hood. Provide mechanical ventilation of confined spaces. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

**Personal Protective Equipment**

**Respiratory Protection:** Where concentrations in air may exceed the limits described in the National Exposure Standards, it is recommended to use a half-face filter mask to protect from overexposure by inhalation. A type "A" filter material is considered suitable for this product.

**Eye Protection:** Always use safety glasses or a face shield when handling this product.

**Skin/ Body Protection:** Always wear long sleeves and long trousers or coveralls, and enclosed footwear or safety boots when handling this product. It is recommended that chemical resistant gloves (e.g. PVC) be worn when handling this product.

**9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

Property	Unit of measurement	Typical value
Appearance	-	Clear, colourless liquid
Boiling Point/ Range	°C	80-83
Flash Point	°C	11.7
Density @ 15°C	g/ml	0.79
Vapour Pressure @ 20°C	kPa	4..4 kPa @20degC
Explosive Limits (LEL – UEL)	%	2.0 – 12.0
Vapour Density @ 20°C	kPa	2.1
Autoignition Temperature	°C	456
Viscosity @ 20°C	cSt	2.1 cP @25degC
Percent Volatiles	%	100
Solubility with Water	% w/w	Soluble 1000 g/L @25degC

The values listed are indicative of this product's physical and chemical properties. For a full product specification, please consult the Product Data Sheet.

**10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY****Chemical Stability**

Stable at room temperature and pressure

**Conditions to avoid**

Sources of heat and ignition, open flames.

**Hazardous decomposition products**

Carbon dioxide, carbon monoxide and organic complexes on incomplete burning/oxidation

**Hazardous reactions**

Contact with metals may evolve flammable hydrogen gas.

Stored mixtures with MEK produce explosive peroxides. Increased rate of peroxide formation with Isobutanol. Peroxide production sharply decreases the Autoignition Temperature. Violent, explosive re

**Hazardous Polymerisation**

Will not occur

**11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION****Acute Effects****Ingestion**

Material is of low oral toxicity, however instances of acute intoxication have been reported.

A single lethal dose for humans is approx. 250ml, however 100ml can be fatal. Symptoms of overexposure include: flushing, pulse rate decrease, blood pressure lowering, anaesthesia, narcosis, headaches, dizziness, mental depression, hallucinations, distorted perceptions, respiratory depression, abdominal pain, cramps, nausea or vomiting. Unconsciousness or death is possible following massive exposure.

**Eye Contact**

Liquid and vapour are irritating to eyes. Direct contact with liquid can cause corneal burns.

**Skin Contact**

This product may be irritating to the skin with prolonged exposure. It may result in dryness and cracking.

**Inhalation**

This product is irritating to the respiratory tract. In high doses, this product has narcotic effects. Symptoms include nausea, headache, light headedness, drowsiness, ataxia and deep narcosis.

**Chronic Effects**

A slight tolerance to this product can be acquired. This product is easily absorbed by the skin yielding a narcotic action. Overexposure may not be immediately determined for those who have built a tolerance. Abuse of this product will be harmful. People with pre-existing liver or kidney conditions must avoid unnecessary product exposure (metabolises similarly to ethanols).

**Other Health Effects Information**

Based on available data, not considered to be carcinogenic, mutagenic or toxic to reproduction.

Carcinogenicity: IARC Group 3, ACGIH Category A4 (Not classifiable as a human carcinogen)

Mutagenicity: Mutagenicity : Not classified. In vitro- Ames test: Negative; sister chromatid exchange assay: Negative; In vivo- micronucleus test (mouse bone marrow cells): Negative

Reproductive toxicity : Not classified. NOEL Parental<500 mg/kg bw/day; NOEL F1, F2=400 mg/kg bw/day

**Toxicological Information**

LD<sub>50</sub> (oral, rat) 5,280 mg/kg bw, LD<sub>50</sub> (dermal, rabbit) 12,870 mg/kg bw

LC<sub>50</sub> (inhalation, rat) 72.6 mg/L

**12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION****Ecotoxicity****Aquatic Toxicity**

Fish Toxicity (rainbow trout, goldfish, bluegill): LC<sub>50</sub>(*Pimephales promelas*) = 9640mg/L/96 h

Daphnia Magna EC<sub>50</sub> (24 hr): EC<sub>50</sub> (*daphnia magna*) > 10,000 mg/L/48 h

Blue-green algae (Toxicity threshold 7-8 days): Not available

Green algae (Toxicity threshold 7-8 days): Not available

**Persistence/ degradability**

Readily biodegradable. BOD5 = 49 % (Biological Oxygen Demand). Log K<sub>ow</sub> = 0.05.

Bioaccumulation is not expected. BCF = 1

**Mobility**

This product is highly volatile and will rapidly evaporate to the air if released into the water

**13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS****Disposal Methods**

Empty packaging should be taken for recycling, recovery or disposal through a suitably qualified or licensed contractor. Care should be taken to ensure compliance with national and local authorities. Packaging may still contain fumes and vapours that are flammable and harmful. Ensure that empty packaging is allowed to dry.

**Special Precautions for Landfill or Incineration**

This product is NOT suitable for disposal by either landfill or via municipal sewers, drains, natural streams or rivers. This product must be disposed as chemical waste in accordance with the local authority.

**14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

Road and Rail Transport		Marine Transport		Air Transport	
UN No.	1219	UN No.	1219	UN No.	1219
Proper Shipping Name	ISOPROPANOL	Proper Shipping Name	ISOPROPANOL	Proper Shipping Name	ISOPROPANOL
DG Class	3	DG Class	3	DG Class	3
Sub. Risk	None	Sub. Risk	None	Sub. Risk	None
Pack Group	II	Pack Group	II	Pack Group	II
Hazchem	• 2YE	Hazchem	• 2YE	Hazchem	• 2YE

**Dangerous Goods Segregation**

This product is classed as Dangerous Goods Class 3, packing group II. Please consult the Australian Dangerous Goods Code for Transport by Road and Rail for information.

## 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

**Country/ Region:** Australia

**Inventory:** AICS

**Status:** Listed

**Poisons Schedule:** None

## 16. OTHER INFORMATION

**Reasons for Issue:** 5 year review and update. GHS classification corrected.

**Abbreviations:**

AICS: Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances

CAS Number: Chemical Abstracts Number

IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer

NOHSC: National Occupational Health and Safety Council

**References:**

- Supplier Safety Data Sheets
- <http://chem.sis.nlm.nih.gov/chemidplus> (October 20)
- <https://www.nicnas.gov.au/> (October 20)
- OECD eChemPortal Substance Search  
<https://www.echemportal.org/echemportal/participant/page.action?pageID=9>

The information sourced for the preparation of this document was correct and complete at the time of writing to the best of the writer's knowledge. The document represents the commitment to the company's responsibilities surrounding the supply of this product, undertaken in good faith. This document should be taken as a safety guide for the product and its recommended uses, but is in no way an absolute authority. Please consult the relevant legislation and regulations governing the use and storage of this type of product. For further information, please contact Australasian Solvents and Chemicals Company Pty. Ltd.