

**MIDSEM EXAMINATION**  
**University Physics: Electricity and Magnetism (PHY 2001)**

Programme: B. Tech  
Full Marks: 30

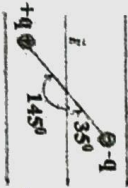
Semester: 2nd  
Time: 2 Hours

Subject/Course Learning Outcome	*Taxonomy Level	Ques. Nos.	Marks
UPEM/ a, c	L <sub>1</sub> , L <sub>2</sub> , L <sub>3</sub>	1	6
UPEM/ a, c, g	L <sub>1</sub> , L <sub>2</sub> , L <sub>3</sub>	2	6
UPEM/ a, c	L <sub>1</sub> , L <sub>2</sub> , L <sub>3</sub>	3	6
UPEM/ a, c	L <sub>1</sub> , L <sub>2</sub> , L <sub>3</sub>	4	6
UPEM/ a, c, g	L <sub>1</sub> , L <sub>2</sub> , L <sub>3</sub>	5	6

\*Bloom's taxonomy levels: Knowledge (L1), Comprehension (L2), Application (L3), Analysis (L4), Evaluation (L5), Creation (L6)

Answer all questions. Each question carries equal mark.

1.	(a)	An electric dipole is placed in a uniform electric field $E$ . Derive an expression for potential energy stored when the dipole is rotated by an angle $\theta$ .	2
	(b)	Write the condition for stable equilibrium position. Where do you get stable equilibrium in (a). What is the torque and potential energy stored at stable equilibrium position.	2
	(c)	An electric dipole is placed in a uniform electric field of magnitude $5.0 \times 10^5$ N/C that is directed parallel to the plane of the figure. The charges are $\pm 1.6 \times 10^{-19}$ C; both lie in the plane and are separated by $0.125$ nm $= 0.125 \times 10^{-9}$ m. Find the magnitude and direction of the torque and the potential energy of the system in the position shown.	2
2.	(a)	A total positive charge 'q' is placed on a solid conducting sphere with radius R. Find electric field at any point inside and outside the sphere.	2
	(b)	Calculate the electric flux associated with a flat square surface with area $\vec{A} = (3.0 \text{ m}^2)\hat{i} + (7.0 \text{ m}^2)\hat{j}$ in a uniform electric field $\vec{E} = (4.0 \text{ N/C})\hat{i} - (2.0 \text{ N/C})\hat{j}$	2



$$U = -\vec{p} \cdot \vec{E}$$

	(c)	A disk of radius 0.10 m is oriented with its normal unit vector $\hat{n}$ at $30^\circ$ to a uniform electric field $\vec{E}$ of magnitude $2.0 \times 10^3$ N/C. What is the electric flux through the disk?	2
3.	(a)	Electric charge $Q$ is distributed uniformly around a thin ring of radius 'a'. Find the potential at a point on the ring axis at a distance 'x' from the center of the ring.	2
	(b)	From 3(a) find the expression for potential (i) at the center of the ring and (ii) at a position if $x \gg a$ .	2
	(c)	If the electric potential at a certain point is zero, does the electric field at that point have to be zero? Justify your answer with suitable example.	2
4.	(a)	Derive an expression for the electric potential energy stored in a charged capacitor.	2
	(b)	Derive the expression for energy stored in a capacitor with the space between the plates being air. If a dielectric is inserted in between the plates keeping the charge on each plate constant, how will the stored energy be affected?	2
	(c)	You want to connect a $4 \mu\text{F}$ capacitor and an $8 \mu\text{F}$ capacitor. In which type of connection will the $4 \mu\text{F}$ capacitor have a greater amount of energy than that of $8 \mu\text{F}$ capacitor? Justify your answer.	2
5.	(a)	Derive the expression for current density in a conducting wire in terms of drift velocity of moving charges.	2
	(b)	A copper wire of diameter 1mm carries a current of 1.75 A to a 200-W lamp. The free electron density in the wire is $8.5 \times 10^{28}$ per cubic meter. Find (i) the current density; and (ii) the drift velocity.	2
	(c)	What are the voltmeter and ammeter readings in the above given circuits?	2

