

```
import java.util.Scanner;
```

```
public class CIRCULAR_QUEUE_DEMO  
{
```

```
    static int MAX= 3; /* MAX is maximum size of the circular Q*/
```

```
    static int front = -1; /*creates an empty circular Q*/
```

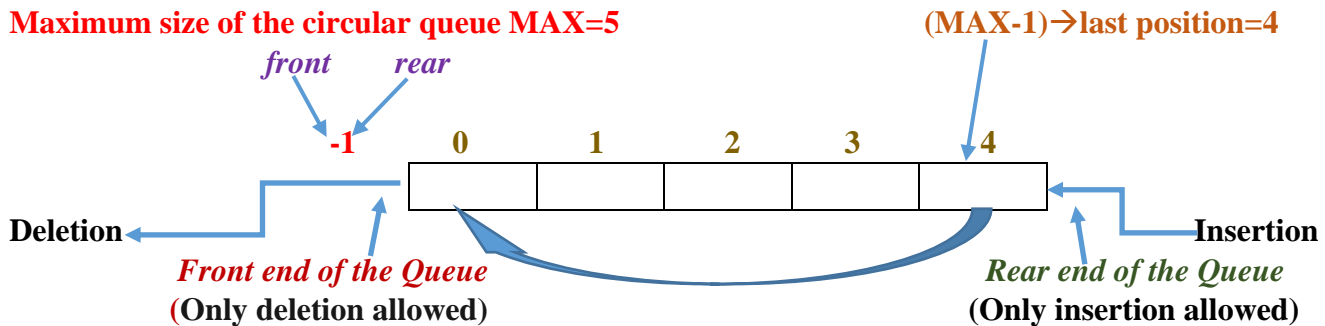
```
    static int rear = -1; /*creates an empty circular Q*/
```

```
    static char Que[]= new char[MAX]; /*Que is the array to hold Q elements*/
```

```
    /*The above Que will hold character type data items*/
```

```
    /*Fig: 1 An empty Circular Queue created after the above statements */
```

Maximum size of the circular queue MAX=5



```
public static void main(String[] args)  
{
```

```
    Scanner sc=new Scanner(System.in);
```

```
    char ch;
```

```
    int opt;
```

```
    char data;
```

```
    do
```

```
    {
```

```
        System.out.println("\n****CIRCULAR QUEUE**** ");
```

```
        System.out.println("1.En-Queue 2.De-Queue 3");
```

```
        System.out.println("3.DISPLAY/TRVERSE");
```

```
        System.out.print("\nEnter your option: ");
```

```
        opt=sc.nextInt();
```

```
        switch(opt)
```

```
        {
```

```
            case 1:
```

```
                System.out.println("\nEnter the item to insert into the Q:");
```

```
                data=sc.next().charAt(0);
```

```
                enQueue(data);
```

```
                break;
```

```
            case 2:
```

```
                deQueue();
```

```
                break;
```

```
            case 3:
```

```
                TRAVERSE_Q();
```

```

        break;
    default:
        System.out.println("invalid option");
    } /*End of switch*/
    System.out.println("\nDo you want to perform another operation(y/n)");
    ch=sc.next().charAt(0);

```

```

}while(ch=='y' || ch=='Y'); /*End of do...while loop*/

```

```

} /*End of main method*/

```

```

/*insert_Q method to insert a new item at rear end of the circular Q*/

```

```

public static void enQueue(char new_item)

```

```

{

```

```

    if (front == (rear + 1) % MAX) /*checks if the Q is full*/

```

```

    {

```

```

        System.out.println("The Queue is full");

```

```

        System.out.println("You can't insert more items");

```

```

        return;

```

```

    }

```

```

    else

```

```

    { /*this else clause will be executed if the queue is not full*/

```

```

        if (front < 0) /*checks if the queue is empty*/

```

```

        {

```

```

            front = rear = 0; /*store the new item at 0th location of Q*/

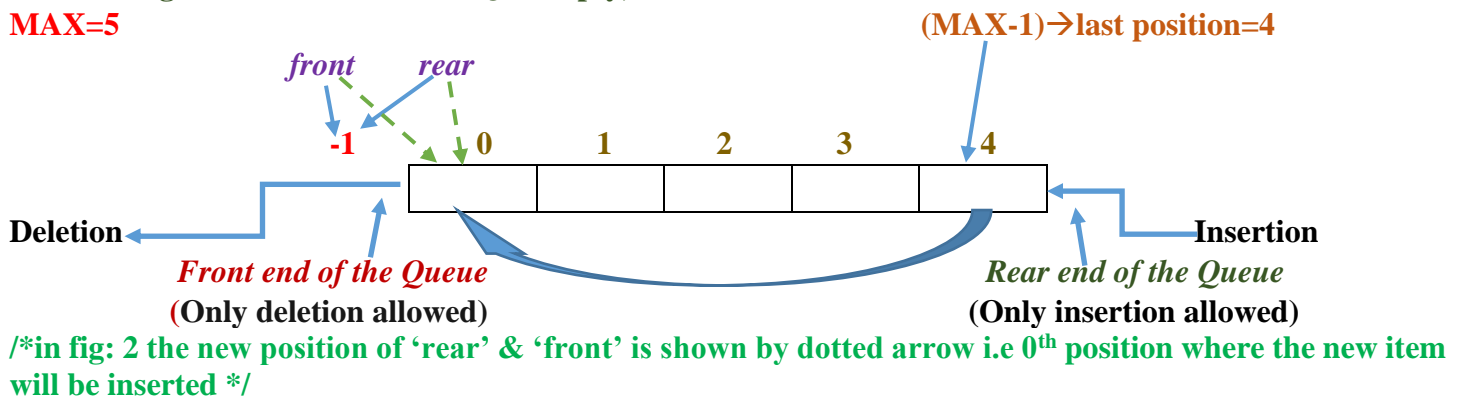
```

```

        /*Fig: 2 When the circular Q is empty, before insertion of a new item */

```

MAX=5



```

    } /*end of if clause*/

```

```

    else

```

```

    { rear = (rear + 1) % MAX ; /*move the 'rear' to next empty position*/

```

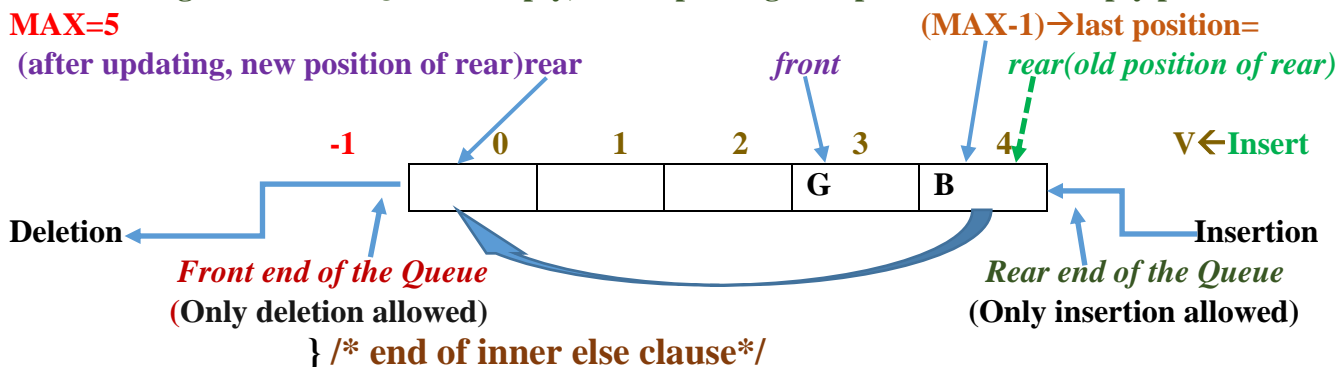
```

    /*Fig: 3 when the Q is not empty, after updating rear pointer to next empty position i.e. to 0 w*/

```

MAX=5

(after updating, new position of rear) rear



```

    } /* end of inner else clause*/

```

*Que[rear] = new_item; /*stores the new item at new position of rear*/*

*/*End of outer else clause*/*

*/*End of insert queue method*/*

/ Delete queue method that deletes the front most element from the circular Q*/*

public static void deQueue()

{

if (front < 0) /*checks whether the Q is empty?*/

{

System.out.println("The Queue is empty..you can't delete");

return;

}

else

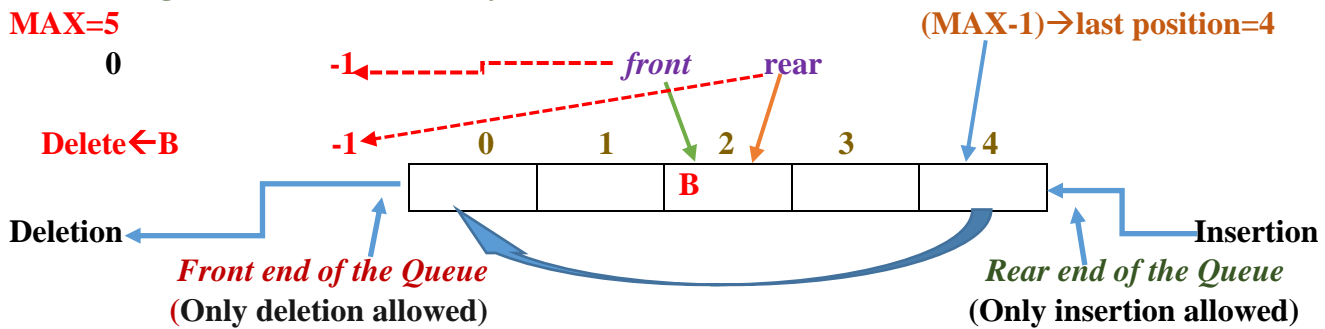
{ char t = Que[front]; /*store the front element in t that is to be deleted*/

if (front == rear) /*if the queue contains only one element? */

{

front=rear= -1 ; /*the Q will be empty after deletion of one item*/

*/*Fig: 4 When the Q has only one element that is to be deleted */*



*/*after setting the 'rear' & 'front' to -1 as show by dotted arrow*/*

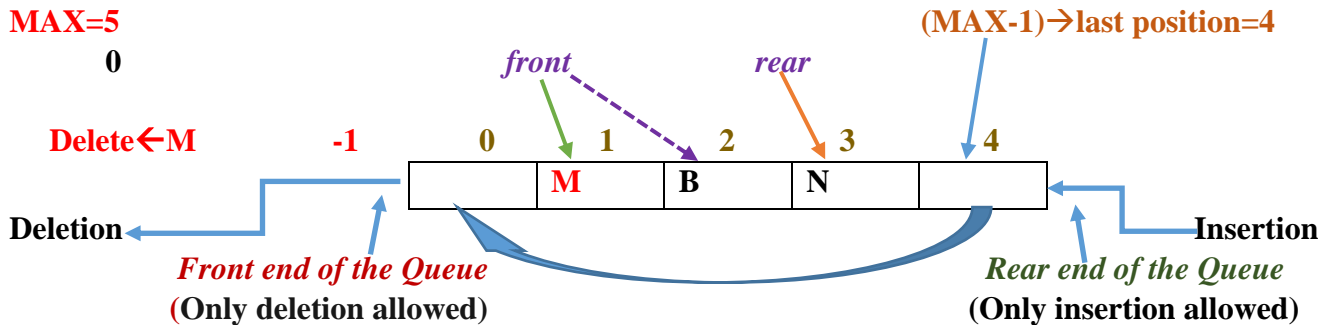
/*End of inner if clause*/

else

{

front = (front + 1) % MAX ; /* move 'front' to next front element*/

*/*Fig: 5 after updating rear pointer only to the next empty position when Q is not empty */*



*/*after deleting the front most item M, the new position of front pointer as shown by dotted arrow*/*

/* End of inner else clause */

System.out.print("\n The deleted node is : " + t);

/* End of outer else clause */

/*End of delete queue method*/

```
/* Traverse a circular Q*/
```

```
public static void TRAVERSE_Q()
```

```
{
```

```
    if ( front < 0 )
```

```
    {
```

```
        System.out.println("The Queue is empty..");
```

```
        return ;
```

```
    }
```

```
    else
```

```
    { System.out.println("The Q elements from front to rear end are");
```

```
        int t = front ; /* t starts from 'front' pointers position*/
```

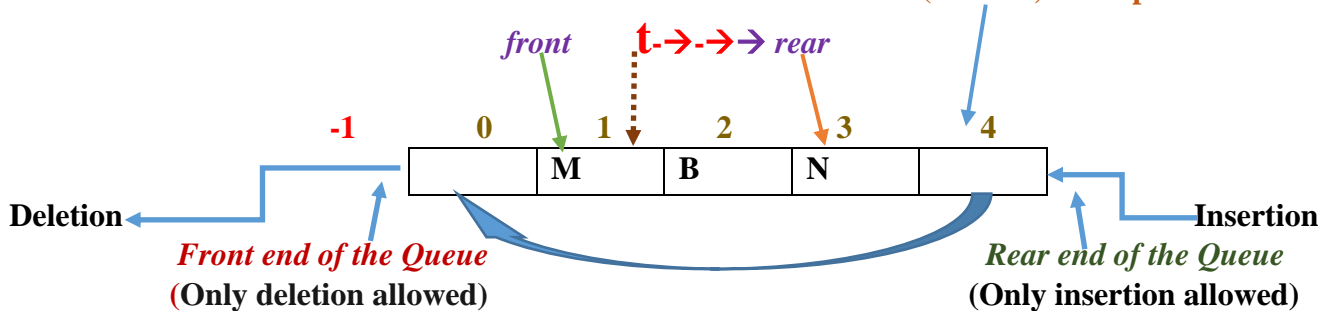
```
        if ( front <= rear ) /* if front element is behind the rear pointer*/
```

```
        {
```

```
        /*Fig: 6 A circular Q when front element is behind the rear most element*/
```

MAX=5

(MAX-1) → last position=4



```
        while( t <= rear ) /* t moves from 'front' up to the 'rear' pointers position*/
```

```
        {
```

```
            System.out.print(Que[t] + " -> ");
```

```
            t++;
```

```
        }
```

```
    }
```

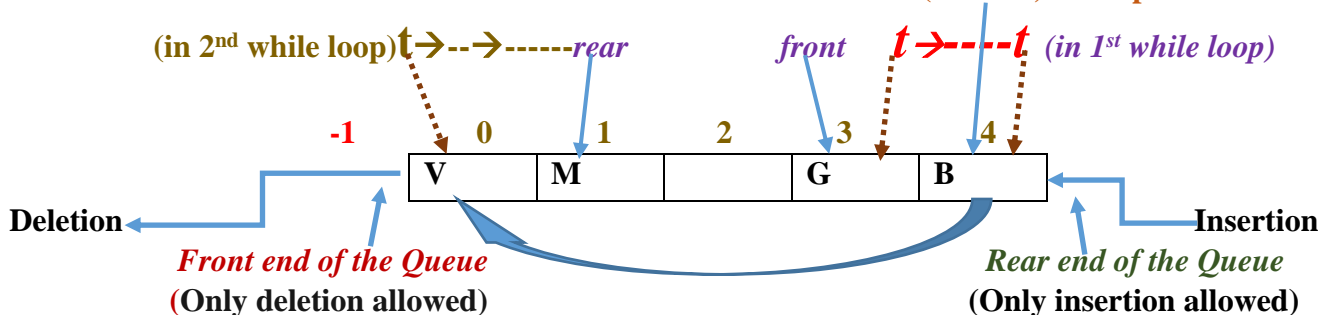
```
    else /*if the rear pointer is behind the front pointer as show in fig:7*/
```

```
    {
```

```
        /*Fig: 7 A non-empty circular Queue when rear element is behind front element */
```

MAX=5

(MAX-1) → last position=4



```
        while ( t <= MAX - 1 ) /*this while...loop moves from G to B*/
```

```
        {
```

```
            System.out.print( Que[t] + " -> " );
```

```
            t++;
```

```
        }
```

```
        t=0;
        while( t <= rear ) /*this while...loop moves again from V to M*/
        {
            System.out.print(Que[t] + " -> ");
            t++;
        }
    } /*End of inner else clause */
} /*End of outer else clause */
} /* End of traverse queue method*/

/* END OF CIRCULAR_QUEUE_DEMO CLASS*/
```