1. Set the variable test1 to the string 'This is a test of the emergency text system,' and save test1 to a file named test.txt.

Answer:

```
test1="This is a test of the emergency text system"
file = open('test1.txt','w')
file.write(test1)
file.close()
```

2. Read the contents of the file test.txt into the variable test2. Is there a difference between test 1 and test 2?

Answer: Both Variables are equal

```
"Equal" if test1==test2 else "not equal"

OUTPUT >> Equal
```

3. Create a CSV file called books.csv by using these lines:

title,author,year

The Weirdstone of Brisingamen, Alan Garner, 1960

Perdido Street Station, China Miéville, 2000

Thud!,Terry Pratchett,2005

The Spellman Files, Lisa Lutz, 2007

Small Gods, Terry Pratchett, 1992

```
import csv
header = ['title','author','year']
data = [
    ['The Weirdstone of Brisingamen','Alan Garner',1960],
['Perdido Street Station','China Miéville',2000],
['Thud!','Terry Pratchett',2005],
['The Spellman Files','Lisa Lutz',2007],
```

```
['Small Gods','Terry Pratchett',1992]

with open('books.csv','w',newline='') as f:
  writer = csv.writer(f)
  writer.writerow(header)
  writer.writerows(data)
```

4. Use the sqlite3 module to create a SQLite database called books.db, and a table called books with these fields: title (text), author (text), and year (integer).

Answer:

```
import sqlite3

try:
    conn = sql.connection('books.db')
except Error as e:
    print(e)

cursor = conn.cursor()

sql_command = ""
    CREATE TABLE IF NOT EXISTS books(
    title TEXT,
    author TEXT,
    year INTEGER,
    UNIQUE (title,author,year) ON CONFLICT IGNORE
    )""

cursor.execute(sql_command)
conn.commit()
```

5. Read books.csv and insert its data into the book table.

```
values_to_insert = open('books.csv')
write_values = csv.reader(values_to_insert)
headings = next(write_values)
cursor.executemany("INSERT INTO books(title,author,year) VALUES (?,?,?);", write_values)
```

6. Select and print the title column from the book table in alphabetical order.

Answer:

```
cursor.execute("SELECT title FROM books ORDER BY title ASC")

rows = cursor.fetchall()

for i in rows:
    print(i)

OUTPUT >>> ('Perdido Street Station',)
    ('Small Gods',)
    ('The Spellman Files',)
    ('The Weirdstone of Brisingamen',)
    ('Thud!',)
```

7. From the book table, select and print all columns in the order of publication.

Answer:

```
cursor.execute("SELECT * FROM books ORDER BY year ASC")
rows=cursor.fetchall()
for i in rows:
    print(i)

OUTPUT >>> (98, 'The Weirdstone of Brisingamen', 'Alan Garner', 1960)
(102, 'Small Gods', 'Terry Pratchett', 1992)
(99, 'Perdido Street Station', 'China Miéville', 2000)
(100, 'Thud!', 'Terry Pratchett', 2005)
(101, 'The Spellman Files', 'Lisa Lutz', 2007)
```

8. Use the sqlalchemy module to connect to the sqlite3 database books.db that you just made in exercise 6.

```
import sqlalchemy from sqlalchemy import create_engine
```

```
db_file = sqlalchemy.create_engine('sqlite:///C:/Users/Admin/iNeuron/books.db')
db_file.connect()
```

9. Install the Redis server and the Python redis library (pip install redis) on your computer. Create a Redis hash called test with the fields count (1) and name ('Fester Bestertester'). Print all the fields for test.

Answer:

```
#!pip install redis
import redis

#creating a redis connection
red_conn = redis.Redis(host='localhost', port=6379)

red_conn.hmset('test',{'count':1,'name':'Fester Bestertester'})

#Displaying the key value pair of the hash created
print(red_conn.hgetall('test'))
OUTPUT >>>{b'count': b'1', b'name': b'Fester Bestertester'}
```

10. Increment the count field of test and print it.

```
increment=1
hash='test'
key='count'

red_conn.hincrby(hash,key,increment)

print(red_conn.hgetall('test'))

OUTPUT >>> {b'count': b'2', b'name': b'Fester Bestertester'}
```