DeepFake Detection

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1 Objective

1.1 Application

The goal of this Project is to predict whether a given image is AI-generated or Real. This has a lot of applications, especially in the advancement of AI. 0.1 percent of all images on the internet are currently AI-generated images, and there is current research going on that suggests that repeated use of these AI-generated images (synthetic data) can lead to unrecoverable model collapse in Generative Models (Ex: ChatGPT). To prevent the collapse of such Generative Models, it is important to be able to classify what images are Real and what images are AI-generated. This task is getting increasingly more complex by the day since AI-generated images are getting closer and closer to Real data as AI models get more advanced.

1.2 Dataset

The dataset used in this project is a Kaggle dataset that contains 60,000 real images from the CIFAR-10 dataset and 60,000 AI-generated synthetic images generated by the Stable Diffusion version 1.4, a text-to-image generation model. The images were equivalent to the images in the CIFAR-10 dataset, making it hard to distinguish as Real or Synthetic. The authors divided the images into training and testing datasets: 100,000 images for training and 20,000 images for testing.

2 Model

The plan for the model is the following:

- 1) Create a baseline binary classification CNN model with convolution layers, Batch normalization layers, a ReLU layer, a Pooling layer, a Fully connected layer, and finally a softmax layer for binary output.
- 2) Experiment with different pre-trained models like ResNet-18, ResNet-50, and EfficientNet-B0 to achieve better results.

3 Project Steps

The following are the project steps:

- 1) Load dataset and preprocess data to fit model requirements
- 2) Build a baseline CNN model using either PyTorch or Keras (Tensorflow)
- 3) Train and validate the model

- 4) Evaluate the model on test data
- 5) Tune Hyperparameters of the model to make the model better
- 6) Experiment with pre-trained models for improved performance

4 Project Distribution

Outline of a plan for dividing the work fairly. Example reference citation [1]

References

[1] Christopher M Bishop and Nasser M Nasrabadi. *Pattern recognition and machine learning*, volume 4. Springer, 2006.