

ASSIGNMENT – 7

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Task 1: Fixing Syntax Errors

CODE:



The screenshot shows a code editor with several tabs: as1.py, ii.py, u.py, 3_3.py, ass7.py (active), customer_data, and cc. The active tab 'ass7.py' shows a Python function definition: `def add(a,b)` on line 1 and `return a+b` on line 2. A red squiggly line is under the opening parenthesis of the function definition, indicating a syntax error.

Error Identified by AI

Type of Error: SyntaxError

Reason: Python requires a colon (:) at the end of a function definition line

OUTPUT:



The screenshot shows a terminal window with the following text:
PS C:\Users\aksha\Downloads\assistent_ai> & C:\Python313\python.exe c:/Users/aksha/Downloads/assistent_ai/ass7.py
File "c:\Users\aksha\Downloads\assistent_ai\ass7.py", line 1
def add(a,b)
SyntaxError: expected ':'
PS C:\Users\aksha\Downloads\assistent_ai>

EXPLANATION:

The AI detected a syntax error because the function declaration line did not end with a colon. In Python, the colon indicates the start of an indented code block. Without it, the interpreter cannot parse the function body.

Task 2: Debugging Logic Errors in Loops

CODE:



```
ass7.py > count_down
1 def count_down(n):
2     while n >= 0:
3         print(n)
4         n += 1
```

OUTPUT:



```
PROBLEMS OUTPUT DEBUG CONSOLE TERMINAL PORTS
PS C:\Users\aksha\Downloads\assistent_ai> & C:\Python313\python.exe c:/Users/aksha/Downloads/assistent_ai/ass7.py
5
4
3
2
1
0
PS C:\Users\aksha\Downloads\assistent_ai>
```

EXPLANATION:

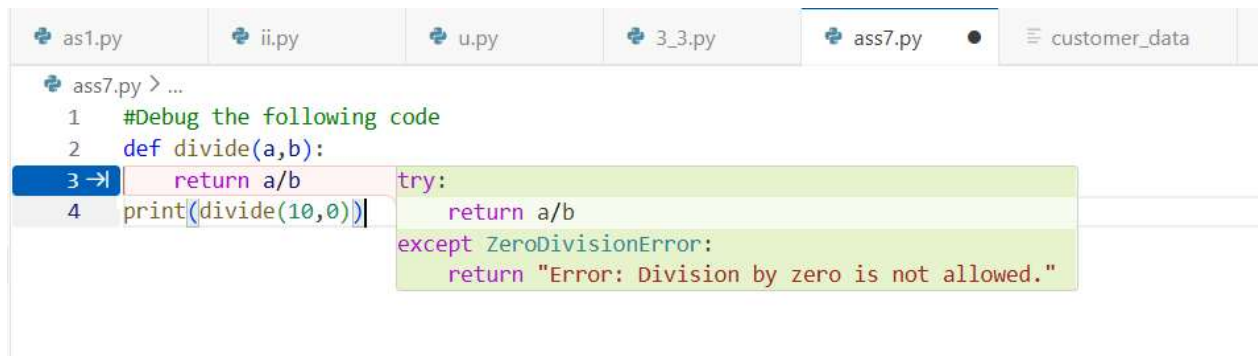
The loop condition depends on i increasing toward a stopping point. Decrementing i causes it to move away from the termination condition, resulting in an infinite loop.

Type of Error: Logical Error

Reason: The loop variable is decremented instead of incremented, so the condition $i \leq 5$ is always true.

Task 3: Handling Runtime Errors (Division by Zero)

CODE:



```
as1.py ii.py u.py 3_3.py ass7.py customer_data
ass7.py > ...
1 #Debug the following code
2 def divide(a,b):
3 → | return a/b
4 print(divide(10,0))

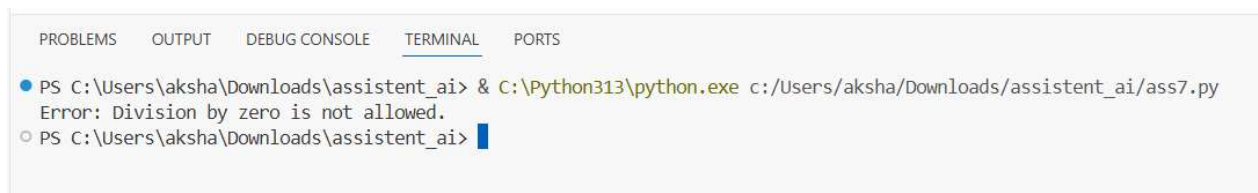
try:
    return a/b
except ZeroDivisionError:
    return "Error: Division by zero is not allowed."
```

Error Identified by AI

Type of Error: Runtime Error (ZeroDivisionError)

Reason: Division by zero is mathematically undefined

OUTPUT:



```
PROBLEMS OUTPUT DEBUG CONSOLE TERMINAL PORTS
PS C:\Users\aksha\Downloads\assistent_ai> & C:\Python313\python.exe c:/Users/aksha/Downloads/assistent_ai/ass7.py
Error: Division by zero is not allowed.
PS C:\Users\aksha\Downloads\assistent_ai> |
```

EXPLANATION:

The AI added exception handling using try-except to prevent program termination. This ensures graceful handling of invalid input instead of crashing the program.

Task 4: Debugging Class Definition Errors

CODE:

```
as1.py ii.py u.py 3_3.py ass7.py customer_da
ass7.py > rectangle > __init__
8
9
10 class rectangle:
11     def __init__(self,length,width):
12 →     length=length self.length=length
13     width=width self.width=width
14 rect=rectangle(10,5)
15 print(rect.length)
16 print(rect.width)
```

OUTPUT:

```
PROBLEMS OUTPUT DEBUG CONSOLE TERMINAL PORTS
● PS C:\Users\aksha\Downloads\assistent_ai> & C:\Python313\python.exe c:/Users/aksha/Downloads/assistent_ai/ass7.py
10
5
○ PS C:\Users\aksha\Downloads\assistent_ai> |
```

EXPLANATION:

The self parameter represents the current object instance. Without it, instance variables cannot be properly assigned or accessed.

Task 5: Resolving Index Errors in Lists

CODE:

```
18
19 numbers=[1,2,3]
20 print(numbers[5]) # This will raise an IndexError
```

```
8 #Index error handling
9 numbers=[1,2,3]
0 try:
1     print(numbers[5])
2 except IndexError:
3     print("Error: Index out of range.")
```

OUTPUT:

```
PS C:\Users\aksha\Downloads\assistent_ai> & C:\Python313\python.exe c:/Users/aksha/Downloads/assistent_ai/ass7.py
Error: Index out of range.
PS C:\Users\aksha\Downloads\assistent_ai> 
```

EXPLANATION:

The AI suggested two safe approaches: checking the index against list length or handling the exception using try-except. Both prevent program crashes.