Stage -2 Report

Syntax Directed Translation Scheme

Context-Free Grammar

Rule 0 S' -> start
Rule 1 start -> ID
Rule 2 start -> parameter
Rule 3 parameter -> engine
Rule 4 parameter -> score
Rule 5 parameter -> control
Rule 6 parameter -> speed
Rule 7 parameter -> block
Rule 8 parameter -> level
Rule 9 parameter -> grid
Rule 10 parameter -> variation
Rule 11 grid -> GRID ID ASSIGN LPAREN NUMBER COMMA NUMBER RPAREN
Rule 12 variation -> VARIATION ID ASSIGN MODE
Rule 13 level -> LEVEL ID ASSIGN APO NUMBER APO
Rule 14 block -> ID DOT COLOR LPAREN OPTIONS RPAREN
Rule 15 block -> ID DOT SHAPE LPAREN APO ORIENTATION APO RPAREN
Rule 16 block -> BLOCK ID
Rule 17 speed -> SPEED ID ASSIGN NUMBER
Rule 18 control -> CONTROL ID ASSIGN DIRECTION
Rule 19 score -> SCORE ID
Rule 20 engine -> ENGINE ID

*Rule 0 is added as part of LR automaton grammar
Starting symbol: start
Non-Terminals: start,parameter,engine,score,control,speed,block,level,grid
Terminals/Tokens:
GRID,ID,ASSIGN,LPAREN,NUMBER,ID,COMMA,RPAREN,SCORE,ENGINE,BLOCK,SPEED,
VARIATION,COLOR,SHAPE,APO,OPTIONS,DIRECTIONS,MODE,DOT

LR(1) Automaton

The python SLY library is based on LALR(1) architecture, so the parse tree generated is based on a bottom-up based recursion tree.

The description given at the end of the report specifies the LR automaton specific to our parser. Each state keeps track of the grammar rules that might be in the process of being matched at that point. Within each rule, the "." character indicates the current location of the parse within that rule. In addition, the actions for each valid input token are listed.

Parser specs

As part of the syntax-directed translation scheme, we deduce the semantic meaning of our programming constructs in a custom data structure which helps us in deciphering the meaning of our game programming code. The custom data structure functions in a way as a symbol table for us. The symbol table contains the name of the identifiers the relevant token it belongs to, the value and other related information. The translation is done at the time of construction of the parse tree itself.

Consider the following example below

```
@_('CONTROL ID ASSIGN DIRECTION')
def control(self,p):
    self.symbol_table[p.ID] = [p.DIRECTION,'CONTROL']
    return ('control',p.CONTROL,p.ID,p.ASSIGN,p.DIRECTION)
```

The following code corresponds to grammar **rule 18** of our CFG is part of our parser code (parser.py). The parser returns a parse tree construction as 'control' as the parents and the rest of the elements of the tuple as its children. The corresponding action on the identification of this rule is to store a record in our representative symbol table with the identifier name, the value it holds and the token it represents

Parser Challenges

We have included a custom error rule in our parser where we can identify in our game programming language where a syntax error and corresponding to which token occurs if any do exist.

```python
#user defined method for error detection
def error(self,p):
    if p:
        print(f"Syntax error at token: {p.type} lineno:{p.lineno}")

    else:
        print("Syntax error at EOF")
```

We did face a challenge where we were getting syntax errors when we are processing the whole of our game programming language at once instead of processing it line by line. We still have to figure out why such an error occurs.

Test cases

We have provided a custom test case file named game1.txt which is what any typical game file will look like.

```
grid a = (20,10)

variation m = MARATHON

level lvl = '1'

block b1
b1.color(GREEN)
b1.shape('O')

block b2
b2.color(RED)
b2.shape('T')

speed s = 2

control left = LEFT_ARROW
control right = RIGHT_ARROW
control counter_clockwise = UP_ARROW
control clockwise = DOWN_ARROW

score g
engine h
```

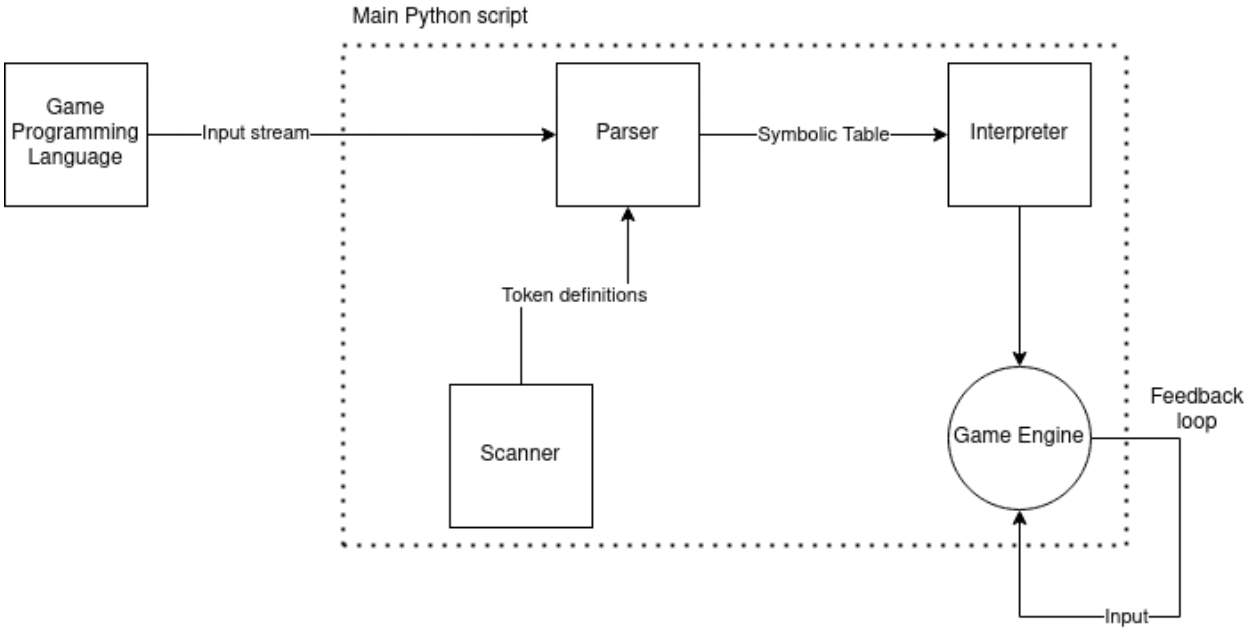
The game file specifies the grid size in a variable a, the variation of the game that will be played is mentioned in the variable m. Similarly the variable lvl stores the starting level of the game. The keyword block identifies which kind Tetris blocks will be available for use in the game engine as well as their color. We also specify the speed of the falling blocks in the variable s.We also specify the control parameters for the blocks using the variables left,right,counter and counter clockwise. The variables h keep track of the game engine states while the variable g keeps track of the score relevant to the user in state of the game engine

End-to-End Toolchain

The scanner specifies the token definition and corresponds lexemes that fit corresponding to each token. These specific token definitions are then fed to the parser to perform the syntax analysis. Syntax analysis rules are paired up with the actions to perform the syntax-directed translation at the same time. The representative table which will be formed during the semantic analysis will be passed to the interpreter who will be responsible for generating the game engine.

Workflow

Main python script imports the scripts for the scanner, parser and interpreter. The main python file accesses the text file of our game programming language and processes it line by line, passing each line to the parser. The parser while internally generating the parse trees also creates the representative symbolic table which will be given to the interpreter for creating the game engine



state 0

(0) S' -> . start
(1) start -> . ID
(2) start -> . parameter
(3) parameter -> . engine
(4) parameter -> . score
(5) parameter -> . control
(6) parameter -> . speed
(7) parameter -> . block
(8) parameter -> . level
(9) parameter -> . grid
(10) parameter -> . variation
(20) engine -> . ENGINE ID
(19) score -> . SCORE ID
(18) control -> . CONTROL ID ASSIGN DIRECTION
(17) speed -> . SPEED ID ASSIGN NUMBER
(14) block -> . ID DOT COLOR LPAREN OPTIONS RPAREN
(15) block -> . ID DOT SHAPE LPAREN APO ORIENTATION APO RPAREN
(16) block -> . BLOCK ID
(13) level -> . LEVEL ID ASSIGN APO NUMBER APO
(11) grid -> . GRID ID ASSIGN LPAREN NUMBER COMMA NUMBER RPAREN
(12) variation -> . VARIATION ID ASSIGN MODE

ID	shift and go to state 2
ENGINE	shift and go to state 12
SCORE	shift and go to state 13
CONTROL	shift and go to state 14
SPEED	shift and go to state 15
BLOCK	shift and go to state 16
LEVEL	shift and go to state 17
GRID	shift and go to state 18
VARIATION	shift and go to state 19

start	shift and go to state 1
parameter	shift and go to state 3
engine	shift and go to state 4
score	shift and go to state 5
control	shift and go to state 6

speed shift and go to state 7
block shift and go to state 8
level shift and go to state 9
grid shift and go to state 10
variation shift and go to state 11

state 1

(0) S' -> start .

state 2

(1) start -> ID .
(14) block -> ID . DOT COLOR LPAREN OPTIONS RPAREN
(15) block -> ID . DOT SHAPE LPAREN APO ORIENTATION APO RPAREN
$end reduce using rule 1 (start -> ID .)
DOT shift and go to state 20

state 3

(2) start -> parameter .
$end reduce using rule 2 (start -> parameter .)

state 4

(3) parameter -> engine .
$end reduce using rule 3 (parameter -> engine .)

state 5

(4) parameter -> score .
$end reduce using rule 4 (parameter -> score .)

state 6

(5) parameter -> control .
$end reduce using rule 5 (parameter -> control .)

state 7

(6) parameter -> speed .
$end reduce using rule 6 (parameter -> speed .)

state 8

(7) parameter -> block .
$end reduce using rule 7 (parameter -> block .)

state 9

(8) parameter -> level .
$end reduce using rule 8 (parameter -> level .)

state 10

(9) parameter -> grid .
$end reduce using rule 9 (parameter -> grid .)

state 11

(10) parameter -> variation .
$end reduce using rule 10 (parameter -> variation .)

state 12

(20) engine -> ENGINE . ID
ID shift and go to state 21

state 13

(19) score -> SCORE . ID
ID shift and go to state 22

state 14

(18) control -> CONTROL . ID ASSIGN DIRECTION

ID shift and go to state 23

state 15

(17) speed -> SPEED . ID ASSIGN NUMBER
ID shift and go to state 24

state 16

(16) block -> BLOCK . ID
ID shift and go to state 25

state 17

(13) level -> LEVEL . ID ASSIGN APO NUMBER APO
ID shift and go to state 26

state 18

(11) grid -> GRID . ID ASSIGN LPAREN NUMBER COMMA NUMBER RPAREN
ID shift and go to state 27

state 19

(12) variation -> VARIATION . ID ASSIGN MODE
ID shift and go to state 28

state 20

(14) block -> ID DOT . COLOR LPAREN OPTIONS RPAREN
(15) block -> ID DOT . SHAPE LPAREN APO ORIENTATION APO RPAREN
COLOR shift and go to state 29
SHAPE shift and go to state 30

state 21

(20) engine -> ENGINE ID .

$end reduce using rule 20 (engine -> ENGINE ID .)

state 22

(19) score -> SCORE ID .
$end reduce using rule 19 (score -> SCORE ID .)

state 23

(18) control -> CONTROL ID . ASSIGN DIRECTION
ASSIGN shift and go to state 31

state 24

(17) speed -> SPEED ID . ASSIGN NUMBER
ASSIGN shift and go to state 32

state 25

(16) block -> BLOCK ID .
$end reduce using rule 16 (block -> BLOCK ID .)

state 26

(13) level -> LEVEL ID . ASSIGN APO NUMBER APO
ASSIGN shift and go to state 33

state 27

(11) grid -> GRID ID . ASSIGN LPAREN NUMBER COMMA NUMBER RPAREN
ASSIGN shift and go to state 34

state 28

(12) variation -> VARIATION ID . ASSIGN MODE
ASSIGN shift and go to state 35

state 29

(14) block -> ID DOT COLOR . LPAREN OPTIONS RPAREN
LPAREN shift and go to state 36

state 30

(15) block -> ID DOT SHAPE . LPAREN APO ORIENTATION APO RPAREN
LPAREN shift and go to state 37

state 31

(18) control -> CONTROL ID ASSIGN . DIRECTION
DIRECTION shift and go to state 38

state 32

(17) speed -> SPEED ID ASSIGN . NUMBER
NUMBER shift and go to state 39

state 33

(13) level -> LEVEL ID ASSIGN . APO NUMBER APO
APO shift and go to state 40

state 34

(11) grid -> GRID ID ASSIGN . LPAREN NUMBER COMMA NUMBER RPAREN
LPAREN shift and go to state 41

state 35

(12) variation -> VARIATION ID ASSIGN . MODE
MODE shift and go to state 42

state 36

(14) block -> ID DOT COLOR LPAREN . OPTIONS RPAREN
OPTIONS shift and go to state 43

state 37

(15) block -> ID DOT SHAPE LPAREN . APO ORIENTATION APO RPAREN
APO shift and go to state 44

state 38

(18) control -> CONTROL ID ASSIGN DIRECTION .
$end reduce using rule 18 (control -> CONTROL ID ASSIGN DIRECTION .)

state 39

(17) speed -> SPEED ID ASSIGN NUMBER .
$end reduce using rule 17 (speed -> SPEED ID ASSIGN NUMBER .)

state 40

(13) level -> LEVEL ID ASSIGN APO . NUMBER APO
NUMBER shift and go to state 45

state 41

(11) grid -> GRID ID ASSIGN LPAREN . NUMBER COMMA NUMBER RPAREN
NUMBER shift and go to state 46

state 42

(12) variation -> VARIATION ID ASSIGN MODE .
$end reduce using rule 12 (variation -> VARIATION ID ASSIGN MODE .)

state 43

(14) block -> ID DOT COLOR LPAREN OPTIONS . RPAREN

RPAREN shift and go to state 47

state 44

(15) block -> ID DOT SHAPE LPAREN APO . ORIENTATION APO RPAREN
ORIENTATION shift and go to state 48

state 45

(13) level -> LEVEL ID ASSIGN APO NUMBER . APO
APO shift and go to state 49

state 46

(11) grid -> GRID ID ASSIGN LPAREN NUMBER . COMMA NUMBER RPAREN
COMMA shift and go to state 50

state 47

(14) block -> ID DOT COLOR LPAREN OPTIONS RPAREN .
$end reduce using rule 14 (block -> ID DOT COLOR LPAREN OPTIONS RPAREN .)

state 48

(15) block -> ID DOT SHAPE LPAREN APO ORIENTATION . APO RPAREN
APO shift and go to state 51

state 49

(13) level -> LEVEL ID ASSIGN APO NUMBER APO .
$end reduce using rule 13 (level -> LEVEL ID ASSIGN APO NUMBER APO .)

state 50

(11) grid -> GRID ID ASSIGN LPAREN NUMBER COMMA . NUMBER RPAREN
NUMBER shift and go to state 52

state 51

(15) block -> ID DOT SHAPE LPAREN APO ORIENTATION APO . RPAREN
RPAREN shift and go to state 53

state 52

(11) grid -> GRID ID ASSIGN LPAREN NUMBER COMMA NUMBER . RPAREN
RPAREN shift and go to state 54

state 53

(15) block -> ID DOT SHAPE LPAREN APO ORIENTATION APO RPAREN .
$end reduce using rule 15 (block -> ID DOT SHAPE LPAREN APO ORIENTATION APO RPAREN .)

state 54

(11) grid -> GRID ID ASSIGN LPAREN NUMBER COMMA NUMBER RPAREN .
$end reduce using rule 11 (grid -> GRID ID ASSIGN LPAREN NUMBER COMMA NUMBER RPAREN .)