Data Wrangling with dplyr

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For data wrangling, the package dplyr is employed. For downloading, type install.packages("dplyr") or equivalently type install.packages("tidyverse")

```
(data_gapminder <- gapminder::gapminder)</pre>
```

```
## # A tibble: 1,704 x 6
##
      country
                  continent
                              year lifeExp
                                                 pop gdpPercap
      <fct>
                  <fct>
##
                             <int>
                                     <dbl>
                                               <int>
                                                         <dbl>
    1 Afghanistan Asia
                                             8425333
                                                          779.
##
                              1952
                                      28.8
    2 Afghanistan Asia
                              1957
                                      30.3
                                             9240934
                                                          821.
   3 Afghanistan Asia
                                                          853.
                              1962
                                      32.0 10267083
##
   4 Afghanistan Asia
                              1967
                                      34.0 11537966
                                                          836.
##
   5 Afghanistan Asia
                              1972
                                      36.1 13079460
                                                          740.
   6 Afghanistan Asia
                              1977
                                      38.4 14880372
                                                          786.
##
   7 Afghanistan Asia
                              1982
                                      39.9 12881816
                                                          978.
##
   8 Afghanistan Asia
                                                          852.
                              1987
                                      40.8 13867957
   9 Afghanistan Asia
                              1992
                                      41.7 16317921
                                                          649.
## 10 Afghanistan Asia
                              1997
                                      41.8 22227415
                                                          635.
## # ... with 1,694 more rows
#what is the format: wide or long?
```

wanted to the format. with or tong:

#what is a tibble?

Notes

1. Data Types: R has many in-built data types. Examples:

- i. fct: "factor": categorical data which can assume finite levels, say A, B, C etc.
- ii. dbl: "double": real numbers, say 3.671, 4.00, 10.122482929 etc.
- iii. int: "integer": integers, say 3, 10, -9, 0 etc.
- iv. chr: "character": say, "FMC", "Term 4" etc.
- v. lgl: "logical": $\{0,1\} \equiv \{T, F\}$
- vi. date, and many more
- Tibbles: Tibbles are essentially data frames, but slightly altered to work better in tidyverse. (Compare head(data_frame_name) versus tibble_name.)

dplyr(): The Main Verbs

- 1. filter(): Extract rows
- 2. select(): Extract columns
- 3. arrange(): Order rows
- 4. mutate(): Create new columns (= variables)
- 5. summarise(): Compute summary statistics

The syntax for all five verbs is similar. The first argument is the data frame, followed by the action to be performed using the variable name.

Filter

Let us observe the state of the world in 1952 and the contrast and compare with that in 2007.

```
(data_1952 <- data_gapminder %>%
  dplyr::filter(year == 1952) #extract the rows for year 1952
) #note == as opposed to =
```

A tibble: 142 x 6

```
##
      <fct>
                  <fct>
                             <int>
                                     <dbl>
                                              <int>
                                                         <dbl>
    1 Afghanistan Asia
                                      28.8 8425333
                                                          779.
##
                              1952
##
    2 Albania
                  Europe
                              1952
                                      55.2
                                            1282697
                                                         1601.
    3 Algeria
                  Africa
                                      43.1
                                            9279525
                                                         2449.
##
                              1952
                                      30.0 4232095
                                                         3521.
##
    4 Angola
                  Africa
                              1952
##
    5 Argentina
                  Americas
                              1952
                                      62.5 17876956
                                                         5911.
    6 Australia
##
                  Oceania
                              1952
                                      69.1
                                            8691212
                                                        10040.
   7 Austria
##
                  Europe
                              1952
                                      66.8
                                            6927772
                                                         6137.
##
   8 Bahrain
                  Asia
                              1952
                                      50.9
                                             120447
                                                         9867.
   9 Bangladesh Asia
##
                              1952
                                      37.5 46886859
                                                          684.
## 10 Belgium
                  Europe
                              1952
                                      68
                                            8730405
                                                         8343.
## # ... with 132 more rows
(data_2007 <- data_gapminder %>%
  dplyr::filter(year == 2007) #extract the rows for year 2007
)
## # A tibble: 142 x 6
                  continent year lifeExp
##
      country
                                                 pop gdpPercap
##
      <fct>
                  <fct>
                             <int>
                                     <dbl>
                                               <int>
                                                          <dbl>
##
    1 Afghanistan Asia
                              2007
                                      43.8
                                            31889923
                                                           975.
##
    2 Albania
                  Europe
                              2007
                                      76.4
                                             3600523
                                                          5937.
##
   3 Algeria
                  Africa
                              2007
                                      72.3 33333216
                                                          6223.
##
    4 Angola
                  Africa
                              2007
                                      42.7
                                            12420476
                                                          4797.
##
   5 Argentina
                  Americas
                              2007
                                      75.3
                                            40301927
                                                         12779.
   6 Australia
                  Oceania
                              2007
                                      81.2
                                            20434176
                                                         34435.
##
##
   7 Austria
                  Europe
                              2007
                                      79.8
                                             8199783
                                                         36126.
                                      75.6
##
   8 Bahrain
                  Asia
                              2007
                                              708573
                                                         29796.
   9 Bangladesh Asia
                              2007
                                      64.1 150448339
                                                          1391.
##
## 10 Belgium
                  Europe
                              2007
                                      79.4 10392226
                                                         33693.
## # ... with 132 more rows
```

continent year lifeExp

pop gdpPercap

##

country

Select

Let us also focus on two variables—GDP/capita and life expectancy. We extract both for years 1952 and 2007.

```
(data_1952_gdppc <- data_1952 %>%
  dplyr::select(country, year, gdpPercap)
)
## # A tibble: 142 x 3
##
      country
                   year gdpPercap
##
      <fct>
                  <int>
                             <dbl>
    1 Afghanistan 1952
                              779.
##
##
   2 Albania
                   1952
                             1601.
    3 Algeria
                   1952
                             2449.
##
    4 Angola
                   1952
                             3521.
   5 Argentina
                   1952
                             5911.
##
   6 Australia
                   1952
                            10040.
   7 Austria
                   1952
                             6137.
##
   8 Bahrain
                   1952
                             9867.
   9 Bangladesh
                              684.
                   1952
## 10 Belgium
                   1952
                             8343.
## # ... with 132 more rows
(data_2007_gdppc <- data_2007 %>%
  dplyr::select(country, year, gdpPercap)
)
## # A tibble: 142 x 3
##
                   year gdpPercap
      country
##
      <fct>
                  <int>
                             <dbl>
    1 Afghanistan 2007
                              975.
##
   2 Albania
                   2007
                             5937.
```

```
3 Algeria
                   2007
                             6223.
##
##
    4 Angola
                   2007
                             4797.
    5 Argentina
                   2007
                            12779.
##
##
    6 Australia
                   2007
                            34435.
    7 Austria
                   2007
                            36126.
##
   8 Bahrain
                   2007
                            29796.
##
    9 Bangladesh
                   2007
                             1391.
## 10 Belgium
                   2007
                            33693.
## # ... with 132 more rows
(data_1952_life_exp <- data_1952 %>%
  dplyr::select(country, year, lifeExp)
## # A tibble: 142 x 3
##
      country
                   year lifeExp
      <fct>
##
                  <int>
                           <dbl>
##
    1 Afghanistan 1952
                            28.8
    2 Albania
                            55.2
##
                   1952
    3 Algeria
##
                   1952
                            43.1
    4 Angola
##
                   1952
                            30.0
    5 Argentina
##
                   1952
                            62.5
    6 Australia
                            69.1
##
                   1952
   7 Austria
##
                   1952
                            66.8
##
    8 Bahrain
                   1952
                            50.9
    9 Bangladesh
                   1952
                            37.5
## 10 Belgium
                   1952
                            68
## # ... with 132 more rows
(data_2007_life_exp <- data_2007 %>%
  dplyr::select(country, year, lifeExp)
```

```
## # A tibble: 142 x 3
##
      country
                    year lifeExp
      <fct>
                   <int>
##
                           <dbl>
    1 Afghanistan 2007
                            43.8
##
    2 Albania
                    2007
                            76.4
##
    3 Algeria
                    2007
                            72.3
##
    4 Angola
                            42.7
##
                    2007
    5 Argentina
                            75.3
##
                    2007
    6 Australia
                            81.2
                    2007
    7 Austria
                            79.8
##
                    2007
    8 Bahrain
                            75.6
##
                    2007
    9 Bangladesh
                            64.1
                    2007
## 10 Belgium
                    2007
                            79.4
## # ... with 132 more rows
# = dplyr::select(-c(continent, pop, gdpPercap))
```

dplyr::rename() is a wrapper function for select() which renames the variable in consideration and keeps all other variables intact.

Arrange

Usage of arrange() orders (from first to last) entries on the basis of a variable.

Question: Is the set of richest countries the same in 1952 and 2007?

```
(data_1952_rich <- data_1952_gdppc %>%
  dplyr::arrange(desc(gdpPercap)) #note the use of desc()
)
```

```
## # A tibble: 142 x 3
##
      country
                      year gdpPercap
      <fct>
                     <int>
                                <dbl>
##
##
   1 Kuwait
                      1952
                             108382.
   2 Switzerland
                      1952
                              14734.
##
   3 United States
                      1952
                              13990.
##
   4 Canada
                      1952
##
                              11367.
   5 New Zealand
                      1952
                              10557.
##
   6 Norway
                      1952
##
                              10095.
   7 Australia
                      1952
##
                              10040.
   8 United Kingdom 1952
                               9980.
##
   9 Bahrain
                      1952
                               9867.
## 10 Denmark
                      1952
                               9692.
## # ... with 132 more rows
(data_2007_rich <- data_2007_gdppc %>%
 dplyr::arrange(desc(gdpPercap)) #note the use of desc()
## # A tibble: 142 x 3
##
     country
                        year gdpPercap
##
      <fct>
                       <int>
                                  <dbl>
    1 Norway
                        2007
                                49357.
##
   2 Kuwait
                        2007
                                47307.
##
##
   3 Singapore
                        2007
                                47143.
   4 United States
##
                        2007
                                42952.
##
   5 Ireland
                        2007
                                40676.
##
   6 Hong Kong, China 2007
                                39725.
   7 Switzerland
                                37506.
                        2007
   8 Netherlands
##
                        2007
                                36798.
   9 Canada
                        2007
                                36319.
## 10 Iceland
                        2007
                                36181.
```

```
## # ... with 132 more rows
```

Which countries display the highest life expectancy pre-2000?

```
(data_life_pre00 <- data_gapminder %>%
 dplyr::select(country, year, lifeExp) %>%
 dplyr::filter(year <= 2000) %>%
 dplyr::arrange(desc(lifeExp))
## # A tibble: 1,420 x 3
##
     country year lifeExp
     <fct>
                      <int>
                              <dbl>
##
                               80.7
   1 Japan
                       1997
##
##
   2 Hong Kong, China 1997
                               80
   3 Sweden
                       1997
                               79.4
   4 Switzerland
                               79.4
##
                       1997
##
   5 Japan
                       1992
                               79.4
## 6 Iceland
                               79.0
                       1997
  7 Australia
                       1997
                               78.8
## 8 Italy
                       1997
                               78.8
## 9 Iceland
                               78.8
                       1992
## 10 Spain
                       1997
                               78.8
## # ... with 1,410 more rows
```

Post-2000?

```
(data_life_post00 <- data_gapminder %>%
  dplyr::select(country, year, lifeExp) %>%
  dplyr::filter(year > 2000) %>%
```

```
dplyr::arrange(desc(lifeExp))
)
## # A tibble: 284 x 3
##
      country
                         year lifeExp
##
      <fct>
                        <int>
                                 <dbl>
                                  82.6
##
    1 Japan
                         2007
    2 Hong Kong, China
                                  82.2
##
                         2007
    3 Japan
##
                         2002
                                  82
    4 Iceland
##
                         2007
                                  81.8
##
   5 Switzerland
                         2007
                                  81.7
                                  81.5
##
    6 Hong Kong, China
                         2002
    7 Australia
                                  81.2
                         2007
##
    8 Spain
                         2007
                                  80.9
##
    9 Sweden
                         2007
                                  80.9
## 10 Israel
                                  80.7
                         2007
## # ... with 274 more rows
```

Mutate

Let's define a new variable called "total GDP" which is the product of the GDP/capita and the total population. To compute it and include it in the list of variables we can use the verb dplyr::mutate().

```
(data_GDP_tot <- data_gapminder %>%
   dplyr::mutate(GDP_total = pop*gdpPercap/10^9) #in USD billions
)
## # A tibble: 1,704 x 7
                                                pop gdpPercap GDP_total
##
      country
                  continent
                              year lifeExp
##
      <fct>
                  <fct>
                             <int>
                                     <dbl>
                                              <int>
                                                         <dbl>
                                                                   <dbl>
##
    1 Afghanistan Asia
                              1952
                                      28.8
                                            8425333
                                                          779.
                                                                    6.57
```

```
1957
                                                           821.
                                                                     7.59
    2 Afghanistan Asia
                                      30.3 9240934
##
    3 Afghanistan Asia
                                      32.0 10267083
                                                           853.
                                                                     8.76
##
                              1962
    4 Afghanistan Asia
                                      34.0 11537966
##
                              1967
                                                           836.
                                                                     9.65
    5 Afghanistan Asia
                              1972
                                      36.1 13079460
                                                           740.
                                                                     9.68
##
    6 Afghanistan Asia
                                      38.4 14880372
                                                                    11.7
##
                              1977
                                                           786.
   7 Afghanistan Asia
                                      39.9 12881816
##
                              1982
                                                           978.
                                                                    12.6
##
    8 Afghanistan Asia
                              1987
                                      40.8 13867957
                                                           852.
                                                                    11.8
    9 Afghanistan Asia
                              1992
                                      41.7 16317921
                                                           649.
                                                                    10.6
## 10 Afghanistan Asia
                              1997
                                      41.8 22227415
                                                           635.
                                                                    14.1
## # ... with 1,694 more rows
```

In general, for mutate() to work well, the function must take a vector of values as input and return a vector with the same number of values as output. A short list of functions that can be used with mutate() are:

- 1. Arithmetic operators: +, -, *, /, ^
- 2. Logs: log(), log2(), log10()
- Cumulative aggregates: cumsum(), cumprod(), cummin(), cummax(), cummean() etc.

and many more.

Question: Which countries have the highest total GDP in 1952 and 2007?

```
(data_GDP_tot %>%
   dplyr::filter(year == 1952) %>%
   dplyr::arrange(desc(GDP_total))
)
## # A tibble: 142 x 7
##
                     continent year lifeExp
                                                     pop gdpPercap GDP_total
      country
##
      <fct>
                     <fct>
                                <int>
                                        <dbl>
                                                   <int>
                                                             <dbl>
                                                                        <dbl>
```

```
1 United States Americas
                                          68.4 157553000
                                                                         2204.
##
                                  1952
                                                             13990.
    2 United Kingdom Europe
                                          69.2 50430000
                                                              9980.
                                                                          503.
##
                                  1952
    3 Germany
                                                                          494.
##
                      Europe
                                  1952
                                          67.5
                                                 69145952
                                                              7144.
##
    4 France
                      Europe
                                  1952
                                          67.4
                                                42459667
                                                              7030.
                                                                          298.
                                          63.0
    5 Japan
                                                86459025
                                                              3217.
                                                                          278.
##
                      Asia
                                  1952
    6 Italy
                                          65.9 47666000
                                                                          235.
##
                      Europe
                                  1952
                                                              4931.
                                                                          223.
##
    7 China
                      Asia
                                  1952
                                          44
                                                556263527
                                                               400.
    8 India
                                                               547.
                                                                          203.
##
                      Asia
                                  1952
                                          37.4 372000000
    9 Canada
##
                      Americas
                                  1952
                                          68.8
                                                14785584
                                                             11367.
                                                                          168.
## 10 Brazil
                      Americas
                                  1952
                                          50.9
                                                56602560
                                                              2109.
                                                                          119.
## # ... with 132 more rows
(data GDP tot %>%
   dplyr::filter(year == 2007) %>%
   dplyr::arrange(desc(GDP_total))
)
## # A tibble: 142 x 7
                                 year lifeExp
##
      country
                      continent
                                                       pop gdpPercap GDP_total
##
      <fct>
                      <fct>
                                 <int>
                                         <dbl>
                                                     <int>
                                                               <dbl>
                                                                          <dbl>
##
    1 United States
                      Americas
                                  2007
                                          78.2 301139947
                                                              42952.
                                                                         12934.
    2 China
                      Asia
                                  2007
                                          73.0 1318683096
                                                               4959.
                                                                          6540.
##
    3 Japan
                      Asia
                                  2007
                                          82.6
                                                127467972
                                                              31656.
                                                                          4035.
##
    4 India
                      Asia
                                  2007
                                          64.7 1110396331
                                                               2452.
                                                                          2723.
##
    5 Germany
                      Europe
                                  2007
                                          79.4
                                                 82400996
                                                              32170.
                                                                          2651.
    6 United Kingdom Europe
##
                                  2007
                                          79.4
                                                  60776238
                                                              33203.
                                                                          2018.
##
    7 France
                                  2007
                                          80.7
                                                 61083916
                                                              30470.
                                                                          1861.
                      Europe
##
    8 Brazil
                      Americas
                                  2007
                                          72.4
                                                 190010647
                                                               9066.
                                                                          1723.
##
    9 Italy
                      Europe
                                  2007
                                          80.5
                                                  58147733
                                                              28570.
                                                                          1661.
## 10 Mexico
                                  2007
                                          76.2 108700891
                                                              11978.
                                                                          1302.
                      Americas
```

... with 132 more rows

Question: Which are the five smallest economies in 2007 (by total GDP)?

```
(data_GDP_tot %>%
   dplyr::filter(year == 2007) %>%
   dplyr::arrange(GDP_total) %>%
   dplyr::filter(rank(GDP_total) <= 5)</pre>
)
## # A tibble: 5 x 7
##
     country
                            continent year lifeExp
                                                        pop gdpPercap GDP_total
                                               <dbl> <int>
##
     <fct>
                            <fct>
                                      <int>
                                                                 <dbl>
                                                                           <dbl>
## 1 Sao Tome and Principe Africa
                                       2007
                                                65.5 2.00e5
                                                                 1598.
                                                                           0.319
## 2 Comoros
                            Africa
                                       2007
                                                65.2 7.11e5
                                                                  986.
                                                                           0.701
                                                46.4 1.47e6
## 3 Guinea-Bissau
                            Africa
                                       2007
                                                                 579.
                                                                           0.853
## 4 Djibouti
                                       2007
                                                54.8 4.96e5
                                                                 2082.
                                                                           1.03
                            Africa
## 5 Gambia
                                                59.4 1.69e6
                                                                  753.
                                                                           1.27
                            Africa
                                       2007
```

Summarise

The function summarise() (or equivalently summarize()) can be used to compute summary statistics. Here is an example, where we summarize the variable life expectancy for the continent Europe.

```
)

## # A tibble: 1 x 5

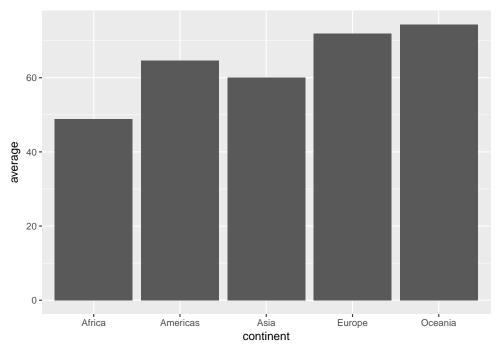
## average med std variance iqr

## <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> 
## 1 71.9 72.2 5.43 29.5 5.88
```

Grouped Summaries

Question: What are continent-wise summary statistics?

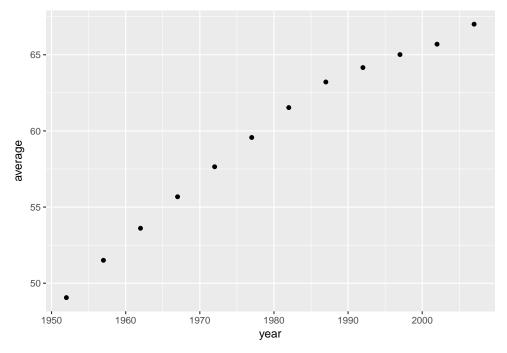
```
## # A tibble: 5 x 6
##
     continent average
                        med
                              std variance
                                             iqr
     <fct>
                <dbl> <dbl> <dbl>
##
                                     <dbl> <dbl>
## 1 Africa
                 48.9 47.8 9.15
                                      83.7 12.0
## 2 Americas
                 64.7 67.0 9.35
                                      87.3 13.3
## 3 Asia
                 60.1 61.8 11.9
                                     141. 18.1
## 4 Europe
                 71.9 72.2 5.43
                                      29.5 5.88
## 5 Oceania
                 74.3 73.7 3.80
                                      14.4 6.35
```



```
## # A tibble: 12 x 6
## year average med std variance iqr
## <int> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> </dbl>
```

```
1952
                      45.1 12.2
                                              20.7
##
    1
                49.1
                                        149.
       1957
                51.5
                       48.4
                             12.2
##
    2
                                        150.
                                              21.8
                                              21.8
       1962
                53.6
                       50.9
                             12.1
                                        146.
##
       1967
                55.7
                       53.8
                             11.7
##
                                        137.
                                              21.4
       1972
                57.6
                       56.5
                                              20.7
##
    5
                             11.4
                                        130.
       1977
                59.6
                       59.7
                             11.2
                                        126.
                                              19.9
##
       1982
                61.5
                       62.4
    7
                             10.8
                                        116.
                                              18.0
##
                63.2
                       65.8
##
    8
       1987
                             10.6
                                        111.
                                              16.9
    9
       1992
                64.2
                       67.7
                             11.2
                                        126.
                                              16.5
##
                65.0
                       69.4
## 10
       1997
                             11.6
                                        134.
                                              18.5
## 11
       2002
                65.7
                       70.8
                             12.3
                                        151.
                                              19.9
## 12
       2007
                67.0 71.9
                             12.1
                                        146.
                                              19.3
```

```
ggplot(data = summ_year_life_exp,
    aes(x = year, y = average)) +
    geom_point()
```



One can also perform grouped mutates and grouped filters.