

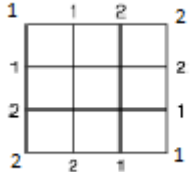
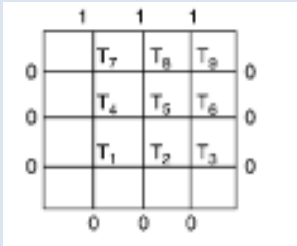
Question Bank-Unit 4 (MATH2300)

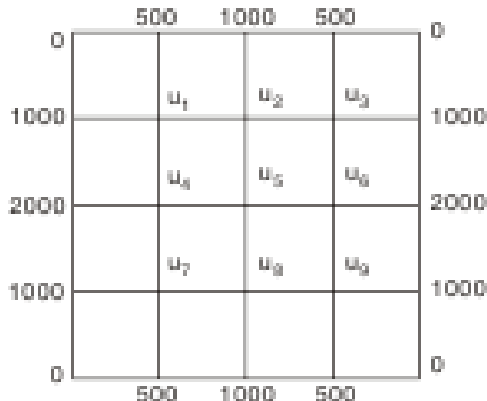
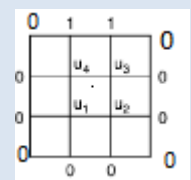
(Numerical solution of ODE and PDE)

| S. No. | Questions | CO | Bloom's Taxonomy Level | Difficulty Level | Area | Topic |
|--------|---|-----|------------------------|------------------|---------------------------|---|
| 1 | State Taylor series method in solving IVP. | CO4 | K1 | L | Numerical Solution of ODE | Taylor's series Method |
| 2 | State a basic difference between Euler and Modified Euler methods. | CO4 | K1 | L | Numerical Solution of ODE | Euler's Method |
| 3 | Write down the Runge Kutta fourth order formula. | CO4 | K1 | L | Numerical Solution of ODE | R-K Method |
| 4 | | | | | | |
| 5 | Define initial value problems (IVP) and boundary value problems (BVP). | CO4 | K1 | L | Numerical Solution of ODE | Basics of ODE |
| 6 | | | | | | |
| 7 | Write down Euler's formula for solving ODE. | CO4 | K2 | M | Numerical Solution of ODE | Euler's Method |
| 8 | | | | | | |
| 9 | What are limitations of Taylor's series method. | CO4 | K2 | L | Numerical Solution of ODE | Taylor's series Method |
| 10 | Write down finite difference scheme for the differential equation- $y''+2y=0$. | CO4 | K1 | L | Numerical Solution of ODE | |
| 11 | Classify the following PDE- $u_{xx} + 4u_{xy} + 4u_{yy} - u_x + 2u_y = 0$ | CO6 | K2 | M | Numerical Solution of PDE | Classification of PDE |
| 12 | Classify the given partial differential equation- $x^2u_{xx} + (1 - y^2)u_{yy} = 0$, $-1 \leq y \leq 1$ | CO6 | K2 | M | Numerical Solution of PDE | Classification of PDE |
| 13 | Classify the given partial Differential equation- $(1 + x^2)u_{xx} + (5 + 2x^2)u_{xy} + (4 + x^2)u_{yy} = 0$ | CO6 | K1 | L | Numerical Solution of PDE | Classification of PDE |
| 14 | Explain diagonal five-point formula by Liebman's method. | CO6 | K2 | M | Numerical Solution of PDE | Elliptic Equations- Solution of Laplace Equation |

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|----|--|-----|----|---|---------------------------|---|
| 15 | Explain standard five point formula by Liebman's method. | CO6 | K1 | L | Numerical Solution of PDE | Elliptic Equations- Solution of Laplace Equation |
| 16 | Write down explicit formula in solving parabolic equations. | CO6 | K2 | M | Numerical Solution of PDE | Parabolic Equations- Bender Schmidt |
| 17 | Write down Von- Neumann's stability condition. | CO6 | K1 | M | Numerical Solution of PDE | Parabolic Equations- Bender Schmidt |
| 18 | Write down implicit formula in solving parabolic equations. | CO6 | K2 | M | Numerical Solution of PDE | Parabolic Equations- Crank- Nicolson |
| 19 | Write down the expression for one dimensional wave equation. | CO6 | K2 | L | Numerical Solution of PDE | Hyperbolic Equations |
| 20 | Write down the expression for Laplace equation. | CO6 | K2 | M | Numerical Solution of PDE | Laplace Equations |
| 21 | Using Taylor's series method, find the value of y at x=0.1 and 0.2, where $\frac{dy}{dx} = x + y$, $y(0) = 1$ | CO4 | K2 | M | Numerical Solution of ODE | Taylor's Series |
| 22 | Using Euler's method, find an approximate value of y corresponding to x=2, given that $\frac{dy}{dx} = x + 2y$ and $y(1) = 1$. | CO4 | K2 | M | Numerical Solution of ODE | Euler's Method |
| 23 | Using Runge's method to find the value of y at x= 0.2, where $\frac{dy}{dx} = x^2 y - 1$, $y(0) = 1$ | CO4 | K4 | M | Numerical Solution of ODE | Runge Kutta Method |
| 24 | Using Ranga kutta's fourt order method, find the value of y at x= 0.2, where $\frac{dy}{dx} = x + y$, $y(0) = 1$ | CO4 | K2 | M | Numerical Solution of ODE | Runge Kutta Method |
| 25 | Using Ranga kutta's fourt order method, find the value of y at x=0.4 and 0.2, where $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{y^2 - x^2}{y^2 + x^2}$, $y(0) = 1$ | CO4 | K4 | L | Numerical Solution of ODE | Runge Kutta Method |
| 26 | Using Taylor's series method, find the value of y at x=0.1 and 0.2, where $\frac{dy}{dx} = x^2 y - 1$, $y(0) = 1$ | CO4 | K2 | M | Numerical Solution of ODE | Taylor's Series |
| 27 | Using Euler's method, find an approximate value of y corresponding to x=1.6, given that $\frac{dy}{dx} = y^2 - \frac{y}{x}$ and $y(1) = 1$. | CO4 | K3 | H | Numerical Solution of ODE | Euler's method |

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| 28 | Solve the equation $\frac{\partial u}{\partial t} = \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2}$ subject to the conditions $u(x, 0) = \sin \pi x$, $0 < x < 1$; $u(0, t) = u(1, t) = 0$, $t \geq 0$. Find u for $x=0.6$ at $t=0.04$. | CO6 | K3 | M | Numerical Solution of PDE | Bender Schmidt |
| 29 | Solve the equation $2 \frac{\partial u}{\partial t} = \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2}$ subject to the conditions $u(x, 0) = x(4 - x)$, $0 < x < 5$, $u(0, t) = u(4, t) = 0$, $t \geq 0$ taking $h=1$ Find the values of u upto $t=5$. | CO6 | K4 | M | Numerical Solution of PDE | Bender Schmidt |
| 30 | Solve the equation $\frac{\partial u}{\partial t} = \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2}$, subject to the conditions $u(x,0)=0$, $u(0,t)=0$ and $u(1,t)=t$, for two time steps. | CO6 | K3 | M | Numerical Solution of PDE | Crank Nicolson Method |
| 31 | Solve BVP defined by $u_{tt}=4u_{xx}$ subject to the conditions- $u(0,t)=0=u(4,t)$, $u_t(x,0)=0$, $u(x,0)=4x-x^2$. | CO6 | K4 | H | Numerical Solution of PDE | Wave Equation |
| 32 | Write method of solving Laplace equation by Liebman's method. [only for 3x3 table] | CO6 | K2 | M | Numerical Solution of PDE | Laplace Equation |
| 33 | Define Runge Kutta 4 th order formula for solving ordinary differential equations. | CO6 | K1 | M | Numerical Solution of ODE | R-K Method |
| 34 | Using Euler's modified method, find the value of y at $x=0.3$ where $\frac{dy}{dx} = x + y$, $y(0) = 1$ | CO6 | K3 | M | Numerical Solution of ODE | Euler's Modified method |
| 35 | Given that $\frac{dy}{dx} = x(x^2 + y^2)e^{-x}$, $y(0) = 1$, find y at $x=0.1, 0.2, 0.3$ by Taylor's series method and compute $y(0.4)$ by Milne's method. | CO4 | K3 | M | Numerical Solution of ODE | Taylor's Series/ Milne's Method |
| 36 | Using Runge's method, find the value of y at $x=0.2$ where $\frac{dy}{dx} = x + y$, $y(0) = 1$ | CO4 | K4 | H | Numerical Solution of ODE | Runge Kutta Method |
| 37 | Apply Euler's modified method to solve $\frac{dy}{dx} = x + 3y$ subject to $y(0) = 1$ and, hence find an approximate value of y when $x=1$. Take $h=0.2$ | CO4 | K3 | H | Numerical Solution of ODE | Euler's modified method |
| 38 | Using Euler's modified method, find the value of y at $x=0.2$ where $\frac{dy}{dx} = y + e^x$, $y(0) = 0$ | CO4 | K4 | H | Numerical Solution of ODE | Milne's method |
| 39 | Using Euler's modified method, find the value of y at $x=1.2$ where $\frac{dy}{dx} = \log(x + y)$, $y(0) = 2$, $take h = 0.2$ | CO4 | K4 | L | Numerical Solution of ODE | Euler's modified method |
| 40 | Using Taylor's series method, find the value of y at $x=0.1, 0.2$ and 0.3 , where $\frac{dy}{dx} = (x^3 + xy^2) / e^x$, $y(0) = 1$ | CO4 | K4 | M | Numerical Solution of ODE | Taylor's Series |
| 41 | | CO4 | K3 | M | Numerical Solution of ODE | Finite difference Method |
| 42 | Using Euler's method, find the value of y at $x=1$ where | CO4 | K4 | H | Numerical | Eulers Method |

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| | $\frac{dy}{dx} = x + y$, $y(0) = 1$ | | | | Solution of ODE | |
| 43 | <p>Solve $\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2} + \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial y^2} = 0$ within the square given below. Perform three iterations.</p>  | CO6 | K4 | H | Numerical Solution of PDE | Laplace equation |
| 44 | <p>Solve $\frac{\partial^2 T}{\partial x^2} + \frac{\partial^2 T}{\partial y^2} = 0$ in the domain of the figure given below by Liebman's method,</p>  | CO6 | K4 | H | Numerical Solution of PDE | Laplace equation |
| 45 | <p>Solve the equation $\frac{\partial u}{\partial t} = \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2}$ subject to the conditions $u(x, 0) = x^2(25 - x^2)$, $0 < x < 5$, $u(0, t) = u(5, t) = 0$, $t \geq 0$ taking $h=1$, $k=1/2$.</p> | CO6 | K3 | M | Numerical Solution of PDE | Bender Schmidt Method |
| 46 | <p>Solve the equation $16 \frac{\partial u}{\partial t} = \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2}$ subject to the conditions $0 < x < 1$, $t > 0$; $u(x, 0)=0$, $u(0, t) = 0$, $u(1, t)=100t$. Compute u for one step in t direction taking $h=1/4$.</p> | CO6 | K3 | M | Numerical Solution of PDE | Crank Nicolson's Method |
| 47 | <p>Solve $\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2} + \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial y^2} = 0$ by Liebman's iteration process for the domain of the figure, given below:</p> | CO6 | K3 | L | Numerical Solution of PDE | Laplace equation |

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|-----|--|-----|----|---|---------------------------|-------------------------|
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| 48 | <p>Evaluate the pivotal values of the equation $\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial t^2} = 16 \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2}$, taking $h=1$ up to $t=1.25$. The boundary conditions are $u(0, t) = u(5, t) = 0$, $u_t(x, 0) = 0$ and $u(x, 0) = x^2(5 - x)$.</p> | CO6 | K3 | H | Numerical Solution of PDE | Hyperbolic |
| 49 | <p>Solve the equation $\frac{\partial u}{\partial t} = \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2}$ subject to the conditions $u(x, 0) = \sin \pi x$, $0 < x < 1$, ; $u(0, t) = u(1, t) = 0$, $t \geq 0$. Find u for $x=0.6$ at $t=.04$.</p> | CO6 | K3 | M | Numerical Solution of PDE | Crank Nicolson's Method |
| 50 | <p>Solve $\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2} + \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial y^2} = 0$ within the square given below. Perform three iterations.</p>  | CO6 | K3 | M | Numerical Solution of PDE | Laplace equation |
| 51. | <p>Write the standard five point formula to solve the Laplace equation $u_{xx} + u_{yy} = 0$</p> | CO6 | K1 | L | | |
| | <p>For what value of c the wave equation $u_{tt} = c^2 u_{xx}$ has the accurate and stable solution</p> | CO6 | K2 | M | | |