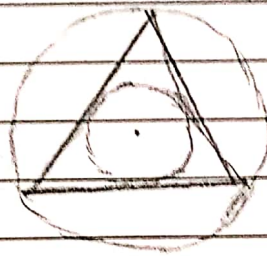


## Assignment No. 2 A(2)

DATE:

### Problem Statement:

Write a C++ program to draw inscribed and circumscribed circle in the triangle as shown in example use Bresenham's algorithm circle drawing for outer circle and DDA algorithm for inner circle and use any algorithm to draw a triangle.



### Learning outcome:

- Ability to understand different circle drawing algorithm.
- Able to understand different equation of line and circle.

### Learning objective:

To draw the above fig. using DDA circle and Bresenham's circle drawing algorithm.

### Software and hardware requirements:

- Fedora 20 or to windows 10 based 64 bit system.
- AtCreator

### Concept related theory:

Bresenham's circle drawing algorithm:

1. Read center  $(m, y_1)$  & radius  $r$
2.  $x_1 = 0$ ,  $y_1 = r$ ,  $p = 3 - 2r$
3. while  $(m, \leq y_1)$



Draw C2;

if  $(p < 0)$

$p = p + 4x_1 + 6$

else

$p = p + 4(x_1 - y_1) + 10$

$y_1 = y_1 - 1$

$x_1 = x_1 + 1$

4. END

Draw C

setpixel  $(x_c + x_1, y_c + y_1, color)$

setpixel  $(x_c + x_1, y_c - y_1, color)$

setpixel  $(x_c - x_1, y_c - y_1, color)$

setpixel  $(x_c - x_1, y_c + y_1, color)$

setpixel  $(x_c + y_1, y_c + x_1, color)$

setpixel  $(x_c - y_1, y_c + x_1, color)$

setpixel  $(x_c + y_1, y_c - x_1, color)$

setpixel  $(x_c - y_1, y_c - x_1, color)$

setpixel

\* Advantages:-

- The algorithm is based on equation of circle.
- Easy to implement.

\* Disadvantages:-

- Accuracy is an issue.

DDA circle drawing algorithm:

1. Read center  $(x_c, y_c)$  & radius.

$$2. x_1 = x, y_1 = 0$$

$$3. s_x = x, s_y = y$$

$$4. e = 1.0 / r$$

5. do

$$x_2 = x_1 + e * y_1$$

$$y_2 = y_1 - e * x_2$$

$$\text{setpixel}(x_1 + x_2 + y_1 - y_2, \text{color})$$

$$x_1 = x_2$$

$$y_1 = y_2$$

$$\text{while } ((y_1 - s_y) < e \parallel (s_x - x_1) < e)$$

6. END

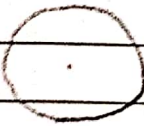
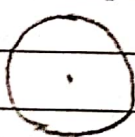


Advantages:

- It is simple algorithm
- It does not require special skills implementation.

Disadvantages

- Because of round off values, error is introduced.

Test cases:

	Input	Expected o/p	Actual o/p	Result
1)	$x_c = 200$ $y_c = 200$ $r = 100$			Pass
2)	$x_c = 586$ $y_c = 586$ $r = 200$	Out of Range	Out of Range	Pass
3)	$x_c = 200$ $y_c = 200$ $r = 50$			Pass



DATE:

Conclusion:

DDA circle algorithm and Bresenham's circle algorithm  
was implemented to draw the required figure and  
implemented the concept of circle drawing algorithm.