

Title: 2-D transformation.

Problem Statement:

Write a C++ / Java program to draw 2-D object and perform following basic transformation.

- i) Scaling ii) Translation iii) Rotation.

Learning objective:

To implement the 2-D transformation with translation, scaling and rotation of 2-D object.

Theory:

- i) Transformation means changing some graphics into something else by applying rules.
- ii) Various types of transformation are: i) Scaling ii) translation iii) Rotation

* Homogeneous co-ordinates:-

- i) To perform a sequence of transformation such as translation followed by rotating or scaling.
- ii) To shorten this process, we have to use 3×3 transformation matrix instead of 1-D transformation.
- iii) To convert 2×2 into 3×3 matrix we need to add extra dummy coordinate.
- iv) In this way, we can represent the co-ordinate point by 3 number instead of which is homogeneous co-ordinate system.

* Translation:

- A translation moves an object to a position on screen, you can translate a point in 2D by adding translation coordinate (t_x, t_y) in original coordinate x, y to x', y' .

$$\begin{bmatrix} x' \\ y' \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & t_x \\ 0 & 1 & t_y \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

* Rotation:

- In rotation, we rotate the object of particular angle θ from origin. From the figure we can see that point $P(x, y)$ is located at angle θ from horizontal x coordinate with distance r from origin.

Let us suppose you want to rotate it at angle θ . After rotating new location, you will get a new point $P(x', y')$.

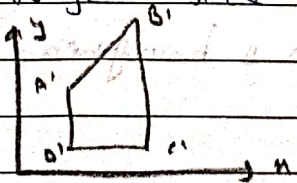
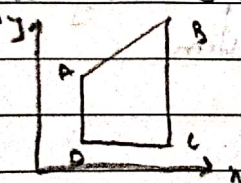
$$\begin{bmatrix} x' \\ y' \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \cos \theta & \sin \theta & 0 \\ -\sin \theta & \cos \theta & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

Rotation matrix coordinate matrix

* Scaling:

- To change the size of an object transformation is used. In scaling process, you either expand or compress the dimensions of object.

- Scaling can be achieved by multiplying the original coordinates of object with scaling factor to get desired results.



$$\begin{bmatrix} x' \\ y' \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} s_x & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & s_y & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & s_z \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

DATE:

Pseudocode for multiplication of matrix:

for ($i=0$; $i < n$; $i++$)

for ($j=0$; $j < n$; $j++$)

transformed_M [i] [j] := 0

for ($k=0$; $k < n$; $k++$)

transformed_M [i] [j] = transformed_M [i] [j] +

coordinate_M [i] [k] * transformed_M [k] [j];

end for

end for

end for

end Matrix multi

Conclusion:

We have learnt and implemented 2-D transformation with ~~scaling~~ scaling, rotation and translation on 2-D object.