

Graph Algorithms for Visualizing High Dimensional Data

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7 Visualization Module

- Exploring State-of-the-Art
- Alchemy.js



Project Research Group

- ▶ This project is carried out within the LARCA research group at UPC .
- ▶ Researchers within LARCA have in the last two years began collaborations with hospital and health agencies for the analysis of electronic healthcare records [EHR].
- ▶ In previous work within the group, they proposed to organize the information in EHR in the form of graphs and hyper- graphs, which can then be navigated by experts and mined with graph and network theoretic tools.



What is Community?

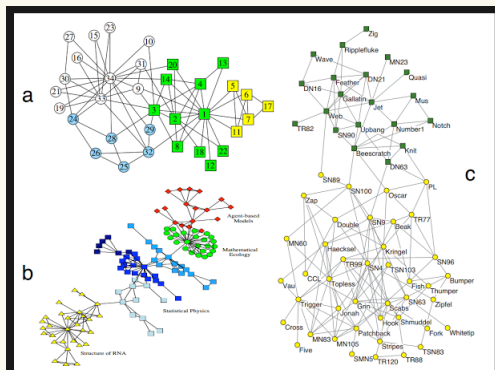


Figure : Communities: [2]

Goal of the Project

- ① To survey a few algorithms that aim in community finding keeping in mind that the input is from the medical domain.
- ② To choose an algorithms that benefit the purpose of organizing graphs from medical domain and for the purpose of visualization.
- ③ To implement the algorithms and test the efficiency of the algorithm using variety of graphs.
- ④ To build a Graphic User Interface (GUI) which enables visualization of the raw input on a web browser by drawing graphs.



Planning and Budget

- ① Planning:
 - ▶ Required knowledge acquisition
 - ▶ Paper Analysis
 - ▶ Design and Implementation
 - ▶ Testing I
 - ▶ Testing II
 - ▶ Report Writing
- ② Economic budget: Hardware budget, Software Budget, Human Resource Budget
- ③ Sustainability: Economically sustainable, Socially sustainable, Environmentally sustainable



State-of-the-art in Community Detection

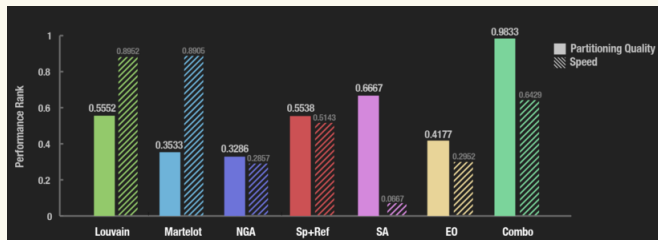


Figure : Exploring state of the art: [3]

Louvain Algorithm [2]

Louvain algorithms is the state of the art community detection Algorithm. Louvain algorithm attempts to maximize modularity. This algorithm has two phases. The diagram shows the

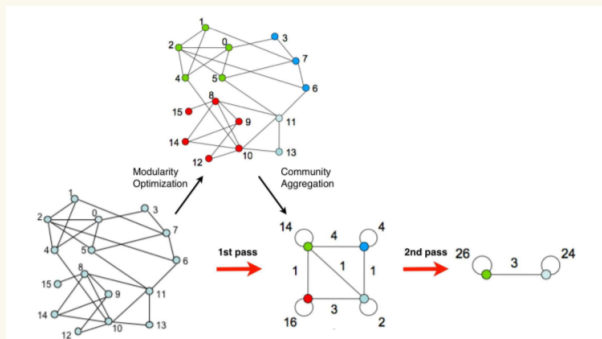


Figure : Visualization of the steps of our algorithm. This was taken from the paper "Fast unfolding of communities in large networks" [1]

Louvain Algorithm Pseudocode

Louvain Algorithm Pseudocode:

- ① Repeat until local optimum is reached:
 - ① Phase1 : Split or partition the graph by optimizing modularity greedily
 - ② Phase2 : Agglomerate the found clusters into new nodes



First phase in Louvain

Louvain Algorithm Pseudocode for Phase1:

- ① Assign a different community to each node.
- ② For each node v_i
 - ▶ For each $v_j \in N(v_i)$, consider removing v_i from community of v_j and place it in the community of v_j
 - ▶ Choose v_j into community of neighbour that leads to highest modularity gain (Greedy Choice).
- ③ Repeat until no improvement can be done



Second phase in Louvain

Louvain Algorithm Pseudocode for Phase2:

- 1 Let each community C_i form a new node v_i
- 2 Let the edges between new nodes v_i and v_j be the sum of edges between nodes in C_i and C_j in the previous graph



Observations

- ▶ The final output of the Louvain algorithm forms a complete hierarchical structure.
- ▶ Resolution limit problem has been resolved in the algorithm stated in the current paper under discussion due to the multi-level nature of Louvain algorithm.
- ▶ Modularity can be redefined for weighted graphs and Louvain works well with weighted graphs.



Experiments



State-of-the-art in Visualization

	Protovis.js	D3.js	Alchemy.js	Gephi
JavaScript	✓	✓	✓	
JSON Object	✓	✓	✓	
Robust		✓		✓
Less Overhead			✓	

Table : Comparing Visualization methods

















Personal Learning

Since the project had more scope for exploration. My interest in Data Visualization has increased. My interest in graphs has increased. My python programming skill has also increased along with that I have also learned to code for web technologies on my own.



Software tools

- 1 git
- 2 github pages
- 3 Linux OS



List of References that were used



Vincent D Blondel, Jean-Loup Guillaume, Renaud Lambiotte, and Etienne Lefebvre.

Fast unfolding of communities in large networks.

Journal of statistical mechanics: theory and experiment, 2008(10):P10008, 2008.



Santo Fortunato.

Community detection in graphs.

Physics reports, 486(3):75–174, 2010.



Stanislav Sobolevsky, Riccardo Campari, Alexander Belyi, and Carlo Ratti.

General optimization technique for high-quality community detection in complex networks.

Physical Review E, 90(1):012811, 2014.



Thank you

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