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AI1110 Random Variables

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Abstract—This manual provides a simple introduction to the generation of random numbers

1 Uniform Random Numbers

Let U be a uniform random variable between 0 and 1.

1.1 Generate 10^6 samples of U using a C program and save into a file called uni.dat .

Solution: Download the following files.

wget https://raw.githubusercontent.com/ abhinavydv/AI1110—Assignments/master/ RandomVariablesManual/codes/coeffs.h wget https://raw.githubusercontent.com/ abhinavydv/AI1110—Assignments/master/ RandomVariablesManual/codes/uni dat.c

Compile and execute the program as follows.

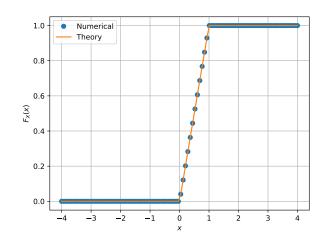


Fig. 1.2: The CDF of U

1.2 Load the uni.dat file into python and plot the empirical CDF of *U* using the samples in uni.dat. The CDF is defined as

$$F_U(x) = \Pr\left(U \le x\right) \tag{1.1}$$

Solution: Download the following code

wget https://raw.githubusercontent.com/ abhinavydv/AI1110-Assignments/master/ RandomVariablesManual/codes/ cdf_plot_uni.py

and run it as follows to get Figure 1.2

1.3 Find a theoretical expression for $F_U(x)$. Solution: The pdf of U is given by

$$P_U(x) = \begin{cases} 1, & 0 \le x \le 1\\ 0, & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$
 (1.2)

Now,

$$F_U(x) = \int_{-\infty}^x P_U(t)dt \tag{1.3}$$

$$F_{U}(x) = \begin{cases} \int_{-\infty}^{x} 0, & x < 0\\ \int_{0}^{x} 1, & 0 \le x \le 1\\ \int_{0}^{1} 1 dx, & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$
 (1.4)

$$F_U(x) = \begin{cases} 0, & x < 0 \\ x, & 0 \le x \le 1 \\ 1, & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$
 (1.5)

1.4 The mean of U is defined as

$$E[U] = \frac{1}{N} \sum_{i=1}^{N} U_i$$
 (1.6)

and its variance as

$$var[U] = E[U - E[U]]^2$$
 (1.7)

Write a C program to find the mean and variance of U.

Solution: Download the following files.

wget https://raw.githubusercontent.com/ abhinavydv/AI1110-Assignments/master/ RandomVariablesManual/codes/coeffs.h wget https://raw.githubusercontent.com/ abhinavydv/AI1110-Assignments/master/ RandomVariablesManual/codes/ mean_var_uni.c

Compile and execute the program as follows.

After running the program, we get,

$$\mu = 0.500007 \tag{1.8}$$

$$\sigma = 0.083301 \tag{1.9}$$

1.5 Verify your result theoretically given that

$$E\left[U^{k}\right] = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} x^{k} dF_{U}(x) \tag{1.10}$$

Solution: Integrating, we get

$$E[U^k] = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} x^k P_U(x) dx \tag{1.11}$$

$$= \int_0^1 x^k dx \tag{1.12}$$

$$=\frac{1}{k+1}$$
 (1.13)

Now,

$$E[U] = \frac{1}{2} \tag{1.14}$$

This agrees with the experimental value of 0.500007

$$E[U^2] = \frac{1}{3} \tag{1.15}$$

$$E[(U - E(U))^{2}] = E[(U - 1/2)^{2}]$$

$$= E[U^{2}] + E(1/4) - 2E(\frac{U}{2})$$
(1.16)

$$=\frac{1}{3}+\frac{1}{4}-\frac{1}{2}\tag{1.18}$$

$$=\frac{1}{12}$$
 (1.19)

This agrees with the experimental value 0.083301

2 Central Limit Theorem

2.1 Generate 10⁶ samples of the random variable

$$X = \sum_{i=1}^{12} U_i - 6 \tag{2.1}$$

using a C program, where U_i , i = 1, 2, ..., 12 are a set of independent uniform random variables between 0 and 1 and save in a file called gau.dat

Solution: Download the following files.

wget https://raw.githubusercontent.com/ abhinavydv/AI1110—Assignments/master/ RandomVariablesManual/codes/coeffs.h wget https://raw.githubusercontent.com/ abhinavydv/AI1110—Assignments/master/ RandomVariablesManual/codes/gau_dat.c

Compile and execute the program as follows.

2.2 Load gau.dat in python and plot the empirical CDF of *X* using the samples in gau.dat. What

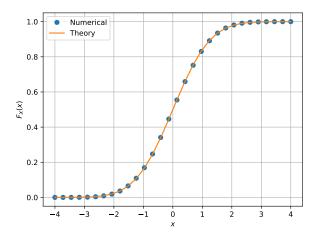


Fig. 2.2: The CDF of X

properties does a CDF have?

Solution: Download the following code

wget https://raw.githubusercontent.com/ abhinavydv/AI1110-Assignments/master/ Random Variables Manual/codes/ cdf plot gau.py

and run it as follows to get Figure 2.2

The properties of a CDF are:

- $0 \le F_X(x) \le 1$
- $\forall x \in (-\infty, \infty), \frac{d}{dx} F_X(x) \ge 0$
- $\forall a \in (-\infty, \infty)$,

$$\lim_{x \to a^+} F_X(x) = F_X(a)$$

2.3 Load gau.dat in python and plot the empirical PDF of X using the samples in gau.dat. The PDF of X is defined as

$$p_X(x) = \frac{d}{dx} F_X(x) \tag{2.2}$$

What properties does the PDF have? Solution: Download the following code

wget https://raw.githubusercontent.com/ abhinavydv/AI1110-Assignments/master/ Random Variables Manual/codes/ pdf plot gau.py

and run it as follows to get Figure 2.3

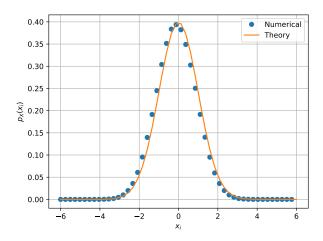


Fig. 2.3: The PDF of X

The PDF has following properties:

- $P_X(x) \ge 0, \forall x \in \mathbb{R}$ $\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} P_X(x) = 1$
- 2.4 Find the mean and variance of X by writing a C program.

Solution: Download the following files.

wget https://raw.githubusercontent.com/ abhinavydv/AI1110-Assignments/master/ RandomVariablesManual/codes/coeffs.h wget https://raw.githubusercontent.com/ abhinavydv/AI1110-Assignments/master/ RandomVariablesManual/codes/ mean var gau.c

Compile and execute the program as follows.

After running the program, we get,

$$\mu = 0.000294 \tag{2.3}$$

$$\sigma = 0.999560 \tag{2.4}$$

2.5 Given that

$$p_X(x) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \exp\left(-\frac{x^2}{2}\right), -\infty < x < \infty, \quad (2.5)$$

repeat the above exercise theoretically.

Solution: The mean is given by

$$\mu = E(X) \tag{2.6}$$

$$= \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} x \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \exp\left(-\frac{x^2}{2}\right) dx \tag{2.7}$$

$$=\frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}}\times 0=0\tag{2.8}$$

Variance is given by

$$\sigma^2 = E(X^2) \tag{2.9}$$

$$= \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} x \times x \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \exp\left(-\frac{x^2}{2}\right) dx \qquad (2.10)$$

Integrating by parts, we get

$$= \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \left(\left[-x \exp\left(-\frac{x^2}{2}\right) \right]_{-\infty}^{\infty} + \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \exp\left(-\frac{x^2}{2}\right) dx \right)$$
(2.11)

$$=\frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}}\left(0+\sqrt{2\pi}\right)\tag{2.12}$$

$$=1 \tag{2.13}$$

3 From Uniform to Other

3.1 Generate samples of

$$V = -2\ln(1 - U) \tag{3.1}$$

and plot its CDF.

Solution: To generate samples of V download the following files.

wget https://raw.githubusercontent.com/ abhinavydv/AI1110-Assignments/master/ RandomVariablesManual/codes/coeffs.h wget https://raw.githubusercontent.com/ abhinavydv/AI1110-Assignments/master/ RandomVariablesManual/codes/exp_dat.c

and then compile and execute the program as follows.

To plot the CDF download the following code

wget https://raw.githubusercontent.com/ abhinavydv/AI1110—Assignments/master/ RandomVariablesManual/codes/ cdf_plot_exp.py

and run it as follows to get Figure 3.1

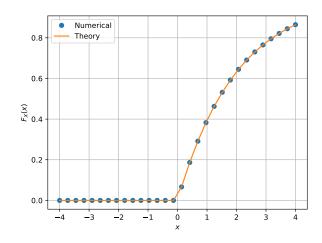


Fig. 3.1: The PDF of V

\$ python cdf_plot_exp.py

3.2 Find a theoretical expression for $F_V(x)$.

Solution:

$$F_V(x) = \Pr(V \le x) \tag{3.2}$$

$$= \Pr(-2\ln(1-U) \le x) \tag{3.3}$$

$$=\Pr\left(\ln(1-U) \le -\frac{x}{2}\right) \tag{3.4}$$

$$= \Pr\left(U \le 1 - \exp\left(-\frac{x}{2}\right)\right) \tag{3.5}$$

$$=F_U(1-\exp\left(-\frac{x}{2}\right))\tag{3.6}$$

$$= \begin{cases} 0, & x < 0 \\ 1 - \exp\left(-\frac{x}{2}\right), & x \ge 0 \end{cases}$$
 (3.7)

4 Triangular Distribution

4.1 Generate

$$T = U_1 + U_2 \tag{4.1}$$

Solution: Download the following files.

wget https://raw.githubusercontent.com/ abhinavydv/AI1110-Assignments/master/ RandomVariablesManual/codes/coeffs.h wget https://raw.githubusercontent.com/ abhinavydv/AI1110-Assignments/master/ RandomVariablesManual/codes/tri dat.c

Compile and execute the program as follows.

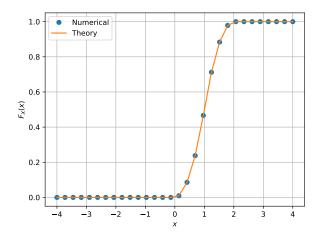


Fig. 4.2: The CDF of T

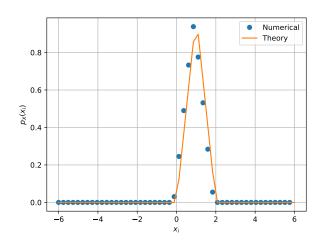


Fig. 4.3: The PDF of T

4.2 Find the CDF of T.

Solution: Download the following code

wget https://raw.githubusercontent.com/ abhinavydv/AI1110-Assignments/master/ RandomVariablesManual/codes/ cdf_plot_tri.py

and run it as follows to get Figure 4.2

\$ python cdf_plot_tri.py

4.3 Find the PDF of T.

Solution: Download the following code

wget https://raw.githubusercontent.com/ abhinavydv/AI1110-Assignments/master/ RandomVariablesManual/codes/ pdf_plot_tri.py

and run it as follows to get Figure 4.3

\$ python pdf_plot_tri.py

4.4 Find the theoretical expressions for the PDF and CDF of *T*.

Solution: We have,

 $T = U_1 + U_2 (4.2)$

PDF can be found as follows

$$f_{T}(t) = f_{U_{1}+U_{2}}(t)$$
 (4.3)

$$= f_{U_{1}}(t) * f_{U_{2}}(t)$$
 (4.4)

$$= \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} f_{U_{1}}(\tau) f_{U_{2}}(t-\tau) d\tau$$
 (4.5)

$$= \int_{0}^{1} f_{U_{2}}(t-\tau) d\tau$$
 (4.6)

$$= \begin{cases} \int_{0}^{1} 0 d\tau, & t < 0 \\ \int_{0}^{t} 1 d\tau, & 0 \le t \le 1 \\ \int_{t-1}^{1} d\tau, & 1 < t \le 2 \\ \int_{0}^{1} 0 d\tau, & t > 2 \end{cases}$$
 (4.7)

$$= \begin{cases} f_{t}, & 0 \le t \le 1 \\ 2 - t, & 1 \le t \le 2 \\ 0, & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$
 (4.8)

Now, The CDF can be determined as follows,

$$F_{T}(x) = \int_{-\infty}^{x} f_{T}(t)dt$$

$$= \begin{cases} 0, & x < 0 \\ \int_{0}^{x} tdt, & 0 \le x \le 1 \\ \int_{0}^{1} tdt + \int_{1}^{x} (2 - t)dt, & 1 < x \le 2 \\ 1, sd & x > 2 \end{cases}$$

$$(4.9)$$

$$= \begin{cases} 0, & x < 0 \\ \frac{x^2}{2}, & 0 \le x \le 1 \\ 2x - \frac{x^2}{2} - 1, & 1 < x \le 2 \\ 1, & x > 2 \end{cases}$$

$$(4.11)$$

4.5 Verify your results through a plot.

Solution: Already plotted in Figure 1.

Solution: Already plotted in Figure 4.2 and Figure 4.3

5 Maximul Likelihood

- 5.1 Generate equiprobable $X \in \{1, -1\}$.
- 5.2 Generate

$$Y = AX + N, (5.1)$$

where A = 5 dB, and $N \sim \mathcal{N}(0, 1)$.

- 5.3 Plot Y using a scatter plot.
- 5.4 Guess how to estimate X from Y.
- 5.5 Find

$$P_{e|0} = \Pr(\hat{X} = -1|X = 1)$$
 (5.2)

and

$$P_{e|1} = \Pr(\hat{X} = 1|X = -1)$$
 (5.3)

- 5.6 Find P_e assuming that X has equiprobable symbols.
- 5.7 Verify by plotting the theoretical P_e with respect to A from 0 to 10 dB.
- 5.8 Now, consider a threshold δ while estimating X from Y. Find the value of δ that maximizes the theoretical P_e .
- 5.9 Repeat the above exercise when

$$p_X(0) = p \tag{5.4}$$

5.10 Repeat the above exercise using the MAP criterion.

6 Gaussian to Other

6.1 Let $X_1 \sim \mathcal{N}(0,1)$ and $X_2 \sim \mathcal{N}(0,1)$. Plot the CDF and PDF of

$$V = X_1^2 + X_2^2 \tag{6.1}$$

Solution:

· Generate data

Download the following files.

wget https://raw.githubusercontent.com/ abhinavydv/AI1110-Assignments/ master/RandomVariablesManual/ codes/coeffs.h

wget https://raw.githubusercontent.com/ abhinavydv/AI1110-Assignments/ master/RandomVariablesManual/ codes/chi dat.c

Compile and execute the program as follows to generate data for the distribution

• Plot CDF:

To plot the CDF download the following code

wget https://raw.githubusercontent.com/ abhinavydv/AI1110-Assignments/ master/RandomVariablesManual/codes/ cdf_plot_chi.py

and run it as follows to get Figure 6.1

\$ python cdf_plot_chi.py

• **plot PDF** To plot the PDF download the following code

wget https://raw.githubusercontent.com/ abhinavydv/AI1110-Assignments/ master/RandomVariablesManual/codes/ pdf_plot_chi.py

and run it as follows to get Figure 6.1

\$ python pdf plot chi.py

6.2 If

$$F_V(x) = \begin{cases} 1 - e^{-\alpha x} & x \ge 0\\ 0 & x < 0, \end{cases}$$
 (6.2)

find α .

Solution: Since X_1 and X_2 are i.i.d Normal

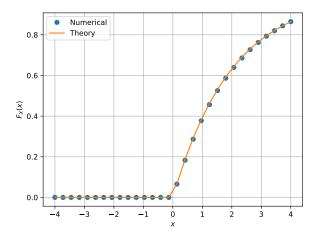


Fig. 6.1: The CDF of V

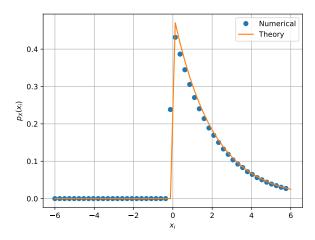


Fig. 6.1: The PDF of V

Random Variables Let $X_1 = R \sin \theta$ and $X_2 = R \cos \theta$

Jacobian matrix is given as follows

$$J = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{\delta x_1}{\delta r} & \frac{\delta x_1}{\delta \theta} \\ \frac{\delta x_2}{\delta r} & \frac{\delta x_2}{\delta \theta} \end{pmatrix}$$
 (6.3)

$$J = \begin{pmatrix} \cos \theta & -R \sin \theta \\ \sin \theta & R \cos \theta \end{pmatrix} \tag{6.4}$$

$$|J| = R \tag{6.5}$$

Also,

$$f_{r,\theta}(r,\theta) = |J| f_{X_1,X_2}(x_1, x_2)$$
 (6.6)

Since, X_1 and X_2 are independent,

$$f_{X_1,X_2}(x_1,x_2) = f_{X_1}(x_1)f_{X_2}(x_2)$$
 (6.7)

(6.8)

$$=\frac{1}{2\pi}e^{-\frac{(x_1^2+x_2^2)}{2}}\tag{6.9}$$

$$=\frac{1}{2\pi}e^{-\frac{r^2}{2}}\tag{6.10}$$

Put in Equation 6.6, we get,

$$f_{R,\theta}(r,\theta) = \frac{r}{2\pi}e^{-\frac{r^2}{2}}$$
 (6.11)

Now,

$$f_R(r) = \int_0^{2\pi} f_{R,\theta}(r,\theta)$$
 (6.12)

$$= \int_0^{2\pi} \frac{r}{2\pi} e^{-\frac{r^2}{2}} d\theta \tag{6.13}$$

$$= re^{-\frac{r^2}{2}} \tag{6.14}$$

CDF is given by,

$$F_R(r) = \int_0^r re^{-\frac{r^2}{2}} dr \tag{6.15}$$

$$=1-e^{-\frac{r^2}{2}} \tag{6.16}$$

Since,

$$V = X_1^2 + X_2^2 (6.17)$$

$$=R^2 \tag{6.18}$$

Now,

$$F_V(x) = \Pr(V \le x) \tag{6.19}$$

$$= \Pr\left(R^2 \le x\right) \tag{6.20}$$

$$= \Pr\left(R \le \sqrt{x}\right) \tag{6.21}$$

$$F_V(x) = F_R(\sqrt{x}) \tag{6.22}$$

$$= \begin{cases} 0, & x < 0 \\ 1 - e^{-\frac{x}{2}}, otherwise \end{cases}$$

(6.23)

Therefore,

$$\alpha = \frac{1}{2} \tag{6.24}$$

6.3 Plot the CDF and PDf of

$$A = \sqrt{V} \tag{6.25}$$

Solution:

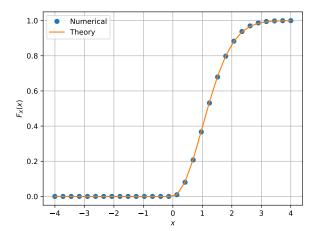


Fig. 6.3: The CDF of \sqrt{V}

· Generate data

Download the following files.

wget https://raw.githubusercontent.com/ abhinavydv/AI1110-Assignments/ master/RandomVariablesManual/ codes/coeffs.h

wget https://raw.githubusercontent.com/ abhinavydv/AI1110-Assignments/ master/RandomVariablesManual/ codes/rayleigh dat.c

Compile and execute the program as follows to generate data for the distribution

\$ gcc rayleigh_dat.c -lm -o
 rayleigh_dat
\$./rayleigh_dat

• Plot CDF:

To plot the CDF download the following code

wget https://raw.githubusercontent.com/ abhinavydv/AI1110-Assignments/ master/RandomVariablesManual/codes/ cdf_plot_rayleigh.py

and run it as follows to get Figure 6.3

\$ python cdf_plot_rayleigh.py

plot PDF To plot the PDF download the following code

wget https://raw.githubusercontent.com/abhinavydv/AI1110-Assignments/

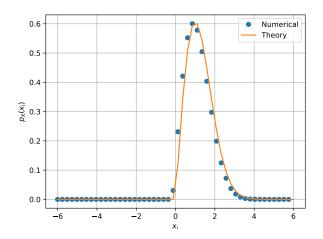


Fig. 6.3: The PDF of \sqrt{V}

master/RandomVariablesManual/codes/pdf_plot_rayleigh.py

and run it as follows to get Figure 6.3

\$ python pdf_plot_rayleigh.py

7 CONDITIONAL PROBABILITY

7.1

7.2 Plot

$$P_e = \Pr(\hat{X} = -1|X = 1)$$
 (7.1)

for

$$Y = AX + N, (7.2)$$

where A is Raleigh with $E\left[A^2\right] = \gamma, N \sim \mathcal{N}\left(0,1\right), X \in (-1,1)$ for $0 \le \gamma \le 10$ dB.

- 7.3 Assuming that N is a constant, find an expression for P_e . Call this $P_e(N)$
- 7.4 For a function g,

$$E[g(X)] = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} g(x)p_X(x) dx \qquad (7.3)$$

Find $P_e = E[P_e(N)]$.

7.5 Plot P_e in problems 7.2 and 7.4 on the same graph w.r.t γ . Comment.

8 Two Dimensions

Let

$$\mathbf{y} = A\mathbf{x} + \mathbf{n},\tag{8.1}$$

where

$$x \in (\mathbf{s}_0, \mathbf{s}_1), \mathbf{s}_0 = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}, \mathbf{s}_1 = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$$
 (8.2)

$$\mathbf{n} = \begin{pmatrix} n_1 \\ n_2 \end{pmatrix}, n_1, n_2 \sim \mathcal{N}(0, 1). \tag{8.3}$$

8.1 Plot

$$\mathbf{y}|\mathbf{s}_0$$
 and $\mathbf{y}|\mathbf{s}_1$ (8.4)

on the same graph using a scatter plot.

- 8.2 For the above problem, find a decision rule for detecting the symbols s_0 and s_1 .
- 8.3 Plot

$$P_e = \Pr(\hat{\mathbf{x}} = \mathbf{s}_1 | \mathbf{x} = \mathbf{s}_0) \tag{8.5}$$

with respect to the SNR from 0 to 10 dB.

8.4 Obtain an expression for P_e . Verify this by comparing the theory and simulation plots on the same graph.