

# AI1110

## Random Variables

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### CONTENTS

1	Uniform Random Numbers	1
2	Central Limit Theorem	2
3	From Uniform to Other	3

*Abstract*—This manual provides a simple introduction to the generation of random numbers

### 1 UNIFORM RANDOM NUMBERS

Let  $U$  be a uniform random variable between 0 and 1.

- 1.1 Generate  $10^6$  samples of  $U$  using a C program and save into a file called uni.dat .

**Solution:** Download the following files.

```
wget https://raw.githubusercontent.com/
abhinavydv/AI1110-Assignments/master/
RandomVariablesManual/codes/coeffs.h
wget https://raw.githubusercontent.com/
abhinavydv/AI1110-Assignments/master/
RandomVariablesManual/codes/uni_dat.c
```

Compile and execute the program as follows.

```
$ gcc uni_dat.c -lm -o uni_dat
$ ./uni_dat
```

- 1.2 Load the uni.dat file into python and plot the empirical CDF of  $U$  using the samples in uni.dat. The CDF is defined as

$$F_U(x) = \Pr(U \leq x) \quad (1.1)$$

**Solution:** Download the following code

```
wget https://raw.githubusercontent.com/
abhinavydv/AI1110-Assignments/master/
RandomVariablesManual/codes/
cdf_plot_uni.py
```

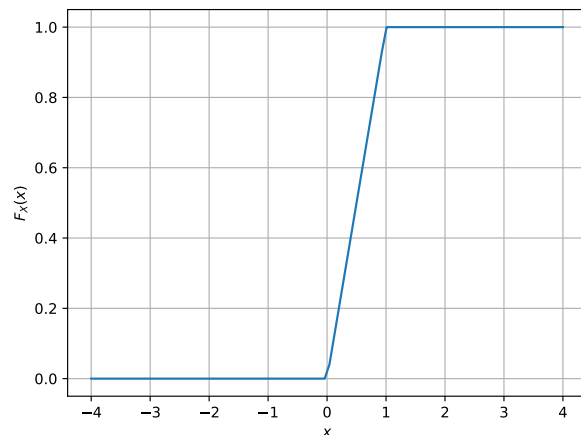


Fig. 1.2: The CDF of  $U$

and run it as follows to get Figure 1.2

```
$ python cdf_plot_uni.py
```

- 1.3 Find a theoretical expression for  $F_U(x)$ .

**Solution:** The pdf of  $U$  is given by

$$P_U(x) = \begin{cases} 1, & 0 \leq x \leq 1 \\ 0, & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \quad (1.2)$$

Now,

$$F_U(x) = \int_{-\infty}^x P_U(t) dt \quad (1.3)$$

$$F_U(x) = \begin{cases} 0, & x < 0 \\ \int_0^x 1, & 0 \leq x \leq 1 \\ \int_0^1 1 dx, & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \quad (1.4)$$

$$F_U(x) = \begin{cases} 0, & x < 0 \\ x, & 0 \leq x \leq 1 \\ 1, & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \quad (1.5)$$

1.4 The mean of  $U$  is defined as

$$E[U] = \frac{1}{N} \sum_{i=1}^N U_i \quad (1.6)$$

and its variance as

$$\text{var}[U] = E[U - E[U]]^2 \quad (1.7)$$

Write a C program to find the mean and variance of  $U$ .

**Solution:** Download the following files.

```
wget https://raw.githubusercontent.com/
abhinavydv/AI1110-Assignments/master/
RandomVariablesManual/codes/coeffs.h
wget https://raw.githubusercontent.com/
abhinavydv/AI1110-Assignments/master/
RandomVariablesManual/codes/
mean_var_uni.c
```

Compile and execute the program as follows.

```
$ gcc mean_var_uni.c -lm -o
mean_var_uni
$ ./mean_var_uni
```

1.5 Verify your result theoretically given that

$$E[U^k] = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} x^k dF_U(x) \quad (1.8)$$

**Solution:** Integrating, we get

$$E[U^k] = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} x^k P_U(x) dx \quad (1.9)$$

$$= \int_0^1 x^k dx \quad (1.10)$$

$$= \frac{1}{k+1} \quad (1.11)$$

Now,

$$E[U] = \frac{1}{2} \quad (1.12)$$

$$E[U^2] = \frac{1}{3} \quad (1.13)$$

$$E[(U - E[U])^2] = E[(U - 1/2)^2] \quad (1.14)$$

$$= E[U^2] + E[1/4] - 2E\left(\frac{U}{2}\right) \quad (1.15)$$

$$= \frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{4} - \frac{1}{2} \quad (1.16)$$

$$= \frac{1}{12} \quad (1.17)$$

## 2 CENTRAL LIMIT THEOREM

2.1 Generate  $10^6$  samples of the random variable

$$X = \sum_{i=1}^{12} U_i - 6 \quad (2.1)$$

using a C program, where  $U_i, i = 1, 2, \dots, 12$  are a set of independent uniform random variables between 0 and 1 and save in a file called gau.dat

**Solution:** Download the following files.

```
wget https://raw.githubusercontent.com/
abhinavydv/AI1110-Assignments/master/
RandomVariablesManual/codes/coeffs.h
wget https://raw.githubusercontent.com/
abhinavydv/AI1110-Assignments/master/
RandomVariablesManual/codes/gau_dat.c
```

Compile and execute the program as follows.

```
$ gcc gau_dat.c -lm -o gau_dat
$ ./gau_dat
```

2.2 Load gau.dat in python and plot the empirical CDF of  $X$  using the samples in gau.dat. What properties does a CDF have?

**Solution:** Download the following code

```
wget https://raw.githubusercontent.com/
abhinavydv/AI1110-Assignments/master/
RandomVariablesManual/codes/
cdf_plot_gau.py
```

and run it as follows to get Figure 2.2

```
$ python cdf_plot_gau
```

The properties of a CDF are:

- $0 \leq F_X(x) \leq 1$
- $\forall x \in (-\infty, \infty), \frac{d}{dx} F_X(x) \geq 0$
- $\forall a \in (-\infty, \infty),$

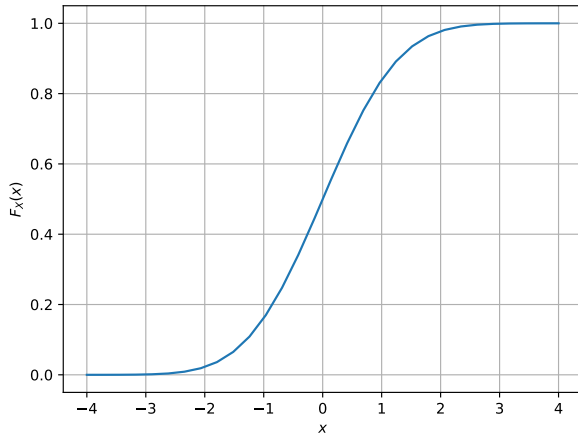
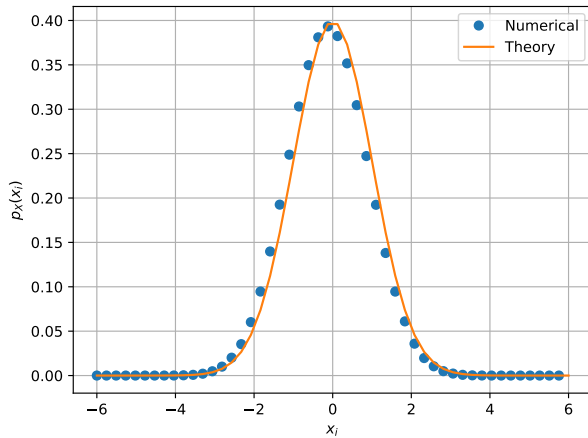
$$\lim_{x \rightarrow a^+} F_X(x) = F_X(a)$$

2.3 Load gau.dat in python and plot the empirical PDF of  $X$  using the samples in gau.dat. The PDF of  $X$  is defined as

$$p_X(x) = \frac{d}{dx} F_X(x) \quad (2.2)$$

What properties does the PDF have?

**Solution:** Download the following code

Fig. 2.2: The CDF of  $X$ Fig. 2.3: The PDF of  $X$ 

```
wget https://raw.githubusercontent.com/
abhinavdyv/AI1110-Assignments/master/
RandomVariablesManual/codes/
pdf_plot_gau.py
```

and run it as follows to get Figure 2.3

```
$ python pdf_plot_gau.py
```

The PDF has following properties:

- $P_X(x) \geq 0, \forall x \in \mathbb{R}$
- $\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} P_X(x) = 1$

2.4 Find the mean and variance of  $X$  by writing a C program.

**Solution:** Download the following files.

```
wget https://raw.githubusercontent.com/
abhinavdyv/AI1110-Assignments/master/
```

```
RandomVariablesManual/codes/coeffs.h
wget https://raw.githubusercontent.com/
abhinavdyv/AI1110-Assignments/master/
RandomVariablesManual/codes/
mean_var_gau.c
```

Compile and execute the program as follows.

```
$ gcc mean_var_gau.c -lm -o
mean_var_gau
$ ./mean_var_gau
```

2.5 Given that

$$p_X(x) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \exp\left(-\frac{x^2}{2}\right), -\infty < x < \infty, \quad (2.3)$$

repeat the above exercise theoretically.

**Solution:** The mean is given by

$$\mu = E(X) \quad (2.4)$$

$$= \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} x \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \exp\left(-\frac{x^2}{2}\right) dx \quad (2.5)$$

$$= \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \times 0 = 0 \quad (2.6)$$

Variance is given by

$$\sigma^2 = E(X^2) \quad (2.7)$$

$$= \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} x^2 \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \exp\left(-\frac{x^2}{2}\right) dx \quad (2.8)$$

$$= 2 \int_0^{\infty} x^2 \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \exp\left(-\frac{x^2}{2}\right) dx \quad (2.9)$$

substitute  $t = \frac{x^2}{2}$  and  $dt = x dx$

$$= \frac{2}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \int_0^{\infty} \sqrt{2t} e^{-t} dt \quad (2.10)$$

$$= \frac{2}{\sqrt{\pi}} \Gamma\left(\frac{3}{2}\right) \quad (2.11)$$

$$= \frac{2}{\sqrt{\pi}} \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}\right) \frac{1}{2} \quad (2.12)$$

put  $\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}\right) = \sqrt{\pi}$ , we get

$$= 1 \quad (2.13)$$

### 3 FROM UNIFORM TO OTHER

3.1 Generate samples of

$$V = -2 \ln(1 - U) \quad (3.1)$$

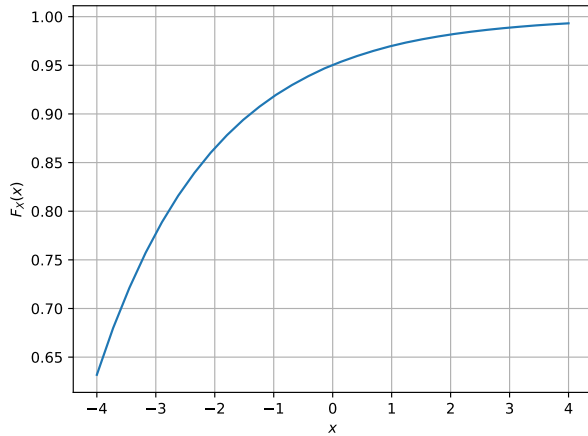


Fig. 3.1: The PDF of  $X$

and plot its CDF.

**Solution:** To generate samples of  $V$  download the following files.

```
wget https://raw.githubusercontent.com/
abhinavydv/AI1110-Assignments/master/
RandomVariablesManual/codes/coeffs.h
wget https://raw.githubusercontent.com/
abhinavydv/AI1110-Assignments/master/
RandomVariablesManual/codes/exp_dat.c
```

and then compile and execute the program as follows.

```
$ gcc exp_dat.c -lm -o exp_dat
$ ./exp_dat
```

To plot the CDF download the following code

```
wget https://raw.githubusercontent.com/
abhinavydv/AI1110-Assignments/master/
RandomVariablesManual/codes/
cdf_plot_exp.py
```

and run it as follows to get Figure 3.1

```
$ python cdf_plot_exp.py
```

**Solution:**

$$F_V(x) = \Pr(V \leq x) \quad (3.2)$$

$$= \Pr(-2 \ln(1 - U) \leq x) \quad (3.3)$$

$$= \Pr\left(\ln(1 - U) \leq -\frac{x}{2}\right) \quad (3.4)$$

$$= \Pr\left(U \leq 1 - \exp\left(-\frac{x}{2}\right)\right) \quad (3.5)$$

$$= F_U\left(1 - \exp\left(-\frac{x}{2}\right)\right) \quad (3.6)$$

$$= \begin{cases} 0, & x < 0 \\ 1 - \exp\left(-\frac{x}{2}\right), & x \geq 0 \end{cases} \quad (3.7)$$

3.2 Find a theoretical expression for  $F_V(x)$ .