Lgebra: A Symbolic Language CS****: Compiler-II Course Project

Group **

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- 1 Introduction
- 2 Why Lgebra?
- 3 Language Specifications
- 3.1 Keywords

Keywords	Description	Example
if		
else		
until		
repeat		
for		
break		
continue		
return		

3.2 Data Types

Data Types	Description	Example
int		
long		
float		
real		
complex		
vector <data type=""></data>		
curves		

3.3 Identifiers

3.3.1 Rules

1. All identifiers should start with alphabets

2.

3.3.2 Reserved Identifiers

- 1. Keywords and Datatype are reserved Identifiers
- 2. Constants like pi, e, ... are reserverd Identifiers

3.4 Declarations

3.4.1 Curves

1. Curve should be declared as follows

```
curve [return data type] curve_name(commma seperated variables)
= Expression in terms of independent variable
```

- 2. Every curve should have at least one independent variable (like x in f(x))
- 3. Apart from independent variables, other variable in expression should be declared and defined.
- 4. By default the return type of function is real. Hence it need not to be mentioned.
- 5. In following example, both x is different

```
int x = 1;
curve f(x) = x^2+1;
```

3.4.2 Other Non-Curves

1. Other declaration are C like declaration.

3.5 Expression

3.5.1 Curve

Some restiction on Curve

3.5.2 Non-Curve

Similar to C

3.6 Constants

3.6.1 Built-In constants

Name	Value	Description	
е	2.721	Euler Constant	

3.6.2 User-defined constants

Explain About Long long constant, float constant, complex constant etc

3.7 Functions

3.7.1 Built-In Functions

- 1. **sum**:
- 2. derivate:

3.7.2 User-defined Functions

1. User Defined Function should be defined as follows:

3.8 Structs

1. C like functionalities

3.9 Vectors

1. Explain Operation on Vectors and how to declare it.

3.10 Error Analysis

1. Explain try and catch block

- 4 Other Functionalities
- 4.1 Operator and Function Overloading
- 4.2 Irrational Mathematics
- 5 Compilation Steps
- 6 Performance Analysis
- 7 Drawbacks
- 8 Future Scope
- 9 Conclusion