PRACTICAL-2

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ACCOUNT TABLE

- 2. Change the name 'patel jigar' to 'patel hiren'.
- :- update ACCOUNT set Name= 'patel hiren' where Name='patel jiger;
- 3. Change the name and city where account number is A005.
 - :- update ACCOUNT set Name= 'Kothari nehal' where acc_no='A005'; update ACCOUNT set City='Patan'where acc_no='A005';
- 4. Display only those records where loan taken status is 'YES'.
 - :- select * from account where Loan_taken='Yes';
- 5. Add the new column (address varchar2 (20)) into table ACCOUNT.
 - :- alter table account add(address varchar2(20));
- 6. Create another table ACCOUNT_TEMP (acc_no, name, balance) from table ACCOUNT.
- :- create table account_temp(acc_no,name,balance) as select acc_no, name,balance from account;
- 7. Rename the table ACCOUNT to ACCOUNT_MASTER.
 - :-rename ACCOUNT to ACCOUNT_MASTER;
- 8. Update the column balance for all the account holders.

(Multiply the balance by 2 for each account holders)

- :-UPDATE ACCOUNT SET balance=balance*2;
- 9. Describe the structure of table ACCOUNT.
 - :-desc account;
- 10. Delete the records whose account no is A004.
 - :-delete from account where acc_no='A004';

LOAN TABLE

2. For each loan holders Add 100000 Rs. Amount into the column loan_amt :- UPDATE Loan SET loan_amt=loan_amt+100000; 3. For each loan holders Increase the interest rate 2%. :- UPDATE Loan SET Interest_rate=interest_rate+2; 4. Create another table LOAN_TEMP (loan_no, Acc_no, loan_amt, loan_date) from The table LOAN. :- create table loan_temp(loan_no, Acc_no, loan_amt, loan_date)as select loan_no, Acc_no,loan_amt,loan_date from loan; 5. Display only those records where loan holder taken a loan in month of January. :- select * from loan where to char(loan date, 'mm')='1'; 6. Modify the structure of table LOAN by adding one column credit_no varchar2 (4). :- alter table Loan add(credit_no varchar2(4)); 7. Display the Loan amount*2 of table LOAN. :- UPDATE Loan SET loan_amt=loan_amt*2; Select loan_amt*2 from loan; 8. Display the records of table LOAN by date wise in ascending order. :- SELECT Loan_date FROM Loan ORDER BY Loan_date ASC; 9.Display the records of table LOAN by account number wise in descending Order :- SELECT * FROM Loan ORDER BY Acc_no DESC; 10. Increase the size 5 to 7 of column acc no. :- alter table LOAN modify acc_no varchar2(7);

INSTALLMENT TABLE.

- 2. Change the Inst_Date '2-Feb-04' to '3-Mar-04'.
- :- update INSTALLMENT set inst_date='3/3/04' where

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loan_no='L001';
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- 3. Reduce 5000 amount from all Installment holders.
- :- UPDATE Installment SET Amount=Amount-5000;
- 4. Add the amount 5000 where loan no is 'L003' or 'L002'.
- :- UPDATE Installment SET amount=amount+5000 where Loan_no='L002'or Loan_no='L003';
- 5. Change the column size of 5 to 7 where column name is Loan_no.
- :- alter table installment modify loan_no varchar2(7);
- 6. Decrease the column size 5 to 4 where column name Inst_no.
- :- alter table installment modify inst_no varchar2(4);
- 7. Show the structure of the Table.
- :- desc installment;
- 8. Change the amount 15000 to 5000 where loan number is L001
- :- update installment set amount=5000 where loan_no='L001';
- 9. Perform delete operation. (Delete only particular one record)
- :- delete from installment where loan_no='L001';
- 10. Only create a structure of table installment1 from table installment
- :- create table installment1 select * from installment where loan no=NULL;

TRANSACTION TABLE

- 2. Insert any duplicate value and display all the records without any duplicate rows.
- :- 1.insert into transaction values ('A001', '5/3/04', 10000, 'D', 'Cash');
 2.select distinct * from transaction;
- 3. Select all the records in descending order(account number wise).
- :_ SELECT * FROM transaction ORDER BY acc_no DESC;

- 4. Display amt, date, and type of transaction by date wise.
- :- Select amt,tr_date,type_of_tr from TRANSACTION
 order by tr_date;
- 5. Create another table TRANSACTION_TEMP from this table.
- :- create table transaction_temp(acc_no Varchar2(5),tr_Date Date,Amt number(10,2),
 type_of_tr Char(1),mode_of_pay Varchar2(10));
- create table transaction_temp as select *from transaction;
- 6. Create a another table TRANS_TEMP by change the column name acc_no to account_no.
- :- create table trans_temp(account_no, tr_date ,amt,
 type_of_tr,mode_of_pay)as select acc_no,tr_date, amt, type_of_tr
 ,mode_of_pay from transaction;
- 7. Delete a table TRANSACTION_TEMP.
- :- drop table transaction_temp;
- 8. Rename the table TRANSACTION to TRANS.
- :- rename transaction to trans;
- 9. Only create a structure of table transaction1 from table transaction.
- :- create table transaction1 as select * from transaction where acc_no=NULL;
- 10. Display account number where type of transaction is 'D'.
- :- select acc_no from transaction where
 type_of_tr='D';