

MODULE: 3.1 (C Language Fundamental)

1. Display This Information using printf :

- a. Your Name
- b. Your Birth date
- c. You're Age
- d. Your Address

➤ #include<stdio.h>

```
void main()
{
    printf("Name : Raol Abhirajsinh");
    printf("\nDOB : 11/08/2001");
    printf("\nAge : 21");
    printf("\nAddress : ATPO-Sabalwad,Idar,383430");
}
```

2. Write a program to make Simple calculator (to make addition, subtraction, multiplication, division and modulo).

➤ #include <stdio.h>

```
void main()
{
    int n1=34,n2=18;

    printf("\nAddition : %d",(n1+n2));
    printf("\nSubstraction : %d",(n1-n2));
    printf("\nMultification : %d",(n1*n2));
    printf("\nDivision : %.2f",((float)n1/n2));
}
```

3. WAP to find area of circle, rectangle and triangle.

```
➤ #include<stdio.h>
#include<math.h>
Void main(){
    int choice;
    printf("Enter
1 to find area of Triangle
2 for finding area of Circle
3 for finding area of Rectangle
");
    scanf("%d",&choice);
    switch(choice) {
        case 1: {
            int a,b,c;
            float s,area;

printf("Enter sides of triangle");

            scanf("%d%d %d",&a,&b,&c);
            s=(float)(a+b+c)/2;
            area=(float)(sqrt(s*(s-a)*(s-b)*(s-c)));
            printf("Area of Triangle is %f",area);
            break;
        }

        case 2: {
            float radius,area;

printf("Enter Radius of Circle");

            scanf("%f",&radius);

            area=(float)3.14159*radius*radius;

            printf("Area of Circle %f",area);
            break;
        }
        case 3: {
            float len,breadth,area;
            printf("Enter Length and Breadth of Rectangle");
            scanf("%f %f",&len,&breadth);
            area=(float)len*breadth;
            printf("Area of Rectangle is %f",area);
```

```

        break;
    }

    default: {
        printf("Invalid Choice");
        break;
    }
}
}
}

```

4. WAP to find simple interest.

```

➤ #include<stdio.h>
Void main()
{
    Int principal , rate , time, interest;
    Printf("\nEnter the principal : ");
    Scanf("%d",&principal);

    Printf("Enter the rate : ");
    Scanf("%d",&rate);

    Printf("Enter the time : ");
    Scanf("%d",&time);

    Interest = principal*rate*time/100;
    Return 0;

}

```

5. WAP to check if the given year is a leap year or not.

```

➤ #include<stdio.h>

Void main()
{
    Int year;
    Printf("Enter a year: ");
    Scanf("%d",&year);
}

```

```

If(year % 400 == 0)
{
Printf("%d is a leap year.",year);

}
else if(year % 100 == 0)
{
Printf("%d is not a leap year",year);

}
else if(year % 4 == 0)
{
Printf("%d is a leap year : ",year);

}
else
{
Printf("%d is not a leap year.",year);
}
Return 0;
}

```

6. WAP to convert years into days and days into years.

➤ #include<stdio.h>

```

void main()
{
int days,years;
printf("\nEnter specific days :",days);
scanf("%d",&days);

years=days/365;
printf("\n\nNumber of years is: %d",years);

printf("\nEnter specific years :",years);
scanf("%d",&years);
days=years*365;
printf("\n\nNumber of days is :%d",days);
return(0);
}

```

MODULE: 3.2 (C Language Programing with C)

1. WAP to make simple calculator (operation include Addition, Subtraction, Multiplication, Division, modulo).

```
➤ #include<stdio.h>
Void main()
{
    Int a,b;
    int sum, difference, product, modulo;
    float quotient;

    printf("Enter First Number: ");
    scanf("%d", &a);
    printf("Enter Second Number: ");
    scanf("%d", &b);

    sum = a+ b;
    difference = a - b;
    product = a * b;
    quotient = (float)a / b;
    modulo = a % b;

    printf("\nSum = %d", sum);
    printf("\nDifference = %d", difference);
    printf("\nMultiplication = %d", product);
    printf("\nDivision = %.3f", quotient);
    printf("\nRemainder = %d", modulo);

    getch();
    return 0;
}

}
```

2. WAP to swap two numbers without using third variable.

```
➤ #include<stdio.h>
Void main()
{
    int a=10, b=20;
    printf("Before swap a=%d b=%d",a,b);
    a=a+b;//a=30 (10+20)
    b=a-b;//b=10 (30-20)
    a=a-b;//a=20 (30-10)

    printf("\nAfter swap a=%d b=%d",a,b);

    return 0;
}
```

3. WAP to find number is even or odd using ternary operator.

```
➤ #include<stdio.h>
void main()

{
    int a;

    printf("Enter the value A: ");
    scanf("%d",&a);

    if(a%2==0)
    {
        printf("\n%d is Even No.",a);
    }
    else
    {
        printf("\n%d is Odd No.",a);
    }
}
```

4. WAP to show

1. Monday to Sunday using switch case
2. Vowel or Consonant using switch case

➤ Ans 1.

```
#include
Void main()
{
    int day;
    printf("\n");
    printf("\n1.Monday");
    printf("\n2.Tuesday");
    printf("\n3.Wednesday");
    printf("\n4.Thursday");
    printf("\n5.Friday");
    printf("\n6.Saturday");
    printf("\n7.Sunday");
    printf("\nEnter a day:");
    scanf("%d",&day);
    switch(day)
    {
        case 1:
            printf("Monday");
            break;
        case 2:
            / printf("Tuesday");
            break;
        case 3:
            printf("Wednesday");
            break;
        case 4:
            printf("Thursday");
            break;
        case 5:
            printf("Friday");
            break;
        case 6:
            printf("Saturday");
            break;
```

```

        case 7:
            printf("Sunday");
            break;
        default :
            printf("Invalid Input");
            break;
    }
    return 0;
}

```

➤ Ans 2.

```

#include <stdio.h>

void main()
{
    char ch;
    printf("Enter any alphabet: ");
    scanf("%c", &ch);

    switch(ch)
    {
        case 'a':
            printf("Vowel");
            break;
        case 'e':
            printf("Vowel");
            break;
        case 'i':
            printf("Vowel");
            break;
        case 'o':
            printf("Vowel");
            break;
        case 'u':
            printf("Vowel");
            break;
        case 'A':
            printf("Vowel");
            break;
        case 'E':

```



```

        printf("Vowel");
        break;
    case 'l':
        printf("Vowel");
        break;
    case 'O':
        printf("Vowel");
        break;
    case 'U':
        printf("Vowel");
        break;
    default:
        printf("Consonant");
}

return 0;
}

```

5. Looping programs:

5.1. WAP to print 972 to 897 using for loop

```

➤ #include <stdio.h>
int main()
{
    int i;
    for(i=972;i>=897;i--)
    {
        printf("%d ",i);
    }
}

```

5.2. WAP to take 10 no. Input from user and find out.

5.3. How many Even numbers are there.

5.4. How many odd numbers are there.

5.5. Sum of even numbers.

5.6. Sum of odd numbers WAP to print table up to given numbers.

➤ 5.2 to 5.6

➤ #include<stdio.h>

```
void main()
{
    int i;
    int a[10]={1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10};
    int i, num, odd_sum = 0, even_sum = 0;
    printf("Enter the value of num\n");
    scanf("%d", &num);

    for(i=0;i<10;i++)
    {
        printf("\n%d\t",a[i]);
    }
    for (i = 1; i <= num; i++)
    {
        if (i % 2 == 0)
            even_sum = even_sum + i;
        else
            odd_sum = odd_sum + i;
    }
    printf("Sum of all odd numbers = %d\n", odd_sum);
    printf("Sum of all even numbers = %d\n", even_sum);
}
```

6. WAP to print factorial of given number.

➤ #include <stdio.h>

```
void main()
{
    int i,f=1,num;

    printf("Input the number : ");

    scanf("%d",&num);
```

```

for(i=1;i<=num;i++)
    f=f*i;

printf("The Factorial of %d is: %d\n",num,f);
}

```

7. WAP to print Fibonacci series up to given numbers.

```

➤ #include<stdio.h>

void main()
{
    int n1=0,n2=1,n3,i,number;

    printf("Enter the number of elements:");
    scanf("%d",&number);

    printf("\n%d %d",n1,n2);
    for(i=2;i<number;++i)
    {
        n3=n1+n2;
        printf(" %d",n3);
        n1=n2;
        n2=n3;
    }
    return 0;
}

```

8. WAP to print number in reverse order e.g.: number = 64728 ----> reverse = 82746.

```

➤ #include <stdio.h>

```

```

void main(){
    int num,r,sum=0,t;

    printf("Input a number: ");
    scanf("%d",&num);

    for(t=num;num!=0;num=num/10){
        r=num % 10;
        sum=sum*10+r;
    }
    printf("The number in reverse order is : %d\n",sum);
}

```

9. Write a program to find out the max from given number (E.g., No: -1562 Max number is 6).

```

➤ #include<stdio.h>
void main()
{
    int a[5],i,max=0;

    printf("Enter Five Value :");
    for(i=0;i<=4;i++)
    {
        scanf("%d",&a[i]);
    }
    for(i=0;i<=4;i++)
    {
        if(a[i]>max)
        {
            max=a[i];
        }
        else
        {
            printf("Maximum is : %d\n",max);
        }
    }
}

```

```
}
```

```
}
```

10. Write a program make a summation of given number (E.g., 1523 Ans: -11)

```
➤ #include<stdio.h>
```

```
void main ()
{
    int num, sum = 0;

    num = 1234;
    printf("The number is = %d\n",num);
    while(num!=0){

        sum += num % 10;

        num = num / 10;
    }

    printf("Sum: %d\n",sum);

    return 0;

}
```

11. Write a program you have to make a summation of first and last Digit. (E.g., 1234 Ans: -5)

```
➤ #include <stdio.h>
```

```
void main()
{
    int n, sum=0, firstDigit, lastDigit;
    printf("Enter number to find sum of first and lastdigit = ");
```

```

scanf("%d", &n);
lastDigit = n % 10;

while(n >= 10)
{
    n = n / 10;
}
firstDigit = n;
sum = firstDigit + lastDigit;
printf("Sum of first and last digit = %d", sum);
return 0;
}

```

❖ Patterns:

1. 1 0 pattern

➤ #include <stdio.h>

```

void main()
{
    int i, j, N;

    printf("Enter N: ");
    scanf("%d", &N);
    for(i=1; i<=N; i++)
    {
        for(j=1; j<=i; j++)
        {

            if(j % 2 == 1)
            {
                printf("1");
            }
        }
    }
}

```

```

        }
        else
        {
            printf("0");
        }
    }
    printf("\n");
}
}

```

2. A to o pyramid

➤ #include<stdio.h>

void main()

```

{
    int n;
    scanf("%d",&n);
    int k = 0;
    for(int i = 0; i < n; i++)
    {
        for(int j = 0; j <= i; j++)
        {
            if((i + j) % 2 == 1)
            {
                printf("%c ",(char)(k + 97));
            }
            else
            {
                printf("%c ",(char)(k + 65));
            }
            k++;
        }
        printf("\n");
    }
}

```

3. Star pyramid

```
➤ #include <stdio.h>

int main() {
    int i, space, rows, k = 0;
    printf("Enter the number of rows: ");
    scanf("%d", &rows)
    for (i = 1; i <= rows; ++i, k = 0)
        for (space = 1; space <= rows - i; ++space) {
            printf(" ");
        }
        while (k != 2 * i - 1) {
            printf("* ");
            ++k;
        }
        printf("\n");
    }
    return 0;
}
```

4. 1 to 15 Number pyramid

```
➤ #include <stdio.h>

void main()
{
    int rows, i, j, number = 1;
    printf("Enter the number of rows: ");
    scanf("%d", &rows);
    for (i = 1; i <= rows; i++) {
        for (j = 1; j <= i; ++j) {
            printf("%d ", number);
            ++number;
        }
        printf("\n");
    }
}
```

5. A to f pattern

```
➤ #include<stdio.h>
```



```

#include<conio.h>
void main()
{
int n, x, y;
printf("Enter number of rows to show character pattern: ");
scanf("%d",&n);
for(x = 1; x <= n; x++)
{
for(y = 1; y <= x; y++)
{
printf("%c",'A' + y -1);
}
printf("\n");
}
}

```

6. Star pattern

```

➤ #include<stdio.h>
#include<conio.h>
void main()
{
int n, x , y;
printf("Enter number of rows to show star pattern: ");
scanf("%d",&n);
for(x = 1; x <= n; x++)
{
for(y = 1; y <= x; y++)
{
printf("*");
}
printf("\n");
}
for(x = n; x >= 1; x--)
{
for(y = 1; y <= x; y++)
{
printf( " *");
}

printf("\n");
}
}

```

```
}
```

```
}
```

MODULE: 3.3 (File Handling and Debugging)

1. Write a program to find out the max number from given array using function.

➤ #include <stdio.h>

```
void main()
{

    int arr[] = {25, 11, 7, 75, 56};
    int length = sizeof(arr)/sizeof(arr[0]);
    int max = arr[0];

    for (int i = 0; i < length; i++)
    {

        if(arr[i] > max)
            max = arr[i];
    }
}
```

```
    printf("Largest element present in given array: %d\n", max);  
}
```

2. WAP of Addition, Subtraction, Multiplication and Division using Switch case.(Must Be Menu Driven).

```
➤ #include<stdio.h>  
void main()  
{  
    int n,m,t;  
    char c;  
    printf("Enter two numbers and operator :\n");  
    scanf("%d %d %c", &n, &m, &c);  
  
    switch(c)  
    {  
        case '+' : printf("Addition is : %d", n+m);  
                    break;  
        case '-' : printf("Substraction is %d", n-m);  
                    break;  
        case '*' : printf("Multiplication is %d", n*m);  
                    break;  
        case '/' : printf("Division is %f", (float)n/m);  
                    break;  
        default : printf("Not valid");  
    }  
  
}
```

3. WAP to find reverse of string using recursion.

```
➤ #include <stdio.h>  
  
void swap(char *x, char *y)  
{  
    char temp = *x;  
    *x = *y;  
    *y = temp;  
}
```

```

void reverse(char *str, int k)
{
    static int i = 0;

    if (*(str + k) == '\0') {
        return;
    }

    reverse(str, k + 1);

    if (i <= k) {
        swap(&str[i++], &str[k]);
    }
}

void main()
{
    char str[] = "Tops Technologies";

    reverse(str, 0);
    printf("Reverse of the given string is %s", str);
}

```

4. WAP to find factorial using recursion.

```

➤ #include<stdio.h>
long int multiplyNumbers(int n);
void main()
{
    int n;
    printf("Enter a positive integer: ");
    scanf("%d",&n);
    printf("Factorial of %d = %ld", n, multiplyNumbers(n));
    return 0;
}

```

```

long int multiplyNumbers(int n)

```

```

    if (n>=1)
    {

        return n*multiplyNumbers(n-1);
    else

    }

```

5. WAP to take two Array input from user and sort them in ascending or descending order as per user's choice.

```

➤ #include <stdio.h>
#include<conio.h>
void main()
{
    int a[100],n,i,j;
    printf("Array size: ");
    scanf("%d",&n);
    printf("Elements: ");

    for(i=0;i<n;i++)
    {
        scanf("%d",&a[i]);
    }
    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
    {
        for (int j = 0; j < n; j++)
        {
            if (a[j] > a[i])
            {
                int tmp = a[i];
                a[i] = a[j];
                a[j] = tmp;
            }
        }
    }
    printf("\n\nAscending : ");
    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
    {

```

```

        printf(" %d ", a[i]);
    }
    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
    {
        for (int j = 0; j < n; j++)
        {
            if (a[j] < a[i])
            {
                int tmp = a[i];
                a[i] = a[j];
                a[j] = tmp;
            }
        }
        printf("\n\nDescending : ");
    }
    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
    {
        printf(" %d ", a[i]);
    }
}

```

6. WAP to make addition, Subtraction and multiplication of two matrix using 2-D Array.

```

➤ #include <stdio.h>
void main()
{
    int m, n;
    scanf("%d %d",&m,&n);

    int i, j;

    int mat1[m][n], mat2[m][n], mat3[m][n];
    for(i = 0; i < m; i++)
    {
        for(j = 0; j < n; j++)
            scanf("%d",&mat1[i][j]);
    }
    for(i = 0; i < m; i++)
    {
        for(j = 0; j < n; j++)

```

```

scanf("%d",&mat2[i][j]);
}

for(i = 0; i < m; i++)
{
for(j = 0; j < n; j++)
{
mat3[i][j] = mat1[i][j] + mat2[i][j];
}
}

for(i = 0; i < m; i++)
{
for(j = 0; j < n; j++)
printf("%d ", mat3[i][j]);
printf("\n");
}
}

```

7. WAP Find out length of string without using inbuilt function.

➤ #include <stdio.h>

```

void main()
{
    char string[50];
    int i, length = 0;
    printf("Enter the string: \n");
    gets(string);

    for (i = 0; string[i] != '\0'; i++)
    {
        length++;
    }
    printf("The length of a string is the number of characters in it \n");
    printf("So, the length of %s = %d\n", string,length);
}

```

8. WAP to reverse a string and check that the string is palindrome or not.

```
➤ #include <stdio.h>
#include <string.h>

void main()
{
    char inputArray[100], reversedArray[100];

    printf("Enter the string for palindrome check\n");
    scanf("%s", inputArray);
    /* Copy input string and reverse it*/
    strcpy(reversedArray, inputArray);
    /* reverse string */
    strrev(reversedArray);
    /* Compare reversed string with input string */
    if(strcmp(inputArray, reversedArray) == 0 )
        printf("%s is a palindrome.\n", inputArray);
    else
        printf("%s is not a palindrome.\n",inputArray);

    getch();
}
```

9. Write a program of structure employee that provides the following information -print and display empno, empname, address and age.

```
➤ #include <stdio.h>

struct employee{
    char  name[30];
    int   empId;
    float salary;
};

int main()
```



```

{
    struct employee emp;

    printf("\nEnter details :\n");
    printf("Name ?:" );    gets(emp.name);
    printf("ID ?:" );      scanf("%d",&emp.empld);
    printf("Salary ?:" );  scanf("%f",&emp.salary);

    printf("\nEnter detail is:");
    printf("Name: %s" ,emp.name);
    printf("Id: %d" ,emp.empld);
    printf("Salary: %f\n",emp.salary);
}

```

10. Write a program of structure for five employee that provides the following information -print and display empno, empname, address and age.

➤ #include <stdio.h>

```

typedef struct
{
    char name[30];
    int id;
    double salary;
}
Employee;

int main()
{

    int n=2;

    printf("Enter %d Employee Details \n \n",n);
    for(int i=0; i<n; i++){
        printf("Employee %d:- \n",i+1);
    }
}

```

```

printf("Name: ");
scanf("%[^\n]s",employees[i].name);

printf("Id: ");
scanf("%d",&employees[i].id);

printf("Salary: ");
scanf("%lf",&employees[i].salary);

char ch = getchar();

printf("\n");
}

printf("----- All Employees Details ----- \n");
for(int i=0; i<n; i++){
    printf("Name \t: ");
    printf("%s \n",employees[i].name);

    printf("Id \t: ");
    printf("%d \n",employees[i].id);

    printf("Salary \t: ");
    printf("%.2lf \n",employees[i].salary);

    printf("\n");
}

return 0;
}

```

11. WAP to show difference between Structure and Union.

➤ struct [structure name]
{
 member definition;

```
    member definition;  
    ...  
    member definition;  
};
```

(OR)

```
struct [structure name]  
{  
    member definition;  
    member definition;  
    ...  
    member definition;  
}structure variable declaration;
```