

# Dynamic Programming (contd.)

## Interval Scheduling

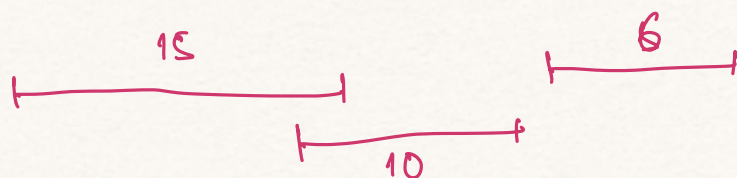
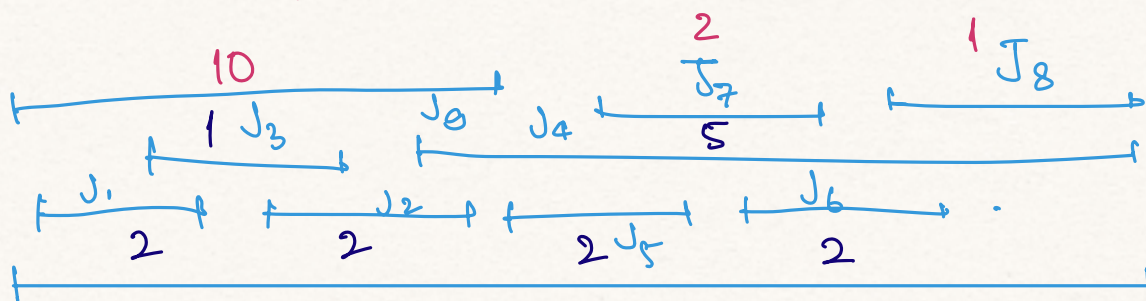
$P = J_1, J_2, \dots, J_n \leftarrow \text{Jobs}$   
 $s_1, s_2, \dots, s_n \leftarrow \text{Start times}$   
 $f_1, f_2, \dots, f_n \leftarrow \text{End times}$   
 $w_1, w_2, \dots, w_n \leftarrow \text{Weights}$

Want:

Maximum number of non-overlapping jobs

Earliest finish time.

Want:  $\max_{S \subseteq P} \left( \sum_{i \in S} w_i \right)$   
 $\uparrow$   
 $S$  contains non-overlapping jobs  
 $\nwarrow$   $\neq$  non-negative.



1. Sort the jobs on the basis of their finish times (start).

$J_1, \dots, J_n$

$s_1 \dots s_n$

$f_1 \dots f_n \leftarrow f_1 \leq f_2 \leq \dots \leq f_n$

$w_1 \dots w_n$

Case-1: Job  $J_n \in$  optimal subset  $O$  }

Case-2: Job  $J_n \notin$  optimal subset  $O$  }

Case-1:  $J_n \in O$ :

- $P_n$  = Set of all jobs that do not overlap with  $J_n$ .
- Find the <sup>wt of</sup> optimal subset in  $P_n$ .
- Report  $w_n$  + wt of optimal subset in  $P_n$ .

Case-2:  $J_n \notin O$ :

- Report the wt. of the optimal subset in  $P \setminus \{J_n\}$

Optimal Subset Wt ( $J_1, \dots, J_n$ ):

if  $n=1$ : return  $w_1$ .

if  $n=0$ : return 0.

Construct  $P_n$  by doing a linear scan

$$\hat{w} = w_n + \text{OptimalSubsetWt}(P_n)$$

$$\tilde{w} = \text{OptimalSubsetWt}((J_1, \dots, J_{n-1}))$$

Return  $\max\{\hat{w}, \tilde{w}\}$ .

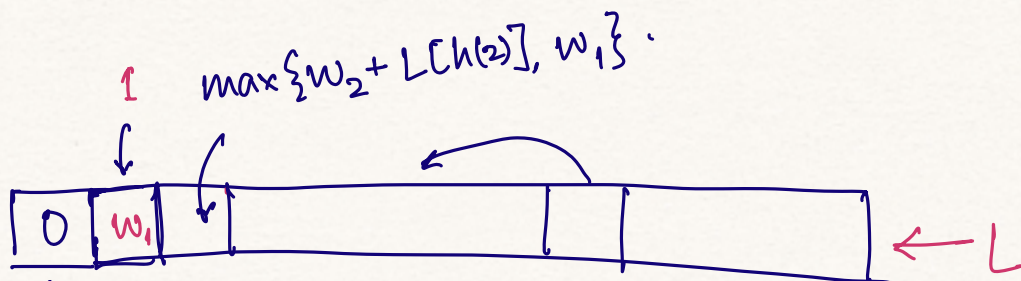
Let  $h(n)$  be the index of the last non-overlapping job with  $J_n$ .

$$P_n = \{J_1, \dots, J_{h(n)}\}.$$

Sub problems

OptimalSubsetWt( $J_1, \dots, J_k$ )

for some  $k \in \{1, \dots, n\}$ .  
set of



$$L[n] = \max\{w_n + L[h(n)], L[n-1]\}.$$

$$\max\{w_1 + 0, 0\}$$



# 0-1 Knapsack.

Items  $I_1, I_2, \dots, I_n$   
 $w_1, w_2, \dots, w_n$  ← integral wts.  
 Knapsack of max wt  $W$ .

Obj:  $\max_{S \subseteq [n]} \sum_{i \in S} w_i$   
 Subj to  $\sum_{i \in S} w_i \leq W$

Sort it  
 → Pick wts as long as it does not exceed  $W$ .

Case 1:  $I_n$  is chosen.  
 $w_n$  is chosen.

↳  $\max_{S \subseteq [n-1]} \sum_{i \in S} w_i$   
 Subj to  $\sum_{i \in S} w_i \leq W - w_n$ .

1, 2, 3, 10  
 ↑ decr. order.  
 10, 4, 4, 4 | 12.

Case 2:  $w_n$  is not chosen

↳  $\max_{S \subseteq [n-1]} \sum_{i \in S} w_i$   
 Subj to  $\sum_{i \in S} w_i \leq W$

max over these two cases.

Optimal Subset wt ( $P, W$ )

If no. of items = 1:  
 if wt of item  $< W$ : return wt  
 else 0.

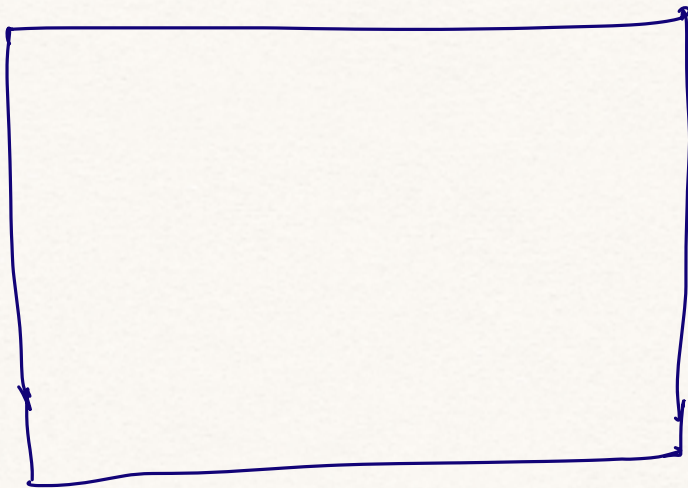
$\hat{w} = w_n + \text{OptimalSubsetWt}(P \setminus \{\text{item } n\}, W - w_n)$

$\hat{w} = \text{OptimalSubsetWt}(P \setminus \{\text{item } n\}, W)$ .

Return  $\max \{ \hat{w}, \tilde{w} \}$ .

↳ Sub problem structure

Optimal Subset Wt (Subset of item,  
a weight bound.)



← # of rows  $\leq n+1$   
# of cols  $\leq \underline{W}$

$w_1, \dots, w_n$   
←

poly(n, W)

unary }  
binary }

N ← binary  
 $\log N = t$

$$\sqrt{N} \sim 2^{\frac{\log N}{2}} \sim 2^{t/2}$$