<i>B</i> a	ஓ $artheta$ கூற்கூற் ඇத்தின் (முழுப் பதிப்புரிமையுடையது $/A$	ll Rights Rese	erved]		
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	අධායන ප <u>ෞදු සහනික</u> கல்விப் பொதுத் தராதரப் General Certificate of Educ	பத்திர (உ	ர் தர)ப் பரீட்	சை, 2018 ஓ க	ஸ்ற்
(තක්ෂණවේදය සඳහා විදාපාව தாழினுட்பவியலுக்கான விஞ்ஞானம Science for Technology		EI	පැය ම) ந <i>மணித்தியாலம்</i>
Ī	**************************************	back of the 0 , pick one	answer sheet co	refully. ives from (1),	
	a cross (x) in accordance with th* Use of calculators is not allowed.	e instruction	s given on the	back of the an	swer sheet.
1.	Corynobacterium glutamicum bacteria (1) antibiotics. (2) ethanol.		produce o acids. (4) vi	negar. (5	5) beer.
2.	Consider the following microorganism (A) Streptococcus lactis (B) Clostridium tetani (C) Lactobacillus spp. Which of the above microorganism/s (1) (A) only. (4) (A) and (B) only.	is/are used (2) (B) (-		3) (C) only.
3.	Two monosaccharides present in beet (1) glucose and sucrose. (3) galactose and fructose. (5) glucose and lactose.	(2) gluco	ose and galactosese and fructose		
4.	Anerobic microbial activity of a was primary treatment. sludge digestion. 	(2) secon	tment plant is dary treatment. fection and rele	(3	ep of, 3) settling tank.
5.	Consider the following statements. The reaction between vinegar and so (A) acid base reaction. (B) exothermic reaction. (C) endothermic reaction. Of the above, the correct statement/s (1) (A) only.				3) (C) only.
6	(4) (A) and (B) only. Heat can be defined as the	(5) (A) a	and (C) only.		
··	 temperature of a system. flow of energy between two system. amount of work done by a system. 				energy of a system done on a system
7.	Activation energy for a given reactio (1) average energy of reactants. (2) average energy of reactants at 2		atmospheric p	ressure.	

(3) energy difference between reactants and products.

(5) amount of energy released from the reaction.

(4) minimum amount of energy required to initiate the reaction.

8. Consider the following statements.

Vulcanized rubber

- (A) has more cross links than natural rubber.
- (B) can be softened using heat and remoulded to a new shape.
- (C) is stronger than natural rubber.

Of the above, the correct statement/s would be

(1) (A) only.

- (2) (A) and (B) only.
- (3) (A) and (C) only.

- (4) (B) and (C) only.
- (5) All (A), (B) and (C).
- 9. Use of the 4R concept is more suitable than the 3R concept for the plastic recycling process in Sri Lanka. The newly added fourth R concept to the 3R concept is
 - (1) Reuse.
- (2) Recycle.
- (3) Reduce.
- (4) Rethink.
- (5) Refuse.

- 10. All natural products are
 - (1) produced using water, carbon dioxide and other compounds.
 - (2) produced only by plants.
 - (3) primary metabolites only.
 - (4) useful for the growth of living organisms.
 - (5) volatile organic compounds.
- 11. Which of the following can be used to draw the baseline when preparing a thin layer chromatographic plate?
 - (1) A ball-point pen
- (2) A sharp object
- (3) A marker pen

(4) A blunt object

- (5) A pencil
- 12. An investor refused to start a caustic soda production plant saying it will not be commercially viable in Sri Lanka. What can be the main reason for the above decision of the investor?
 - (1) Formation of by-products
 - (2) High cost of electricity
 - (3) High production cost of pure NaCl
 - (4) Pure NaCl is not commercially available.
 - (5) No market for caustic soda in Sri Lanka
- 13. Production of TiO₂ nano particles is a suitable industry for Sri Lanka. This is due to the
 - (1) availability of Ilmenite in Pulmude.
 - (2) availability of Apatite in Eppawala.
 - (3) popularity of the production of TiO₂ nano particles in Sri Lanka.
 - (4) availability of the industries based on TiO₂ nano particles in Sri Lanka.
 - (5) availability of TiO, nano particle deposits in Sri Lanka.
- 14. Which of the following government institutions is responsible for issuing Sri Lankan Patents?
 - (1) Sri Lanka Inventors Commission
 - (2) Ministry of Science, Technology and Research
 - (3) National Intellectual Property Office
 - (4) National Science Foundation
 - (5) Ministry of Higher Education
- 15. Acid rains are produced due to dissolution of atmospheric acidic gases in atmospheric water. Which of the following statements is true about acid rains?
 - (1) Carbon dioxide can produce acid rains.
 - (2) The acidity of an acid rain depends on the amount of acidic gases dissolved.
 - (3) The acidity of an acid rain is independent of the strength of the acid produced.
 - (4) Atmospheric SO₂ does not produce acid rains.
 - (5) The pH value of acid rains is higher than 7.

- 16. Consider the following statements regarding compost fertilizers.
 - (A) The amount of primary nutrients in compost fertilizers is higher than that of chemical fertilizers.
 - (B) Compose fertilizers improve the cation exchange capacity of soil.
 - (C) Compost fertilizers mainly provide micronutrients to plants.

Of the above, the correct statement/s would be

(1) (A) only.

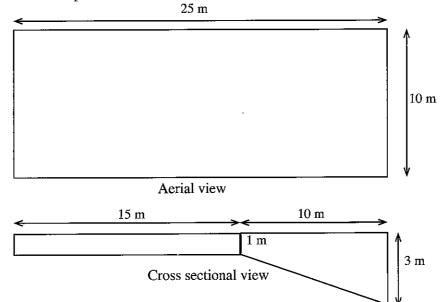
- (2) (A) and (B) only.
- (3) (A) and (C) only.

- (4) (B) and (C) only.
- (5) All (A), (B) and (C).
- 17. The type of rays requires for the natural generation of ozone gas is,
 - (1) infrared rays.

(2) X-rays.

(3) visible light.

- (4) ultra violet rays.
- (5) Gamma rays.
- 18. If 1 litre of paint is required to paint a surface area of 1000 cm², then the volume of paint needed (in litres) to apply on the surface of a closed right circular cone with a slant height 36 cm and base radius 14 cm is, $\left(\pi = \frac{22}{7}\right)$ (1) 1.584 (2) 2.200
- (3) 616
- (4) 1584
- (5) 2200
- 19. It is required to construct a staircase to climb 15 m vertically, when 25 m horizontal distance is travelled. How many steps are needed for this purpose when the width and the height of each step are 25 cm and 15 cm, respectively?
 - (1) 10
- (2) 20
- (3) 40
- (4) 100
- (5) 200
- **20**. Consider a line segment AB, which connects points A = (1, 2) and B = (5, 4). The line which is perpendicular to AB and goes through the mid-point of AB cuts the Y-axis at the point of
 - (1) (9, 0)
- (2) (0, 9)
- (3) (4.5, 0)
- (4) (0, 4.5)
- (5) (0, 1.5)
- 21. Aerial and cross sectional views of a swimming pool are given below. The volume of water required to fill the pool is,



- (1) 15 m^3 .
- (2) 35 m^3 .
- (3) 250 m^3 .
- (4) 350 m^3 .
- (5) 550 m³.
- 22. The class limits of a grouped frequency distribution is given in the table and its mean is found to be 9. However, it was observed later that the grouped frequency distribution was constructed by incorrectly recording 16 instead of 8. Hence, it was corrected and the mean was recalculated and found to be 7. How many data points are there in the grouped frequency distribution?

Class limit
1 -5
6 - 10
11 - 15
16 - 20

(1) 3

(2) 4

(3) 5

- (4) 8
- (5) Insufficient information to calculate.

23.	23. Consider the following data set. -1, -2, -2, 0, -5, 5, 3, 5, 6, 121, -	4. 125
	The most suitable measure/s of central tendency (1) mean. (2) media	for the data set is/are,
24.	24. A company wishes to design a water tank of a cylindrical tank with a radius of 3 units and a sphe cost per unit surface area for each shape is Rs. 1 and spherical shaped tanks respectively in rupees (1) 1260 and 1080. (2) 1080 (4) 1080 and 565. (5) 1260	rical tank with a radius of 3 units. The production $0/-$. If $\pi = 3$, the production costs for cylindrical are, and 1260. (3) 1260 and 565.
25.	25. The perimeter of the triangle whose vertices are (1) 36 (2) $\sqrt{389}$ (3) $\sqrt{470}$	(2, 2), (10, 8) and (10, 17) in linear units is, (4) 389 (5) 470
26.	26. Consider the two lines given by $2x + 3y + 1 = 0$ (1) have the same intercept. (2) are period (3) coincide. (4) are parallel.	
27.	27. The point resides on the both lines $x - 2y = 1$ and	ad 2x - y = 1 is,
	(1) (1, 0) (2) (0, 1) (3) $\left(\frac{1}{3}, -\frac{1}{3}\right)$	$\frac{1}{3}$ (4) $\left(-\frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{3}\right)$ (5) (0, 0)
28.	28. Which of the following is not an important factor (1) Hard disk capacity (2) Random (3) Processor type and speed (4) Printer (5) Number of USB ports	m Access Memory (RAM)
29 .	(A) Memory of a computer consists of RA (B) Cache memory and RAM are non-vola (C) PROM stands for Programmable Read Of the above, the correct statement/s is/are (1) (A) only. (2) (B) on (4) (A) and (B) only. (5) (A) an	M, ROM and Cache memory. tile memory devices. Only Memory.
30.	 (1) Windows, Interactions, Mails, Pointer. (2) Windows, Icons, Menu, Pointer. (3) Web, Icons, Mails, Programmes. (4) Web, Interactions, Menu, Programmes. (5) Web, Icons, Mails, Pointer. 	MP is abbreviated for the components
31.	1. Which one of the following commands should be	e used to write the equation
	$C_2H_4 + 30_2 \rightarrow 2CO_2 + 2H_2O$ in a word pr	ocessor?
	(1) Subscript (2) Italics (3) Supers	script (4) Strikethrough (5) Text effects
32.	(2) In a typical word processing software F1 key is(1) open a new file.(3) open 'find and replace' dialog box.(5) save as a new file.	used to (2) get help. (4) check spelling.

• The question numbers 33 and 34 are based on the following spreadsheet segment. It shows the marks and the corresponding grades obtained by four students for the subject of 'Science for Technology' at the year-end examination of a school.

المالية المالية	A S	В	C
1	Name	Marks	Grade
2	Student 1	68	В
3	Student 2	80	Α
4	Student 3	75	Α
5	Student 4	65	В
6	Average	72	

- 33. The formula that should be included in B6 cell to obtain the average mark of the students is,
 - (1) =MEAN(B2:B5)
- (2) = AVERAGE(B2:B5)
- (3) = AVERAGE(B2+B3+B4+B5)
- (4) = COUNT(B2+B3+B4+B5)

- (5) = AVG(B2:B5)
- 34. The function that should be used to obtain the grade in column C is,
 - (1) **SUM**
- (2) COUNT
- (3) IF
- (4) MAX
- (5) MIN

- 35. Which of the following is not a view in PowerPoint?
 - (1) Presentation view
- (2) Slide sorter view
- (3) Slide show view
- (4) Reading view

- (5) Normal view
- 36. A web address belongs to Sri Lanka is
 - (1) www.gov.cn

(2) www.ausregistry.com.au

(3) www.ox.ac.uk

- (4) www.nic.sl
- (5) www.mohe.gov.lk
- 37. The most appropriate password for an email account is,
 - (1) Sachiperera

- (2) drged#23@BLo
- (3) Password123

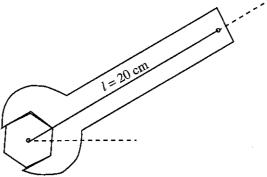
(4) Birthday0910

- (5) MataraColombo
- 38. Object A rotates at an angular velocity of 10 rad s⁻¹ and its moment of inertia about the rotating axis is 3 kg m². Another object B of mass 12 kg is executing a linear motion with the same kinetic energy as that of the object A. The moving speed of the object B is,
 - (1) 1 m s^{-1}
- (2) 2 m s^{-1}
- (3) 3 m s⁻¹
- (4) 4 m s⁻¹
- (5) 5 m s⁻¹
- **39.** Two liquids in two identical calorimeters are at the same temperature. When heat is supplied to them for a same period of time at a constant rate, the final temperature of both liquids becomes equal. Select the correct statement out of the following.
 - (1) Densities of two liquids are equal.
 - (2) Masses of two liquids are equal.
 - (3) Volumes of two liquids are equal.
 - (4) Heat capacities of two liquids are equal.
 - (5) Specific heat capacities of two liquids are equal.
- **40**. Under which given situation the maximum heat is dissipated from a circuit having a resistant wire and a cell with negligible internal resistance?
 - (1) Connecting the wire to the terminals of the cell.
 - (2) Connecting half of the wire to the terminals of the cell.
 - (3) Connecting one third of the wire to the terminals of the cell.
 - (4) Cutting the wire into two equal pieces and connecting them in parallel to the terminals of the cell.
 - (5) Cutting the wire into three equal pieces and connecting them in parallel to the terminals of the cell

41. A water-pump pumps out 1200 kg mass of water per minute from a tube well of 30 m depth. If water is released with a velocity of 3 m s⁻¹, how much work is done, when the pump runs for an hour? Consider the gravitational acceleration as 10 m s⁻²

(1) 1.69 J

- (2) 6.09 kJ
- (3) $3.24 \times 10^2 \text{ kJ}$ (4) $2.16 \times 10^4 \text{ kJ}$ (5) $2.19 \times 10^4 \text{ kJ}$
- 42. A 20 N m torque is needed to untight a tightened nut. A wrench of length 20 cm is used for this purpose as shown in the figure. What is the minimum force should be applied onto the handle of the wrench to untight the nut?



- (1) 1 N
- (2) 5 N
- (3) 20 N
- (4) 100 N
- (5) 200 N

- 43. Consider the following statements about a transformer.
 - (A) Use to vary the magnitude of alternating voltage
 - (B) Step up transformers are used in direct current power supplies.
 - (C) In step down transformers, the number of turns in the secondary coil is greater than the number of turns in the primary coil.

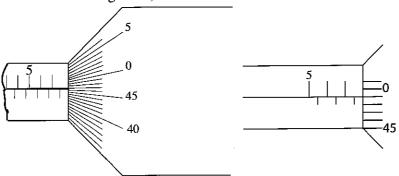
Of the above, the true statement/s is/are

(1) (A) only.

(2) (B) only.

(3) (C) only.

- (4) (A) and (B) only.
- (5) All (A), (B) and (C).
- 44. A micrometer screw gauge is having a thimble with 50 divisions and a pitch of 0.5 mm. The reading of it as shown in the figure is,

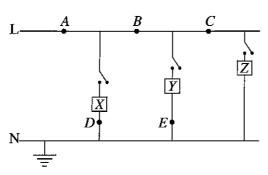


- (1) 7.01 mm
- (2) 7.49 mm
- (3) 7.51 mm
- (4) 7.99 mm
- (5) 8.00 mm
- 45. When a car is started, its starter motor draws 50 A of current from the battery of 12 V for 1.2 s. How much electrical energy does the battery supply if its internal resistance is negligible?

(1) 5 J

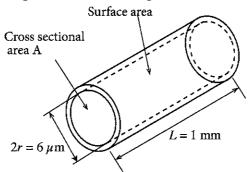
- (2) 60 J
- (3) 500 J
- (4) 600 J
- (5) 720 J
- 46. Which of the following statements on thermal radiation is correct?
 - (1) A good absorber of thermal radiation is not a good emitter.
 - (2) Silver plated glass walls in thermos flask minimize the radiation loss.
 - (3) Thermal radiation does not belong to electromagnetic waves.
 - (4) Black clothes are recommended for the warm sunny places, as they do not absorb more heat radiation.
 - (5) Heat transfers from one place to another only by radiation.

47. A part of a domestic electrical circuit is shown in the figure. X, Y and Z are three electrical apparatus in it. Which is the best position to fix a circuit breaker in order to protect the circuit in the event of short-circuit at any apparatus?



- (1) A
- (2) B
- (3) C
- (4) D
- (5) E
- 48. Which of the following statements on stretched wire is correct?
 - (1) The product of tension and extension gives elastic potential energy stored in it.
 - (2) Even if the wire is stretched beyond its elastic limit, it will return to the initial length upon removal of the stress.
 - (3) Tension of the wire is proportional to its extension within the proportional limit.
 - (4) Stress is equal to the product of the force applied and the cross-sectional area of the wire.
 - (5) The wire can be stretched only after its elastic limit.

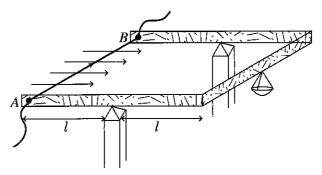
49. The blood flowing rate from the heart of a person at rest is 6 litres per minute and this volume passes through the capillaries at an average speed of 1 mm s⁻¹. A schematic of one capillary is given below. Assume that blood is an incompressible fluid having laminar flow.



If $\pi = 3$, the number of capillaries in the body is,

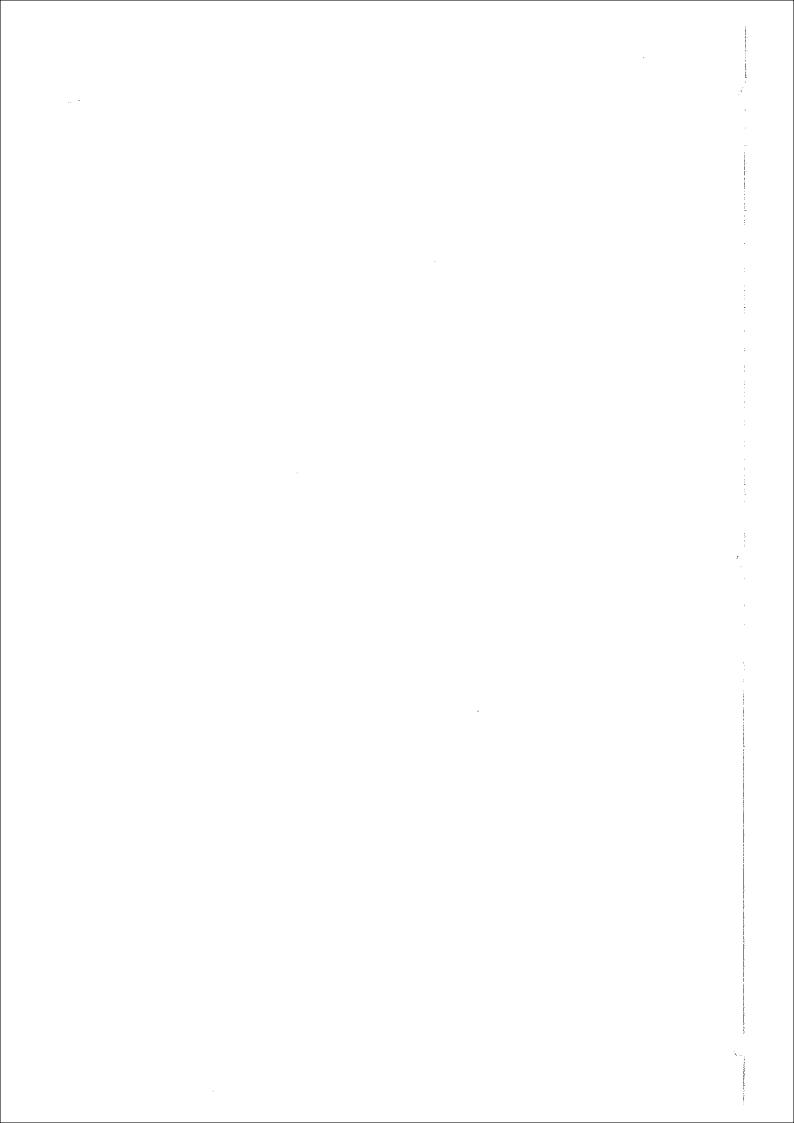
- (1) 7.3×10^6
- $(2) 9.3 \times 10^8$
- (3) 3.7×10^9
- $(4) 5.6 \times 10^{10}$
- (5) 2.2×10^{11}

50. In a part of a current balance, a conducting wire is connected between A and B points of the plastic frame and the system is balanced on the horizontal plane as shown in the figure. The length of the wire is 10 cm and a uniform horizontal magnetic field with 2×10^{-3} T flux density is applied across the wire. If an electric current of 10 A flows in the wire from A to B, what is the mass required to keep on the pan in order to balance the system on the same



horizontal plane? Consider the gravitational acceleration as 10 m s⁻².

- (1) 0.02 g
- (2) 0.20 g
- (3) 2.00 g
- (4) 0.20 kg
- (5) 2.00 kg



ලි ලංකා මහත දෙපාර්තමේත්තුව ලී ලංකා මහත දෙපාර්තමේ**ල් ලියිකාංමිලියකු සිදුල්දුර්ජාවේ නිය**ිකුණු විශාක දෙපාර්තමේත්තුව ලී ලංකා මහත දෙපාර්තමේත්තුව இவங்கைப் பரிட்சைத் නිකානස්සනණ (ඉහங்கைப் பළி නියිකුණ් නිකානස්සනණ (ඉබඩාහන්) ප්රදාන සිදුල්දුරු නිකානස්සනණ (ඉබඩාහන්) Department of Examinations, Sri Lanka Department of Examinations, Sri Lanka ලී ලංකා මහත දෙපාරතමේත්තුව ලී ලංකා මහත දෙපාරමේක්තුල් සිංහුල්දුරු සිදුල්දුරු සිදුල්දුරු ලෙපාර්තමේත්තුව ලී ලංකා මහත දෙපාරතමේත්තුව ලී ලංකා මහත දෙපාරතමේත්තුව ලී ලංකා මහත දෙපාරතමේත්තුව ඉහඩාගයට පාරිද්යාපන නිකානස්සනණ (ඉහඩාගයට පැරිසාවේ නිකානස්සනණ ඉඩාහන්සනණ ඉතිනාස්සනණ ඉහඩාගයට පාරිද්යාපන නිකානස්සනණ

> අධායන පොදු සහතික පතු (උසස් පෙළ) විභාගය, 2018 අගෝස්තු கல்விப் பொதுத் தராதரப் பத்திர (உயர் தர)ப் பரீட்சை, 2018 ஓகஸ்ற் General Certificate of Education (Adv. Level) Examination, August 2018

> > II

II

තාක්ෂණවේදය සඳහා විදෲව தொழினுட்பவியலுக்கான விஞ்ஞானம் Science for Technology 67 E I

17.08.2018 / 0830 - 1140

පැය තුනයි மூன்று மணித்தியாலம் Three hours අමතර කියවීම් කාලය - මිනිත්තු 10 යි மேலதிக வாசிப்பு நேரம் - 10 நிமிடங்கள் Additional Reading Time - 10 minutes

Use additional reading time to go through the question paper, select the questions and decide on the questions that you give priority in answering.

Index No. :

Instructions:

- * This question paper consists of 11 pages.
- * This question paper comprises of four Parts A, B, C and D. The time allotted for all parts is three hours.
- * Use of calculators is not allowed.

Part A - Structured Essay (Pages 2 - 6)

- * Answer all the questions on this paper itself.
- * Write your answers in the space provided for each question. Note that the space provided is sufficient for your answers and that extensive answers are not expected.

Parts B, C and D - Essay (Pages 7 - 11)

- * Select minimum of one question from each of the parts B, C and D and answer four questions only. Use the papers supplied for this purpose. At the end of the time allotted for this paper, tie all parts together so that Part A is on the top of Parts B, C and D before handing over to the supervisor.
- * You are permitted to remove only Parts B, C and D of the question paper from the examination hall.

For Examiners' Use Only

Part	Q. No.	Marks
	1	
	2	
A	3	
	4	
В	5	
	6	
C	7	
	8	
D	9	
	10	
Total		
Percenta	ge	

Fina	ŀ	М	ar	ke
		17.	21	M 3

In Numbers	
In Words	

Code Numbers

Marking Examiner 1	
Marking Examiner 2	
Checked by	
Supervised by	

Part A - Structured Essay

Do not write in this

		Answer all questions on this	paper itself.	- c
are li			earth. Few of those microorganisms questions, using the microorganisms	
_	(A) Acetobacter	(B) Clostridium	(C) Lactobacillus	
	(D) Saccharomyces	• •	(F) Methanococcus	
a Gr		that the above D and E m		
			of both microorganisms, D and E ?	· ?
(iii)		be produced by using the	microorganism E?	
(iv)		nism that can be used in 1	more than one industry.	
(v)	Name the microorgan	nism that is involved in bi	ogas production.	
(vi)	•	•	mpulsory anaerobic condition?	
(vii)		f a Lactobacillus cell?		
	***************************************	••••••••••••		
		•	al fermentation. The two main steps	
111 (can be given as follows:	Ston 2	
	Step 1		Step 2	
Rav	V material $(X) \longrightarrow$	Intermediate product (Y)	→ Vinegar	
(i)	What is the most wid	•	ne vinegar production in Sri Lanka?	
(ii)	Name the disachchar	de in 'X'.		
(iii)		ent used for the identificati	on of 'X'?	
(iv)		ep 2, which step is based	on the microbial fermentation?	
(v)			cess that Acetobacter is involved?	
(vi)			1, what is the product that can be	(
(vii)	Write the chemical n			
(/				
				11

2.	Calorific value (amount of heat produced on complete burning of 1 g of fuel) of wood
	is less than LP gas. Technologically advanced Gliricidia wood pellets have a greater
	calorific value compared to typical wood based fuel. Gliricidia (Gliricidia sepium) is
	commonly used in wood pellet production industries in Sri Lanka.

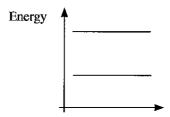
write in this column

Chemical reaction of the combustion of the Gliricidia pellets can be given as follows.

Products (P)

Gliricidia pellets +
$$O_2(g)$$
 \longrightarrow $CO_2(g)$ + $H_2O(l)$ + Ash

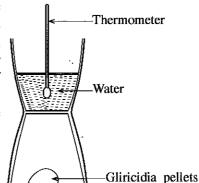
- (a) (i) Is the combustion of wood fuel an endothermic or exothermic?
 - (ii) For the above combustion, mark the energy positions of the reactants (R) and the products (P) on the relevant energy levels in the given diagram below.



(iii) State two environmental advantages of using Gliricidia wood pellets over LP gas to produce energy.

(1)					
-----	--	--	--	--	--

- (2)
- (b) A sketch of the experimental setup to determine the calorific values of Gliricidia wood and Gliricidia wood pellets is given in the figure. A mass of 500 g of water is used for the experiment. The specific heat capacity of water is 4.2 J °C⁻¹ g⁻¹. The water at the initial temperature of 32 °C has warmed upto final temperature of 62 °C when a mass of 15 g of Gliricidia pellets combusted for the experiment.



(i) Calculate the amount of heat absorbed by water.

(ii) The time taken for the combustion of $15\,\mathrm{g}$ of Gliricidia wood pellets is 20 minutes. Calculate the rate of combustion in $\mathrm{g}\ \mathrm{min}^{-1}$.

.....

(iii) Calculate the calorific value of Gliricidia wood pellets used for the experiment.

.....

l	(iv	Standard calorific value reported in literature is greater than the calorific value of Gliricidia wood pellets obtained from this experiment. State one possible reason for this observation.	in this column
			Q. 2
			100
			100
3.	the cop	have been asked to design and perform an experiment in the laboratory to determine specific latent heat of fusion of ice using the method of mixtures. A thermally insulated per calorimeter with water and a stirrer with a mesh, small ice pieces, blotting papers, iple beam balance, a thermometer and a Bunsen burner are provided.	
	(i)	State one advantage of using a thermally insulated calorimeter.	
	(ii)	What are the three measurements obtained before adding ice to the calorimeter?	
		X ₁ :	
		X_2 :	
		X ₃ :	
	(iii)	State two precautionary steps that you should follow when ice is added into the calorimeter.	
		(1)	
		(2)	
	(iv)	What are the two measurements obtained after finishing the process of adding ice to the calorimeter?	
		X ₄ :	ĺ
		X _z :	
	(v)	If L is the specific latent heat of fusion of ice, C_W is the specific heat capacity of water and C is the specific heat capacity of copper,	
		(1) write an expression for the heat gained in terms of the measurements you	
		obtained when melting ice.	
		(2) write an expression for the heat emitted by water and the calorimeter in terms of the measurements you obtained.	
		(3) write an equation to determine the specific latent heat of fusion of ice using the above expressions.	
	(vi)	Write a reason for not using powdered ice instead of small ice pieces in this experiment.	

(b) (i)	Explain why ice is transported as large pieces. Do write in the column of the column			
(ii)	Fishes are stored in synthetic polymer boxes with ice pieces for preservation. What is the scientific reason to use synthetic polymer boxes?			
##IS	-			
(iii)	In transportation, ice pieces are embedded in wooden flakes. Give the scientific reason for this.			
4				
(IV)	What is the biological reason for preserving fishes at low temperature?			
(v)	There are 10 kg of fish in a heat insulated box at 30 °C temperature. Calculate the mass of ice that is needed to decrease the temperature of fish to 15 °C.			
	The specific latent heat of fusion of ice is $3.33 \times 10^5 \mathrm{J kg^{-1}}$ and the specific heat capacity of water is $4200 \mathrm{J} ^{\circ}\mathrm{C}^{-1} \mathrm{kg}^{-1}$. Assume that the average specific heat capacity of the body materials of fish is $2640 \mathrm{J} ^{\circ}\mathrm{C}^{-1} \mathrm{kg}^{-1}$.	Q.3		
	······································	100		
site. A li to the p motor, th	en diagram shows a setup used to lift a mixture of concrete at a building construction ight cable has been wound around the pulley. One end of the cable has been attached bulley and the other end to the bucket. When the pulley is rotated by the electric he bucket is lifted by winding the cable around the pulley. Consider the gravitational ion as 10 m s ⁻² and the ground as the level of zero potential. Pulley			
	B Electric motor			
	18 m			
	Bucket			
	A			
(a) (i)	The bucket with concrete mixture is performing motion.			
(ii)	Pulley is performing motion.			
(iii)	Mark the forces acting on the bucket in the diagram.			

(iv) Mark the forces acting on the pulley in the diagram, if the pulley with the axle is rotated around a smooth axis.

(b)	(i)	Calculate the tension of the cable when it is lifting at an acceleration of 2 m s ⁻² and if the mass of the bucket with the concrete mixture is 100 kg.	Do not write in this column
	(ii)	What is the angular acceleration of the pulley if the radius of it is 25 cm?	
	(iii)	What is the effective torque acting on the pulley if the moment of inertia of the pulley with the axle is 25 kg m^2 ?	
(c)		bucket with the concrete mixture is lifted at 18 m height at 6 seconds and stopped. What is the potential energy gained by the bucket with the mixture?	
	.,	What is the output power of the motor?	
	(iii)	What is the efficiency of the setup if the input power of the motor is 5 kW?	
(d)	Wil	I the change of radius of the pulley affect the efficiency of the setup?	
	Justi	ify your answer scientifically.	
(e)		the rotating axle of the pulley in the setup is rough, is the efficiency of the setup reasing or increasing or not changing?	
	Brie	fly write the scientific reason for your answer.	Q.4
	••••	* *	100

සියලු ම හිමිකම් ඇව්රිණි / மුඟුට பதிப்புரிமையுடையது / All Rights Reserved] මු ලංකා විශාත දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව ල් ලංකා විශාත අදපාර්තමේන්තු වැනියක් සිදුල්ලන්තුවෙන් යුතු විශාත දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව ල් ලංකා විශාත අදපාර්තමේන්තුව මුණාගනයට පුරිදිකළේ නිකාශන්යනයට මුණාගනයට පුරිදුක්තුවෙන්න සිදුල්ලන්තුවෙන් නිකාශන්යනයට පුරිදුක්තුවෙන් නිකාශන්යනයට පුරිදුක්තුවෙන් සිදුල්ලන් නිකාශන්යනයට පුරිදුක්තුවෙන් සිදුල්ලන් සිදුල අධායන පොදු සහතික පතු (උසස් පෙළ) විභාගය, 2018 අගෝස්තු கல்விப் பொதுத் தராதரப் பத்திர (உயர் தர)ப் பரீட்சை, 2018 ஓகஸ்ற்

General Certificate of Education (Adv. Level) Examination, August 2018 තාක්ෂණවේදය සඳහා විදාහාව தொழினுட்பவியலுக்கான விஞ்ஞானம் H

Essay



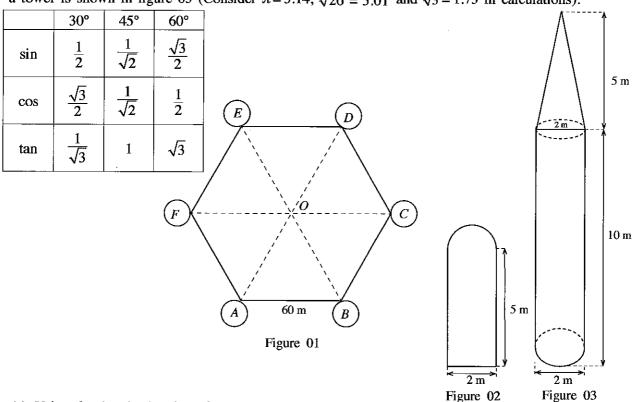
Instructions:

Science for Technology

- * Select minimum of one question each from parts B, C and D and answer four questions only.
- * Each question carries 15 marks.
- * Graph sheet for question number 6 in part B is provided with the question paper.

Part B - Essay

5. The floor plan of an equilateral hexagonal shaped old fort is shown in figure 01. The centre of the fort is O and the side length is 60 m. The main entrance of the fort is at the AB wall and shape of it is depicted in figure 02. There are 6 similar towers in A, B, C, D, E and F corners and the shape of a tower is shown in figure 03 (Consider $\pi = 3.14$, $\sqrt{26} = 5.01$ and $\sqrt{3} = 1.73$ in calculations).



- (a) Using the data in the given figures, calculate the following.
 - (i) Length of FO
 - (ii) Area of the base of a tower
 - (iii) Floor area of section ABCF
 - (iv) Area of the inner floor of the fort
- (b) The door at the main entrance is made of 0.3 m thick wood. The shape of the upper part of the door is semi-circular as shown in figure 02.
 - (i) Calculate the area of the front surface of the door.
 - (ii) The mass of a cubic metre of wood used to make the door is 100 kg. Calculate the mass of the door.
- (c) If the tower given in figure 03 consists of a cylindrical part and a right circular cone, calculate the surface area of a tower. (excluding the base).
- (d) Obtain the tangent value of the angle of elevation to the top of the tower located at the position F as seen by a child at the position O whose eye level is 1 m above the ground.

6. (a) Amount of carbon monoxide emission is measured at the vehicle emission test. Amounts of carbon monoxide obtained by testing 50 petrol cars are given in the following grouped frequency distribution.

Table 1: Grouped frequency distribution for petrol cars

Class limits	Number of vehicles (frequency)	Class boundary	Class mark	Cumulative frequency	Percentage cumulative frequency
0.1-1.0	02				
1.1-2.0	03				
2.1-3.0	10				
3.1-4.0	20				
4.1-5.0	08				
5.1-6.0	05				
6.1-7.0	02				

- (i) Complete class boundary, class mark, cumulative frequency and percentage cumulative frequency columns in the Table 1 above.
- (ii) Using the grouped frequency distribution, calculate the mean of the amount of carbon monoxide emitted by petrol cars.
- (iii) Draw the percentage cumulative frequency curve for the above distribution on the graph paper provided.
- (iv) According to the current law, the petrol cars with carbon monoxide emission greater than 4.5 are considered as not roadworthy. Find the percentage of unroadworthy petrol cars, using the percentage cumulative frequency curve.
- (b) Amount of carbon monoxide obtained for 20 trishaws are tabulated as follows.

Table 2: Ungrouped frequency distribution for trishaws.

Amount of Carbon monoxide	Number of vehicles
3.5	02
4.1	02
4.8	01
5.2	01
5.7	03
6.0	05
6.3	01
6.5	02
7.4	03

- (i) Calculate the range of the middle 50% of the amounts of carbon monoxide emitted by trishaws.
- (ii) Complete the following table using the data given in the Table 2.

Table 3: Grouped frequency distribution for trishaws

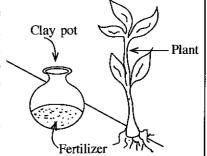
Class limit	Number of vehicles
3.1 – 4.0	
4.1 – 5.0	
5.1 – 6.0	
6.1 – 7.0	
7.1 – 8.0	

- (iii) Using the grouped frequency distributions given in Table 1 and Table 3, determine which type of vehicle has the higher dispersion in amounts of carbon monoxide. Justify your answer.
- (iv) Obtain a single grouped frequency distribution for two types of vehicles using Table 1 and Table 3. (It is enough to show the 'class limit' and the 'number of vehicles' in the new distribution).

Part C - Essay

- 7. Based on current investigations, it has been reported that a larger amount of plastic dumped into the ocean has been collected on the Pacific Ocean surface. It has been estimated that the amount of plastic floating on the ocean surface is approximately 80,000 metric tons. The region with this plastic garbage collected is known as the 'Great Pacific Garbage Patch'.
 - (a) (i) Is plastic a synthetic polymer or a natural polymer?
 - (ii) State one major advantage of plastics.
 - (iii) State one major disadvantage of plastics.
 - (iv) State two actions that can be taken to minimize the environmental impact of plastics.
 - (v) State one possible effect on human due to burning of plastics.
 - (vi) What is the impact of the 'Great Pacific Garbage Patch' on the fish population in Pacific Ocean?
 - (b) Drinking water is a limited natural renewable resource. National Water Supply and Drainage Board distributes water suitable to drink after processing.
 - (i) Water cycle is a natural cycle. Describe it.
 - (ii) What are the two cations responsible for the permanent hardness of water?
 - (iii) Name a chemical that is used by the National Water Supply and Drainage Board to remove mud particles during the water purification process.
 - (iv) Water distributed by the National Water Supply and Drainage Board must not be used to wash vehicles and watering plants. Briefly explain the reason for this.
 - (c) An activity performed by a student using the waste plastic bottles is described below.
 - A used plastic bottle filled with water was tightly closed with a lid and dipped in the cistern of the toilet by the student. This reduced the volume of water required to fill the cistern by 1 litre. Due to this, the amount of water required to flush the toilet once can be reduced by 1 litre.
 - (i) What is the amount of water that can be saved in a school, which uses the toilet 1000 times per day, for 30 days?
 - (ii) If one unit of water is 1000 litre, what is the number of units that can be saved by this method for 30 days?
 - (iii) Use of liquid soap to wash hands after using toilet is a common practice. State one environmental issue that can occur as a result of the release of waste water containing liquid soap.
 - (iv) Suggest a method to reuse waste water containing hand washed liquid soap within the toilet to encourage the water management.
- 8. Resources required to start an industry can be divided into five groups according to the 5M concept.
 - (a) Two essential resource groups listed by this concept are Methods and Materials.
 - (i) According to the 5M concept, what are the other three resource groups required to start an industry?
 - (ii) State **two** factors that must be considered when selecting raw materials.
 - (iii) In the modern 5M concept, Methods and Materials are considered as one group and Marketing is included as a new group. Explain the importance of this group.
 - (b) The organic solvent in expired enamel paints can be recovered using distillation and can be used again for paint production.
 - (i) What is the function of organic solvent present in enamel paint?
 - (ii) What is the solvent used in emulsion paint?
 - (iii) Why is the use of emulsion paint is more environmental friendly compared to the enamel paint?
 - (iv) State **two** advantages that a producer can gain by using organic solvent recovered from expired paint for the production of enamel paints in Sri Lanka.
 - (v) What is the main property of the solvent that must be considered when selecting a solvent for the production of a paint that dries quickly?
 - (vi) State **two** physio-chemical changes that take place during the drying process of enamel paint after application.

(c) A method suggested by a student to apply super phosphate fertilizer to a cultivation located on a steep mountain region with higher precipitation is shown in the diagram. Water is poured into clay pots with fertilizer buried in the ground parallel to the cultivation. Water with fertilizer is slowly dripped into the soil through the walls of clay pots.



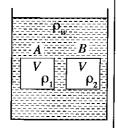
- (i) State one economical and environmental disadvantage each of using larger amounts of fertilizers to obtain greater yields.
- (ii) Name the city in which the largest appetite deposit consisting phosphate in Sri Lanka.
- (iii) What is the disadvantage of addition of super phosphate fertilizer to a cultivation located on a steep mountain region having a high precipitation?
- (iv) How can the disadvantage stated in part (iii) be minimized by the method proposed by the student?
- (v) State a possible disadvantage of the method proposed by the student.

Part D - Essay

- 9. A stadium in Sri Lanka is fitted with 4 lighting poles at 4 corners to provide uniform lighting to the playground in the night. Each pole has 60 numbers of 2 kW Halide lamps. Spectator stands and other areas have 500 numbers of 100 W CFL lamps and 150 numbers of 200 W industrial fans.
 - (a) When all the lamps and fans are switched ON for 6 hours for a night match, calculate the electrical consumption of the following in kWh.
 - (i) by all the fans in the stadium
 - (ii) by all the CFL lamps in the stadium
 - (iii) by all the halide lamps in the stadium
 - (b) Every month, ten night matches are played in the stadium under floodlight. If the price for one unit of electric power is Rs. 45, calculate the amount of the monthly electricity bill for the stadium.
 - (c) (i) Name three sources, which are mainly used to produce electricity in Sri Lanka.

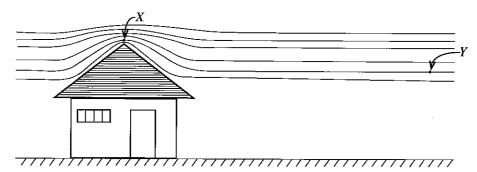
 Under the government 'Soorya Bala Sangramaya' project, it is suggested to install solar panels on the roofs of the spectator stands. A solar panel of 1 kW with the surface area of 8 m² can generate 120 kWh electrical energy in a month.
 - (ii) Write two advantages and two disadvantages of using solar panels.
 - (iii) Calculate the minimum number of solar panels required to be installed at the stadium to meet its monthly electrical consumption requirement.
 - (iv) Assuming that all the solar panels are to be fixed only within the roof area of the stadium, calculate the minimum roof area needed to hold the required number of solar panels obtained in part (c)(iii) above.
 - (v) If the cost of installing 1 kW solar panel with required components to connect to the national grid is Rs. 300 000,
 - (1) what is the total cost for installing the minimum number of solar panels to meet the monthly requirement of the stadium?
 - (2) how long would it take in years to recover the investment on the installation of solar panels?
 - (d) Net-Metering plan allows consumers to generate electricity through solar panels and set off the power generated against the power consumed from the national grid. Consumer pays only for the 'net' number of units (difference between import and export electrical energy) every month. What is the main advantage of using the net-metering arrangement at the stadium?

10. (a) Two cubes A and B each having volume V, are made of materials of densities ρ_1 and ρ_2 , respectively. These two cubes are kept closer to the middle of a tall vessel filled with water as shown in the figure and gently released them.



Consider that the density of water is ρ_w and $\rho_1 > \rho_w$ and $\rho_2 < \rho_w$, g is the gravitational acceleration.

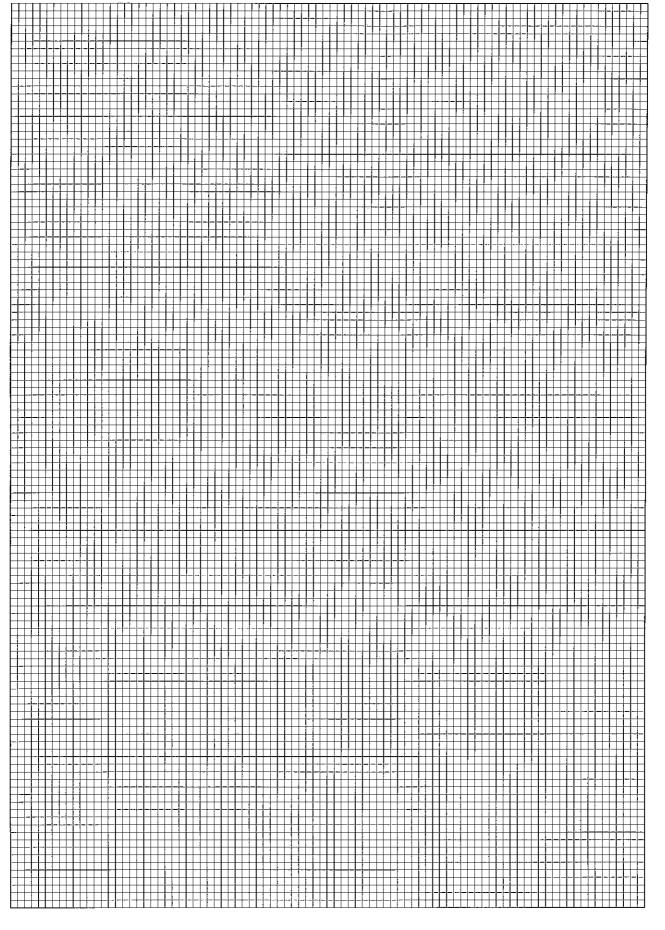
- (i) Write expressions for the weights of A and B using the given terms.
- (ii) Write an expression for the upthrust acting on A and B.
- (iii) Once A and B are released, what would be the directions of motion of them? Justify your answer by considering the expressions obtained in (a)(i) and (a)(ii).
- (b) When a hydrometer floats in water, 25 cm of its stem is dipped in water. When it floats in another liquid, 20 cm of its stem is dipped in the liquid. Find the relative density of the liquid.
- (c) For what purpose the following apparatus are used?
 - (1) Lactometer
 - (2) Metrolac
- (d) The figure shows the shape of a roof and the airflow over it during a cyclone.



Points X and Y are on a same streamline of the wind flow and they are far apart enough to neglect the difference in their heights.

- (i) At which point the wind flow has higher velocity?
- (ii) At which point the wind flow has higher pressure?
- (iii) If v_1 and v_2 are the velocities and P_1 and P_2 are the pressures of the wind flow at X and Y respectively, write the Bernoulli equation. Let ρ be the density of air.
- (iv) If the effective area of the roof is 200 m², the velocity of wind flow at point X is 360 km h⁻¹ and the density of air is 1.3 kg m⁻³, calculate the force acting on the roof due to the wind flow (Consider the velocity of wind inside the house as zero).
- (v) A student says that the roof of a house is safe if the windows and doors are opened during a rapid wind flow. Do you agree with this statement? Explain your answer.

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