

A consistency test of GR using different multipoles of gravitational radiation from binary black holes

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Method

Gravitational waveform can be decomposed into the two independent polarisations:

$$h(t) := h_{+}(t) - ih_{\times}(t)$$

• Alternatively, expand in a basis of spin -2 weighted spherical harmonics:

$$h(t; \iota, \phi_0, \lambda) = \sum_{l=2}^{\infty} \sum_{m=-l}^{l} \mathcal{Y}_{lm}^{-2}(\iota, \phi_0) h_{lm}(t, \lambda)$$
$$\lambda = \{M_c, q, t_0, d_L\}$$

• Split contributions from dominant (2, \pm2) modes, and the subdominant higher-order multipole moments:

$$h(t; \iota, \phi_0, \lambda) = \mathcal{Y}_{2,\pm 2}^{-2}(\iota, \phi_0) h_{2,\pm 2}(t, \lambda) + \sum_{\text{H.O.M}} \mathcal{Y}_{lm}^{-2}(\iota, \phi_0) h_{lm}(t, \lambda)$$

Method

• The Test: Check for consistency between estimates of λ , independently measured using the dominant and the sub-dominant modes of the gravitational waveform respectively:

$$h(t; \iota, \phi_0, \lambda, \lambda') = \mathcal{Y}_{2,\pm 2}^{-2}(\iota, \phi_0) h_{2,\pm 2}(t, \lambda) + \sum_{\text{H.O.M}} \mathcal{Y}_{lm}^{-2}(\iota, \phi_0) h_{lm}(t, \lambda')$$

λ: PE estimates using dominant (2, \pm 2) modes

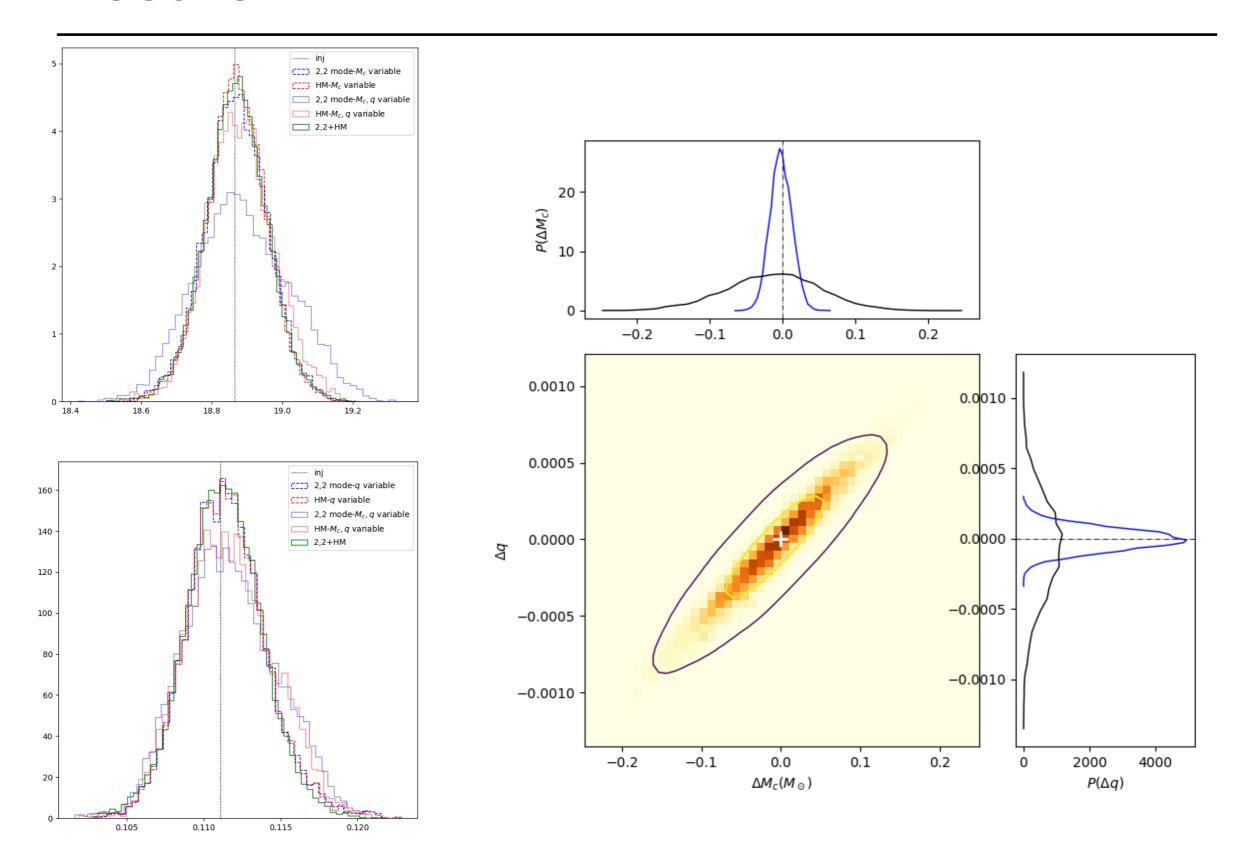
 λ ': PE estimates using subdominant higher-order modes

- If GR is correct, these two independent estimates would be consistent with each other.
- Alternatively define: $\lambda' = \lambda + \Delta \lambda$
- If GR is correct $p(\Delta \lambda)$ should be consistent with 0.

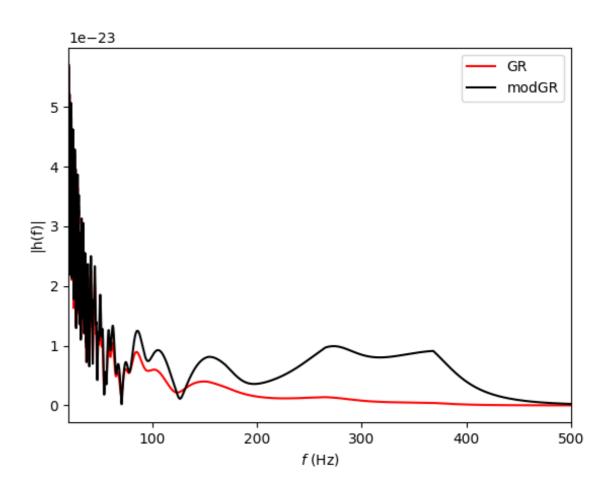
Results

- Analysis:
 - Single IFO PE over $\lambda = \{Mc, q\}$
 - Fixed SNR = 25 (optimally oriented on the sky)
 - Waveform model: higher-order IMR model described in Mehta et al (arxiv:1708.03501, accepted in PRD)
 - Noise PSD: Advanced LIGO ZDHP noise
 - Sampler: emcee

Results



Kludge Waveforms



Results

