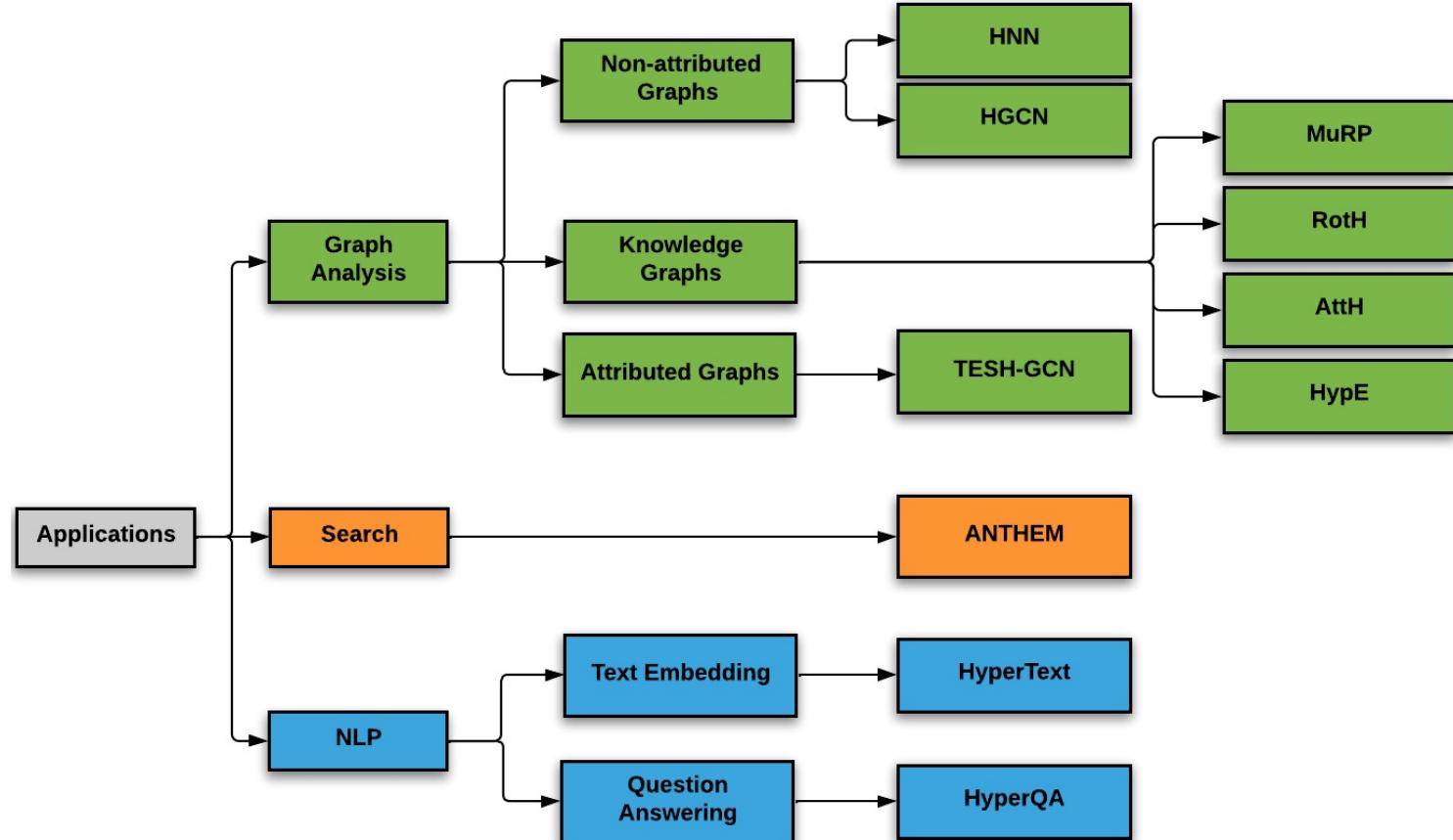


Part 4: Applications

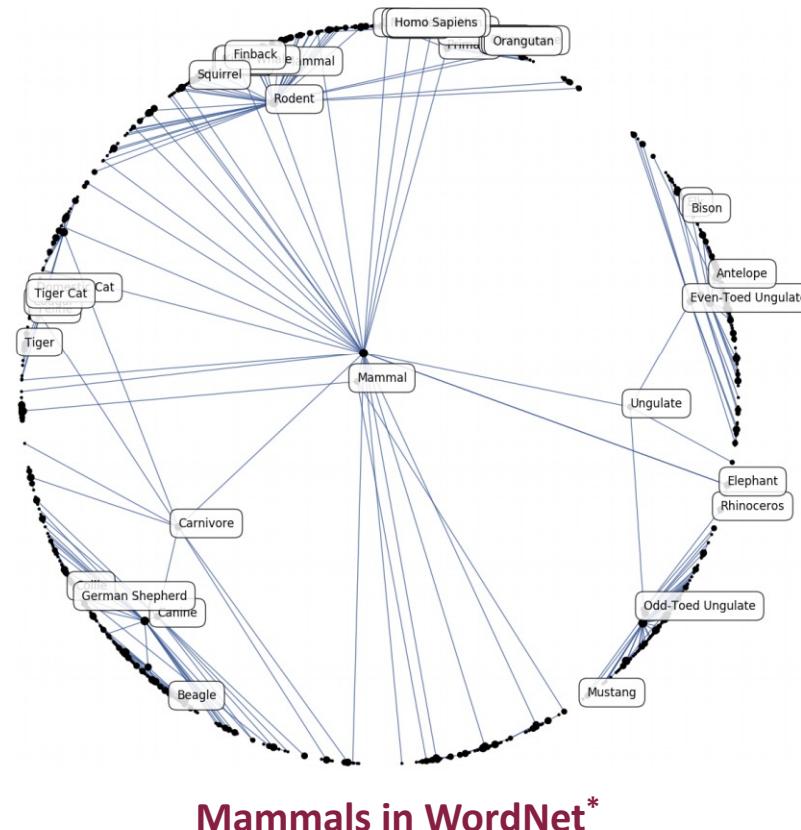


Overview of Applications

Graphs, Knowledge Graphs, Search, and NLP

Advantages of Hyperbolic Networks is primarily observed in cases when hierarchical relations exist in the underlying datasets.

1. Graph Analysis



* Nickel, Maximillian, and Douwe Kiela. "Poincaré embeddings for learning hierarchical representations." *Advances in neural information processing systems* 30 (2017).

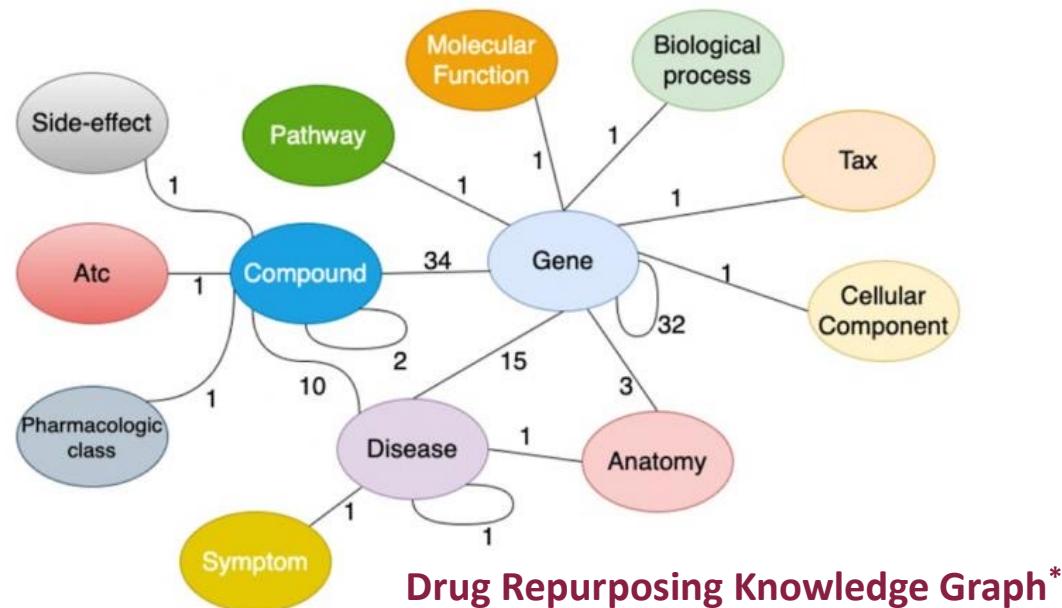
Overview of Applications

Graphs, Knowledge Graphs, Search, and NLP

Advantages of Hyperbolic Networks is primarily observed in cases when hierarchical relations exist in the underlying datasets.

While graph datasets are general candidates for hyperbolic networks, they have also been used to exploit the hierarchy in the following applications:

1. Graph Analysis
2. Knowledge Graphs



* Ioannidis, Vassilis N., et al. "Drkg-drug repurposing knowledge graph for covid-19." *arXiv preprint arXiv: 2010.09600* (2020).

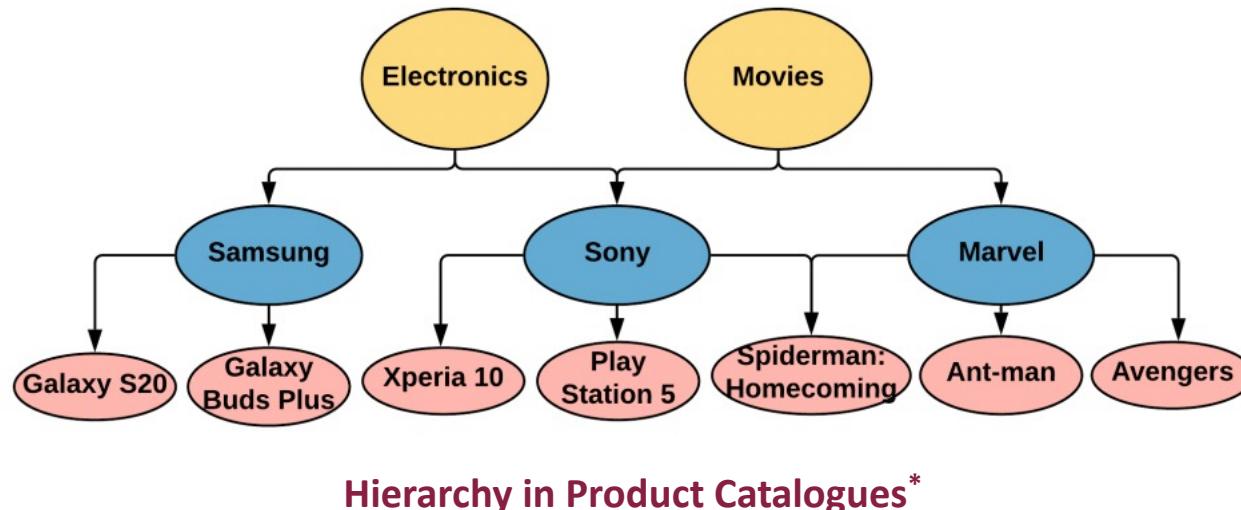
Overview of Applications

Graphs, Knowledge Graphs, Search, and NLP

Advantages of Hyperbolic Networks is primarily observed in cases when hierarchical relations exist in the underlying datasets.

While graph datasets are obvious candidates for hyperbolic networks, they have also been used to exploit the hierarchy in the following applications:

1. Graph Analysis
2. Knowledge Graphs
3. Search



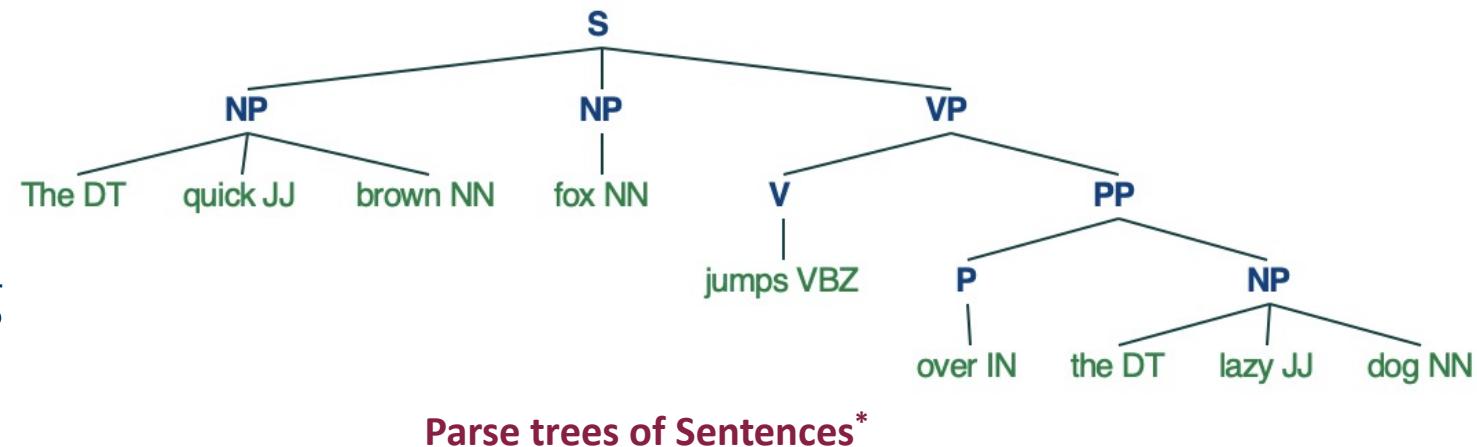
Overview of Applications

Graphs, Knowledge Graphs, Search, and NLP

Advantages of Hyperbolic Networks is primarily observed in cases when hierarchical relations exist in the underlying datasets.

While graph datasets are obvious candidates for hyperbolic networks, they have also been used to exploit the hierarchy in the following applications:

1. Graph Analysis
2. Knowledge Graphs
3. Search
4. Natural Language Processing



Overview of Applications

Graphs, Knowledge Graphs, Search and NLP

1. Graphs

- ❑ Hyperbolic Neural Networks
- ❑ Hyperbolic Graph Convolutional Neural Networks

2. Knowledge Graphs

- ❑ Multi-relational Poincaré Embeddings
- ❑ Low-Dimensional Hyperbolic Knowledge Graph Embeddings
- ❑ Self-Supervised Hyperboloid Representations from Logical Queries over Knowledge Graphs

3. Search

- ❑ ANTHEM: Attentive Hyperbolic Entity Model for Product Search

4. Natural Language Processing

- ❑ Hyperbolic Representation Learning for Fast and Efficient Neural Question Answering
- ❑ Text Enriched Sparse Hyperbolic Graph Convolution Network

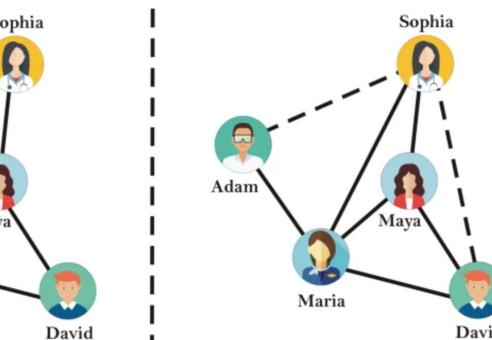
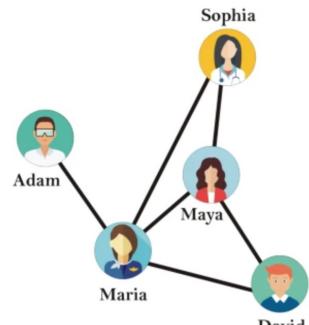
Applications

Graph Analysis: Introduction

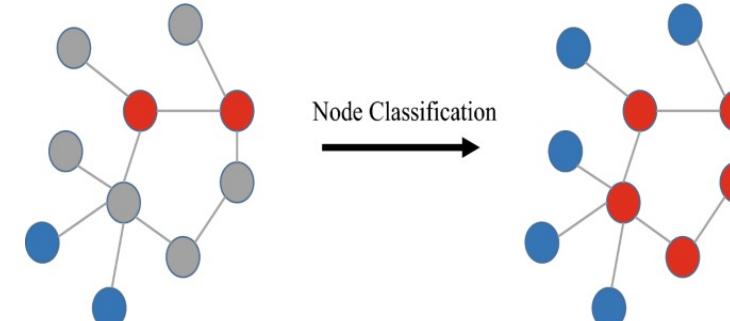
Graphs are **essential** data structures that contain attributed (or) non-attributed nodes connected by edges.

Several popular problems:

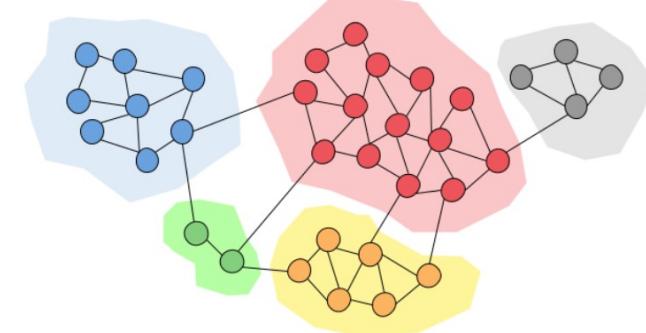
1. Node Classification
2. Link Prediction
3. Community Detection



Link Prediction²



Node Classification¹



Community Detection³

1. Chen, Linjun, Xingyi Liu, and Zexin Li. "Nonlinear Graph Learning-Convolutional Networks for Node Classification." Neural Processing Letters (2021): 1-10.

2. Ahmad, I., Akhtar, M. U., Noor, S., & Shahnaz, A. (2020). Missing link prediction using common neighbor and centrality based parameterized algorithm. *Scientific reports*.

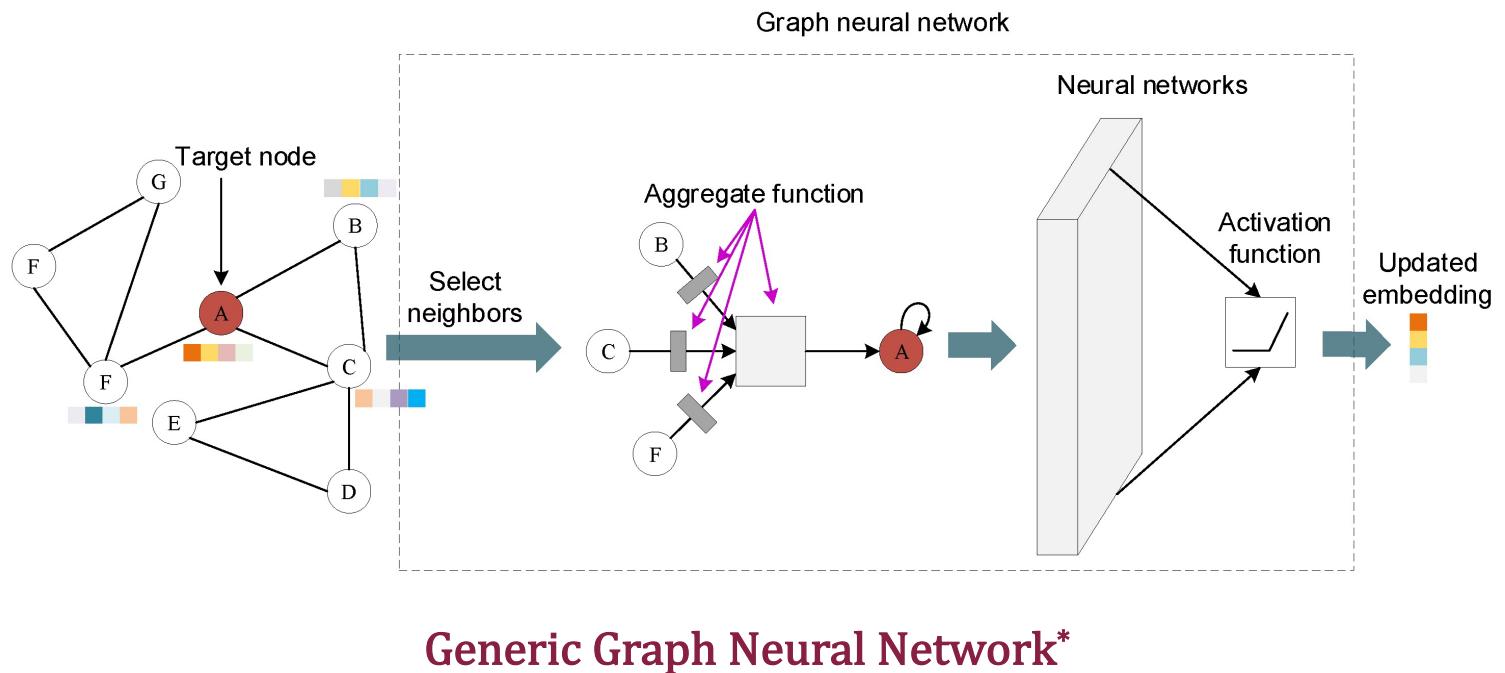
3. Community Detection Algorithms, Thamindu Dilshan Jayawickrama, Towards Datascience.

Applications

Graph Analysis: Generic GNN

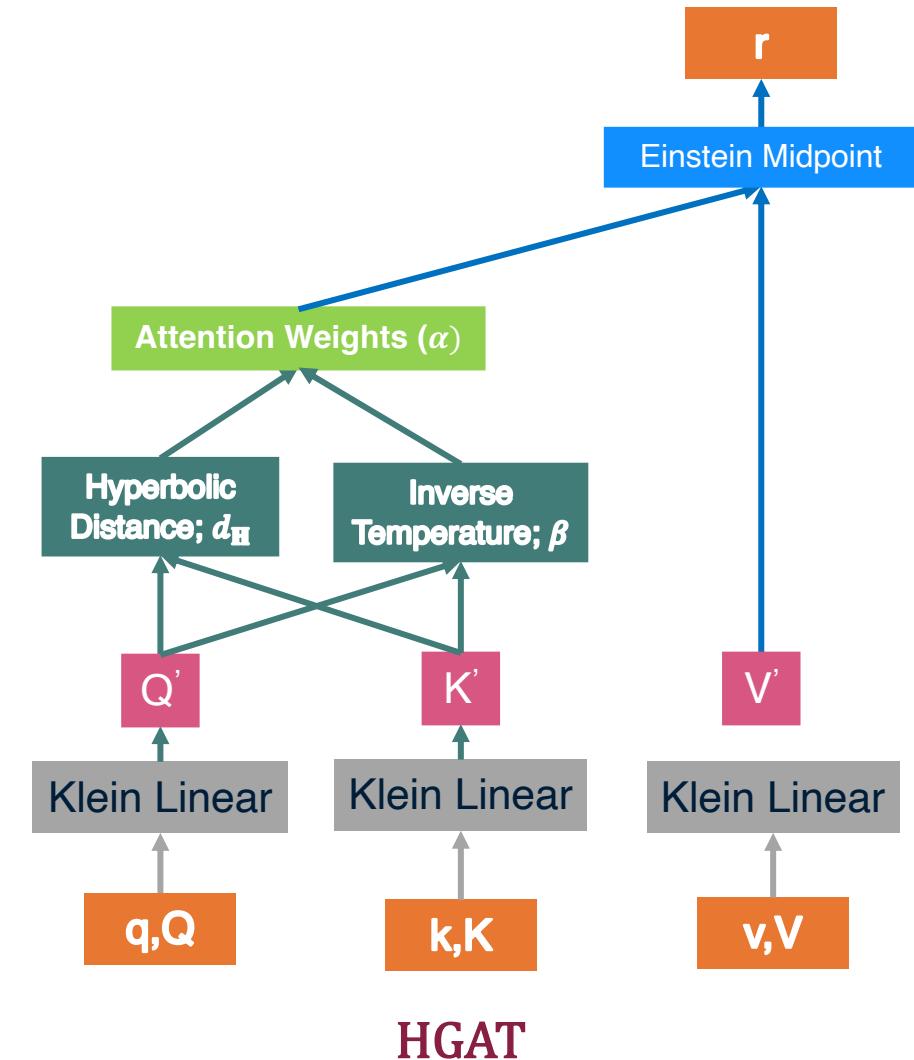
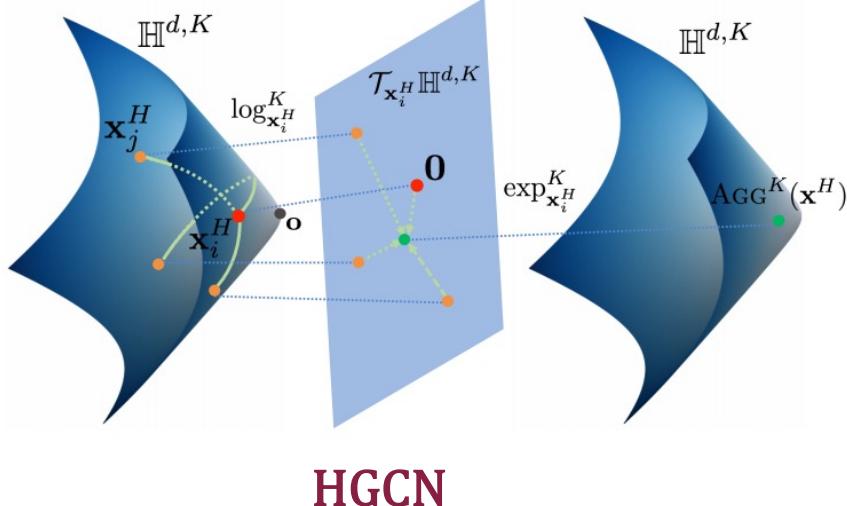
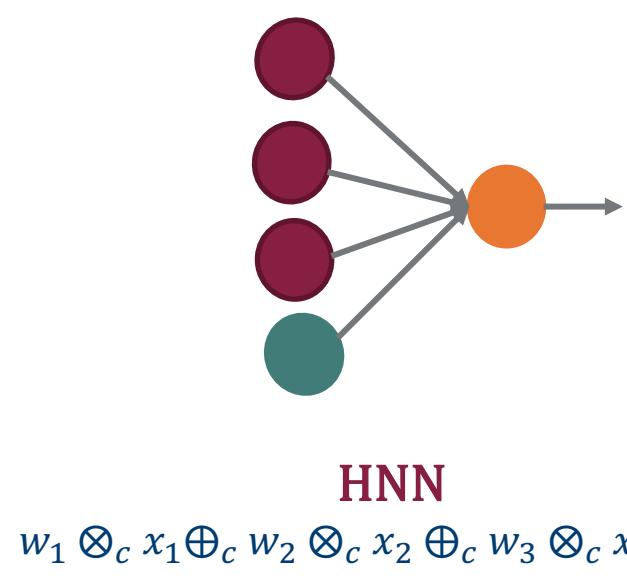
Generic Graph Neural Networks contains three components:

1. Neighborhood Selection:
RandomWalk, DeepWalk,
SkipWalk.
2. Message Passing:
Linear, Convolution, Recurrent,
Attention
3. Message Aggregation:
Averaging, Max Pooling, MLP,
Attention.



Applications

Graph Analysis: Hyperbolic Models (Previously discussed in Architectures)



Applications

Graph Analysis: Experimental Study

Evaluation Tasks:

Node Classification: Given a graph with **nodes** (attributed or non-attributed) and **edges**, estimate a model that predicts the **class** of unclassified existing (**transductive**) or new (**inductive**) nodes.

Link Prediction: Given a graph with **nodes** (attributed or non-attributed) and **edges**, estimate a model that predicts the **probability of edges** between existing (**transductive**) or new (**inductive**) node-pairs.

Datasets (δ is hyperbolicity, less δ implies more hierarchy in the dataset):

Area	Dataset	δ	Nodes	Edges	Labels	Description
Citation	CORA	11	Papers	Citations	Academic Subareas	Machine learning papers.
	PubMed	3.5	Papers	Citations	Academic Subareas	Medical papers.
Medicine	DISEASE	0	Testee	Interaction	Infected or not	SIR disease propagation model.
	PPI	1	Protein	Interaction	Stem cell growth rate	Union of ppi networks in human tissues.
Traffic	AIRPORT	1	Airports	Flight paths	Country population	Airline routes from OpenFlights.org.

Evaluation Metrics:

Node Classification: F1 score

Link Prediction: ROC-AUC score

Applications

Graph Analysis: Node Classification

		Node Classification (F1 Score)									
		Shallow			Neural Nets			Graph Neural Nets			
Dataset	δ	EUC	HYP	MLP	HNN	GCN	GAT	SAGE	HGCN	HGAT	
CORA	11	23.8 ± 0.7	22.0 ± 1.5	51.5 ± 1.0	54.6 ± 0.4	81.3 ± 0.3	83.0 ± 0.7	77.9 ± 2.4	79.9 ± 0.2	79.6 ± 0.3	
PubMed	3.5	48.2 ± 0.7	68.5 ± 0.3	72.4 ± 0.2	69.8 ± 0.4	78.1 ± 0.2	79.0 ± 0.3	77.4 ± 2.2	80.3 ± 0.3	79.2 ± 0.3	
DISEASE	0	32.5 ± 1.1	45.5 ± 3.3	28.8 ± 2.5	41.0 ± 1.8	69.7 ± 0.4	70.4 ± 0.4	69.1 ± 0.6	74.5 ± 0.9	73.4 ± 0.9	
PPI	1	-	-	$55.3+0.4$	59.3 ± 0.4	69.7 ± 0.3	70.5 ± 0.4	69.1 ± 0.3	74.6 ± 0.3	73.6 ± 0.3	
AIRPORT	1	60.9 ± 3.4	70.2 ± 0.1	68.6 ± 0.6	80.5 ± 0.5	81.4 ± 0.6	81.5 ± 0.3	82.1 ± 0.5	90.6 ± 0.2	89.4 ± 0.2	

Applications

Graph Analysis: Link Prediction

Link Prediction (ROC AUC Score)										
Dataset	δ	Shallow		Neural Nets			Graph Neural Nets			
		EUC	HYP	MLP	HNN	GCN	GAT	SAGE	HGCN	HGAT
CORA	11	82.5 ± 0.3	87.6 ± 0.2	83.1 ± 0.5	89.0 ± 0.1	90.4 ± 0.2	93.7 ± 0.1	85.5 ± 0.6	92.9 ± 0.1	90.8 ± 0.2
PubMed	3.5	83.3 ± 0.1	87.5 ± 0.1	84.1 ± 0.9	94.9 ± 0.1	91.1 ± 0.5	91.2 ± 0.1	86.2 ± 1.0	96.3 ± 0.0	93.9 ± 0.2
DISEASE	0	59.8 ± 2.0	63.5 ± 0.6	72.6 ± 0.6	75.1 ± 0.3	64.7 ± 0.5	69.8 ± 0.3	65.9 ± 0.3	90.8 ± 0.3	88.6 ± 0.3
PPI	1	-	-	67.8 ± 0.2	72.9 ± 0.3	77.0 ± 0.5	76.8 ± 0.4	78.1 ± 0.6	84.5 ± 0.4	81.4 ± 0.3
AIRPORT	1	92.0 ± 0.0	94.5 ± 0.0	89.8 ± 0.5	90.8 ± 0.2	89.3 ± 0.4	90.5 ± 0.3	90.4 ± 0.5	96.4 ± 0.1	94.2 ± 0.2

Applications

Graph Analysis: Learnings

- Hyperbolic space are **consistently better** at simultaneously capturing **hierarchical structure** from more tree-like datasets where the **hyperbolicity** is lower.
- Hyperbolic networks are able to perform better on both **message aggregation** (node classification) and **message passing** (link prediction)
- HGAT and HGAT are also able to **reduce the error margins** compared to their Euclidean counterparts.

Applications

Knowledge Graphs: Introduction

Knowledge Graphs are **ubiquitous** data structures.

KG querying is **computationally expensive** due to its size ($\approx 10M$ nodes with trillions of relations).



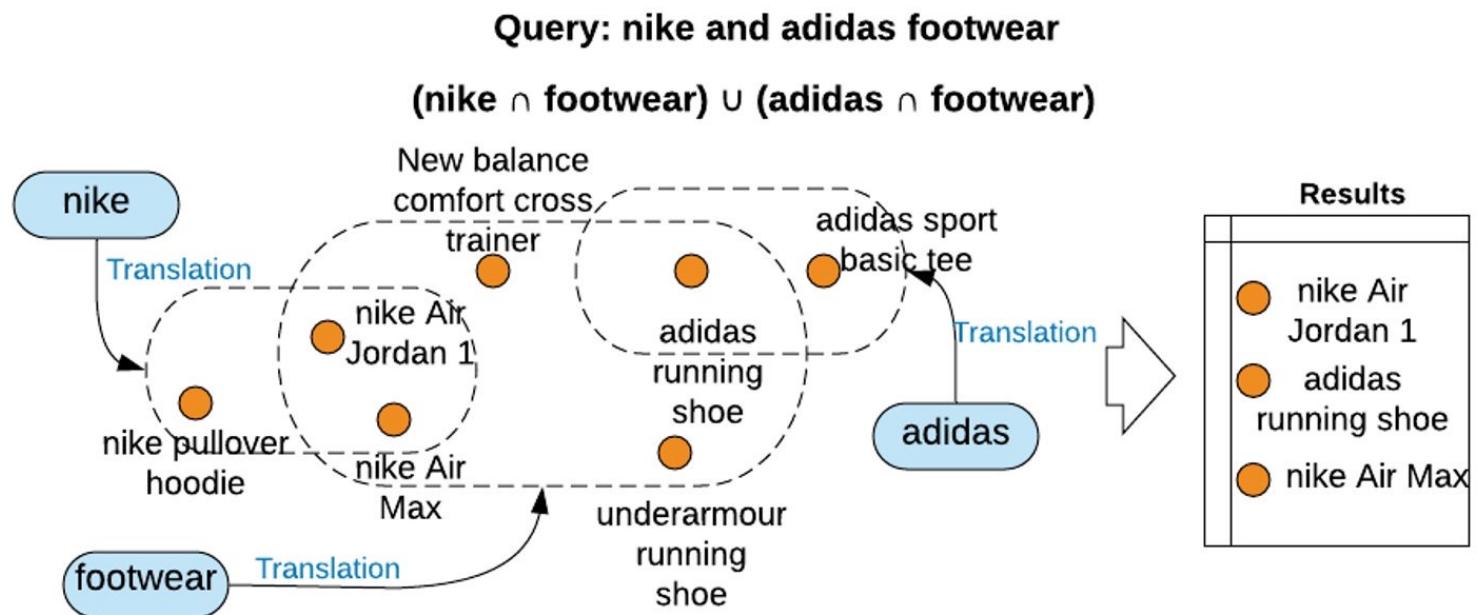
Applications

Knowledge Graphs: Introduction

Representation Learning can help!

Learn representations of entities and relations in a latent space.

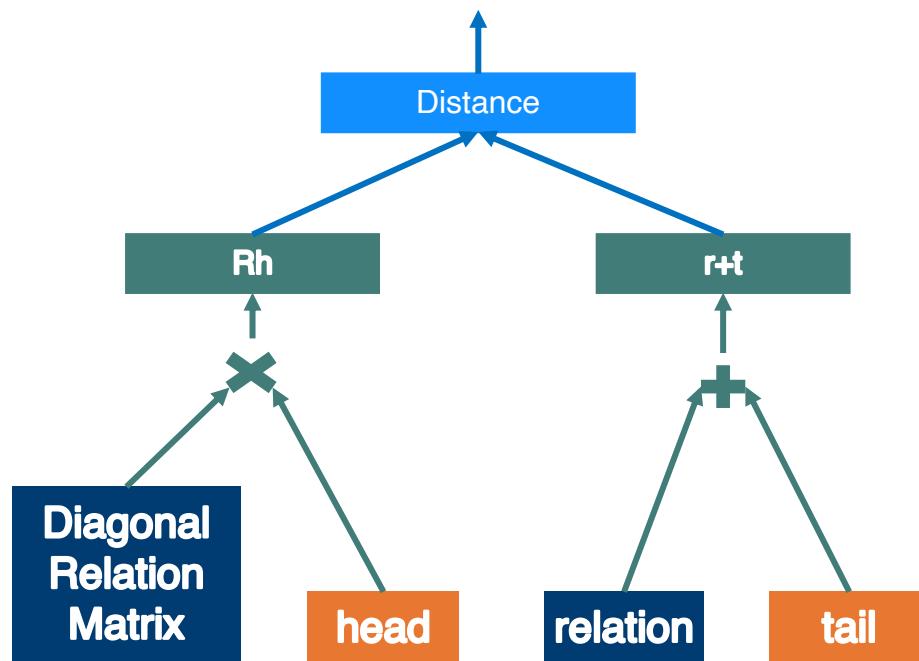
Apply logical operators to simulate querying behaviour.



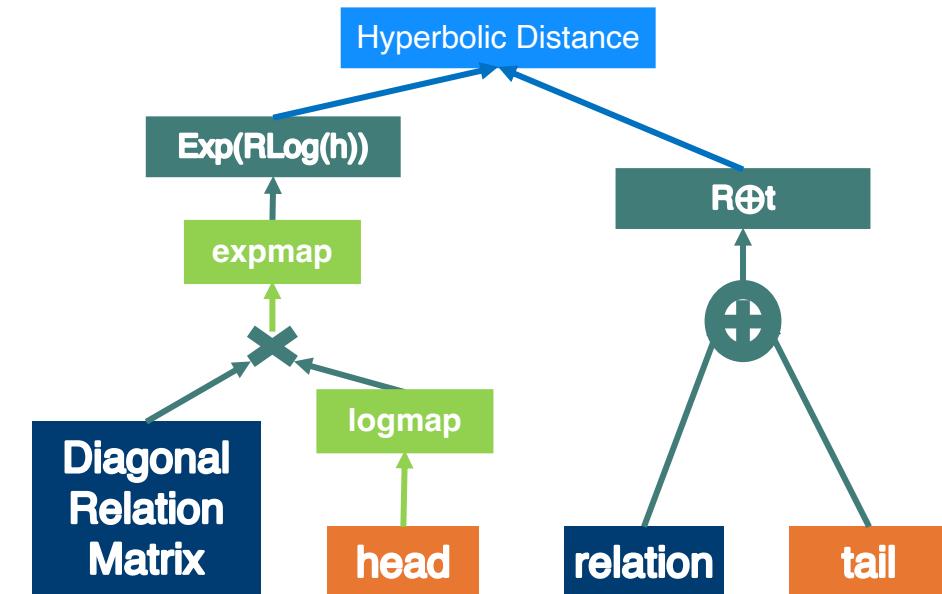
Applications

Knowledge Graphs: Poincaré Embeddings

Multi-relational Poincaré (MuRP) embedding model is an analogue to translational Euclidean representation model (MuRE).



MuRE



MuRP

Applications

MuRP: Experimental Study

Evaluation Tasks:

Relational Link Prediction: Given a graph with attributed nodes and attributed edges, estimate a model that predicts the relevance of other entities as tail answers for an input head entity and relation.

Datasets:

Dataset	# Entity	# Relation	Description
FB15k-237	14,541	237	Collection of real world facts from Freebase network.
WN18RR	40,943	11	Hierarchical collection of relations between words.

Evaluation Metrics:

Relational Link Prediction : HITS@1,3,10 and Mean Reciprocal Rank (MRR).

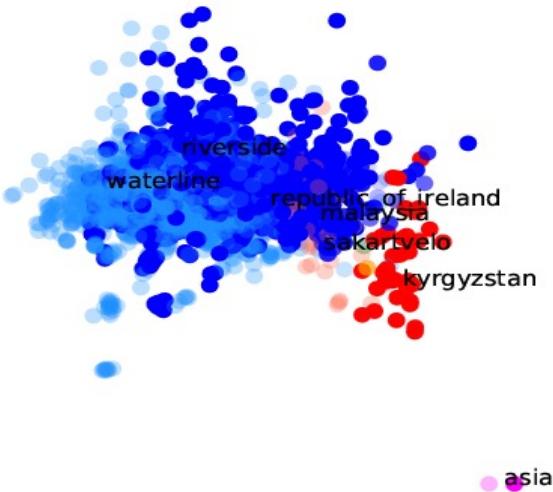
Applications

MuRP: Relational Link Prediction

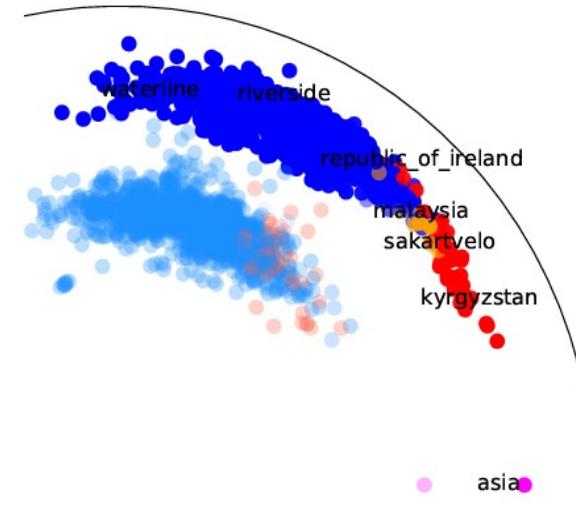
Relational Link Prediction									
Dataset	WN18RR				FB15k-237				
Models	MRR	HITS@10	HITS@3	HITS@1	MRR	HITS@10	HITS@3	HITS@1	
TransE	0.226	0.501	-	-	0.294	0.465	-	-	
DistMult	0.43	0.49	0.44	0.39	0.241	0.419	0.263	0.155	
ComplEx	0.44	0.51	0.46	0.41	0.247	0.428	0.275	0.158	
Neural LP	-	-	-	-	0.25	0.408	-	-	
MINERVA	-	-	-	-	-	0.456	-	-	
ConvE	0.43	0.52	0.44	0.4	0.325	0.501	0.356	0.237	
M-Walk	0.437	-	0.445	0.414	-	-	-	-	
RotateE	-	-	-	-	0.297	0.48	0.328	0.205	
MuRP	0.481	566	0.495	0.44	0.335	0.518	0.367	0.243	

Applications

MuRP: Visualization



MuRE



MuRP

Learned 40-dimensional MuRP and MuRE embeddings for WN18RR relation `has_part`.

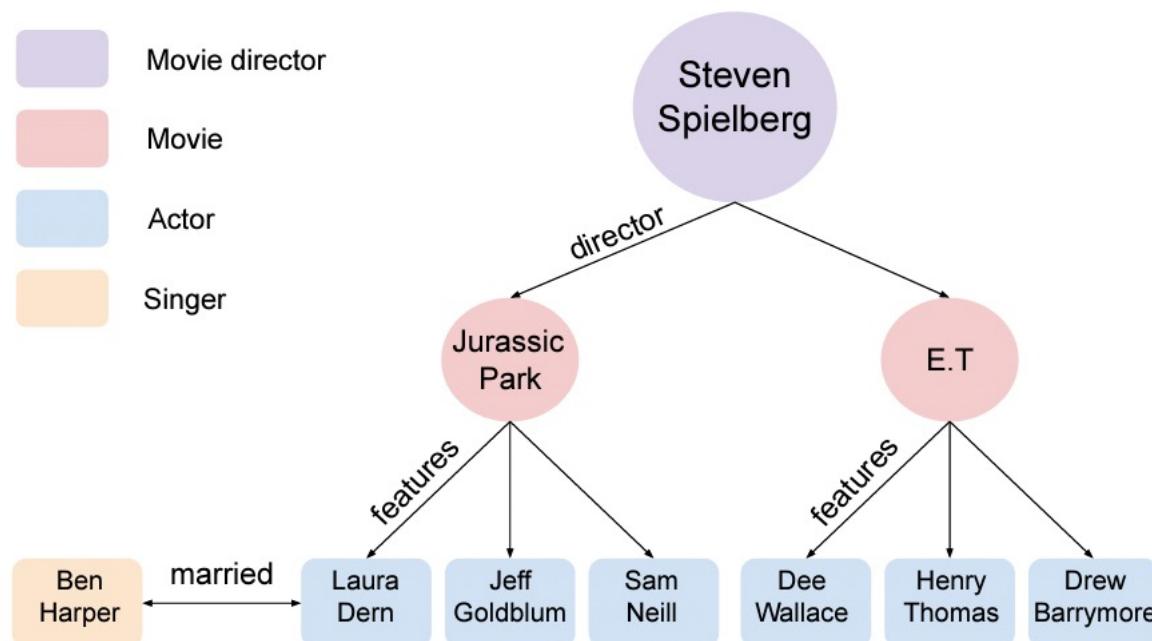
Blue indicates **true positives** and red indicates **true negatives**. The lighter shades of the color indicate the entity before the relational translation.

Notice that the points are more separable in the Poincaré space when compared to the Euclidean space, where they are clustered together.

Applications

Knowledge Graphs: Rotation, Reflection and Attention

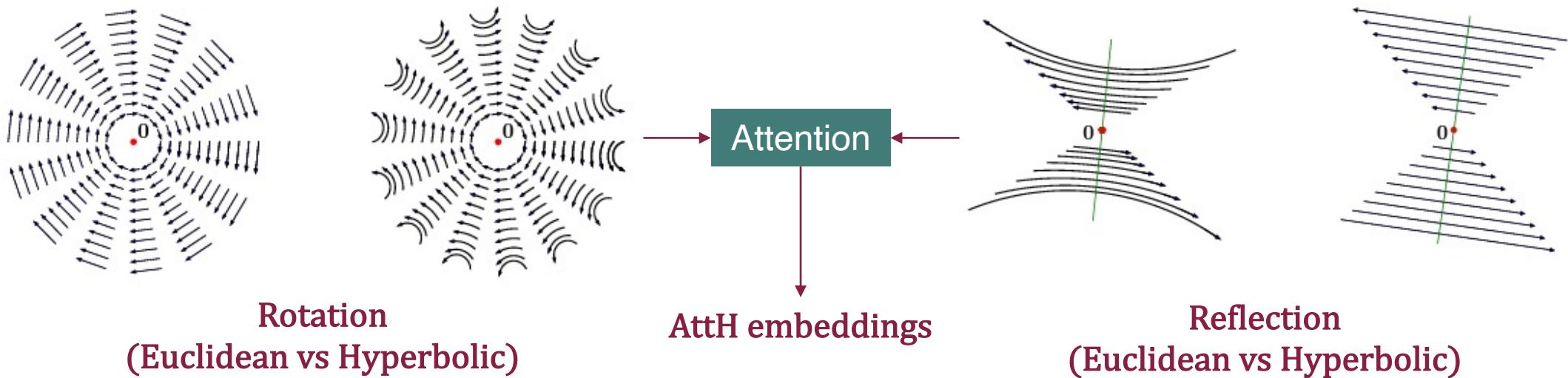
Knowledge Graphs have **mixed topology**, i.e., some relations are symmetric (*married*) while others are not (*director; features*).



Applications

Knowledge Graphs: Rotation, Reflection and Attention

Hence, the method proposes two sets of embeddings; rotational (**RotH**) and reflectional (**RefH**), which are finally combined with Attention (**AttH**).



Applications

RotH, RefH, AttH : Experimental Study

Evaluation Tasks:

Relational Link Prediction: Given a graph with attributed nodes and attributed edges, estimate a model that predicts the relevance of other entities as tail answers for an input head entity and relation.

Datasets:

Dataset	# Entity	# Relation	Description
FB15k-237	14,541	237	Collection of real world facts from Freebase network.
WN18RR	40,943	11	Hierarchical collection of relations between words.
YAGO3-10	123,182	37	Subset of YAGO3, a large semantic knowledge base, derived from Wikipedia, WordNet, WikiData, GeoNames, and other data sources.

Evaluation Metrics:

Relational Link Prediction : HITS@1,3,10 and Mean Reciprocal Rank (MRR).

Applications

RotH, RefH, AttH: Relational Link Prediction

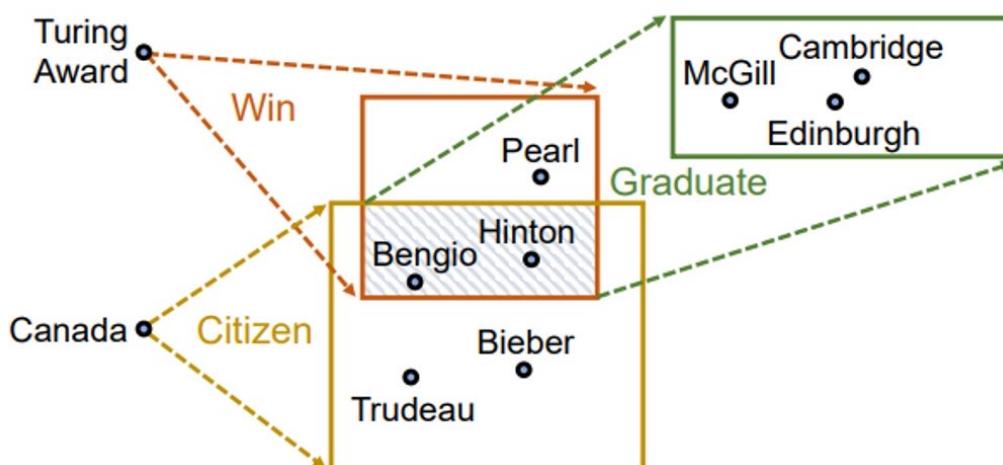
Relational Link Prediction													
Dataset		WN18RR				FB15k-237				YAGO3-10			
Space	Models	MRR	H@10	H@3	H@1	MRR	H@10	H@3	H@1	MRR	H@10	H@3	H@1
Euclidean	RotatE	0.387	0.33	0.417	0.491	0.29	0.208	0.316	0.458	-	-	-	-
	MuRE	0.458	0.421	0.471	0.525	0.313	0.226	0.34	0.489	0.283	0.187	0.317	0.478
	RefE	0.42	0.39	0.42	0.46	0.294	0.211	0.322	0.463	0.336	0.259	0.367	0.484
	RotE	0.465	0.42	0.484	0.544	0.323	0.235	0.353	0.501	0.23	0.15	0.247	0.392
	AttE	0.455	0.419	0.47	0.521	0.302	0.216	0.33	0.474	0.37	0.289	0.403	0.527
Hyperbolic	MuRP	0.463	0.426	0.477	0.529	0.307	0.22	0.337	0.482	0.381	0.295	0.417	0.548
	RefH	0.456	0.419	0.471	0.526	0.311	0.223	0.339	0.488	0.374	0.29	0.41	0.537
	RotH	0.447	0.408	0.464	0.518	0.312	0.224	0.342	0.489	0.381	0.302	0.415	0.53
	AttH	0.472	0.428	0.49	0.553	0.314	0.223	0.346	0.497	0.393	0.307	0.435	0.559

Applications

Knowledge Graphs: Euclidean Methods

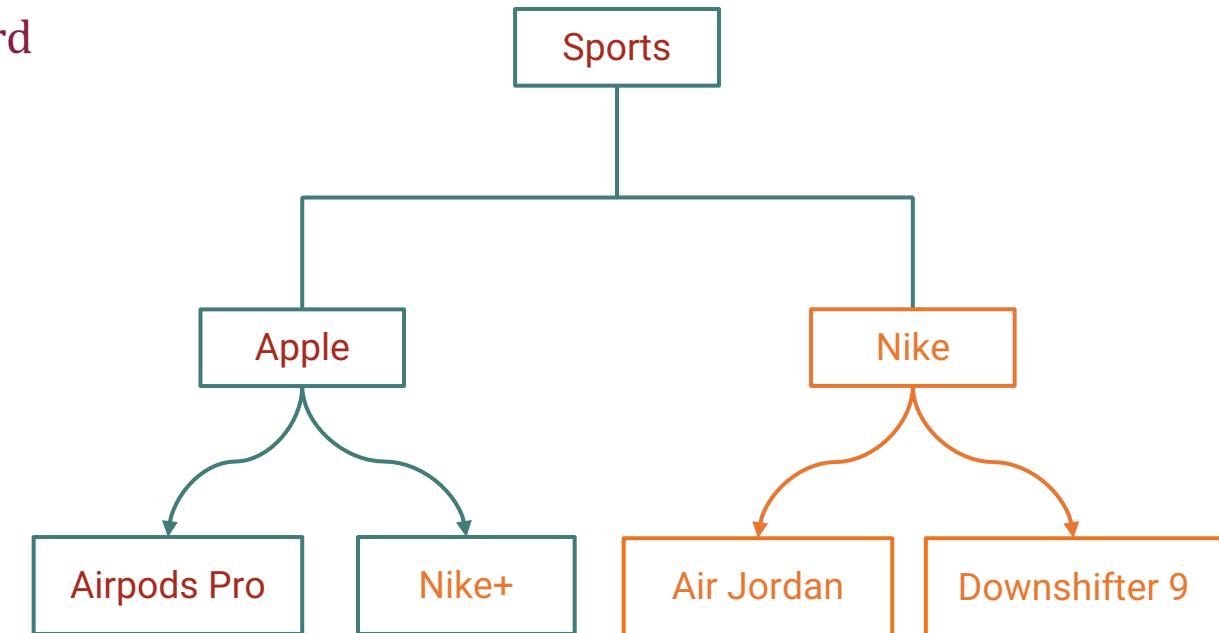
Spatial Representations are better for modelling Knowledge Graphs.

From which universities did the Canadian Turing Award winners graduate?



Box Embeddings in Euclidean Space

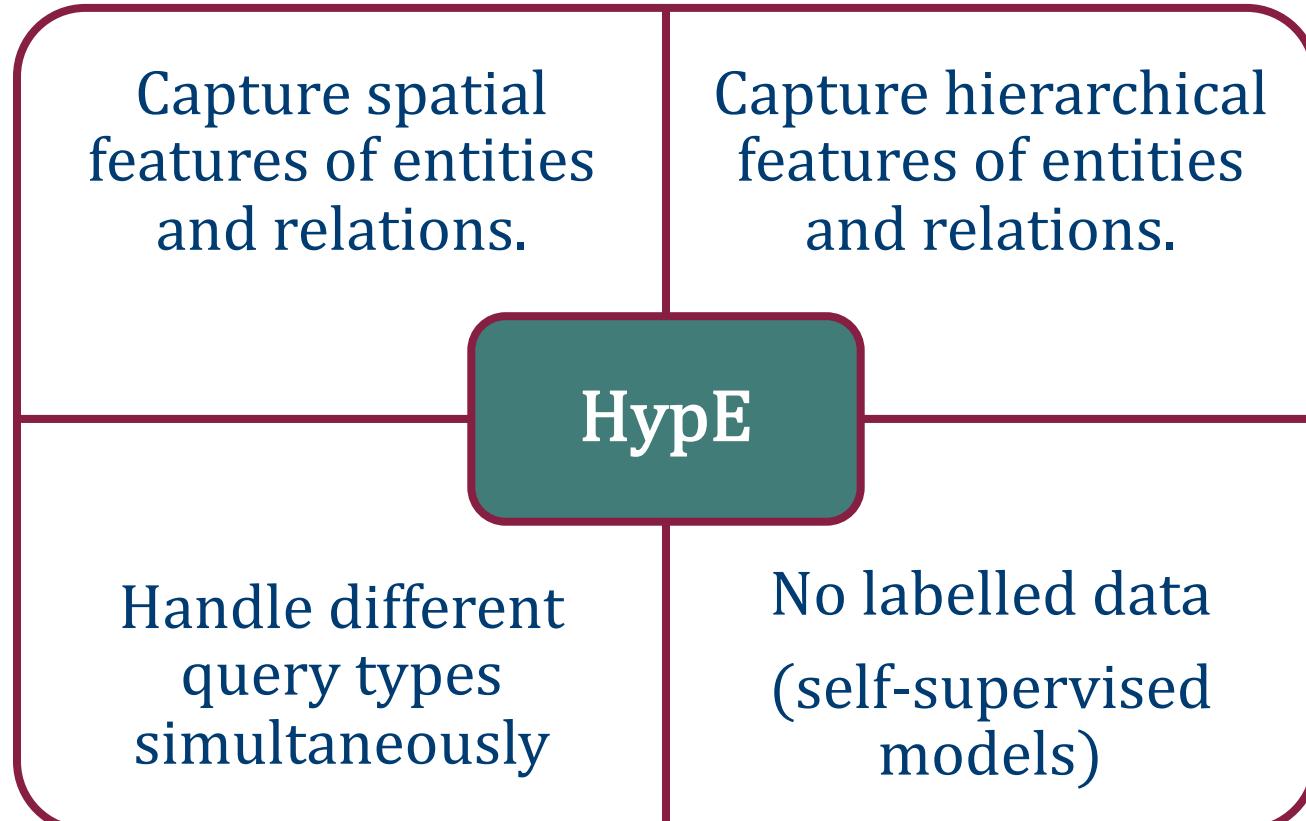
Knowledge Graphs possess inherent hierarchy.



Hierarchical Product Graph

Applications

Knowledge Graphs: Hyperboloid Embeddings

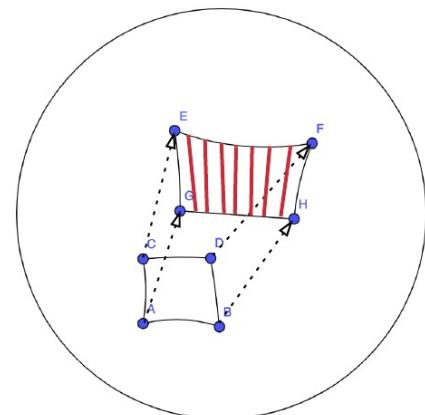
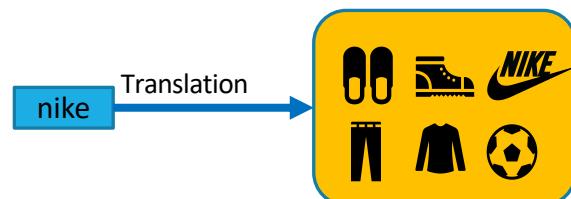


Applications

Knowledge Graphs: Reasoning Operations

Translation: Gives all children of a query

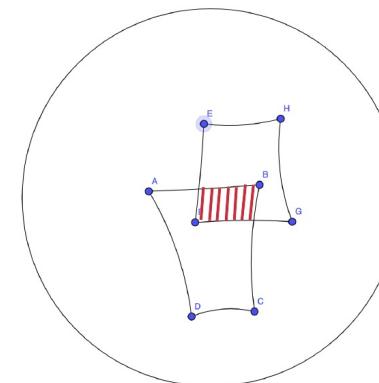
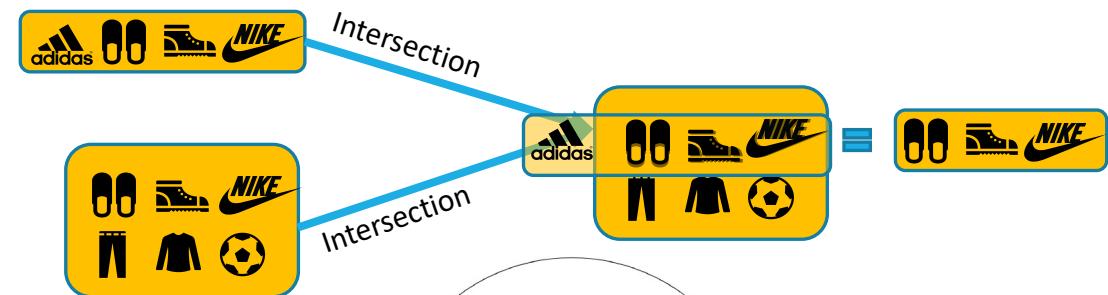
Q: nike



Hyperboloid Translation

Intersection: Gives intersection for two queries.

Q: nike footwear = nike \cap footwear



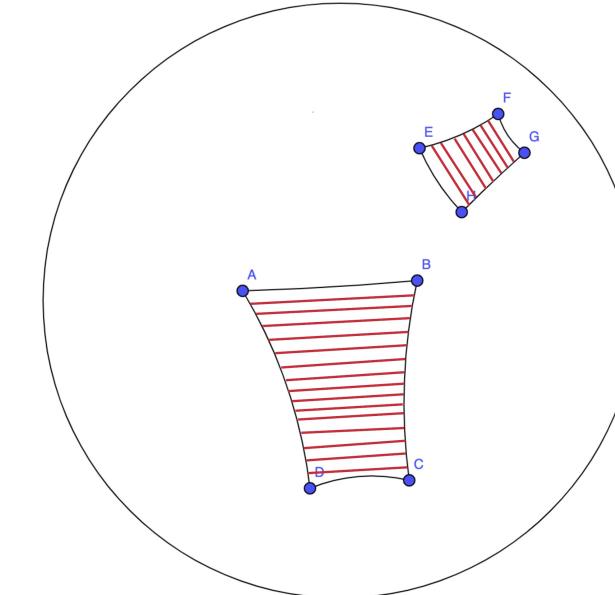
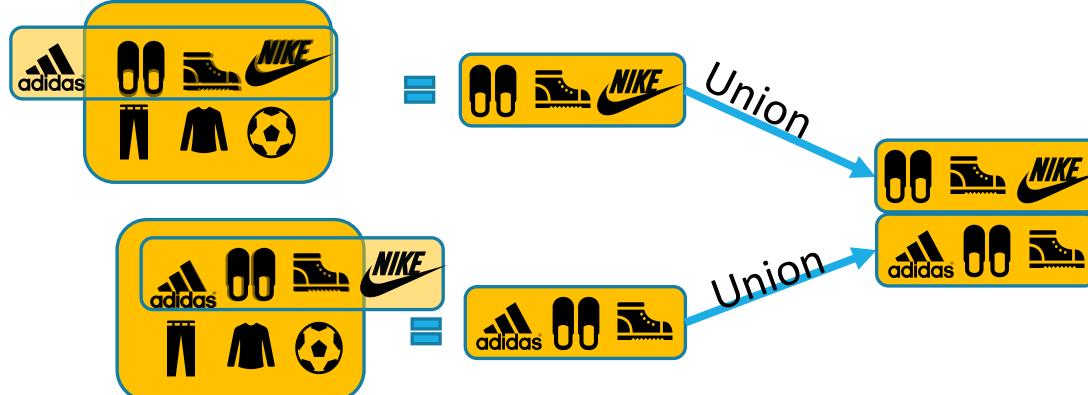
Hyperboloid Intersection

Applications

Knowledge Graphs: Hyperboloid Embeddings

Union Queries: Gives union of two queries.

$$Q: (\text{nike} \cup \text{adidas}) \cap \text{footwear} = (\text{nike} \cap \text{footwear}) \cup (\text{adidas} \cap \text{footwear})$$



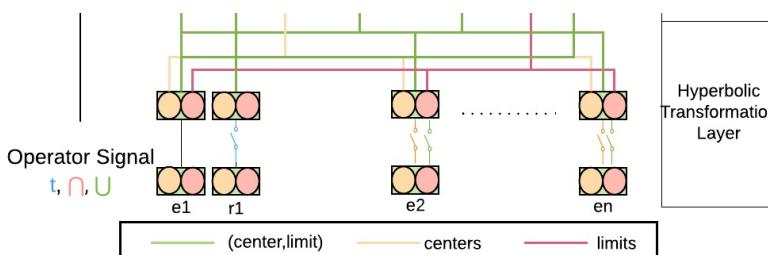
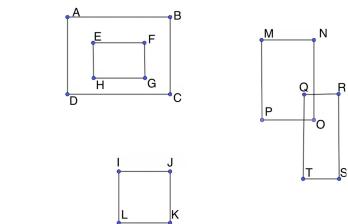
Hyperboloid Union

Applications

Knowledge Graphs: Hyperboloid Embeddings



Initialize entities and relations with Random Euclidean Boxes

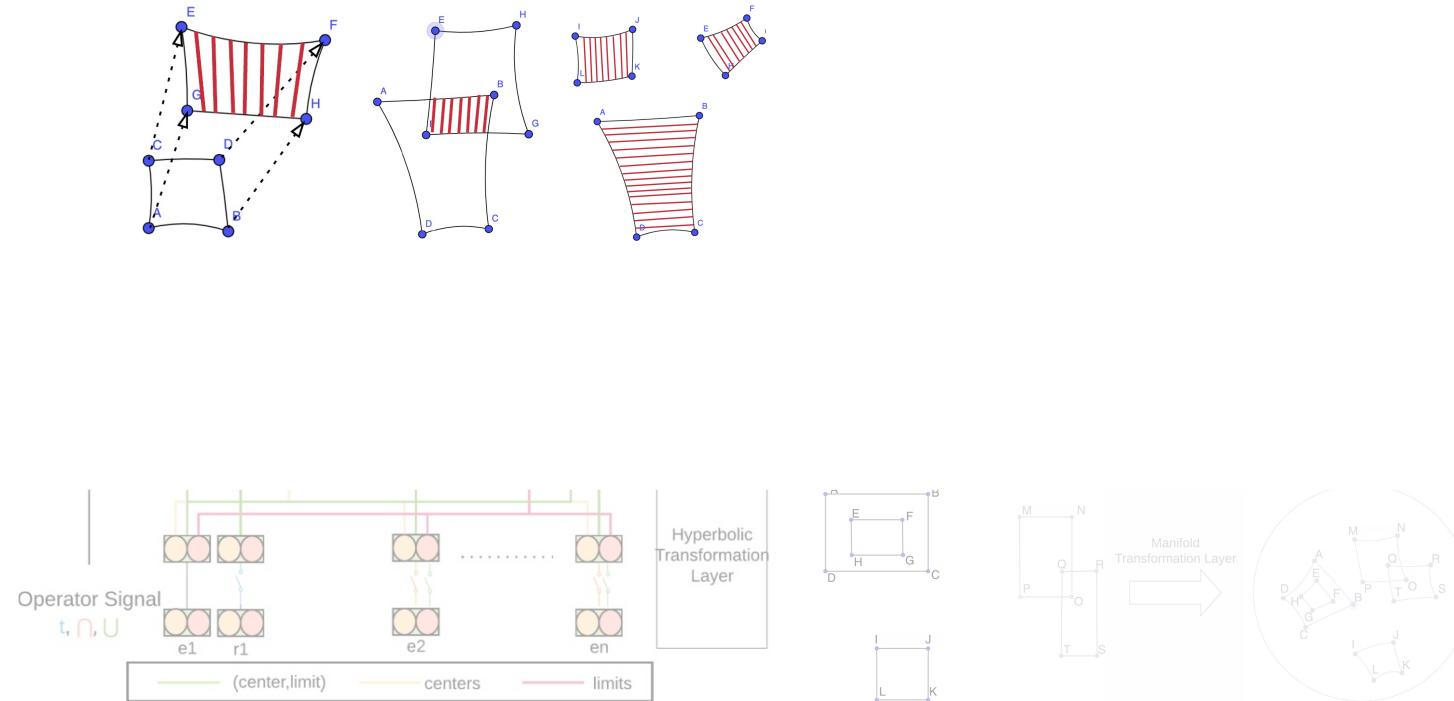


Applications

Knowledge Graphs: Hyperboloid Embeddings



Operate according to signal

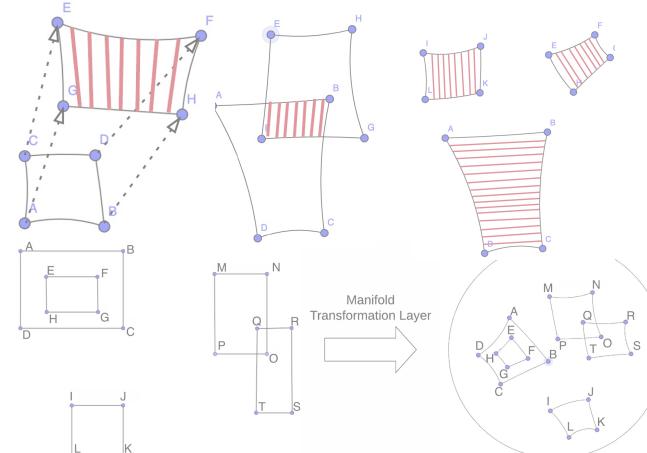
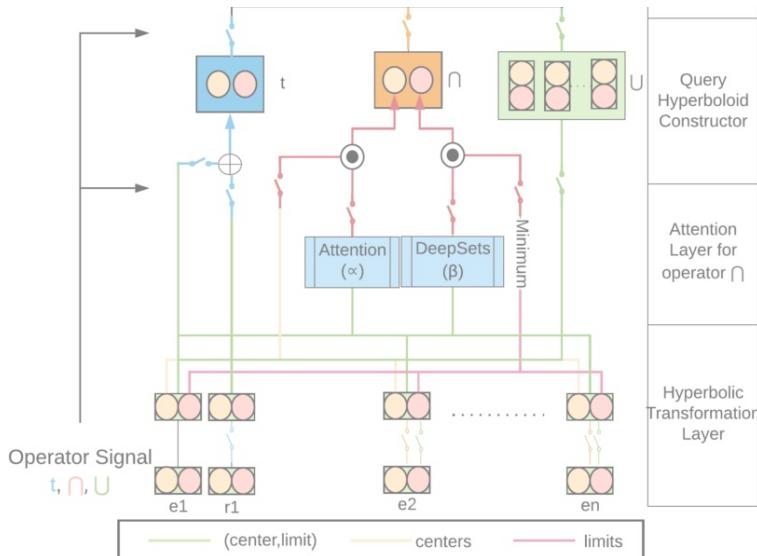


Applications

Knowledge Graphs: Hyperboloid Embeddings

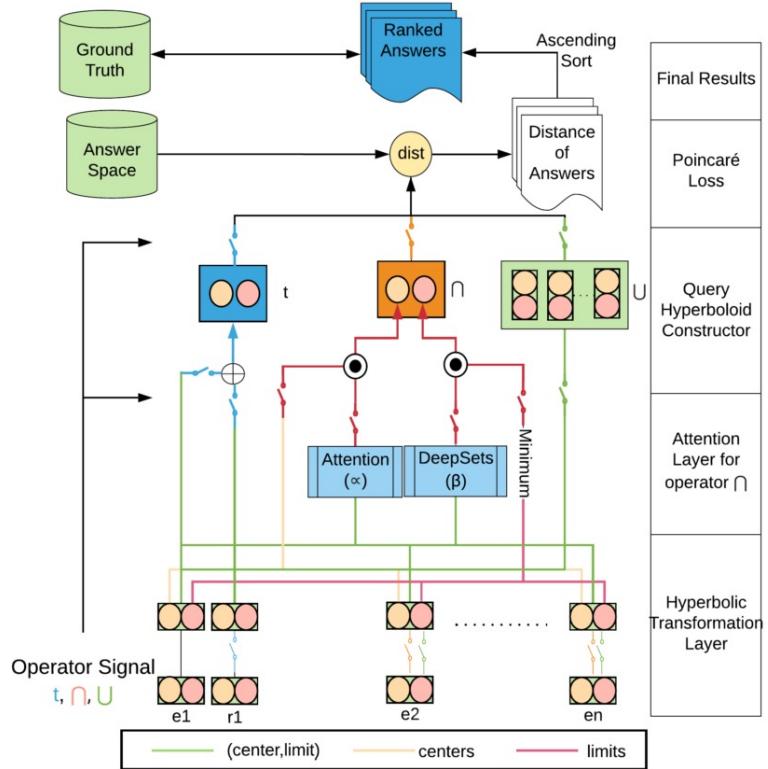
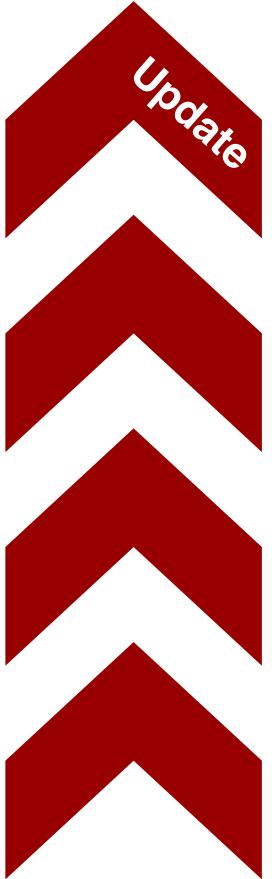


Calculate Loss based on distance of samples from the query space.



Applications

Knowledge Graphs: Hyperboloid Embeddings



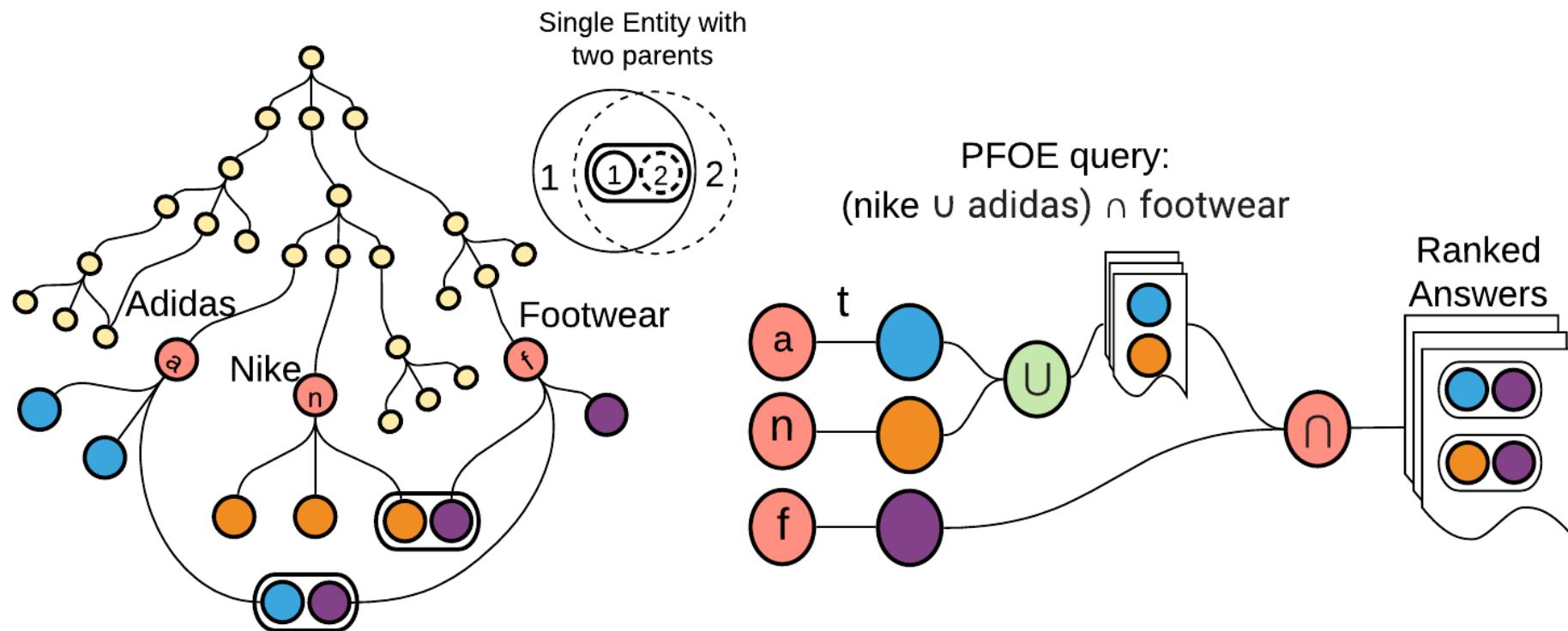
**B
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E**

Update entity and relation representations based on the loss.

Applications

Knowledge Graphs: Self-supervised Learning

Generate pseudo-queries by using the structure/relations in the training graph.



Generation of Pseudo-query from a Product Graph

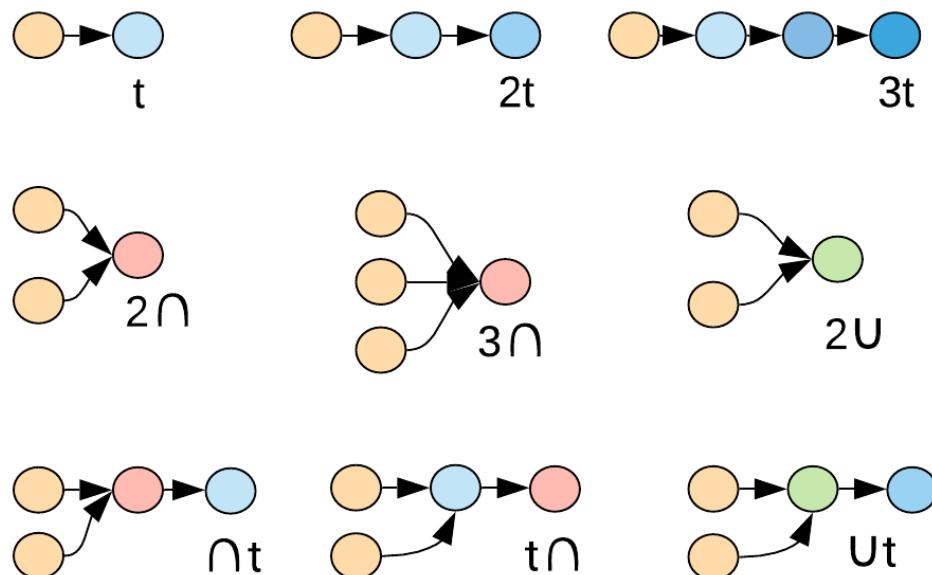
Applications

Knowledge Graphs: Evaluation

1. Efficacy of the Query Search Space
2. Performance of Anomaly Detection
3. Visualization

Applications

Knowledge Graphs: Efficacy of the Query Space



Translation (t):

1t: "nike", "shoes", "adidas"

2t: "women shoes" ("shoes" → "women")

3t: "furniture" ("furniture" → "chair", "table", "dining", etc → "ikea", "wayfair", etc)

Intersection (\cap):

$2\cap$: "nike shoes" ("nike" AND "shoes")

$3\cap$: "nike jordan laces" ("nike" AND "jordan" AND "laces")

$\cap t$: "nike shoes" ("nike" AND "shoes" → products in the space)

$t\cap$: "furniture ikea" ("furniture" → "chair", "table", "dining", etc AND "ikea")

Union (\cup):

$2\cup$: "nike and adidas" ("nike" OR "adidas")

$\cup t$: "nike and adidas shoes" ("nike" OR "adidas" → products in the space)

Applications

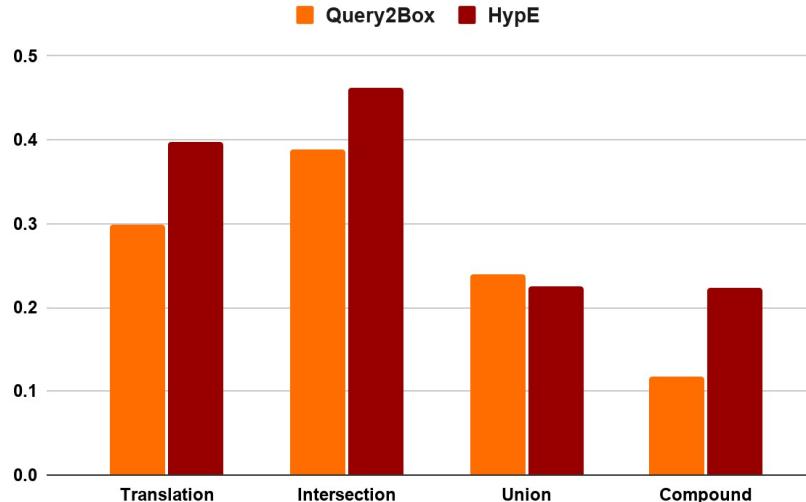
Knowledge Graphs: Efficacy of the Query Space

- Logical Query Reasoning
- Dataset: FB15K, FB15K-237, NELL995, DBPedia, E-commerce Product Graph
- Primary Baseline: Query2Box (ICLR 2020)
- Evaluation Metrics: HITS@3, Mean Reciprocal Rank

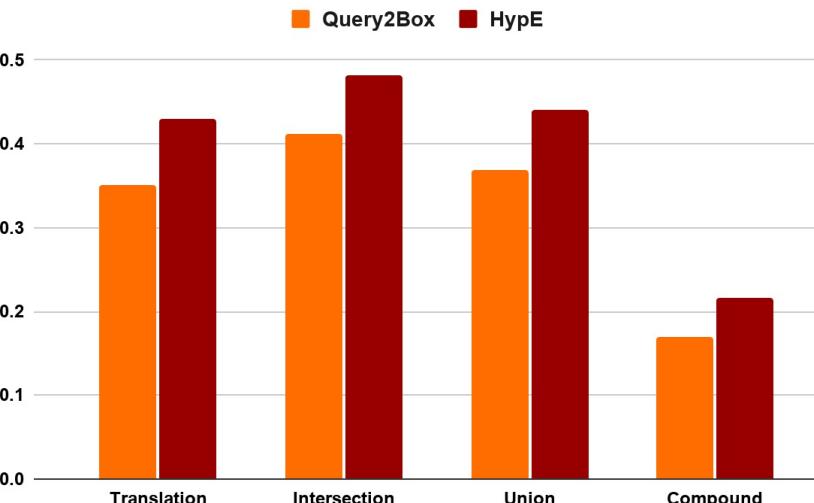
Applications

Knowledge Graphs: Efficacy of the Query Space

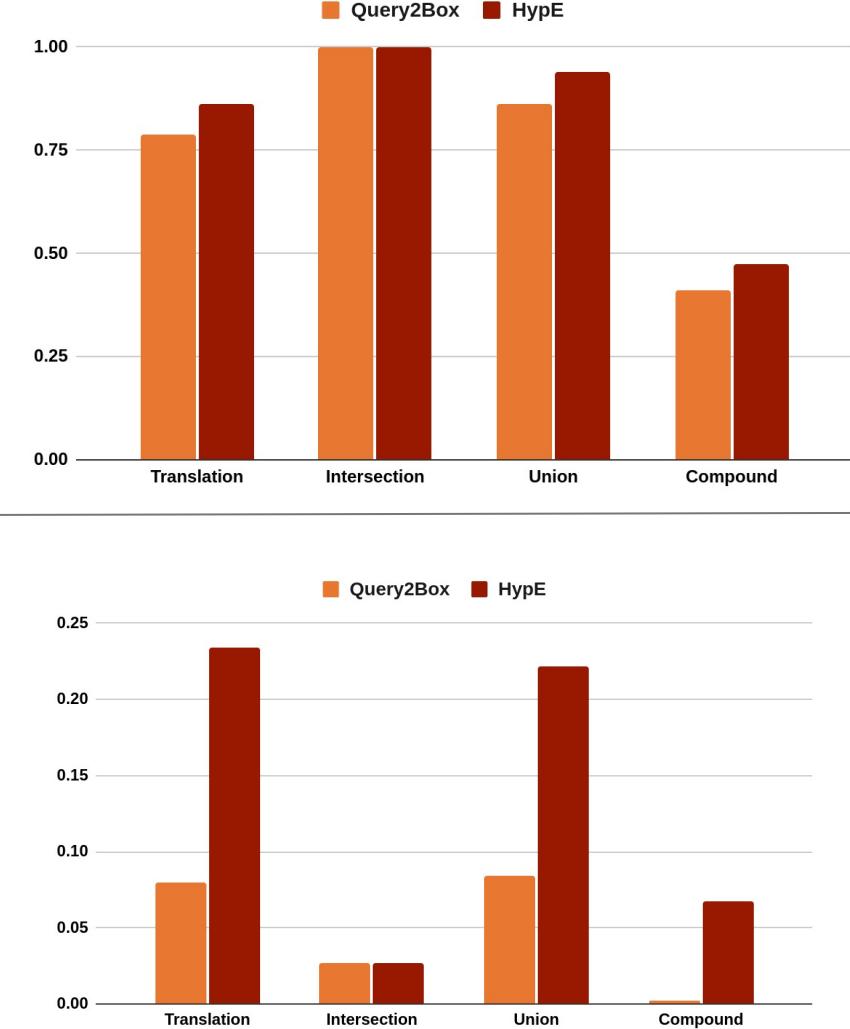
FB15K-237



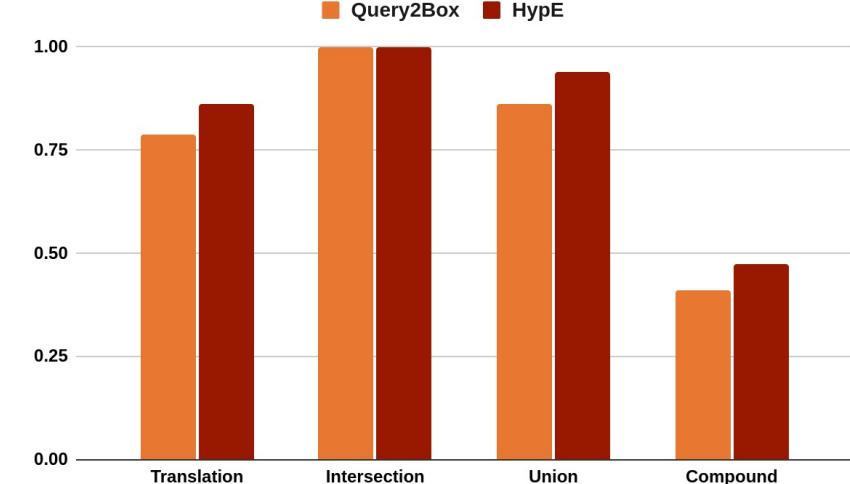
NELL995



E-commerce
(Relative)

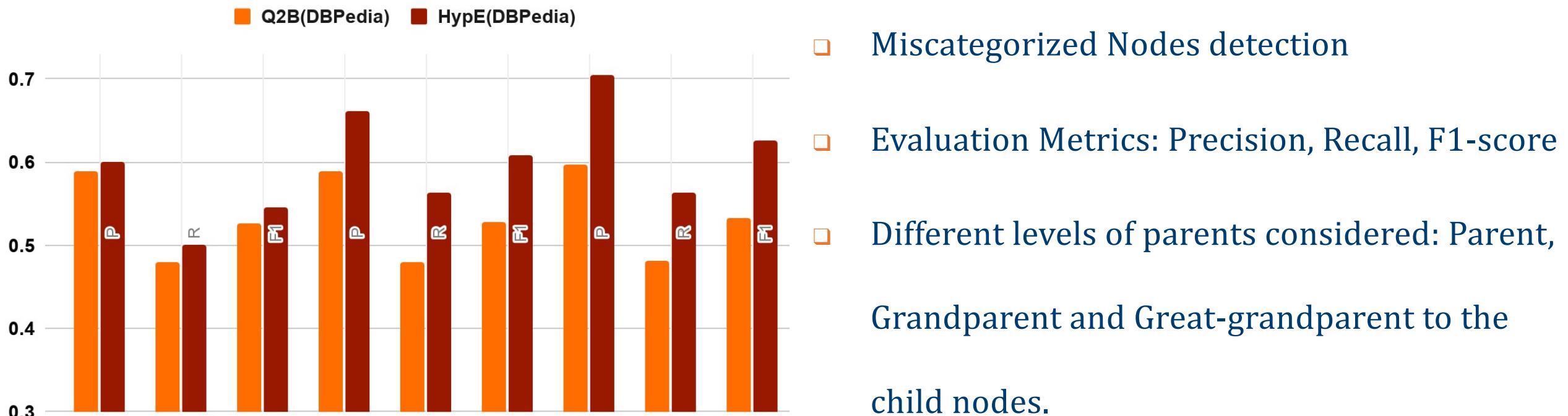


DBpedia



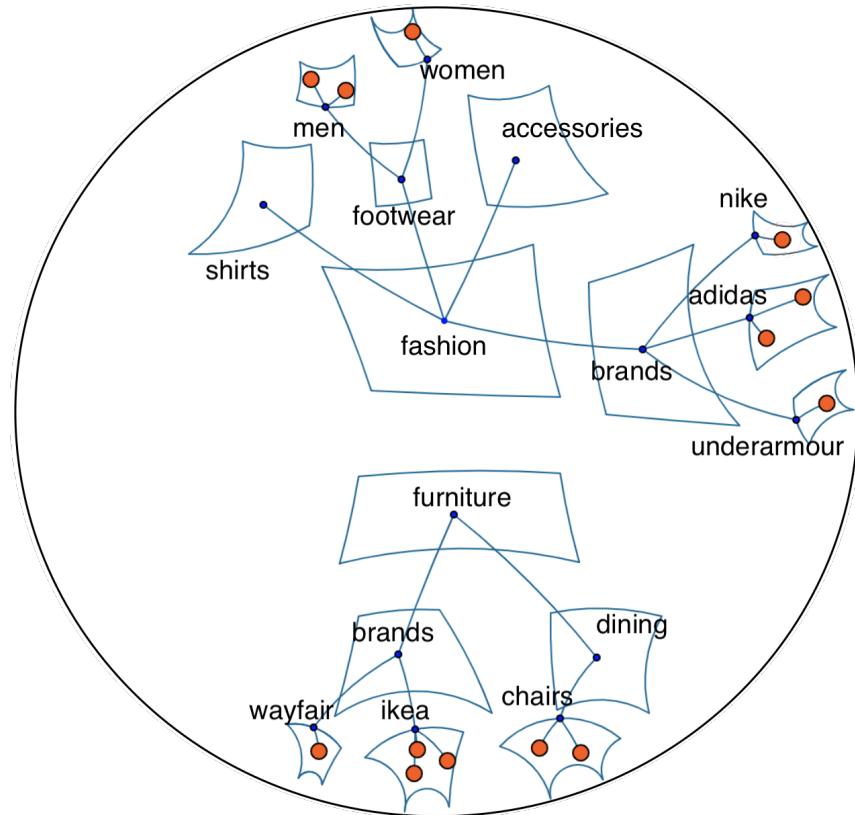
Applications

Knowledge Graphs: Anomaly Detection (Downstream task)

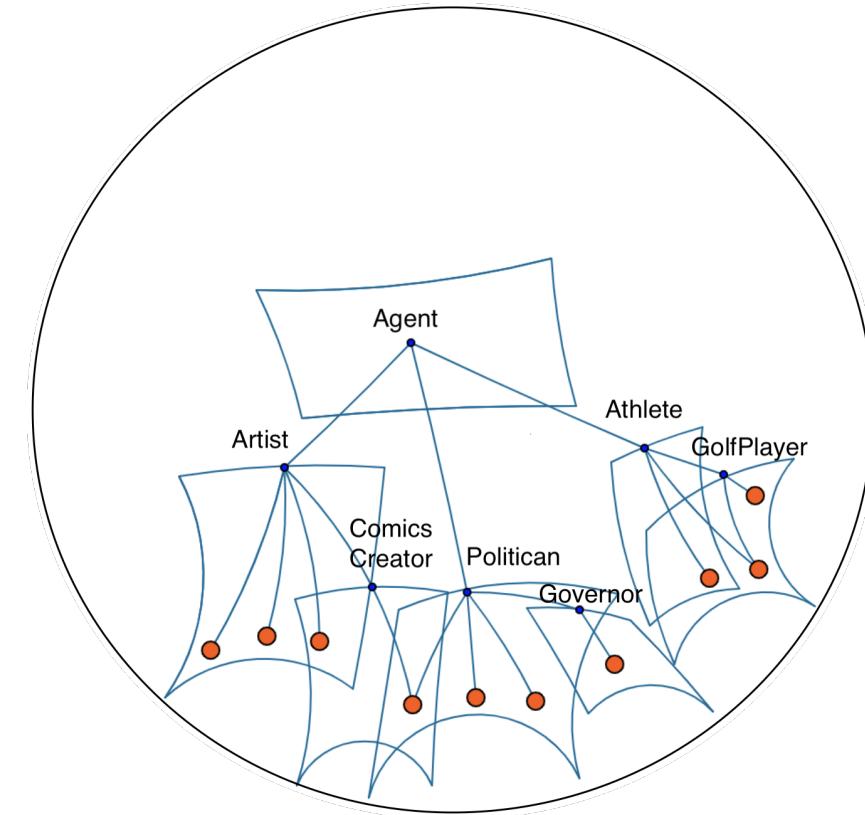


Applications

Knowledge Graphs: Visualization



Hyperboloids of the E-commerce Graph



Hyperboloids of DBpedia

More results can be found in the paper: Choudhary, N., Rao, N., Katariya, S., Subbian, K., & Reddy, C. K. (2021, April). Self-Supervised Hyperboloid Representations from Logical Queries over Knowledge Graphs. (WWW 2021)

Applications

Knowledge Graphs: Learnings

- Hyperbolic space is better at simultaneously capturing **spatial and hierarchical structure** information by pseudo-querying the knowledge graphs.
- The ablation study shows the clear importance of using relatively **complex queries** such as intersection and union in enhancing HypE's performance.
- HypE's representation, in congruence with/without additional information such as semantics, can also be used for **downstream tasks** (anomaly detection).
- The hyperboloids can also be visualized in a Poincaré ball for better **human comprehension**.

Applications

Extending Logical Reasoning to Product Search

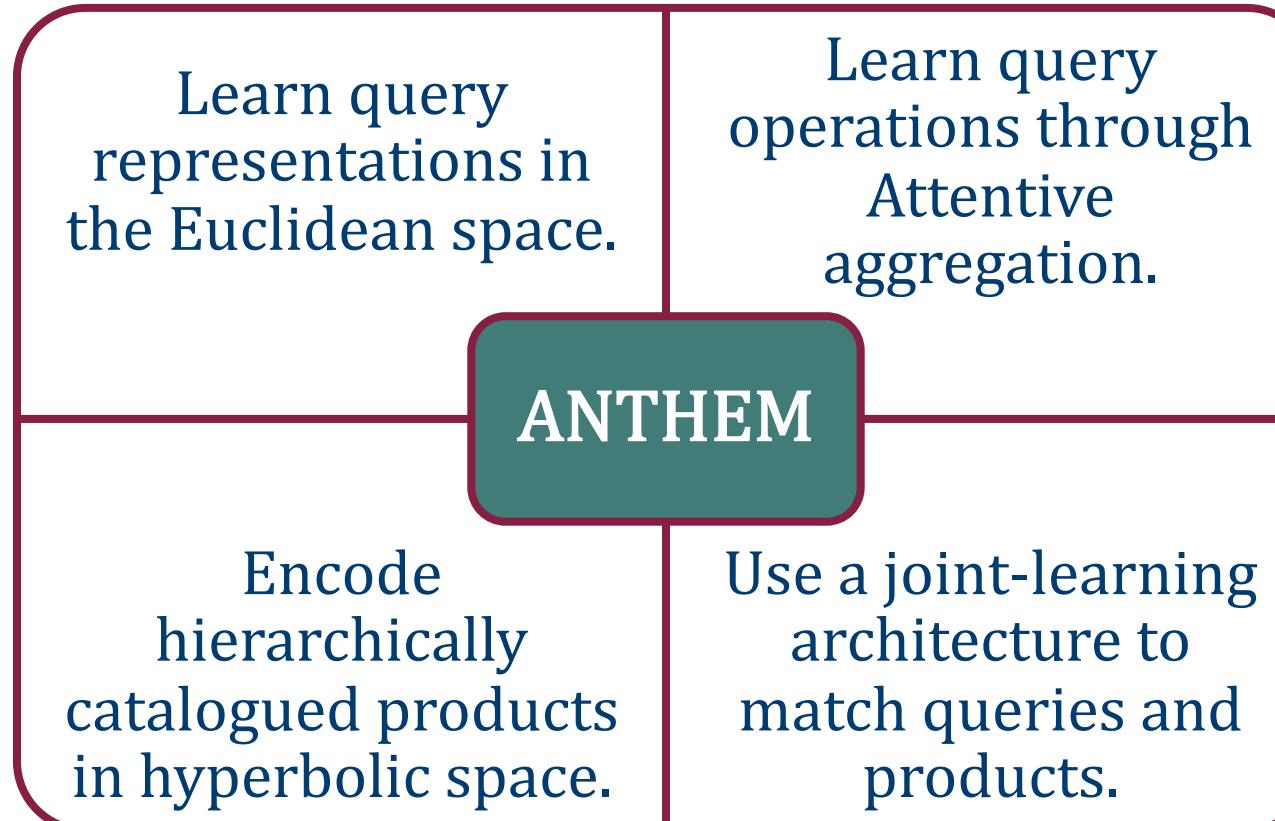
Challenges:

- Search queries are presented in **Natural Language** and not logical queries.
- **Reasoning** needs logical steps.
- The products lie in a **hierarchical catalogue**.

Can we learn the **logical reasoning steps** from the natural language **queries** to retrieve products from a hierarchical catalogue?

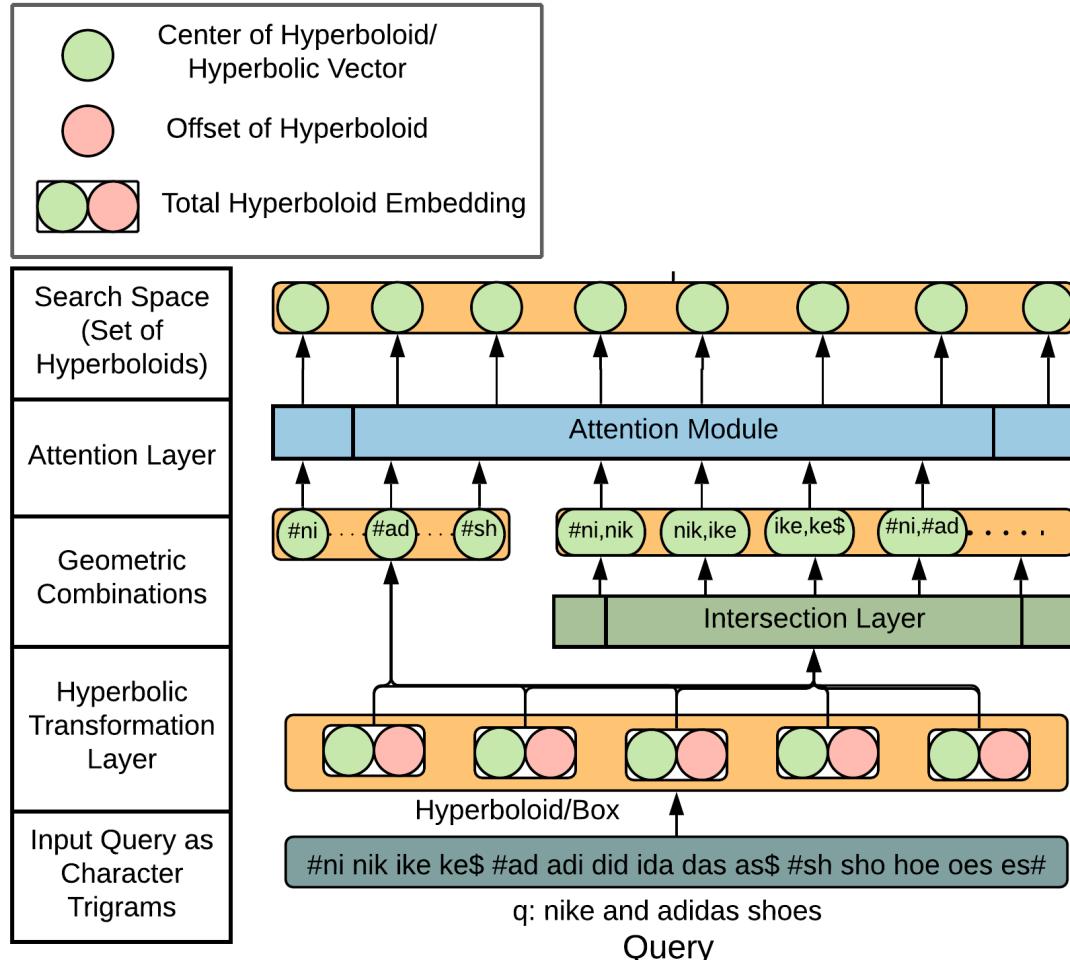
Applications

Product Search: ANTHEM



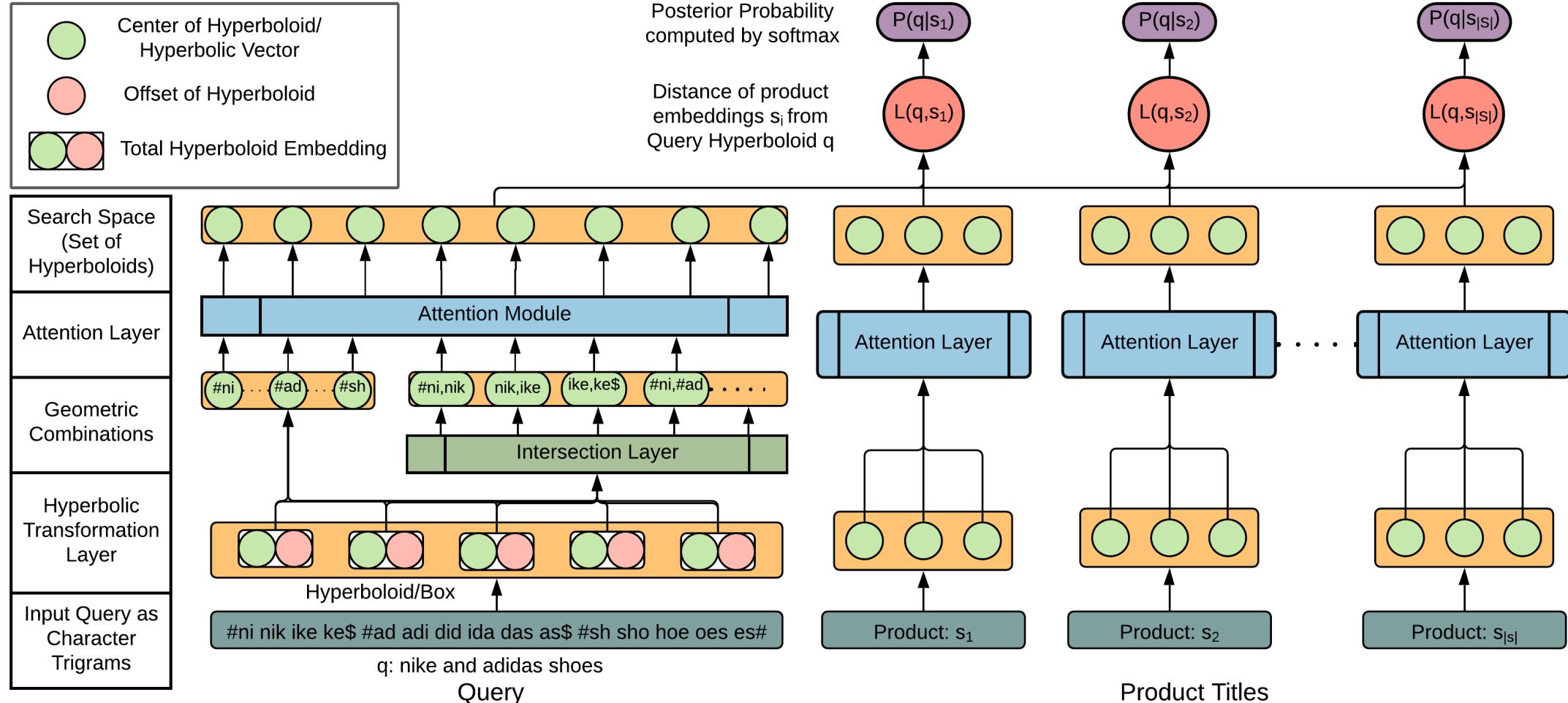
Applications

Product Search: ANTHEM



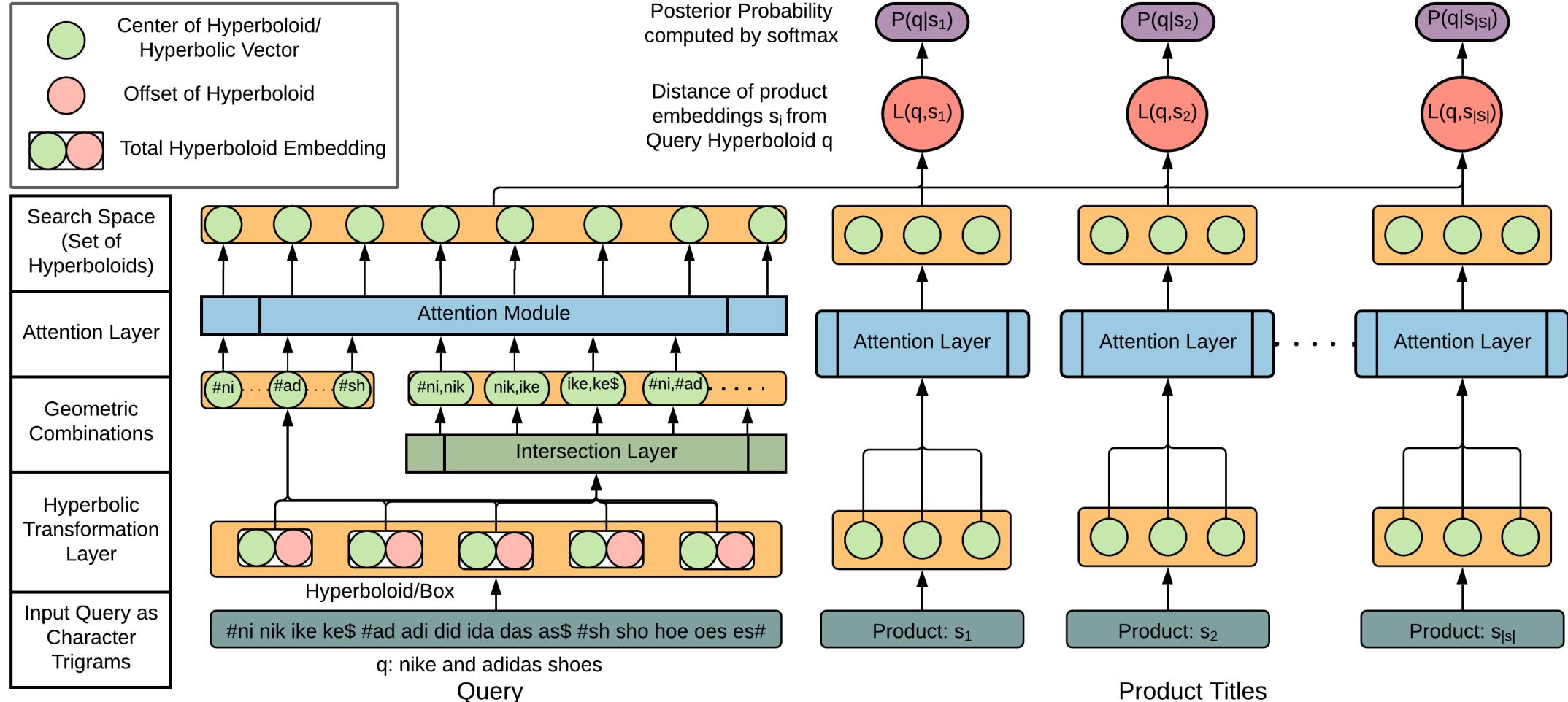
Applications

Product Search: ANTHEM



Applications

Product Search: ANTHEM



Applications

Product Search: Evaluation

1. Performance on Product Search
2. Performance on Query Matching
3. Explainability Study

Applications

Product Search: Performance on Product Search

- ❑ Dataset for Product Search: E-commerce (Amazon) Product Search, Public E-commerce Search

Relevance

- ❑ Dataset for Query Matching: E-commerce (Amazon) ESCI Query Matching
- ❑ Baselines: ARC-II, KNRM, DUET, DRMM, aNMM, MatchPyramid, C-DSSM, MV-LSTM, BERT.
- ❑ Evaluation Metrics: NDCG@3, NDCG@5, NDCG@10, Mean Average Precision (MAP) and Mean Reciprocal Rank (MRR)

Applications

Product Search: Performance on Product Search

Datasets	E-commerce Product Search (in %)					Public E-commerce Search Relevance (in %)				
Models	NDCG@3	NDCG@5	NDCG@10	MAP	MRR	NDCG@3	NDCG@5	NDCG@10	MAP	MRR
ARC-II	0	0	0	0	0	59.2	58.1	54.4	58.2	48.5
KNRM	12.5	12.8	15.0	12.8	16.7	66.6	65.5	62.6	65.6	56.6
Duet	13.1	13.3	15.4	13.4	14.7	66.9	65.8	62.8	66.0	55.6
DRMM	20.5	22.8	24.4	20.3	21.7	71.3	71.3	67.7	70.0	59.0
aNMM	21.0	23.9	26.8	20.3	22.9	71.6	72.0	69.0	70.0	59.6
MatchPyramid	25.6	25.6	26.8	25.0	34.7	74.3	72.9	69.0	72.8	65.3
C-DSSM	31.3	29.4	44.7	32.6	27.8	77.7	75.2	78.7	77.1	61.9
MV-LSTM	34.7	33.3	55.7	34.3	37.7	79.7	77.5	84.7	78.2	66.8
BERT	38.6	37.2	65.9	40.1	51.0	82.1	79.7	90.2	81.5	73.2
E-ANTHEM	49.4	46.7	66.7	51.2	62.9	88.5	85.2	90.7	88.0	79.0
ANTHEM	51.1	48.9	80.9	53.5	65.4	89.5	86.5	98.4	89.3	80.2

Applications

Product Search: Performance on Query Matching

Models	Accuracy (in %)	F-score (in %)	AUC (in %)
ARC-II	0.0	0.0	0.0
KNRM	-4.1	-24.9	-19.1
Duet	-2.3	-4.7	0.9
DRMM	25.1	15.4	33.1
aNMM	-1.3	-8.6	4.0
MatchPyramid	-14.5	-17.8	-9.7
C-DSSM	21.2	21.7	30.1
MV-LSTM	41.1	21.2	48.9
BERT	40.1	33.5	54.7
E-ANTHEM	43.2	40.3	61.4
ANTHEM	43.9	40.8	62.6

Applications

Product Search: Explainability Study

	Q: aveno daily moisturizer	Q: pokemon movie	Q: playstation 4
BERT (best baseline)	 <p>CeraVe Moisturizing Cream Body and Face Moisturizer for Dry Skin Body Cream with Hyaluronic Acid and Ceramides 19 Ounce Visit the CeraVe Store  32,037 ratings 303 answered questions</p>	 <p>New Pokemon Black Version 2 White Version 2 Games Card 2 In 1 USA Reproduction Version For Nintendo DS Brand: BALAKASI Retro Video Game Rated: Everyone</p>	 <p>Sony PlayStation 4 The Last of Us Remastered Bundle 500GB Jet Black Console  108 product ratings About this product</p>
ANTHEM (our model)	 <p>Aveeno Daily Moisturizing Body Lotion with Soothing Oat and Rich Emollients to Nourish Dry Skin, Gentle & Fragrance-Free Lotion is Non-Greasy & Non-Comedogenic, 18 FL Oz Visit the Aveeno Store  17,004 ratings 127 answered questions</p>	 <p>Pokemon the Movie: I Choose You! (BD) [Blu-ray] Various (Actor, Director) Format: Blu-ray  569 ratings</p>	 <p>Sony PlayStation 4 500GB Jet Black Console  3265 product ratings About this product</p>

ANTHEM detects misspellings due to the use of char trigrams.

ANTHEM gives less false positives due to hierarchical information.

ANTHEM results have higher diversity due to information gain from different product hierarchies.

Applications

Product Search: Learnings

- Hyperbolic space is better at simultaneously capturing spatial and hierarchical structure information by pseudo-querying the knowledge graphs.
- The ablation study shows the clear importance of using attention mechanism to capture intersection and union operations in product search queries.
- HypE's product representation, in congruence with matching architecture can be utilized for downstream tasks (product search and query matching).
- The attention weights in ANTHEM can also be visualized for better human comprehension.

Applications

Natural Language Processing: Text Classification

- ❖ **Natural Language Inference:** Given two sentences, a premise (e.g. "Little kids A. and B. are playing soccer") and a hypothesis (e.g. "Two children are playing outdoors."), the **binary** classification task is to predict whether the second sentence can be inferred from the first one.
- ❖ Standard **SNLI** dataset; **570K** training, **10K** validation and **10K** test sentence pairs.
- ❖ **PREFIX:** Given two sentences, model has to decide if the second sentence is a noisy prefix of the first, or a random sentence.
- ❖ **PREFIX-Z%** ($Z=10, 30$ or 50): For each random first sentence and one random prefix of it, a second positive sentence is generated by randomly replacing $Z\%$ of the words of the prefix, and a second negative sentence of same length is randomly generated. **500K** training, **10K** validation and **10K** test pairs.

Applications

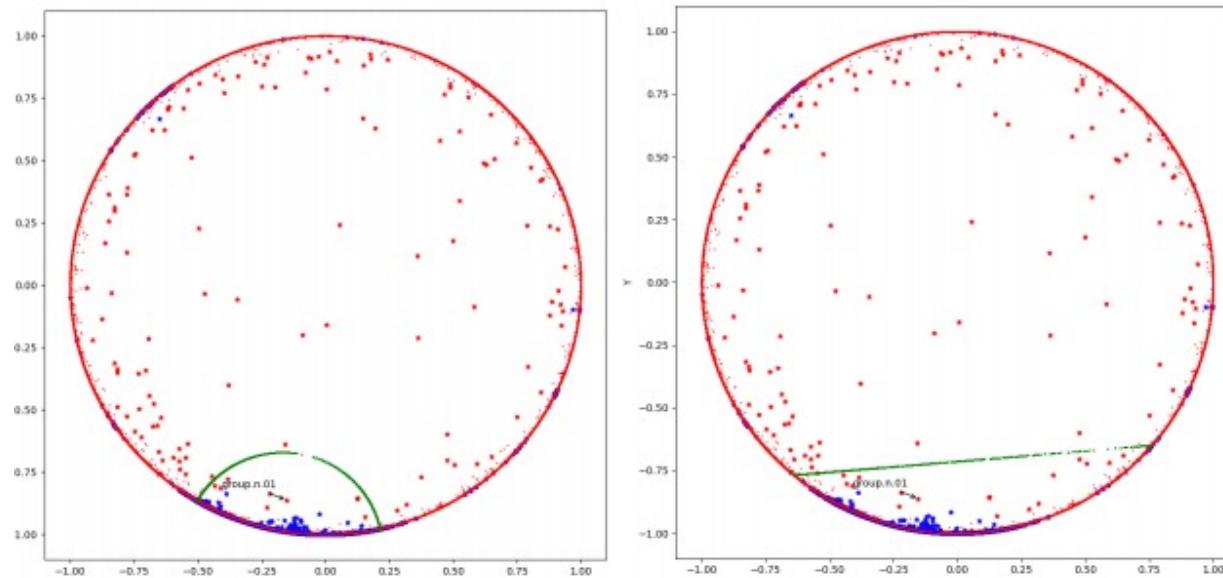
Text Classification: Evaluation

Metric: Accuracy	SNLI	PREFIX-10%	PREFIX-30%	PREFIX-50%
FULLY EUCLIDEAN RNN	79.34	89.62	81.71	72.10
HYPERBOLIC RNN+FFNN, EUCL. MLR	79.18	96.36	87.83	76.50
FULLY HYPERBOLIC RNN	78.21	96.91	87.25	62.94
FULLY EUCLIDEAN GRU	81.52	95.96	86.47	75.04
HYPERBOLIC GRU+FFNN, EUCL. MLR	79.76	97.36	88.47	76.87
FULLY HYPERBOLIC GRU	81.19	97.14	88.26	76.44

Applications

Text Classification: Evaluation

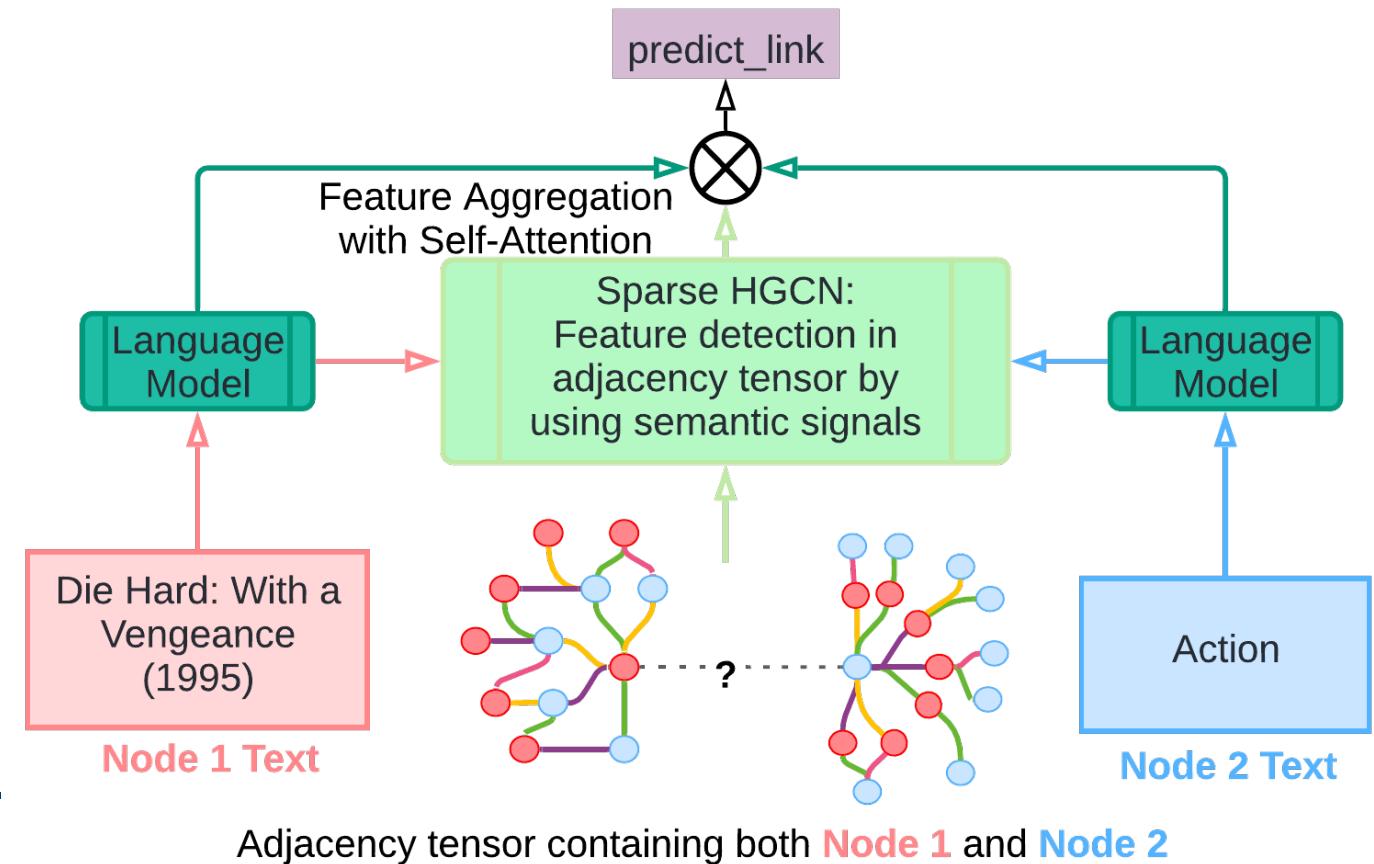
- Hyperbolic architectures, on average, perform better than the Euclidean variants.
- The improvement is better on hierarchical task; PREFIX
- No apparent benefit of using Hyperbolic MLR.



Applications

Multi-modal Graph Processing: TESH-GCN

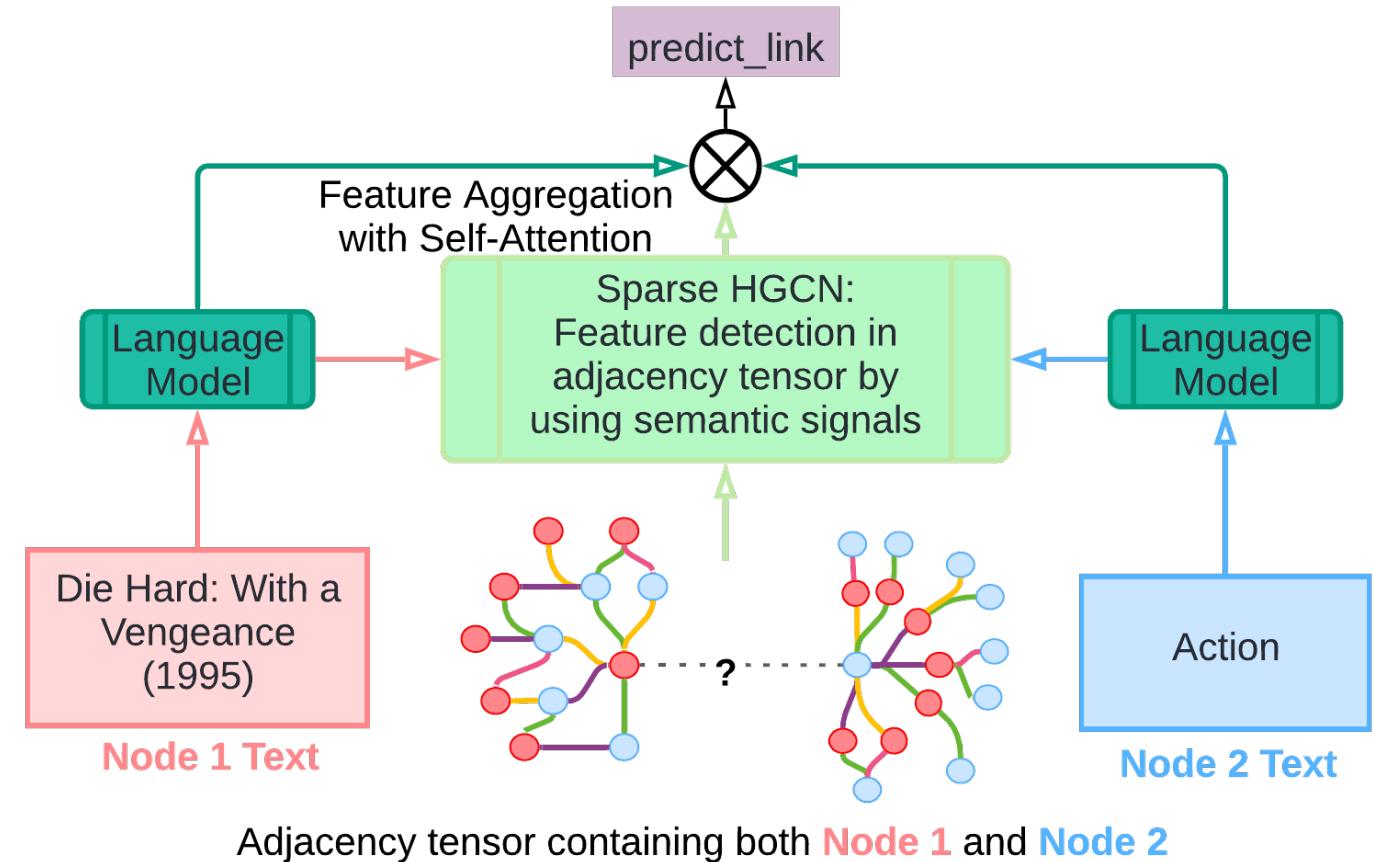
- Several graphs have inherent node information. However, the structure information is handled independently.
- Real-world graphs are also large and hence, it is difficult to capture global information.
- TESH-GCN is a hybrid graph-text based approach that aims to solve these issues.



Applications

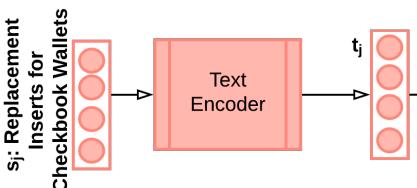
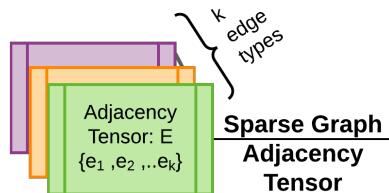
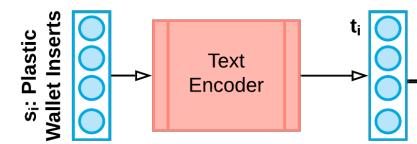
Multi-modal Graph Processing: TESH-GCN

In **TESH-GCN**, we try to utilize the inherent node information to extract both **local** and **global graph features** and **integrate** it with the **nodes' information** to finally solve a downstream task.



Applications

Multi-modal Graph Processing: TESH-GCN



We use Text and Graph-based Link Prediction as a running example in this work. But the method is extensible to any other modality and downstream task.

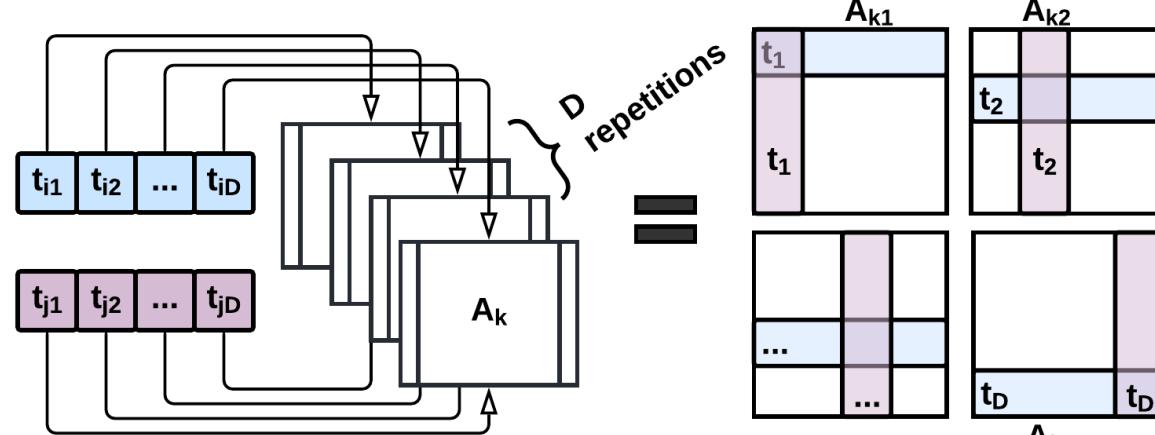
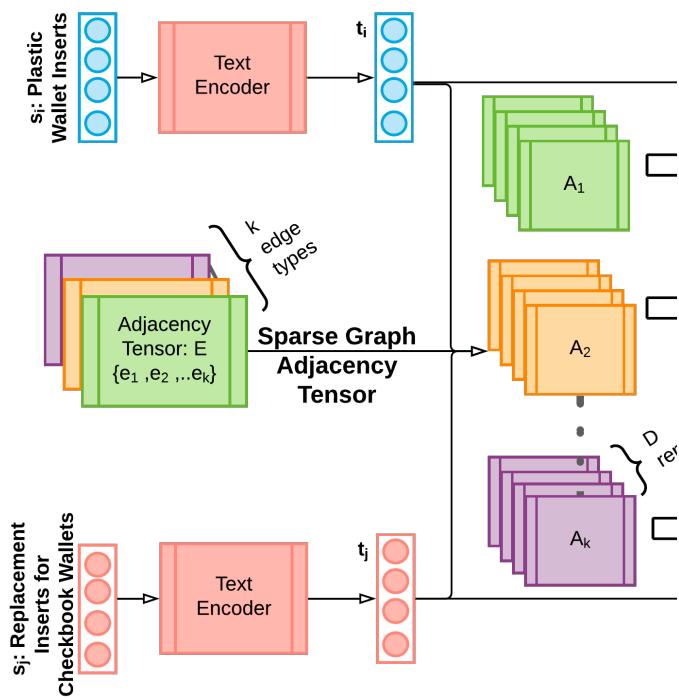
The inputs to TESH-GCN are:

- Text from Node 1.
- Text from Node 2.
- Sparse Adjacency Tensor of the graph.
 - Graph is a tensor for multiple-relations and a matrix for the case of single-relation.

The text from Node 1 and Node 2 are encoded using a trainable language model.

Applications

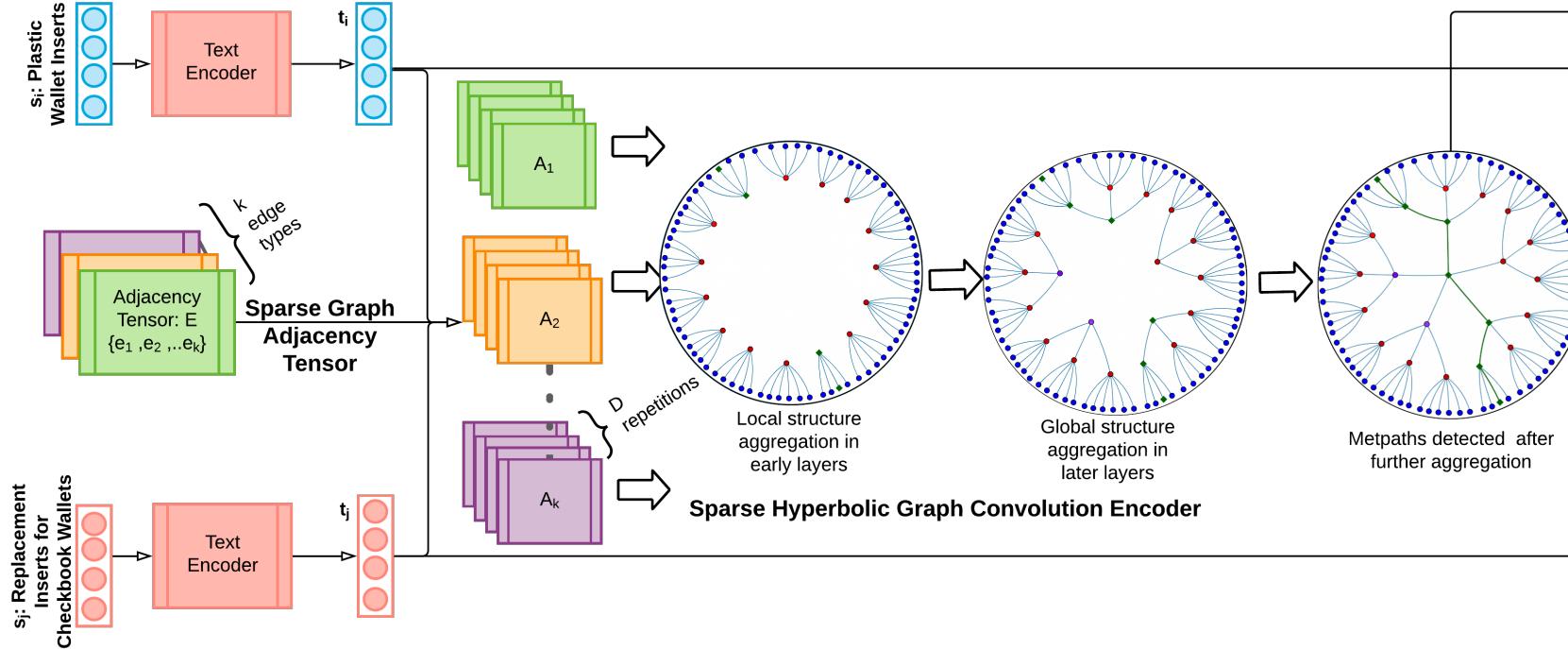
Multi-modal Graph Processing: TESH-GCN



The **text encoding** from Node 1 and Node 2 are added to the **Adjacency tensor** to capture both semantic information and location of the nodes.

Applications

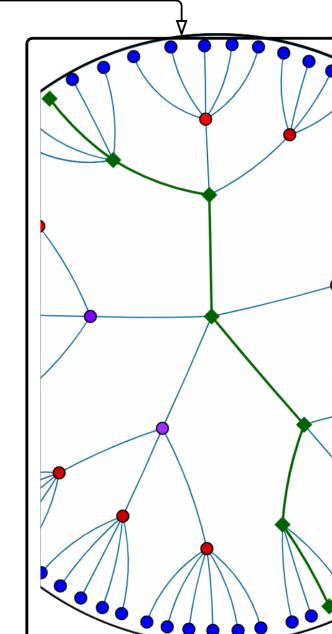
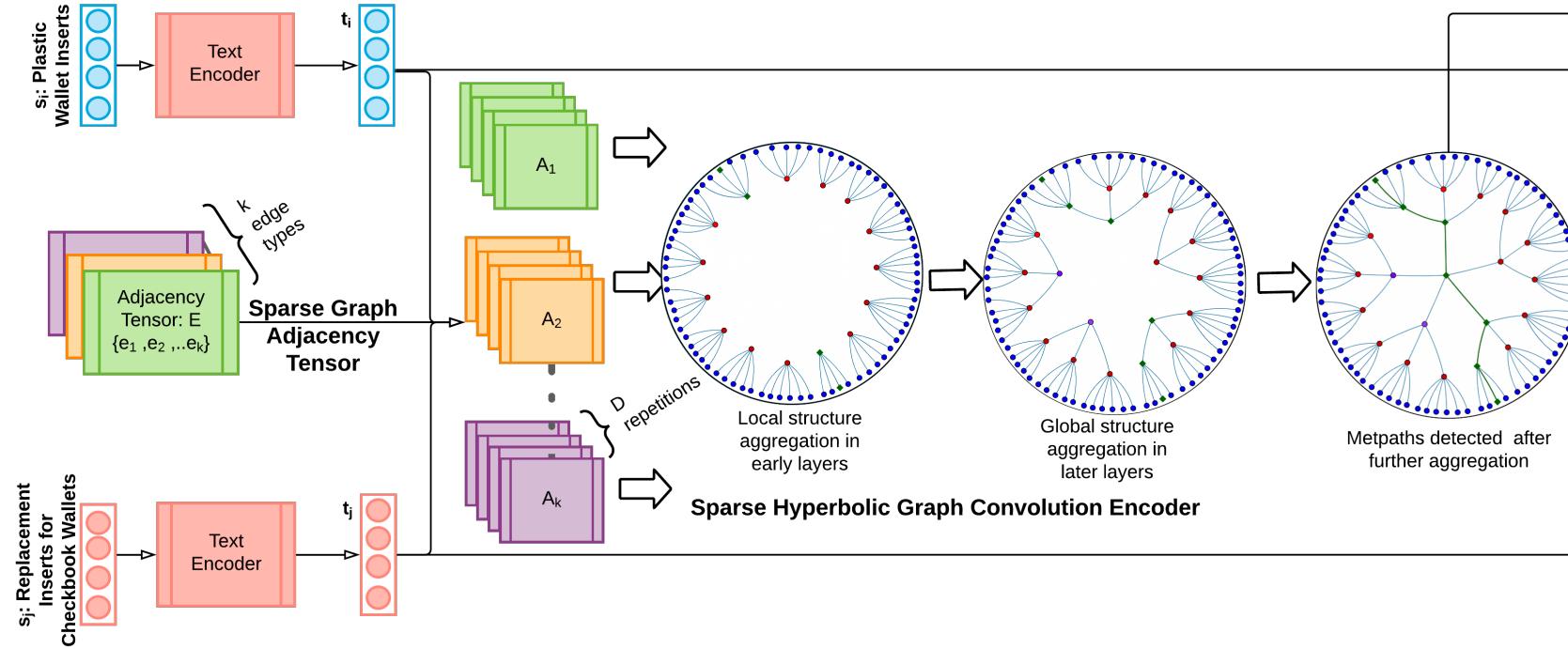
Multi-modal Graph Processing: TESH-GCN



Given the **sparsity** of Adjacency tensors and **hierarchical nature** of graph structure, we use an **8-layer Sparse HGCN** encoder. We notice that in most of the cases an 8-layer network is able to **identify the metapath** between the input nodes.

Applications

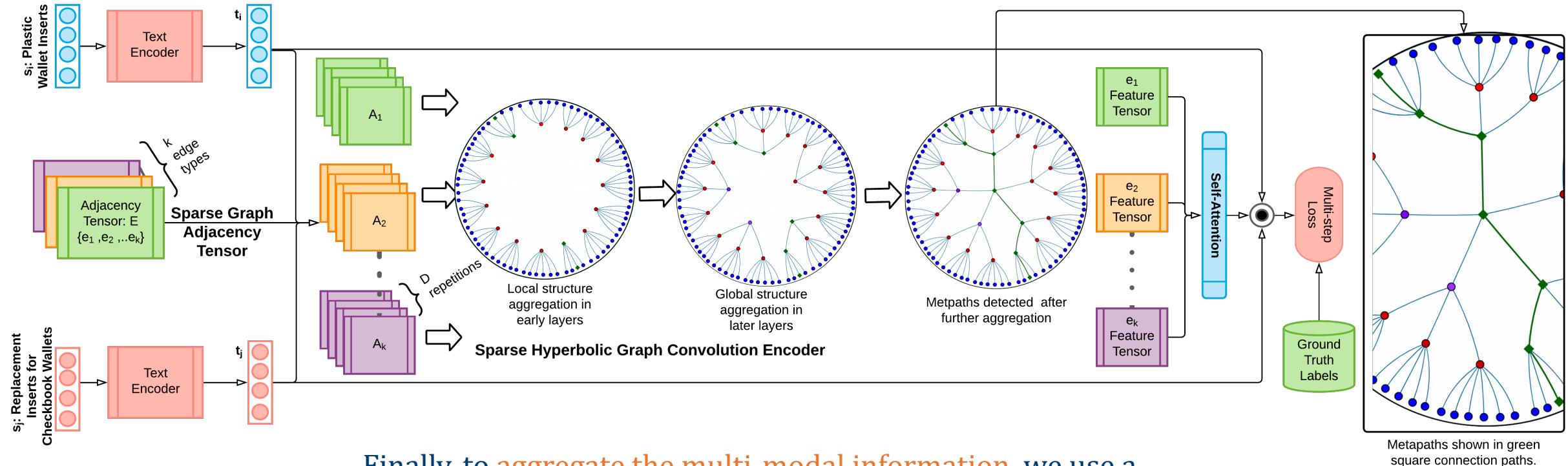
Multi-modal Graph Processing: TESH-GCN



Given the **sparsity** of Adjacency tensors and **hierarchical nature** of graph structure, we use an **8-layer Sparse HGCN** encoder. We notice that in most of the cases an 8-layer network is able to **identify the metapath** between the input nodes.

Applications

Multi-modal Graph Processing: TESH-GCN



Applications

Multi-modal Graph Processing: Evaluation

1. Performance on Link Prediction
2. Ablation Study
3. Time and Memory Complexity
4. Robustness against Noise
5. Example Metapaths

Applications

Multi-modal Graph Processing: Evaluation

- Task: Link Prediction
 - Dataset: Amazon, DBLP, Twitter, Cora, MovieLens
 - Baselines: Text-based (BERT), Graph-based (HGCN), Hybrid approach (TextGCN)
 - Evaluation Metrics: Accuracy, F1

Applications

Multi-modal Graph Processing: Evaluation

Models	Amazon		DBLP		Twitter		Cora		MovieLens	
	Acc	F1								
BERT	0.787	0.784	0.604	0.603	0.667	0.641	0.757	0.751	0.76	0.752
HGCN	0.71	0.703	0.547	0.533	0.608	0.598	0.929	0.923	0.685	0.677
TextGCN	0.817	0.809	0.624	0.616	0.671	0.669	0.862	0.856	0.789	0.78
TESH-GCN	0.829	0.836	0.636	0.640	0.709	0.670	0.940	0.918	0.806	0.801

Applications

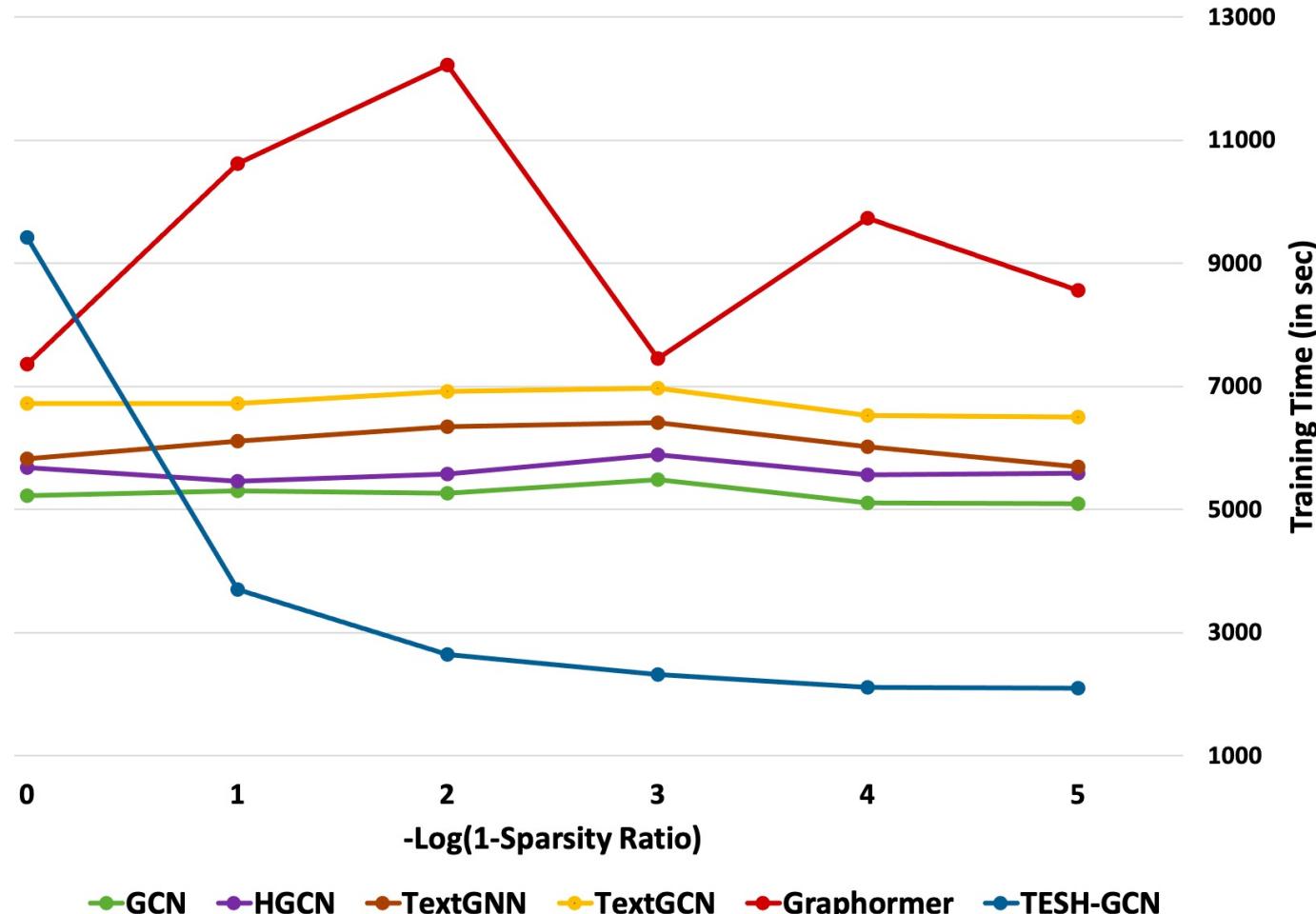
Multi-modal Graph Processing: Ablation Study

Models	Amazon		DBLP		Twitter		Cora		MovieLens	
	Acc	F1	Acc	F1	Acc	F1	Acc	F1	Acc	F1
TESH-GCN	0.829	0.836	0.636	0.64	0.709	0.67	0.94	0.918	0.806	0.801
w/o Text	0.784	0.784	0.599	0.599	0.645	0.622	0.854	0.824	0.759	0.748
w/o Hyperbolic	0.677	0.678	0.522	0.516	0.577	0.585	0.787	0.757	0.655	0.66
w/o Residual	0.826	0.829	0.629	0.632	0.699	0.658	0.937	0.913	0.796	0.795

Applications

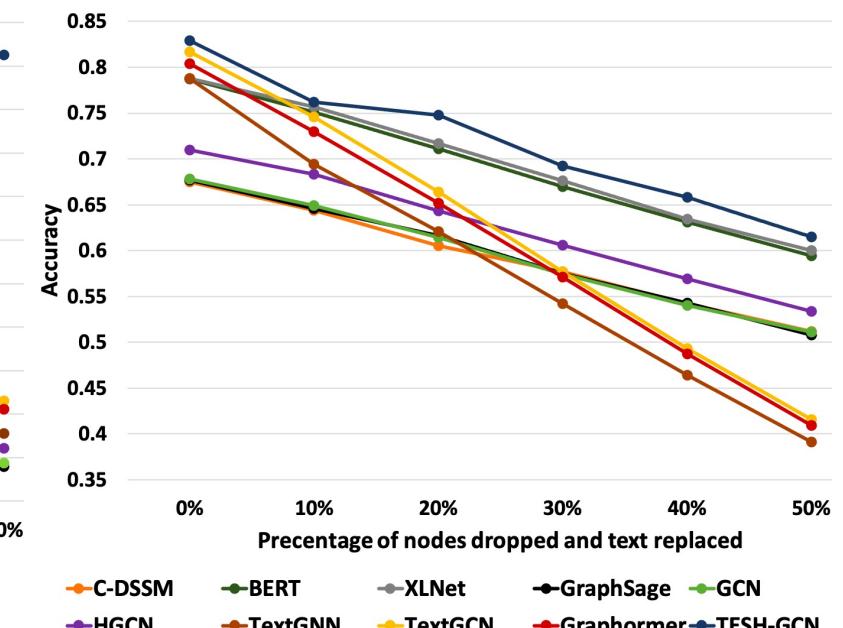
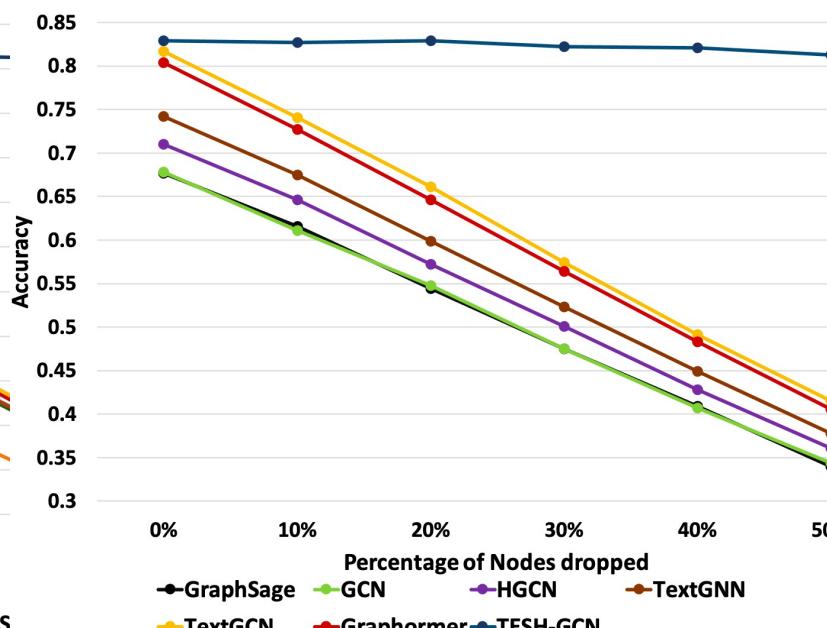
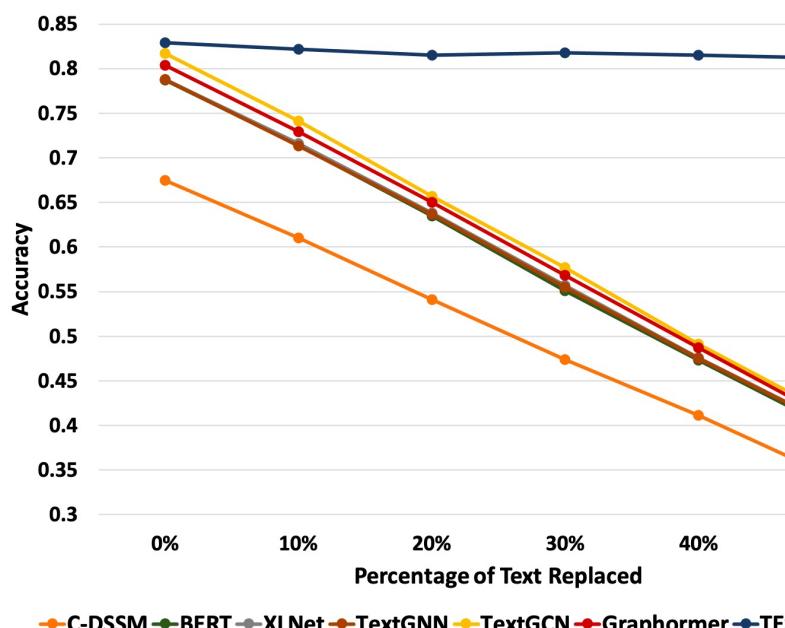
Multi-modal Graph Processing: Time and Memory Complexity

TESH-GCN's training time is more than other methods for dense graphs, but as the graph's get sparser, the training time reduces drastically.



Applications

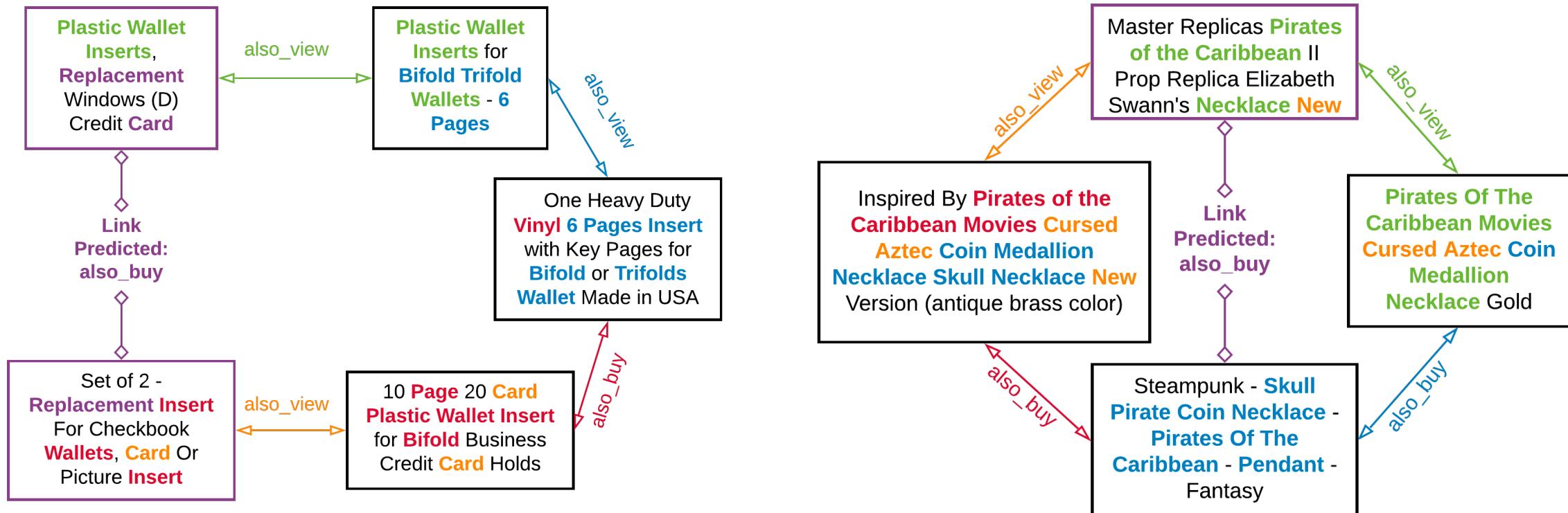
Multi-modal Graph Processing: Robustness

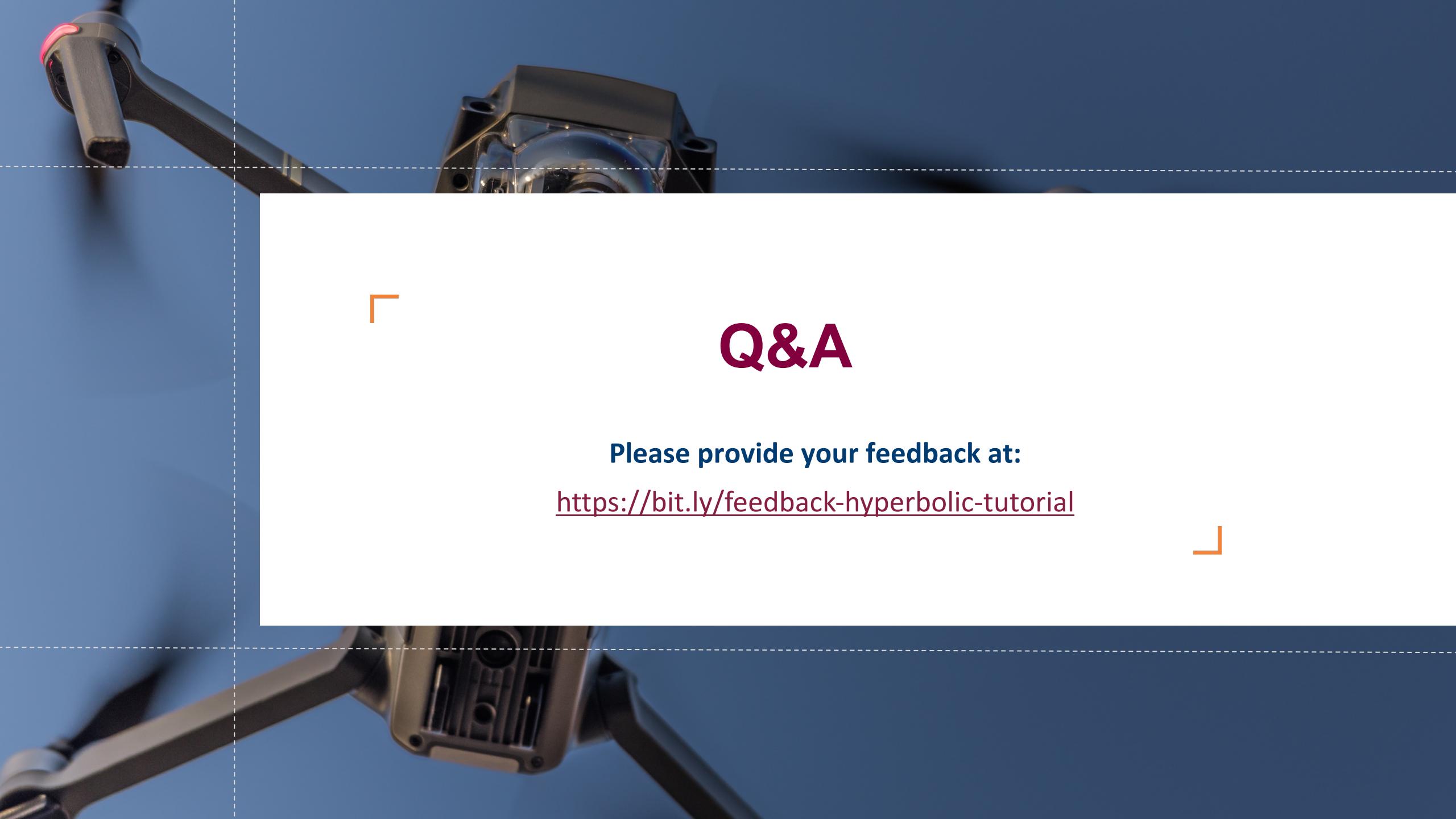


Robustness is tested by text replacement, node drops and a hybrid node drop with text replacement.

Applications

Multi-modal Graph Processing: Visualization of Metapaths





Q&A

Please provide your feedback at:

<https://bit.ly/feedback-hyperbolic-tutorial>