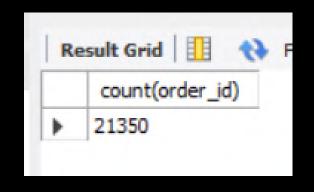




### Q1. RETRIEVE THE TOTAL NUMBER OF ORDERS PLACED.

select count(order\_id) from orders;







#### Q2. CALCULATE THE TOTAL **REVENUE GENERATED FROM** PIZZA SALES.

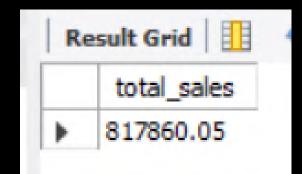
#### **SELECT**

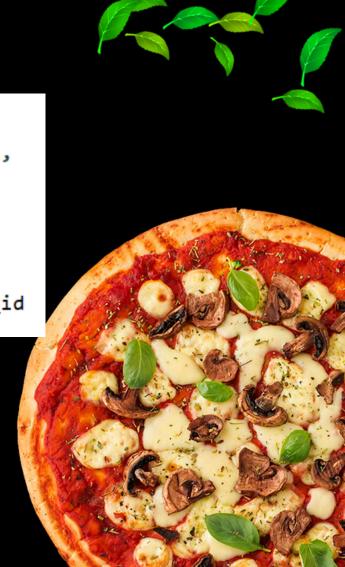
ROUND(SUM(order\_details.quantity \* pizzas.price), 2) AS total\_sales

order\_details

JOIN

pizzas ON order\_details.pizza\_id = pizzas.pizza\_id







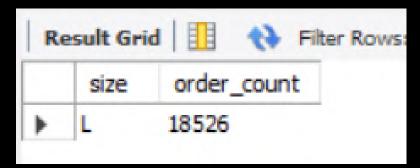
#### Q3 .IDENTIFY THE HIGHEST-PRICED PIZZA.

```
pizza_types.name, pizzas.price
FROM
    pizza_types
        JOIN
    pizzas ON pizzas.pizza_type_id = pizza_types.pizza_type_id
ORDER BY pizzas.price DESC
LIMIT 1
```



### Q4. IDENTIFY THE MOST COMMON PIZZA SIZE ORDERED.

```
SELECT
    pizzas.size,
    COUNT(order_details.order_details_id) AS order_count
FROM
    order_details
        JOIN
    pizzas ON pizzas.pizza_id = order_details.pizza_id
GROUP BY pizzas.size
ORDER BY order_count DESC
LIMIT 1;
```





# Q5. LIST THE TOP 5 MOST ORDERED PIZZA TYPES ALONG WITH THEIR QUANTITIES.

Re	Result Grid Filter Rows:		
	name	quantity	
١	The Classic Deluxe Pizza	2453	
	The Barbecue Chicken Pizza	2432	
	The Hawaiian Pizza	2422	
	The Pepperoni Pizza	2418	
	The Thai Chicken Pizza	2371	





Q6. JOIN THE NECESSARY TABLES TO FIND THE TOTAL QUANTITY OF EACH PIZZA CATEGORY ORDERED.

```
SELECT
    pizza_types.category,
    SUM(order_details.quantity) AS quantity
FROM
    pizza_types
        JOIN
    pizzas ON pizza_types.pizza_type_id = pizzas.pizza_type_id
        JOIN
    order_details ON order_details.pizza_id = pizzas.pizza_id
GROUP BY pizza_types.category
ORDER BY quantity DESC;
```

Re	esult Grid	Filte	er Rows:
	category	quantity	
•	Classic	14888	
	Supreme	11987	
	Veggie	11649	
	Chicken	11050	



select hour(order\_time), count(order\_id)from orders
group by hour(order\_time)

		1	
		hour(order_time)	count(order_id)
Þ	•	11	1231
		12	2520
L		13	2455
		14	1472
		15	1468





## Q8. JOIN RELEVANT TABLES TO FIND THE CATEGORY-WISE DISTRIBUTION OF PIZZAS.

SELECT category, count(name) from pizza\_types group by category

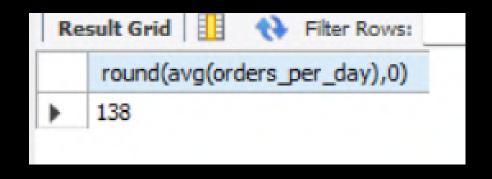
Result Grid Filter Rows:		
	category	count(name)
•	Chicken	6
	Classic	8
	Supreme	9
	Veggie	9





## Q9. GROUP THE ORDERS BY DATE AND CALCULATE THE AVERAGE NUMBER OF PIZZAS ORDERED PER DAY.

```
select round(avg(orders_per_day),0) from
(select orders.order_date as Date , sum(order_details.quantity) as orders_per_day
from orders join order_details
on orders.order_id = order_details.order_id
group by Date ) as per_day;
```





Q10.DETERMINE THE TOP 3 MOST ORDERED PIZZA TYPES BASED ON REVENUE.

select pizza\_types.name ,
round(sum(order\_details.quantity \* pizzas.price),2) as revenue
from pizza\_types join pizzas on
pizzas.pizza\_type\_id = pizza\_types.pizza\_type\_id
join order\_details on
order\_details.pizza\_id = pizzas.pizza\_id
group by pizza\_types.name
order by revenue desc
limit 3

Result Grid		
	name	revenue
•	The Thai Chicken Pizza	43434.25
	The Barbecue Chicken Pizza	42768
	The California Chicken Pizza	41409.5



## Q11. CALCULATE THE PERCENTAGE CONTRIBUTION OF EACH PIZZA TYPE TO TOTAL REVENUE.

```
SELECT
    pizza_types.category,
    ROUND(SUM(order details.quantity * pizzas.price) / (SELECT
                    ROUND(SUM(order_details.quantity * pizzas.price),
                                2) AS total sales
                FROM
                    order_details
                        JOIN
                    pizzas ON order details.pizza id = pizzas.pizza id) * 100
            2) AS revenue
FROM
    pizza_types
        JOIN
    pizzas ON pizzas.pizza_type_id = pizza_types.pizza_type_id
        JOIN
    order_details ON order_details.pizza_id = pizzas.pizza_id
GROUP BY pizza_types.category
ORDER BY revenue DESC
```



#### Q12. ANALYZE THE CUMULATIVE REVENUE GENERATED OVER TIME.

```
select order_date,
sum(revenue) over ( order by order_date ) as cummulative from
(select orders.order_date,
round(sum(order_details.quantity * pizzas.price ),2) as revenue
from order_details join pizzas
on order_details.pizza_id = pizzas.pizza_id
join orders
on orders.order_id = order_details.order_id
group by orders.order_date) as sales
```

Re	Result Grid		
	order_date	cummulative	
•	2015-01-01 00:00:00	2713.85	
	2015-01-02 00:00:00	5445.75	
	2015-01-03 00:00:00	8108.15	
	2015-01-04 00:00:00	9863.6	
	2015-01-05 00:00:00	11929.55	
1			