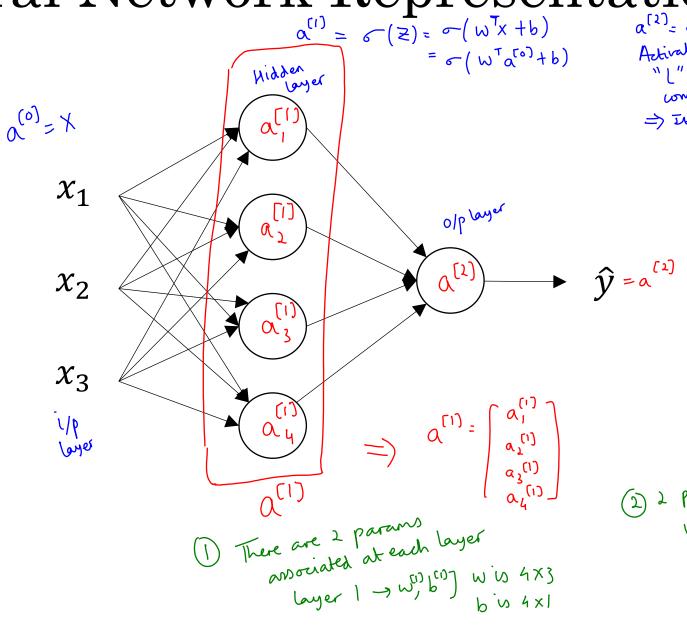


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# One hidden layer Neural Network

Neural Network Representation Neural Network Representation



a<sup>[2]</sup>=  $\sigma(z) = \sigma(w^T a^{(1)} + b)$ Activations, which are the o/p of layer

"L" are passed to layer "L+1" to

compute the new activation

The is fair to say that oth Activation = i/p to the NN, X

=) It is fair to say that oth Activation = i/p to the NN, X

Notation
This is a 2 layer NN
Not a 3 layer NN

not a 3 layer NN (i/p layer is not counted)

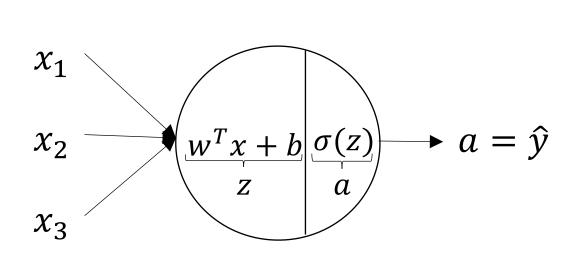


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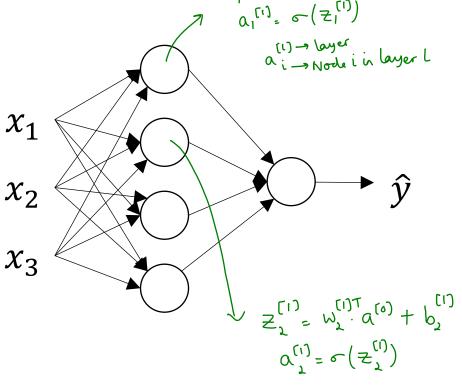
# One hidden layer Neural Network

Computing a Neural Network's Output

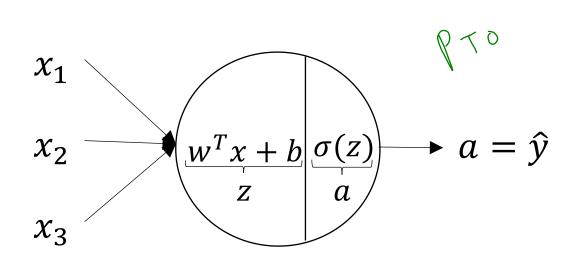
Neural Network Representation English Control Representation



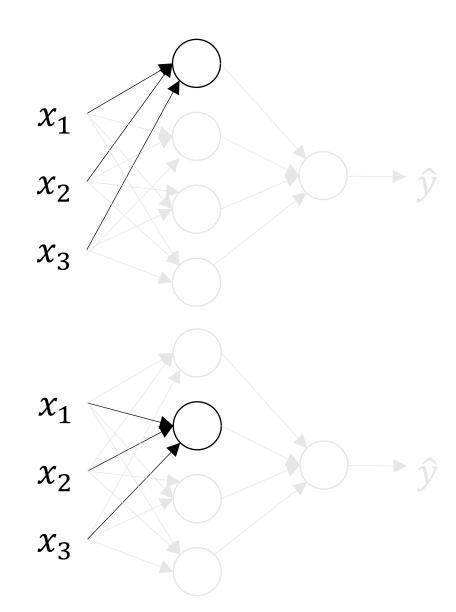
$$z = w^T x + b$$
$$a = \sigma(z)$$



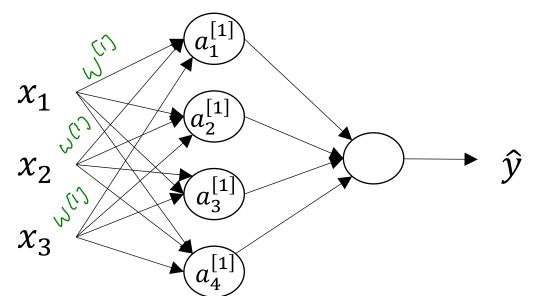
### Neural Network Representation



$$z = w^T x + b$$
$$a = \sigma(z)$$



Neural Network Representation



$$z_{1}^{[1]} = w_{1}^{[1]T} x + b_{1}^{[1]}, \quad a_{1}^{[1]} = \sigma(z_{1}^{[1]})$$

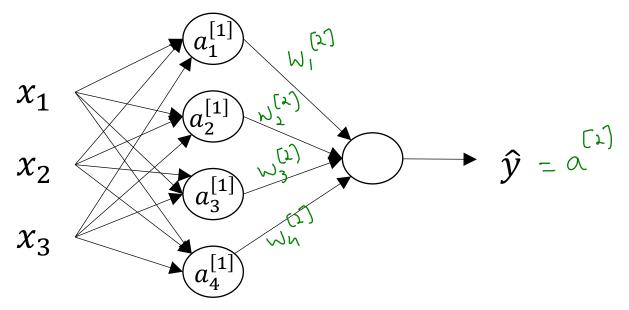
$$z_{2}^{[1]} = w_{2}^{[1]T} x + b_{2}^{[1]}, \quad a_{2}^{[1]} = \sigma(z_{2}^{[1]})$$

$$z_{3}^{[1]} = w_{3}^{[1]T} x + b_{3}^{[1]}, \quad a_{3}^{[1]} = \sigma(z_{3}^{[1]})$$

$$z_{4}^{[1]} = w_{4}^{[1]T} x + b_{4}^{[1]}, \quad a_{4}^{[1]} = \sigma(z_{4}^{[1]})$$

Andrew Ng

### Neural Network Representation learning



#### Given input x:

$$z^{[1]} = W^{[1]}x + b^{[1]}$$

$$a^{[1]} = \sigma(z^{[1]})$$

$$(4,1)$$

$$z^{[2]} = W^{[2]}a^{[1]} + b^{[2]}$$

$$(1,1)$$

$$a^{[2]} = \sigma(z^{[2]})$$

$$(1,4)$$

$$(4,1)$$

$$z^{[2]} = \sigma(z^{[2]})$$

$$(1,1)$$

$$z^{[2]} = \sigma(z^{[2]})$$

$$z^{[2]} = \sigma(z^{[2]})$$

$$z^{[2]} = \sigma(z^{[2]})$$