EE720: Home Assignment 1 and Problems on Introduction

January 14, 2016

This is a first short assignment. Will be evaluated on 0 to 10 scale. Its weightage out of 20% in the total shall be decided depending on the second or possibly third assignment. This assignment is to be completed individually. Deadline to submit this assignment is **February 20**, **2016**. Submission of the report should be done in soft copy to any one TA whose names will be announced on moodle. Format of title page of submission:

- Title: Name of the cipher you have designed
- Your roll number and name.

Home Assignment Problem

Develop a toy cipher for encrypting English text using only alphabets A to Z, space and punctuation marks are neglected, with following specifications

- 1. Key length in alphabets should be 8 to 16 characters long for block cipher. Plaintext is limited to 500 alphabets.
- 2. Algorithm should be simple enough to do hand encryption once the user is given a template or a table of alphabets. Similarly decryption should be easy enough with same set up.
- 3. Optionally, you may choose to develop a method for choosing a 100 alphabet length key stream which is uniformly randomly distributed at each alphabet and develop a Vernam key pad cipher.
- 4. Algorithm for encryption and decryption should be implementable by hand without any programming expertise or availability of laptop or a tablet. Any user with the above set up material on paper should be able to carry out encryption and decryption.

- 5. If any calculations are required to be carried out for encryption or decryption these should be possible on a hand calculator.
- 6. Use only 25 English alphabets by taking i and j as same letters.
- 7. Give justification of extent of security your algorithm provides.
- 8. Modification of existing algorithms should be avoided. But if you use existing algorithm then variations on the algorithm must be incorporated and security should be justified.

Problems on Introductory ideas

- 1. Develop a method of generating 12 digit random number. (Read Von Newmann's method of random number generation).
- 2. Develop methods for generating random sequences of alphabets in sets of alphabets $\{0,1\}$, $\{0,1,2\}$ and $\{0,1,2,3\}$ of a specified length.
- 3. If \mathcal{A} is the alphabet set with cardinality $|\mathcal{A}| = m$, what is the cardinality of \mathcal{A}^n ?
- 4. If $F: X \to Y$ is a one way function (OWF) where $X = Y = \mathcal{A}^n$ justify how you can produce a random stream of characters in \mathcal{A} using F?
- 5. If F is the OWF as in the previous problem, construct and justify a trapdoor OWF $G: X \times X \to X$.
- 6. Construct and justify a MAC using a OWF.