

Indian Institute of Technology Jodhpur

Probability, Statistics and Random Processes- MA221

Semester II (2016 - 2017)

Assignment VI

1. Let X and Y be independent random variables with density functions $f(x) = \frac{x^2}{9}, 0 < x < 3$ and $g(y) = \frac{1}{y^2}, 0 < y < 1$. Find $P(XY > 1)$.
2. Let X and Y be independent random variables with $X \sim B(2, 1/2)$ and $Y \sim B(3, 1/3)$. Calculate $P(X = Y)$.
3. Suppose X has uniform distribution on the interval $(-\pi, \pi)$. Define $Y = \cos X$. Show that $Cov(X, Y) = 0$ though X and Y are dependent.
4. Let X and Y be independent uniform random variables in $(0, 1)$. Define $U = \max(X, Y)$ and $V = \min(X, Y)$. Find $Cov(U, V)$.
5. Let X and Y be two discrete random variables, with support

$$S_{XY} = \{(x, y) \in \mathbb{Z}^2 | x^2 + |y| \leq 2\}$$

and the joint probability mass function given by

$$P_{XY}(x, y) = a, \text{ for } (x, y) \in S_{XY}$$

- (a) Construct a joint probability distribution table.
 - (b) Find $E(X|Y = 1)$.
 - (c) Find $Var(X|Y = 1)$.
 - (d) Find $E(X||Y| \leq 1)$.
 - (e) Find $E(X^2||Y| \leq 1)$.
6. Let X and Y be two continuous random variables. Suppose $\sigma_X^2 = 4$ and $\sigma_Y^2 = 9$. If we know that the two random variables $U = 2X - Y$ and $V = X + Y$ are independent, find $Cov(X, Y)$ and $\rho(X, Y)$.
 7. Let X follows exponential distribution with mean 1. Find
 - (a) the conditional PDF of X given $X > 1$.
 - (b) $E(X|X > 1)$.
 - (c) $Var(X|X > 1)$.
 8. Let X and Y be jointly continuous random variables with joint density

$$f_{XY}(x, y) = \frac{x^2}{4} + \frac{y^2}{4} + \frac{xy}{6}, 0 \leq x \leq 1, 0 \leq y \leq 2$$

(a) Find the conditional PDF of X given $Y = y$.

(b) Find $P(X < 1/2|Y = y)$.

(c) Find $E(X|Y = 1)$.

(d) Find $Var(X|Y = 1)$.

9. Let X and Y be jointly continuous random variables with joint density

$$f_{XY}(x, y) = \frac{1}{x}, \quad 0 \leq x \leq 1, 0 \leq y \leq x$$

Compute the covariance matrix.

10. Let X and Y be independent standard normal random variables. Let also, $U = 2X - Y$ and $V = -X + Y$. Find the joint density of U and V .

11. Assume that X and Y are independent and uniformly distributed over $(0, 1)$ and $(0, 2)$ respectively. Find the joint density for (U, V) , where $U = 2X + Y$ and $V = X + 3Y$.