```
%matplotlib inline
        import warnings
        warnings.filterwarnings("ignore")
        import pickle
        import numpy as np
        import pandas as pd
        import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
        from sklearn.cross_validation import train_test_split
        from sklearn.neighbors import KNeighborsClassifier
        from sklearn.metrics import accuracy_score
        from sklearn.cross validation import cross val score
        from collections import Counter
        from sklearn.metrics import accuracy score
        from sklearn import cross validation
        from sklearn.naive bayes import MultinomialNB
        from sklearn.metrics import f1 score
        from sklearn.model selection import GridSearchCV
        from sklearn.datasets import *
        from sklearn.linear model import LogisticRegression
        from sklearn.model selection import RandomizedSearchCV
        from sklearn.metrics import precision recall fscore support
        from sklearn.metrics import classification report
        from prettytable import PrettyTable
        import random
        from scipy.stats import uniform
        from sklearn.metrics import roc curve, auc
        from sklearn.learning curve import validation curve
        from sklearn.metrics import fbeta score, make scorer
        from sklearn.metrics import precision score, recall score, roc auc score
        from sklearn.ensemble import ExtraTreesClassifier
        from sklearn.feature selection import SelectKBest
        from sklearn.feature selection import chi2
        from sklearn.feature_selection import SelectFromModel
        from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
        from sklearn.calibration import CalibratedClassifierCV
        import joblib
        from sklearn.svm import SVC
        from sklearn import svm
        from sklearn import linear model
        from scipy import stats
        import scikitplot as skplt
        import sqlite3
        import pandas as pd
        import numpy as np
        import nltk
        import string
        import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
        import seaborn as sns
        from sklearn.feature extraction.text import TfidfTransformer
        from sklearn.feature_extraction.text import TfidfVectorizer
        from sklearn.feature extraction.text import CountVectorizer
        from sklearn.metrics import confusion matrix
```

```
from sklearn import metrics
from sklearn.metrics import roc curve, auc
from nltk.stem.porter import PorterStemmer
#import nltk
#nltk.download('stopwords')
import re
# Tutorial about Python regular expressions: https://pymotw.com/2/re/
import string
from nltk.corpus import stopwords
from nltk.stem import PorterStemmer
from nltk.stem.wordnet import WordNetLemmatizer
#from gensim.models import KeyedVectors
#model = KeyedVectors.load word2vec format('GoogleNews-vectors-negative300.bin.g
#import gensim
from gensim.models import Word2Vec
from gensim.models import KeyedVectors
from sklearn.decomposition import TruncatedSVD
```

C:\Users\AbhiShek\Anaconda3\lib\site-packages\sklearn\cross\_validation.py:41: D eprecationWarning: This module was deprecated in version 0.18 in favor of the m odel\_selection module into which all the refactored classes and functions are m oved. Also note that the interface of the new CV iterators are different from t hat of this module. This module will be removed in 0.20.

"This module will be removed in 0.20.", DeprecationWarning)

C:\Users\AbhiShek\Anaconda3\lib\site-packages\sklearn\learning\_curve.py:22: Dep recationWarning: This module was deprecated in version 0.18 in favor of the mod el\_selection module into which all the functions are moved. This module will be removed in 0.20

DeprecationWarning)

C:\Users\AbhiShek\Anaconda3\lib\site-packages\gensim\utils.py:1209: UserWarnin
g: detected Windows; aliasing chunkize to chunkize\_serial
 warnings.warn("detected Windows; aliasing chunkize to chunkize serial")

```
In [3]: fileObject = open("./train_to_file.pkl",'rb') # we open the file for reading
X_train = pickle.load(fileObject) # load the object from the file

fileObject = open("./x_cv_to_file.pkl",'rb') # we open the file for reading
X_cv = pickle.load(fileObject) # load the object from the file

fileObject = open("./x_test_to_file.pkl",'rb') # we open the file for reading
X_test = pickle.load(fileObject) # load the object from the file

fileObject = open("./y_train_to_file.pkl",'rb') # we open the file for reading
y_train = pickle.load(fileObject) # load the object from the file

fileObject = open("./y_cv_to_file.pkl",'rb') # we open the file for reading
y_cv = pickle.load(fileObject) # load the object from the file

fileObject = open("./y_test_to_file.pkl",'rb') # we open the file for reading
y_test = pickle.load(fileObject) # load the object from the file
```

```
In [4]: #taking 40K data into consideration
    X_train_1 = X_train[0:25000,9]
    X_cv_1 = X_train[32000:38400,9]
    X_test_1 = X_train[32000:38400,9]

    X_test_2 = X_cv[0:1600,9]
    X_test_1 = np.concatenate((X_test_1,X_test_2))

    y_train_1 = y_train
    y_train = y_train_1[0:25000]
    y_cv_1 = y_train_1[25000:32000]
    y_test_1 = y_train_1[32000:38400]

    y_test_2 = y_cv[0:1600]
    y_test = np.concatenate((y_test_1,y_test_2))

    y_cv = []
    y_cv = y_cv_1
```

#### **BoW**

```
In [51]: #Appling BoW to fit and transform
         count vect = CountVectorizer()
         bow NB = count vect.fit(X train 1)
         train bow nstd = count vect.transform(X train 1)
         cv_bow_nstd = count_vect.transform(X_cv_1)
         test bow nstd = count vect.transform(X test 1)
         print("the type of count vectorizer ",type(train_bow_nstd))
         print("the number of unique words ", test_bow_nstd.get_shape()[1])
         print(train_bow_nstd.shape)
         print(cv bow nstd.shape)
         print(test_bow_nstd.shape)
         print(y_train.shape)
         print(y cv.shape)
         print(y test.shape)
         the type of count vectorizer <class 'scipy.sparse.csr.csr_matrix'>
         the number of unique words 31275
         (25000, 31275)
         (7000, 31275)
         (8000, 31275)
         (25000,)
         (7000,)
         (8000,)
```

```
In [52]: # Column Standardization of the BoW non-standard vector
    std_scal = StandardScaler(with_mean=False)
    std_scal.fit(train_bow_nstd)
    train_bow = std_scal.transform(train_bow_nstd)
    cv_bow = std_scal.transform(cv_bow_nstd)
    test_bow = std_scal.transform(test_bow_nstd)
```

C:\Users\AbhiShek\Anaconda3\lib\site-packages\sklearn\utils\validation.py:475: DataConversionWarning: Data with input dtype int64 was converted to float64 by StandardScaler.

warnings.warn(msg, DataConversionWarning)

C:\Users\AbhiShek\Anaconda3\lib\site-packages\sklearn\utils\validation.py:475: DataConversionWarning: Data with input dtype int64 was converted to float64 by StandardScaler.

warnings.warn(msg, DataConversionWarning)

C:\Users\AbhiShek\Anaconda3\lib\site-packages\sklearn\utils\validation.py:475: DataConversionWarning: Data with input dtype int64 was converted to float64 by StandardScaler.

warnings.warn(msg, DataConversionWarning)

C:\Users\AbhiShek\Anaconda3\lib\site-packages\sklearn\utils\validation.py:475: DataConversionWarning: Data with input dtype int64 was converted to float64 by StandardScaler.

warnings.warn(msg, DataConversionWarning)

### **Applying Linear SVM on BOW**

```
In [8]: param grid = {'alpha':[0.001, 0.01, 0.1, 1, 10, 100, 1000]} #params we need to the
        gsv l1 = GridSearchCV(lin svc l1,param grid,cv=5,verbose=1,scoring='f1')
        gsv l1.fit(train bow,y train)
        print("Best HyperParameter: ",gsv_l1.best_params_)
        print("Best Accuracy: %.2f%%"%(gsv_l1.best_score_*100))
        Fitting 5 folds for each of 7 candidates, totalling 35 fits
        C:\Users\AbhiShek\Anaconda3\lib\site-packages\sklearn\metrics\classification.p
        y:1135: UndefinedMetricWarning: F-score is ill-defined and being set to 0.0 due
        to no predicted samples.
          'precision', 'predicted', average, warn for)
        C:\Users\AbhiShek\Anaconda3\lib\site-packages\sklearn\metrics\classification.p
        y:1135: UndefinedMetricWarning: F-score is ill-defined and being set to 0.0 due
        to no predicted samples.
           'precision', 'predicted', average, warn_for)
        [Parallel(n jobs=1)]: Done 35 out of 35 | elapsed:
                                                               11.5s finished
        Best HyperParameter: {'alpha': 1}
        Best Accuracy: 94.17%
In [9]:
            print("Scores for alphas:")
            print(gsv_l1.grid_scores_)
            print("\nBest estimator:")
            print(gsv l1.best estimator )
            print("Best score:")
            print(gsv l1.best score )
            print("\nBest parameters:")
            print(gsv_l1.best_params_)
        Scores for alphas:
        [mean: 0.93202, std: 0.00226, params: {'alpha': 0.001}, mean: 0.92222, std: 0.0
        0593, params: {'alpha': 0.01}, mean: 0.93537, std: 0.00699, params: {'alpha':
        0.1}, mean: 0.94169, std: 0.00000, params: {'alpha': 1}, mean: 0.94161, std: 0.
        00015, params: {'alpha': 10}, mean: 0.94169, std: 0.00000, params: {'alpha': 10
        0}, mean: 0.75335, std: 0.37667, params: {'alpha': 1000}]
        Best estimator:
        SGDClassifier(alpha=1, average=False, class_weight=None, epsilon=0.1,
               eta0=0.0, fit_intercept=True, l1_ratio=0.15,
               learning rate='optimal', loss='hinge', max iter=None, n iter=None,
               n_jobs=1, penalty='l1', power_t=0.5, random_state=None,
               shuffle=True, tol=None, verbose=0, warm start=False)
        Best score:
        0.9416869510001058
        Best parameters:
        {'alpha': 1}
        C:\Users\AbhiShek\Anaconda3\lib\site-packages\sklearn\model selection\ search.p
        y:761: DeprecationWarning: The grid_scores_ attribute was deprecated in version
        0.18 in favor of the more elaborate cv results attribute. The grid scores att
        ribute will not be available from 0.20
          DeprecationWarning)
```

```
In [10]: lin svc l2 = linear_model.SGDClassifier(penalty='12')
         lin svc l2.fit(train bow, y train)
Out[10]: SGDClassifier(alpha=0.0001, average=False, class weight=None, epsilon=0.1,
                eta0=0.0, fit_intercept=True, l1_ratio=0.15,
                learning_rate='optimal', loss='hinge', max_iter=None, n_iter=None,
                n_jobs=1, penalty='12', power_t=0.5, random_state=None,
                shuffle=True, tol=None, verbose=0, warm start=False)
         param grid = {'alpha':[0.001, 0.01, 0.1, 1, 10, 100, 1000]} #params we need to the
In [11]:
         gsv_l2 = GridSearchCV(lin_svc_l2,param_grid,cv=5,verbose=1,scoring='f1')
         gsv_l2.fit(train_bow,y_train)
         print("Best HyperParameter: ",gsv_12.best_params_)
         print("\nBest Accuracy: %.2f%%"%(gsv 12.best score *100))
         Fitting 5 folds for each of 7 candidates, totalling 35 fits
         Best HyperParameter: {'alpha': 0.1}
         Best Accuracy: 95.44%
         [Parallel(n jobs=1)]: Done 35 out of 35 | elapsed: 8.0s finished
```

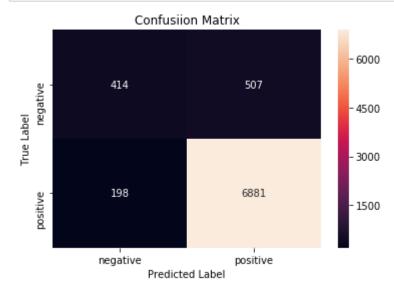
```
In [12]:
              print("Scores for alphas:")
              print(gsv 12.grid scores )
              print("\nBest estimator:")
             print(gsv 12.best estimator )
              print("\nBest score:")
             print(gsv_12.best_score_)
              print("\nBest parameters:")
              print(gsv 12.best params )
         Scores for alphas:
         [mean: 0.94183, std: 0.00269, params: {'alpha': 0.001}, mean: 0.94462, std: 0.0
         0241, params: {'alpha': 0.01}, mean: 0.95444, std: 0.00098, params: {'alpha':
         0.1}, mean: 0.95240, std: 0.00085, params: {'alpha': 1}, mean: 0.94179, std: 0.
         00006, params: {'alpha': 10}, mean: 0.94169, std: 0.00000, params: {'alpha': 10
         0}, mean: 0.94169, std: 0.00000, params: {'alpha': 1000}]
         Best estimator:
         SGDClassifier(alpha=0.1, average=False, class_weight=None, epsilon=0.1,
                eta0=0.0, fit intercept=True, l1 ratio=0.15,
                learning_rate='optimal', loss='hinge', max_iter=None, n_iter=None,
                n_jobs=1, penalty='l2', power_t=0.5, random_state=None,
                shuffle=True, tol=None, verbose=0, warm start=False)
         Best score:
         0.9544443153473793
         Best parameters:
         {'alpha': 0.1}
         C:\Users\AbhiShek\Anaconda3\lib\site-packages\sklearn\model selection\ search.p
         y:761: DeprecationWarning: The grid scores attribute was deprecated in version
         0.18 in favor of the more elaborate cv_results_ attribute. The grid_scores_ att
         ribute will not be available from 0.20
```

DeprecationWarning)

```
In [13]: def most informative feature for binary classification(vectorizer, classifier, n
              class labels = classifier.classes
             feature names = vectorizer.get feature names()
             topn class1 = sorted(zip(classifier.coef [0], feature names))[:n]
             topn class2 = sorted(zip(classifier.coef [0], feature names))[-n:]
              print("Class 0: Negatives ")
             for coef, feat in topn class1:
                  print (class labels[0], coef, feat)
             print("\n")
             print("Class 1: Positives ")
             for coef, feat in reversed(topn_class2):
                  print (class labels[1], coef, feat)
         most informative feature for binary classification(count vect, lin svc 12)
         Class 0: Negatives
         0 -41.38105302084237 not
         0 -35.587842994820555 worst
         0 -27.276858239214356 horrible
         0 -25.098142902872365 anywher
         0 -22.656923493427044 disappointed
         0 -20.920473359120336 worse
         0 -19.753914156468745 bland
         0 -19.50681105816138 didn
         0 -18.824736740429106 attract
         0 -18.11374904485391 penetrate
         Class 1: Positives
         1 52.408966854835796 great
         1 37.35952786948995 best
         1 34.40993447330705 love
         1 31.368211944407403 wonderful
         1 31.216678477104836 delicious
         1 27.96648159282319 is
         1 25.61070423385697 good
         1 23.49425282692795 and
         1 23.235311448755226 excellent
         1 23.05294930562384 nice
In [14]: | # SVC with Linear kernel
         #with best alpha and penalty
         lin_svc = linear_model.SGDClassifier(alpha=0.1, penalty='12', loss='hinge')
         lin svc.fit(train bow, y train)
         joblib.dump(lin_svc,"lin_svc.pkl")
Out[14]: ['lin svc.pkl']
```

```
In [15]: lin svc = joblib.load("lin svc.pkl")
         # Fit linear kernel model
         best model = lin svc.fit(train bow, y train)
         joblib.dump(best model, "best model.pkl")
         best_model
Out[15]: SGDClassifier(alpha=0.1, average=False, class weight=None, epsilon=0.1,
                eta0=0.0, fit intercept=True, l1 ratio=0.15,
                learning rate='optimal', loss='hinge', max iter=None, n iter=None,
                n_jobs=1, penalty='12', power_t=0.5, random_state=None,
                shuffle=True, tol=None, verbose=0, warm start=False)
In [53]: best model = joblib.load("best model.pkl")
         # Predict target vector
         predict_test = best_model.predict(test_bow)
         #best model.cv results
In [54]:
         print("Score= ",best_model.score(test_bow, predict_test))
         auc score lin bow = roc auc score(y test, predict test)
         print("AUC Score= ",auc_score_lin_bow)
         Score= 1.0
         AUC Score= 0.7107706741920982
In [18]: # Confusion Matrix on Test Data
         #y pred = np.argmax(pred test, axis=1)
         cm_bow = confusion_matrix(y_test, predict_test)
         cm_bow
Out[18]: array([[ 414, 507],
                [ 198, 6881]], dtype=int64)
```

```
In [19]: # plot confusion matrix to describe the performance of classifier.
import seaborn as sns
class_label = ["negative", "positive"]
df_cm = pd.DataFrame(cm_bow, index = class_label, columns = class_label)
sns.heatmap(df_cm, annot = True, fmt = "d")
plt.title("Confusiion Matrix")
plt.xlabel("Predicted Label")
plt.ylabel("True Label")
plt.show()
```



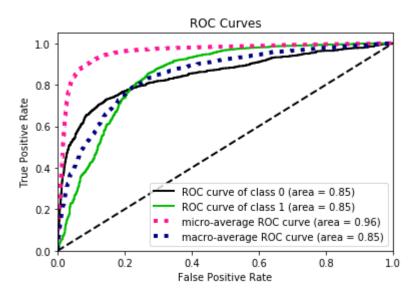
```
In [20]: model = CalibratedClassifierCV(lin_svc)
model.fit(train_bow, y_train)
```

```
In [21]: # Predict target vector
predict_test_CalibCV = model.predict_proba(test_bow)
```

```
In [22]: #Plotting ROC curve over Test Data
skplt.metrics.plot_roc_curve(y_test,predict_test_CalibCV)
```

C:\Users\AbhiShek\Anaconda3\lib\site-packages\sklearn\utils\deprecation.py:77:
DeprecationWarning: Function plot\_roc\_curve is deprecated; This will be removed in v0.5.0. Please use scikitplot.metrics.plot\_roc instead.
 warnings.warn(msg, category=DeprecationWarning)

Out[22]: <matplotlib.axes.\_subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x269a901c8d0>



# **Applying RBF SVM on BOW**

```
In []: # SVC with RBF kernel
    rbf_svc = svm.SVC(kernel='rbf')
    rbf_svc.fit(train_bow, y_train)
    joblib.dump(rbf_svc,"rbf_svc.pkl")
In [7]: rbf_svc = joblib.load("rbf_svc.pkl")
```

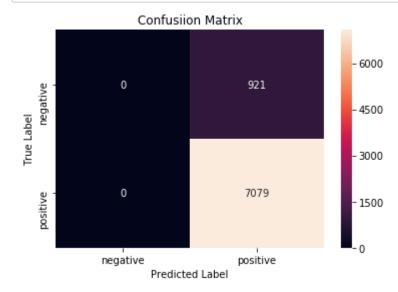
```
In [69]: cs = [0.1, 1, 10]
         for c in cs:
             rbf svc = svm.SVC(kernel='rbf', C=c)
             rbf svc.fit(train bow, y train)
             pred cv = rbf svc.predict(cv bow)
             # evaluate CV accuracy
             acc = accuracy_score(y_cv, pred_cv, normalize=True) * float(100)
             print('\nCV accuracy for C = %d and %d is %d%%' % (c,acc))
         joblib.dump(rbf svc,"rbf svc.pkl")
         joblib.dump(pred_cv,"pred_cv.pkl")
         CV accuracy for C and gamma = 0 and 0 is 89%
         CV accuracy for C and gamma = 1 and 0 is 89%
         CV accuracy for C and gamma = 10 and 0 is 91%
Out[69]: ['pred cv.pkl']
In [72]: gammas = [0.1, 1, 10]
         for gm in gammas:
             rbf_svc_gm = svm.SVC(kernel='rbf', gamma=gm)
             rbf svc gm.fit(train bow, y train)
             pred cv gm = rbf svc.predict(cv bow)
             # evaluate CV accuracy
             acc = accuracy_score(y_cv, pred_cv_gm, normalize=True) * float(100)
             print('\nCV accuracy for gamma = %d is %d%%' % (gm,acc))
         joblib.dump(rbf svc, "rbf svc gm.pkl")
         joblib.dump(pred_cv, "pred_cv_gm.pkl")
         CV accuracy for gamma = 0 is 91%
         CV accuracy for gamma = 1 is 91%
         CV accuracy for gamma = 10 is 91%
Out[72]: ['pred_cv_gm.pkl']
```

#### Applying RBF SVM on BOW with Best parameters

```
In [7]: # SVC with RBF kernel
    rbf_svc_best = svm.SVC(kernel='rbf', C=10, gamma=0.1,class_weight='balanced')
    rbf_svc_best.fit(train_bow, y_train)
    joblib.dump(rbf_svc_best,"rbf_svc_best.pkl")
Out[7]: ['rbf_svc_best.pkl']
```

```
In [68]: rbf svc best = joblib.load("rbf svc best.pkl")
         #rbf svc best fit = rbf svc best.fit(train bow, y train)
         #joblib.dump(rbf svc best fit, "rbf svc best fit.pkl")
In [69]: #Predicting over Test data points
         pred test rbf = rbf svc best.predict(test bow)
         print(pred test rbf)
         [1 \ 1 \ 1 \ \dots \ 1 \ 1 \ 1]
         model rbf CalibCV = CalibratedClassifierCV(rbf svc best)
In [10]:
         model_rbf_CalibCV.fit(train_bow, y_train)
          joblib.dump(model rbf CalibCV, "model rbf CalibCV.pkl")
Out[10]: ['model rbf CalibCV.pkl']
In [13]: | model rbf CalibCV = joblib.load("model rbf CalibCV.pkl")
         # Predict target vector
         predict test rbf CalibCV = model rbf CalibCV.predict proba(test bow)
In [14]: predict_test_rbf_CalibCV
Out[14]: array([[0.11039635, 0.88960365],
                 [0.11039635, 0.88960365],
                 [0.11039635, 0.88960365],
                 [0.11039635, 0.88960365],
                 [0.11039635, 0.88960365],
                 [0.11039635, 0.88960365]])
In [18]: #defining own threshhold for prediction over probability values
          def pred(y):
             y_pred = []
              i=[]
              for i in y:
                  if i.any()>=0.5:
                      y pred.append(1)
                  else:
                      y pred.append(0)
              return y pred
         pred test rbf = pred(predict test rbf CalibCV)
In [70]: print("Score= ",rbf svc best.score(test bow, pred test rbf))
         auc_score_rbf_bow = roc_auc_score(y_test, pred_test_rbf)
         print("AUC Score= ",auc_score_rbf_bow)
         Score= 1.0
         AUC Score= 0.5
```

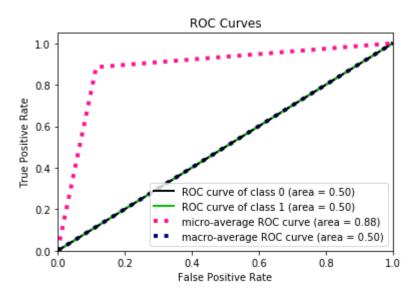
```
In [20]: # Confusion Matrix on Test Data
         #y_pred = np.argmax(pred_test, axis=1)
         cm_bow_rbf = confusion_matrix(y_test, pred_test_rbf)
         cm bow rbf
Out[20]: array([[
                    0, 921],
                    0, 7079]], dtype=int64)
In [19]: # plot confusion matrix to describe the performance of classifier.
         import seaborn as sns
         class_label = ["negative", "positive"]
         df_cm = pd.DataFrame(cm_bow_rbf, index = class_label, columns = class_label)
         sns.heatmap(df_cm, annot = True, fmt = "d")
         plt.title("Confusiion Matrix")
         plt.xlabel("Predicted Label")
         plt.ylabel("True Label")
         plt.show()
```



```
In [48]: #Plotting ROC curve over Test Data
skplt.metrics.plot_roc_curve(y_test,predict_test_rbf_CalibCV)
```

C:\Users\AbhiShek\Anaconda3\lib\site-packages\sklearn\utils\deprecation.py:77:
DeprecationWarning: Function plot\_roc\_curve is deprecated; This will be removed in v0.5.0. Please use scikitplot.metrics.plot\_roc instead.
 warnings.warn(msg, category=DeprecationWarning)

Out[48]: <matplotlib.axes.\_subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x1f98102aeb8>



#### tfidf

```
In [56]: #tf-idf on train data
    tf_idf_vect = TfidfVectorizer(ngram_range=(1,1)) #considering only uni-gram as I
    train_tf_idf_nstd = tf_idf_vect.fit_transform(X_train_1) #sparse matrix
    cv_tfidf_nstd = tf_idf_vect.transform(X_cv_1)
    test_tfidf_nstd = tf_idf_vect.transform(X_test_1)

print(train_tf_idf_nstd.shape)
print(cv_tfidf_nstd.shape)
print(test_tfidf_nstd.shape)

(25000, 31275)
(7000, 31275)
(8000, 31275)
```

```
In [57]: # Column Standardization of the tfidf non-standard vector
    std_scal = StandardScaler(with_mean=False)
    std_scal.fit(train_tf_idf_nstd)
    train_tfidf = std_scal.transform(train_tf_idf_nstd)
    cv_tfidf = std_scal.transform(cv_tfidf_nstd)
    test_tfidf = std_scal.transform(test_tfidf_nstd)
```

# Applying Linear SVM on tfidf

```
In [24]: lin svc l1 tfidf = linear model.SGDClassifier(penalty='l1')
         lin svc l1 tfidf.fit(train tfidf, y train)
Out[24]: SGDClassifier(alpha=0.0001, average=False, class weight=None, epsilon=0.1,
                eta0=0.0, fit_intercept=True, l1_ratio=0.15,
                learning_rate='optimal', loss='hinge', max_iter=None, n_iter=None,
                n_jobs=1, penalty='l1', power_t=0.5, random_state=None,
                shuffle=True, tol=None, verbose=0, warm start=False)
In [25]: param grid = {'alpha':[0.001, 0.01, 0.1, 1, 10, 100, 1000]} #params we need to the
         gsv_l1_tfidf = GridSearchCV(lin_svc_l1_tfidf,param_grid,cv=5,verbose=1)
         gsv l1 tfidf .fit(train tfidf ,y train)
         print("Best HyperParameter: ",gsv_l1_tfidf.best_params_)
         print("Best Accuracy: %.2f%"%(gsv_l1_tfidf.best_score_*100))
         Fitting 5 folds for each of 7 candidates, totalling 35 fits
         [Parallel(n jobs=1)]: Done 35 out of 35 | elapsed:
                                                                13.3s finished
         Best HyperParameter: {'alpha': 10}
         Best Accuracy: 88.98%
In [26]:
             print("Scores for alphas:")
             print(gsv_l1_tfidf.grid_scores_)
             print("\nBest estimator:")
             print(gsv l1 tfidf.best estimator )
             print("Best score:")
             print(gsv l1 tfidf.best score )
             print("\nBest parameters:")
             print(gsv_l1_tfidf.best_params_)
         Scores for alphas:
         [mean: 0.87940, std: 0.00595, params: {'alpha': 0.001}, mean: 0.86192, std: 0.0
         0385, params: {'alpha': 0.01}, mean: 0.87584, std: 0.01051, params: {'alpha':
         0.1}, mean: 0.88956, std: 0.00029, params: {'alpha': 1}, mean: 0.88980, std: 0.
         00000, params: {'alpha': 10}, mean: 0.88980, std: 0.00000, params: {'alpha': 10
         0}, mean: 0.73388, std: 0.31184, params: {'alpha': 1000}]
         Best estimator:
         SGDClassifier(alpha=10, average=False, class weight=None, epsilon=0.1,
                eta0=0.0, fit_intercept=True, l1_ratio=0.15,
                learning rate='optimal', loss='hinge', max iter=None, n iter=None,
                n_jobs=1, penalty='l1', power_t=0.5, random_state=None,
                shuffle=True, tol=None, verbose=0, warm start=False)
         Best score:
         0.8898
         Best parameters:
         {'alpha': 10}
         C:\Users\AbhiShek\Anaconda3\lib\site-packages\sklearn\model selection\ search.p
         y:761: DeprecationWarning: The grid_scores_ attribute was deprecated in version
         0.18 in favor of the more elaborate cv results attribute. The grid scores att
         ribute will not be available from 0.20
           DeprecationWarning)
```

```
In [27]: lin svc 12 tfidf = linear model.SGDClassifier(penalty='12')
         lin svc 12 tfidf.fit(train tfidf, y train)
Out[27]: SGDClassifier(alpha=0.0001, average=False, class_weight=None, epsilon=0.1,
                eta0=0.0, fit_intercept=True, l1_ratio=0.15,
                learning_rate='optimal', loss='hinge', max_iter=None, n_iter=None,
                n_jobs=1, penalty='12', power_t=0.5, random_state=None,
                shuffle=True, tol=None, verbose=0, warm start=False)
         param grid = {'alpha':[0.001, 0.01, 0.1, 1, 10, 100, 1000]} #params we need to the
In [28]:
         gsv_l2_tfidf = GridSearchCV(lin_svc_l2_tfidf,param_grid,cv=5,verbose=1)
         gsv_12_tfidf.fit(train_tfidf,y_train)
         print("Best HyperParameter: ",gsv_12_tfidf.best_params_)
         print("\nBest Accuracy: %.2f%%"%(gsv 12 tfidf.best score *100))
         Fitting 5 folds for each of 7 candidates, totalling 35 fits
         Best HyperParameter: {'alpha': 0.1}
         Best Accuracy: 91.16%
         [Parallel(n jobs=1)]: Done 35 out of 35 | elapsed: 8.3s finished
```

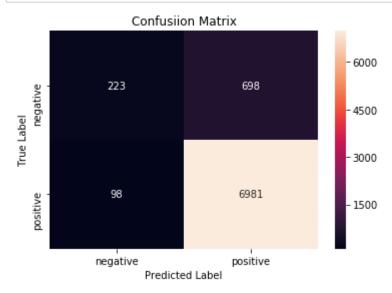
```
In [29]:
              print("Scores for alphas:")
              print(gsv 12 tfidf.grid scores )
              print("\nBest estimator:")
             print(gsv 12 tfidf.best estimator )
              print("\nBest score:")
             print(gsv 12 tfidf.best score )
              print("\nBest parameters:")
              print(gsv 12 tfidf.best params )
         Scores for alphas:
         [mean: 0.89268, std: 0.00360, params: {'alpha': 0.001}, mean: 0.89656, std: 0.0
         0561, params: {'alpha': 0.01}, mean: 0.91156, std: 0.00330, params: {'alpha':
         0.1}, mean: 0.90964, std: 0.00283, params: {'alpha': 1}, mean: 0.88992, std: 0.
         00016, params: {'alpha': 10}, mean: 0.88980, std: 0.00000, params: {'alpha': 10
         0}, mean: 0.88980, std: 0.00000, params: {'alpha': 1000}]
         Best estimator:
         SGDClassifier(alpha=0.1, average=False, class_weight=None, epsilon=0.1,
                eta0=0.0, fit intercept=True, l1 ratio=0.15,
                learning_rate='optimal', loss='hinge', max_iter=None, n_iter=None,
                n_jobs=1, penalty='l2', power_t=0.5, random_state=None,
                shuffle=True, tol=None, verbose=0, warm start=False)
         Best score:
         0.91156
         Best parameters:
         {'alpha': 0.1}
         C:\Users\AbhiShek\Anaconda3\lib\site-packages\sklearn\model selection\ search.p
         y:761: DeprecationWarning: The grid scores attribute was deprecated in version
         0.18 in favor of the more elaborate cv_results_ attribute. The grid_scores_ att
         ribute will not be available from 0.20
```

DeprecationWarning)

```
In [30]: def most informative feature for binary classification(vectorizer, classifier, n
              class labels = classifier.classes
             feature names = vectorizer.get feature names()
             topn class1 = sorted(zip(classifier.coef [0], feature names))[:n]
             topn class2 = sorted(zip(classifier.coef [0], feature names))[-n:]
              print("Class 0: Negatives ")
             for coef, feat in topn class1:
                 print (class labels[0], coef, feat)
             print("\n")
             print("Class 1: Positives ")
             for coef, feat in reversed(topn_class2):
                 print (class labels[1], coef, feat)
         most informative feature for binary classification(tf idf vect, lin svc 12 tfidf
         Class 0: Negatives
         0 -36.854171633900584 not
         0 -35.166153026112156 worst
         0 -29.163552080145802 horrible
         0 -26.013145643487032 bland
         0 -25.098142902872347 anywher
         0 -22.546207851953916 unfortunately
         0 -22.292106114998916 didn
         0 -21.93773883367214 disappointing
         0 -21.667189877636133 disappointed
         0 -20.546018184030455 fallen
         Class 1: Positives
         1 55.96415109432696 great
         1 38.80500710523418 best
         1 34.63612821600555 love
         1 30.78733469404229 good
         1 29.903761119494252 and
         1 27.00232177197329 is
         1 26.69987447468125 wonderful
         1 25.043439816651283 nice
         1 24.371192535019432 are
         1 24.154586674719003 excellent
In [31]: # SVC with Linear kernel
         #with best alpha and penalty
         lin_svc_tfidf = linear_model.SGDClassifier(alpha=1, penalty='12', loss='hinge')
         lin svc tfidf.fit(train tfidf, y train)
         joblib.dump(lin_svc_tfidf,"lin_svc_tfidf.pkl")
Out[31]: ['lin svc tfidf.pkl']
```

```
In [32]: lin svc tfidf = joblib.load("lin svc tfidf.pkl")
         # Fit linear kernel model
         best model tfidf = lin svc tfidf.fit(train tfidf, y train)
         joblib.dump(best model tfidf, "best model tfidf.pkl")
         best model tfidf
Out[32]: SGDClassifier(alpha=1, average=False, class weight=None, epsilon=0.1,
                eta0=0.0, fit intercept=True, l1 ratio=0.15,
                learning_rate='optimal', loss='hinge', max_iter=None, n_iter=None,
                n jobs=1, penalty='12', power t=0.5, random state=None,
                shuffle=True, tol=None, verbose=0, warm start=False)
In [59]: best model tfidf = joblib.load("best model tfidf.pkl")
         # Predict target vector
         predict test tfidf = best model tfidf.predict(test tfidf)
         #best model.cv results
In [84]: print("Score= ",best model tfidf.score(test tfidf, predict test tfidf))
         auc score lin tfidf = roc auc score(y test, predict test tfidf)
         print("AUC Score= ",auc_score_lin_tfidf)
         Score= 1.0
         AUC Score= 0.6141421791817765
In [36]: # Confusion Matrix on Test Data
         #y pred = np.arqmax(pred test, axis=1)
         cm bow tfidf = confusion matrix(y test, predict test tfidf)
         cm_bow_tfidf
Out[36]: array([[ 223, 698],
                [ 98, 6981]], dtype=int64)
```

```
In [37]: # plot confusion matrix to describe the performance of classifier.
import seaborn as sns
class_label = ["negative", "positive"]
df_cm = pd.DataFrame(cm_bow_tfidf, index = class_label, columns = class_label)
sns.heatmap(df_cm, annot = True, fmt = "d")
plt.title("Confusiion Matrix")
plt.xlabel("Predicted Label")
plt.ylabel("True Label")
plt.show()
```



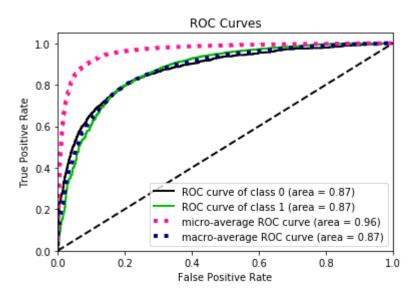
```
In [38]: model_tfidf = CalibratedClassifierCV(lin_svc_tfidf)
model_tfidf.fit(train_tfidf, y_train)
```

```
In [39]: # Predict target vector
predict_test_CalibCV_tfidf = model_tfidf.predict_proba(test_tfidf)
```

```
In [40]: #Plotting ROC curve over Test Data
skplt.metrics.plot_roc_curve(y_test,predict_test_CalibCV_tfidf)
```

C:\Users\AbhiShek\Anaconda3\lib\site-packages\sklearn\utils\deprecation.py:77:
DeprecationWarning: Function plot\_roc\_curve is deprecated; This will be removed in v0.5.0. Please use scikitplot.metrics.plot\_roc instead.
 warnings.warn(msg, category=DeprecationWarning)

Out[40]: <matplotlib.axes.\_subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x1b4534471d0>



# **Applying RBF SVM on tfidf**

```
In [41]: # SVC with RBF kernel
    rbf_svc_tfidf = svm.SVC(kernel='rbf')
    rbf_svc_tfidf.fit(train_tfidf, y_train)
    joblib.dump(rbf_svc_tfidf,"rbf_svc_tfidf.pkl")
Out[41]: ['rbf_svc_tfidf.pkl']
In [42]: rbf_svc_tfidf = joblib.load("rbf_svc_tfidf.pkl")
```

# tuning C for rbf kernel

```
In [44]: cs = [0.1, 1, 10]
for c in cs:
    rbf_svc_tfidf = svm.SVC(kernel='rbf', C=c)
    rbf_svc_tfidf.fit(train_tfidf, y_train)
    pred_cv_tfidf = rbf_svc_tfidf.predict(cv_tfidf)

# evaluate CV accuracy
    acc = accuracy_score(y_cv, pred_cv_tfidf, normalize=True) * float(100)
    print('\nCV accuracy for C = %d is %d%%' % (c,acc))

joblib.dump(rbf_svc_tfidf, "rbf_svc_tfidf.pkl")
joblib.dump(pred_cv_tfidf, "pred_cv_tfidf.pkl")

CV accuracy for C = 0 is 89%

CV accuracy for C = 10 is 91%

Out[44]: ['pred_cv_tfidf.pkl']
```

# tuning gamma for rbf kernel

```
In [46]:
         gammas = [0.1, 1, 10]
         for gm in gammas:
             rbf svc gm = svm.SVC(kernel='rbf', gamma=gm)
             rbf_svc_gm.fit(train_tfidf, y_train)
             pred_cv_gm_tfidf = rbf_svc_gm.predict(cv_tfidf)
             # evaluate CV accuracy
             acc = accuracy_score(y_cv, pred_cv_gm_tfidf, normalize=True) * float(100)
             print('\nCV accuracy for gamma = %d is %d%%' % (gm,acc))
         joblib.dump(rbf svc gm, "rbf svc gm.pkl")
         joblib.dump(pred_cv_gm_tfidf,"pred_cv_gm_tfidf.pkl")
         CV accuracy for gamma = 0 is 89%
         CV accuracy for gamma = 1 is 89%
         CV accuracy for gamma = 10 is 89%
         NameError
                                                   Traceback (most recent call last)
         <ipython-input-46-44bd6acd6425> in <module>()
                     print('\nCV accuracy for gamma = %d is %d%%' % (gm,acc))
         ---> 11 joblib.dump(rbf svc gm tfidf, "rbf svc gm tfidf.pkl")
              12 joblib.dump(pred_cv_gm_tfidf,"pred_cv_gm_tfidf.pkl")
         NameError: name 'rbf svc gm tfidf' is not defined
```

#### **SVC** with RBF kernel with best parameters

```
In [80]:
         # SVC with RBF kernel
         rbf svc best tfidf = svm.SVC(kernel='rbf', C=10, gamma=1,class weight='balanced'
         rbf svc best tfidf.fit(train tfidf, y train)
         joblib.dump(rbf svc best tfidf,"rbf svc best tfidf.pkl")
Out[80]: ['rbf_svc_best_tfidf.pkl']
In [81]: | rbf_svc_best_tfidf = joblib.load("rbf_svc_best_tfidf.pkl")
         #rbf_svc_best_fit = rbf_svc_best.fit(train_bow, y_train)
          #joblib.dump(rbf_svc_best_fit, "rbf_svc_best_fit.pkl")
In [82]: #Predicting over Test data points
          pred_test_rbf_tfidf = rbf_svc_best_tfidf.predict(test_tfidf)
         print(pred test rbf tfidf)
         [1 \ 1 \ 1 \ \dots \ 1 \ 1 \ 1]
         model rbf CalibCV tfidf = CalibratedClassifierCV(rbf svc best tfidf)
In [50]:
         model_rbf_CalibCV_tfidf.fit(train_tfidf, y_train)
         joblib.dump(model rbf CalibCV tfidf,"model rbf CalibCV tfidf.pkl")
Out[50]: ['model rbf CalibCV tfidf.pkl']
In [51]: model_rbf_CalibCV_tfidf = joblib.load("model_rbf_CalibCV_tfidf.pkl")
         # Predict target vector
         predict test rbf CalibCV tfidf = model rbf CalibCV tfidf.predict proba(test tfid
In [52]: predict test rbf CalibCV tfidf
Out[52]: array([[0.11034875, 0.88965125],
                 [0.11034875, 0.88965125],
                 [0.11034875, 0.88965125],
                 . . . .
                 [0.11034875, 0.88965125],
                 [0.11034875, 0.88965125],
                 [0.11034875, 0.88965125]])
```

```
In []: #defining own threshhold for prediction over probability values

def pred(y):
    y_pred = []
    i=[]
    for i in y:
        if i.any()>=0.5:
            y_pred.append(1)
        else:
            y_pred.append(0)
        return y_pred

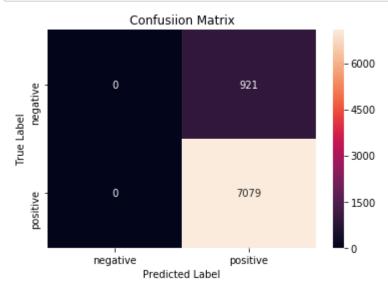
pred_test_rbf_tfidf = pred(predict_test_rbf_CalibCV_tfidf)
```

```
In [85]: print("Score= ",rbf_svc_best_tfidf.score(test_bow, pred_test_rbf_tfidf))
auc_score_rbf_tfidf = roc_auc_score(y_test, pred_test_rbf_tfidf)
print("AUC Score= ",auc_score_rbf_tfidf)
```

Score= 1.0 AUC Score= 0.5

```
In [54]: # Confusion Matrix on Test Data
#y_pred = np.argmax(pred_test, axis=1)
cm_tfidf_rbf = confusion_matrix(y_test, pred_test_rbf_tfidf)
cm_tfidf_rbf
```

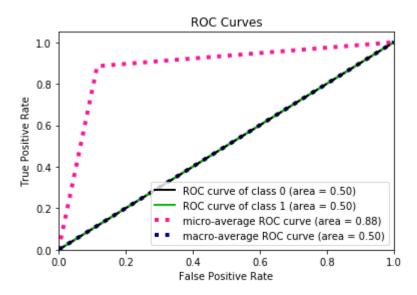
```
In [55]: # plot confusion matrix to describe the performance of classifier.
import seaborn as sns
class_label = ["negative", "positive"]
df_cm = pd.DataFrame(cm_tfidf_rbf, index = class_label, columns = class_label)
sns.heatmap(df_cm, annot = True, fmt = "d")
plt.title("Confusiion Matrix")
plt.xlabel("Predicted Label")
plt.ylabel("True Label")
plt.show()
```



```
In [56]: #Plotting ROC curve over Test Data
skplt.metrics.plot_roc_curve(y_test,predict_test_rbf_CalibCV_tfidf)
```

C:\Users\AbhiShek\Anaconda3\lib\site-packages\sklearn\utils\deprecation.py:77:
DeprecationWarning: Function plot\_roc\_curve is deprecated; This will be removed in v0.5.0. Please use scikitplot.metrics.plot\_roc instead.
 warnings.warn(msg, category=DeprecationWarning)

Out[56]: <matplotlib.axes.\_subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x1b45372aa58>



## avgW2V

```
In [28]: fileObject = open("./final_to_file2.pkl",'rb') # we open the file for reading
final = pickle.load(fileObject) # load the object from the file
```

```
<class 'list'>
```

witti littl book make son laugh loud recit car drive along alway sing refrain h es learn whale india droop love new word book introduc silli classic book will bet son still abl recit memori colleg

```
************************
```

['witti', 'littl', 'book', 'make', 'son', 'laugh', 'loud', 'recit', 'car', 'dri ve', 'along', 'alway', 'sing', 'refrain', 'hes', 'learn', 'whale', 'india', 'dr oop', 'love', 'new', 'word', 'book', 'introduc', 'silli', 'classic', 'book', 'w ill', 'bet', 'son', 'still', 'abl', 'recit', 'memori', 'colleg']

```
In [30]:
         w2v model=Word2Vec(list of sent,min count=5,size=50, workers=4)
         w2v words = list(w2v model.wv.vocab)
In [31]: # average Word2Vec
         # compute average word2vec for each review.
          sent_vectors = []; # the avg-w2v for each sentence/review is stored in this list
          for sent in list of sent: # for each review/sentence
              sent vec = np.zeros(50) # as word vectors are of zero length
              cnt_words =0; # num of words with a valid vector in the sentence/review
              for word in sent: # for each word in a review/sentence
                  if word in w2v words:
                      vec = w2v model.wv[word]
                      sent vec += vec
                      cnt words += 1
              if cnt words != 0:
                  sent vec /= cnt words
              sent vectors.append(sent vec)
          print(len(sent vectors))
          #print(len(sent_vectors[0]))
          print(type(sent_vectors))
         60000
         <class 'list'>
In [32]: # create design matrix X and target vector y
         X = np.array(sent_vectors[::]) # end index is exclusive
         y = np.array(final['Score']) # showing you two ways of indexing a pandas df
In [33]: #taking 40K data into consideration
         X train nstd = X[0:25000:1]
         X \text{ cv nstd} = X[25000:32000:1]
         X_{\text{test\_nstd}} = X[32000:40000:1]
         y_{train_nstd} = y[0:25000:1]
         y cv nstd = y[25000:32000:1]
         y_{test_nstd} = y[32000:40000:1]
         print(X train nstd.shape)
          print(X_cv_nstd.shape)
         print(X test nstd.shape)
         print(y_train_nstd.shape)
          print(y cv nstd.shape)
          print(y test nstd.shape)
          (25000, 50)
         (7000, 50)
          (8000, 50)
          (25000,)
          (7000,)
          (8000,)
```

```
In [34]: # Column Standardization of the tfidf non-standard vector
    std_scal = StandardScaler(with_mean=False)
    std_scal.fit(X_train_nstd)
    train_avgw2v = std_scal.transform(X_train_nstd)
    cv_avgw2v = std_scal.transform(X_cv_nstd)
    test_avgw2v = std_scal.transform(X_test_nstd)
```

## **Applying Linear SVM on AvgW2V**

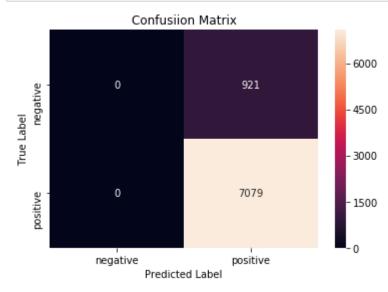
```
In [64]: | lin svc l1 avgw2v = linear model.SGDClassifier(penalty='l1')
         lin svc l1 avgw2v.fit(train avgw2v, y train)
Out[64]: SGDClassifier(alpha=0.0001, average=False, class weight=None, epsilon=0.1,
                eta0=0.0, fit intercept=True, l1 ratio=0.15,
                learning_rate='optimal', loss='hinge', max_iter=None, n_iter=None,
                n_jobs=1, penalty='l1', power_t=0.5, random_state=None,
                shuffle=True, tol=None, verbose=0, warm start=False)
In [65]:
         param grid = {'alpha':[0.001, 0.01, 0.1, 1, 10, 100, 1000]} #params we need to the
         gsv_l1_avgw2v = GridSearchCV(lin_svc_l1_avgw2v,param_grid,cv=5,verbose=1)
         gsv_l1_avgw2v.fit(train_avgw2v,y_train)
         print("Best HyperParameter: ",gsv_l1_avgw2v.best_params_)
         print("Best Accuracy: %.2f%%"%(gsv_l1_avgw2v.best_score_*100))
         Fitting 5 folds for each of 7 candidates, totalling 35 fits
         [Parallel(n jobs=1)]: Done 35 out of 35 | elapsed:
                                                                 7.1s finished
         Best HyperParameter: {'alpha': 0.001}
         Best Accuracy: 90.37%
```

```
In [66]:
             print("Scores for alphas:")
             print(gsv l1 avgw2v.grid scores )
             print("\nBest estimator:")
             print(gsv l1 avgw2v.best estimator )
             print("Best score:")
             print(gsv_l1_avgw2v.best_score_)
             print("\nBest parameters:")
             print(gsv l1 avgw2v.best params )
         Scores for alphas:
         [mean: 0.90368, std: 0.00746, params: {'alpha': 0.001}, mean: 0.88980, std: 0.0
         0000, params: {'alpha': 0.01}, mean: 0.88980, std: 0.00000, params: {'alpha':
         0.1}, mean: 0.88980, std: 0.00000, params: {'alpha': 1}, mean: 0.88980, std: 0.
         00000, params: {'alpha': 10}, mean: 0.88980, std: 0.00000, params: {'alpha': 10
         0}, mean: 0.88980, std: 0.00000, params: {'alpha': 1000}]
         Best estimator:
         SGDClassifier(alpha=0.001, average=False, class_weight=None, epsilon=0.1,
                eta0=0.0, fit intercept=True, l1 ratio=0.15,
                learning_rate='optimal', loss='hinge', max_iter=None, n_iter=None,
                n_jobs=1, penalty='l1', power_t=0.5, random_state=None,
                shuffle=True, tol=None, verbose=0, warm start=False)
         Best score:
         0.90368
         Best parameters:
         {'alpha': 0.001}
         C:\Users\AbhiShek\Anaconda3\lib\site-packages\sklearn\model_selection\_search.p
         y:761: DeprecationWarning: The grid scores attribute was deprecated in version
         0.18 in favor of the more elaborate cv results attribute. The grid scores att
         ribute will not be available from 0.20
           DeprecationWarning)
In [67]: lin_svc_l2_avgw2v = linear_model.SGDClassifier(penalty='12')
         lin svc 12 avgw2v.fit(train avgw2v, y train)
Out[67]: SGDClassifier(alpha=0.0001, average=False, class weight=None, epsilon=0.1,
                eta0=0.0, fit_intercept=True, l1_ratio=0.15,
                learning_rate='optimal', loss='hinge', max_iter=None, n_iter=None,
                n_jobs=1, penalty='12', power_t=0.5, random_state=None,
                shuffle=True, tol=None, verbose=0, warm_start=False)
         param_grid = {'alpha':[0.001, 0.01, 0.1, 1, 10, 100, 1000]} #params we need to the
In [68]:
         gsv_l2_avgw2v = GridSearchCV(lin_svc_l2_avgw2v,param_grid,cv=5,verbose=1)
         gsv 12 avgw2v.fit(train avgw2v,y train)
         print("Best HyperParameter: ",gsv_12_avgw2v.best_params_)
         print("\nBest Accuracy: %.2f%%"%(gsv_l2_avgw2v.best_score_*100))
         Fitting 5 folds for each of 7 candidates, totalling 35 fits
         Best HyperParameter: {'alpha': 0.01}
         Best Accuracy: 90.17%
         [Parallel(n_jobs=1)]: Done 35 out of 35 | elapsed:
                                                                  4.2s finished
```

```
In [69]:
             print("Scores for alphas:")
             print(gsv 12 avgw2v.grid scores )
             print("\nBest estimator:")
             print(gsv 12 avgw2v.best estimator )
             print("\nBest score:")
             print(gsv_12_avgw2v.best_score_)
             print("\nBest parameters:")
             print(gsv 12 avgw2v.best params )
         Scores for alphas:
         [mean: 0.90012, std: 0.00591, params: {'alpha': 0.001}, mean: 0.90172, std: 0.0
         0266, params: {'alpha': 0.01}, mean: 0.88980, std: 0.00000, params: {'alpha':
         0.1}, mean: 0.88980, std: 0.00000, params: {'alpha': 1}, mean: 0.88980, std: 0.
         00000, params: {'alpha': 10}, mean: 0.88980, std: 0.00000, params: {'alpha': 10
         0}, mean: 0.73388, std: 0.31184, params: {'alpha': 1000}]
         Best estimator:
         SGDClassifier(alpha=0.01, average=False, class_weight=None, epsilon=0.1,
                eta0=0.0, fit intercept=True, l1 ratio=0.15,
                learning rate='optimal', loss='hinge', max iter=None, n iter=None,
                n_jobs=1, penalty='l2', power_t=0.5, random_state=None,
                shuffle=True, tol=None, verbose=0, warm start=False)
         Best score:
         0.90172
         Best parameters:
         {'alpha': 0.01}
         C:\Users\AbhiShek\Anaconda3\lib\site-packages\sklearn\model selection\ search.p
         y:761: DeprecationWarning: The grid scores attribute was deprecated in version
         0.18 in favor of the more elaborate cv_results_ attribute. The grid_scores_ att
         ribute will not be available from 0.20
           DeprecationWarning)
In [35]: | # SVC with Linear kernel
         #with best alpha and penalty
         lin svc avgw2v = linear model.SGDClassifier(alpha=0.001,penalty='11',loss='hinge
         lin svc avgw2v.fit(train avgw2v, y train)
         joblib.dump(lin_svc_avgw2v,"lin_svc_avgw2v.pkl")
Out[35]: ['lin svc avgw2v.pkl']
In [71]: lin svc avgw2v = joblib.load("lin svc.pkl")
         # Fit linear kernel model
         best_model_avgw2v = lin_svc_avgw2v.fit(train_avgw2v, y_train)
         joblib.dump(best model avgw2v, "best model avgw2v.pk1")
         best model avgw2v
Out[71]: SGDClassifier(alpha=0.1, average=False, class weight=None, epsilon=0.1,
                eta0=0.0, fit_intercept=True, l1_ratio=0.15,
                learning rate='optimal', loss='hinge', max iter=None, n iter=None,
                n_jobs=1, penalty='12', power_t=0.5, random_state=None,
                shuffle=True, tol=None, verbose=0, warm start=False)
```

```
In [36]: best model avgw2v = joblib.load("best model avgw2v.pk1")
         # Predict target vector
         predict test avgw2v = best model avgw2v.predict(test avgw2v)
         #best model.cv results
In [39]: model avgw2v = CalibratedClassifierCV(lin svc avgw2v)
         model_avgw2v.fit(train_avgw2v, y_train)
Out[39]: CalibratedClassifierCV(base estimator=SGDClassifier(alpha=0.001, average=False,
         class_weight='balanced',
                epsilon=0.1, eta0=0.0, fit intercept=True, l1 ratio=0.15,
                learning_rate='optimal', loss='hinge', max_iter=None, n_iter=None,
                n_jobs=1, penalty='l1', power_t=0.5, random_state=None,
                shuffle=True, tol=None, verbose=0, warm start=False),
                     cv=3, method='sigmoid')
In [40]: # Predict target vector
         predict test CalibCV avgw2v = model avgw2v.predict proba(test avgw2v)
In [43]:
         #defining own threshhold for prediction over probability values
         def pred(y):
             y_pred = []
             i=[]
             for i in y:
                 if i.any()>=0.5:
                     y pred.append(1)
                 else:
                     y_pred.append(0)
             return y pred
         predict test avgw2v = pred(predict test CalibCV avgw2v)
         print("Score= ",best model avgw2v.score(test avgw2v, predict test avgw2v))
In [44]:
         auc_score_lin_avgw2v = roc_auc_score(y_test, predict_test_avgw2v)
         print("AUC Score= ",auc score lin avgw2v)
         Score= 1.0
         AUC Score= 0.5
In [45]: # Confusion Matrix on Test Data
         #y pred = np.arqmax(pred test, axis=1)
         cm_avgw2v = confusion_matrix(y_test, predict_test_avgw2v)
         cm avgw2v
Out[45]: array([[
                    0, 921],
                    0, 7079]], dtype=int64)
```

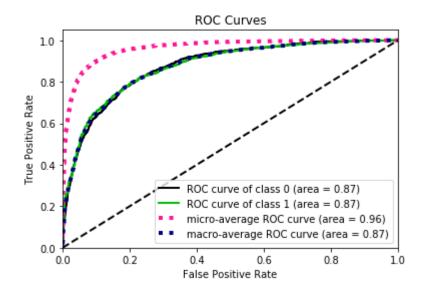
```
In [46]: # plot confusion matrix to describe the performance of classifier.
import seaborn as sns
class_label = ["negative", "positive"]
df_cm = pd.DataFrame(cm_avgw2v, index = class_label, columns = class_label)
sns.heatmap(df_cm, annot = True, fmt = "d")
plt.title("Confusiion Matrix")
plt.xlabel("Predicted Label")
plt.ylabel("True Label")
plt.show()
```



In [47]: #Plotting ROC curve over Test Data
skplt.metrics.plot\_roc\_curve(y\_test,predict\_test\_CalibCV\_avgw2v)

C:\Users\AbhiShek\Anaconda3\lib\site-packages\sklearn\utils\deprecation.py:77:
DeprecationWarning: Function plot\_roc\_curve is deprecated; This will be removed in v0.5.0. Please use scikitplot.metrics.plot\_roc instead.
 warnings.warn(msg, category=DeprecationWarning)

Out[47]: <matplotlib.axes.\_subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x20f2ad33710>



## **Applying rbf SVM on AvgW2V**

# tuning C for rbf on avgW2V

```
In [80]: cs = [0.1, 1, 10]
for c in cs:
    rbf_svc_avgw2v= svm.SVC(kernel='rbf', C=c)
    rbf_svc_avgw2v.fit(train_avgw2v, y_train)
    pred_cv_avgw2v = rbf_svc_avgw2v.predict(cv_avgw2v)

# evaluate CV accuracy
acc = accuracy_score(y_cv, pred_cv_avgw2v, normalize=True) * float(100)
    print('\nCV accuracy for C = %d is %d%'' % (c,acc))

joblib.dump(rbf_svc_avgw2v,"rbf_svc_avgw2v.pkl")

CV accuracy for C = 0 is 90%

CV accuracy for C = 1 is 91%

CV accuracy for C = 10 is 91%

Out[80]: ['pred_cv_avgw2v.pkl']
```

### tuning gamma for rbf on avgW2V

```
In [82]: gammas = [0.1, 1, 10]
for gm in gammas:
    rbf_svc_gm_avgw2v = svm.SVC(kernel='rbf', gamma=gm)
    rbf_svc_gm_avgw2v.fit(train_avgw2v, y_train)
    pred_cv_gm_avgw2v = rbf_svc_gm_avgw2v.predict(cv_avgw2v)

# evaluate CV accuracy
    acc = accuracy_score(y_cv, pred_cv_gm_avgw2v, normalize=True) * float(100)
    print('\nCV accuracy for gamma = %d is %d%%' % (gm,acc))

joblib.dump(rbf_svc_gm_avgw2v, "rbf_svc_gm_avgw2v.pk1")
joblib.dump(pred_cv_gm_avgw2v, "pred_cv_gm_avgw2v.pk1")

CV accuracy for gamma = 0 is 91%

CV accuracy for gamma = 1 is 89%

CV accuracy for gamma = 10 is 89%

Out[82]: ['pred_cv_gm_avgw2v.pk1']
```

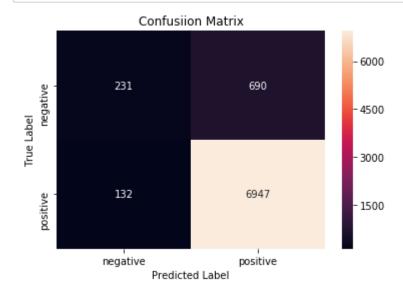
# **SVC** with RBF kernel with best parameters

```
In [83]: # SVC with RBF kernel
         rbf_svc_best_avgw2v = svm.SVC(kernel='rbf', C=10, gamma=0.1,class_weight='balance
         rbf svc best avgw2v.fit(train avgw2v, y train)
         joblib.dump(rbf svc best avgw2v,"rbf svc best avgw2v.pkl")
Out[83]: ['rbf svc best avgw2v.pk1']
In [88]: rbf svc best avgw2v = joblib.load("rbf svc best avgw2v.pk1")
         #rbf_svc_best_fit = rbf_svc_best.fit(train_bow, y_train)
         #joblib.dump(rbf svc best fit, "rbf svc best fit.pkl")
In [89]: #Predicting over Test data points
         pred test rbf avgw2v = rbf svc best avgw2v.predict(test avgw2v)
         print(pred test rbf avgw2v)
         [1 1 1 ... 1 1 1]
         model rbf CalibCV avgw2v = CalibratedClassifierCV(rbf svc best avgw2v)
In [86]:
         model_rbf_CalibCV_avgw2v.fit(train_avgw2v, y_train)
         joblib.dump(model_rbf_CalibCV_avgw2v,"model_rbf_CalibCV_avgw2v.pkl")
Out[86]: ['model rbf CalibCV avgw2v.pk1']
In [87]: | model rbf CalibCV avgw2v = joblib.load("model rbf CalibCV avgw2v.pk1")
         # Predict target vector
         predict test rbf CalibCV avgw2v = model rbf CalibCV avgw2v.predict proba(test avg
In [88]: | predict_test_rbf_CalibCV_avgw2v
Out[88]: array([[0.1624742 , 0.8375258 ],
                [0.40494018, 0.59505982],
                [0.05401368, 0.94598632],
                [0.04607432, 0.95392568],
                [0.04758219, 0.95241781],
                [0.09371685, 0.90628315]])
 In [ ]: | #defining own threshhold for prediction over probability values
         def pred(y):
             y_pred = []
             i=[]
             for i in y:
                  if i.any()>=0.5:
                     y pred.append(1)
                  else:
                     y_pred.append(0)
              return y pred
         pred test rbf avgw2v = pred(predict test rbf CalibCV avgw2v)
```

print("Score= ",rbf svc best avgw2v.score(test avgw2v, pred test rbf avgw2v))

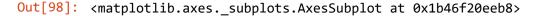
auc\_score\_rbf\_avgw2v = roc\_auc\_score(y\_test, pred\_test\_rbf\_avgw2v)

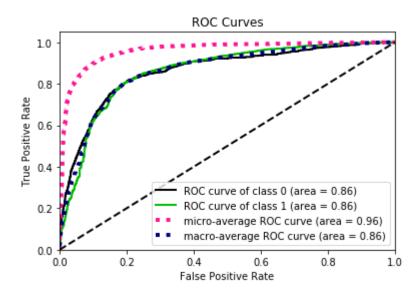
```
print("AUC Score= ",auc_score_rbf_avgw2v)
         Score= 1.0
         AUC Score= 0.5
In [96]: # Confusion Matrix on Test Data
         #y pred = np.argmax(pred test, axis=1)
         cm avgw2v rbf = confusion matrix(y test, pred test rbf avgw2v)
         cm_avgw2v_rbf
Out[96]: array([[ 231, 690],
                [ 132, 6947]], dtype=int64)
In [97]:
         # plot confusion matrix to describe the performance of classifier.
         import seaborn as sns
         class_label = ["negative", "positive"]
         df_cm = pd.DataFrame(cm_avgw2v_rbf, index = class_label, columns = class_label)
         sns.heatmap(df cm, annot = True, fmt = "d")
         plt.title("Confusiion Matrix")
         plt.xlabel("Predicted Label")
         plt.ylabel("True Label")
         plt.show()
```



```
In [98]: #Plotting ROC curve over Test Data
skplt.metrics.plot_roc_curve(y_test,predict_test_rbf_CalibCV_avgw2v)
```

C:\Users\AbhiShek\Anaconda3\lib\site-packages\sklearn\utils\deprecation.py:77:
DeprecationWarning: Function plot\_roc\_curve is deprecated; This will be removed in v0.5.0. Please use scikitplot.metrics.plot\_roc instead.
 warnings.warn(msg, category=DeprecationWarning)





#### tfidf-W-W2V

```
In [6]: fileObject = open("./final_to_file2.pkl",'rb') # we open the file for reading
final = pickle.load(fileObject) # load the object from the file
```

<class 'list'>

witti littl book make son laugh loud recit car drive along alway sing refrain h es learn whale india droop love new word book introduc silli classic book will bet son still abl recit memori colleg

\*

['witti', 'littl', 'book', 'make', 'son', 'laugh', 'loud', 'recit', 'car', 'dri ve', 'along', 'alway', 'sing', 'refrain', 'hes', 'learn', 'whale', 'india', 'dr oop', 'love', 'new', 'word', 'book', 'introduc', 'silli', 'classic', 'book', 'w ill', 'bet', 'son', 'still', 'abl', 'recit', 'memori', 'colleg']

In [8]: | w2v model=Word2Vec(list of sent,min count=5,size=50, workers=4)

```
w2v words = list(w2v model.wv.vocab)
 In [9]: # S = ["abc def pqr", "def def def abc", "pqr pqr def"]
         model = TfidfVectorizer()
         tf idf matrix = model.fit transform(final['CleanedText'].values)
         # we are converting a dictionary with word as a key, and the idf as a value
         dictionary = dict(zip(model.get feature names(), list(model.idf )))
In [10]: # TF-IDF weighted Word2Vec
         tfidf feat = model.get feature names() # tfidf words/col-names
         # final tf idf is the sparse matrix with row= sentence, col=word and cell val =
         tfidf sent vectors = []; # the tfidf-w2v for each sentence/review is stored in the
         row=0;
         for sent in (list of sent): # for each review/sentence
             sent vec = np.zeros(50) # as word vectors are of zero length
             weight sum =0; # num of words with a valid vector in the sentence/review
             for word in sent: # for each word in a review/sentence
                 if word in w2v words:
                     vec = w2v model.wv[word]
                       tf_idf = tf_idf_matrix[row, tfidf_feat.index(word)]
                     # to reduce the computation we are
                     # dictionary[word] = idf value of word in whole courpus
                     # sent.count(word) = tf valeus of word in this review
                     tf_idf = dictionary[word]*(sent.count(word)/len(sent))
                     sent_vec += (vec * tf_idf)
                     weight sum += tf idf
             if weight sum != 0:
                 sent vec /= weight sum
             tfidf_sent_vectors.append(sent_vec)
             row += 1
In [11]:
         print(len(tfidf_sent_vectors))
         print(np.shape(tfidf sent vectors))
         print(type(tfidf sent vectors))
         60000
         (60000, 50)
         <class 'list'>
In [13]: # create design matrix X and target vector y
         X = np.array(tfidf sent vectors[::]) # end index is exclusive
         y = np.array(final['Score']) # showing you two ways of indexing a pandas df
```

```
In [14]: #taking 40K data into consideration
          X \text{ train nstd} = X[0:25000:1]
          X \text{ cv nstd} = X[25000:32000:1]
          X \text{ test nstd} = X[32000:40000:1]
          y_{train_nstd} = y[0:25000:1]
          y cv nstd = y[25000:32000:1]
          y test nstd = y[32000:40000:1]
          print(X_train_nstd.shape)
          print(X cv nstd.shape)
          print(X_test_nstd.shape)
          print(y_train_nstd.shape)
          print(y cv nstd.shape)
          print(y test nstd.shape)
          (25000, 50)
          (7000, 50)
          (8000, 50)
          (25000,)
          (7000,)
          (8000,)
In [15]: # Column Standardization of the tfidf non-standard vector
          std scal = StandardScaler(with mean=False)
          std scal.fit(X train nstd)
          train_tfidfww2v = std_scal.transform(X_train_nstd)
          cv tfidfww2v = std scal.transform(X cv nstd)
          test tfidfww2v = std scal.transform(X test nstd)
```

#### Applying Linear SVM on tfidf-W-W2V

```
lin svc l1 tfidfww2v = linear model.SGDClassifier(penalty='l1')
In [108]:
          lin_svc_l1_tfidfww2v.fit(train_tfidfww2v, y_train)
Out[108]: SGDClassifier(alpha=0.0001, average=False, class weight=None, epsilon=0.1,
                 eta0=0.0, fit intercept=True, l1 ratio=0.15,
                 learning_rate='optimal', loss='hinge', max_iter=None, n_iter=None,
                 n_jobs=1, penalty='l1', power_t=0.5, random_state=None,
                 shuffle=True, tol=None, verbose=0, warm start=False)
          param grid = {'alpha':[0.001, 0.01, 0.1, 1, 10, 100, 1000]} #params we need to the
In [109]:
          gsv l1 tfidfww2v = GridSearchCV(lin svc l1 tfidfww2v,param grid,cv=5,verbose=1)
          gsv_l1_tfidfww2v.fit(train_tfidfww2v,y_train)
          print("Best HyperParameter: ",gsv_l1_tfidfww2v.best_params_)
          print("Best Accuracy: %.2f%"%(gsv_l1_tfidfww2v.best_score_*100))
          Fitting 5 folds for each of 7 candidates, totalling 35 fits
          [Parallel(n jobs=1)]: Done 35 out of 35 | elapsed:
                                                                  8.8s finished
          Best HyperParameter: {'alpha': 0.001}
          Best Accuracy: 90.19%
```

```
In [110]:
               print("Scores for alphas:")
               print(gsv l1 tfidfww2v.grid scores )
               print("\nBest estimator:")
              print(gsv l1 tfidfww2v.best estimator )
              print("Best score:")
              print(gsv_l1_tfidfww2v.best_score_)
               print("\nBest parameters:")
               print(gsv l1 tfidfww2v.best params )
          Scores for alphas:
          [mean: 0.90188, std: 0.00132, params: {'alpha': 0.001}, mean: 0.88980, std: 0.0
          0000, params: {'alpha': 0.01}, mean: 0.88980, std: 0.00000, params: {'alpha':
          0.1}, mean: 0.88980, std: 0.00000, params: {'alpha': 1}, mean: 0.88980, std: 0.
          00000, params: {'alpha': 10}, mean: 0.88980, std: 0.00000, params: {'alpha': 10
          0}, mean: 0.88980, std: 0.00000, params: {'alpha': 1000}]
          Best estimator:
          SGDClassifier(alpha=0.001, average=False, class_weight=None, epsilon=0.1,
                 eta0=0.0, fit_intercept=True, l1_ratio=0.15,
                 learning_rate='optimal', loss='hinge', max_iter=None, n_iter=None,
                 n_jobs=1, penalty='l1', power_t=0.5, random_state=None,
                 shuffle=True, tol=None, verbose=0, warm start=False)
          Best score:
          0.90188
          Best parameters:
          {'alpha': 0.001}
          C:\Users\AbhiShek\Anaconda3\lib\site-packages\sklearn\model_selection\_search.p
          y:761: DeprecationWarning: The grid scores attribute was deprecated in version
          0.18 in favor of the more elaborate cv results attribute. The grid scores att
          ribute will not be available from 0.20
            DeprecationWarning)
In [111]: lin_svc_l2_tfidfww2v = linear_model.SGDClassifier(penalty='12')
          lin svc 12 tfidfww2v.fit(train tfidfww2v, y train)
Out[111]: SGDClassifier(alpha=0.0001, average=False, class weight=None, epsilon=0.1,
                 eta0=0.0, fit_intercept=True, l1_ratio=0.15,
                 learning_rate='optimal', loss='hinge', max_iter=None, n_iter=None,
                 n_jobs=1, penalty='12', power_t=0.5, random_state=None,
                 shuffle=True, tol=None, verbose=0, warm_start=False)
In [112]:
          param_grid = {'alpha':[0.001, 0.01, 0.1, 1, 10, 100, 1000]} #params we need to the
          gsv 12 tfidfww2v = GridSearchCV(lin svc 12 tfidfww2v,param grid,cv=5,verbose=1)
          gsv 12 tfidfww2v.fit(train tfidfww2v,y train)
          print("Best HyperParameter: ",gsv_l2_tfidfww2v.best_params_)
          print("\nBest Accuracy: %.2f%%"%(gsv_l2_tfidfww2v.best_score_*100))
          Fitting 5 folds for each of 7 candidates, totalling 35 fits
          Best HyperParameter: {'alpha': 0.01}
          Best Accuracy: 90.25%
          [Parallel(n_jobs=1)]: Done 35 out of 35 | elapsed:
                                                                   4.8s finished
```

```
In [113]:
               print("Scores for alphas:")
               print(gsv 12 tfidfww2v.grid scores )
               print("\nBest estimator:")
              print(gsv 12 tfidfww2v.best estimator )
              print("\nBest score:")
              print(gsv 12 tfidfww2v.best score )
               print("\nBest parameters:")
               print(gsv 12 tfidfww2v.best params )
          Scores for alphas:
          [mean: 0.89856, std: 0.00424, params: {'alpha': 0.001}, mean: 0.90252, std: 0.0
          0338, params: {'alpha': 0.01}, mean: 0.88980, std: 0.00000, params: {'alpha':
          0.1}, mean: 0.88980, std: 0.00000, params: {'alpha': 1}, mean: 0.88980, std: 0.
          00000, params: {'alpha': 10}, mean: 0.79896, std: 0.18168, params: {'alpha': 10
          0}, mean: 0.73388, std: 0.31184, params: {'alpha': 1000}]
          Best estimator:
          SGDClassifier(alpha=0.01, average=False, class_weight=None, epsilon=0.1,
                 eta0=0.0, fit intercept=True, l1 ratio=0.15,
                 learning_rate='optimal', loss='hinge', max_iter=None, n_iter=None,
                 n_jobs=1, penalty='l2', power_t=0.5, random_state=None,
                 shuffle=True, tol=None, verbose=0, warm start=False)
          Best score:
          0.90252
          Best parameters:
          {'alpha': 0.01}
          C:\Users\AbhiShek\Anaconda3\lib\site-packages\sklearn\model selection\ search.p
          y:761: DeprecationWarning: The grid scores attribute was deprecated in version
          0.18 in favor of the more elaborate cv_results_ attribute. The grid_scores_ att
          ribute will not be available from 0.20
            DeprecationWarning)
In [114]: | # SVC with Linear kernel
          #with best alpha and penalty
          lin svc tfidfww2v = linear model.SGDClassifier(alpha=0.01,penalty='12',loss='hing
          lin svc tfidfww2v.fit(train tfidfww2v, y train)
          joblib.dump(lin_svc_tfidfww2v,"lin_svc_tfidfww2v.pkl")
Out[114]: ['lin svc tfidfww2v.pkl']
In [115]: lin svc tfidfww2v = joblib.load("lin svc tfidfww2v.pk1")
          # Fit linear kernel model
          best model tfidfww2v = lin svc tfidfww2v.fit(train tfidfww2v, y train)
          joblib.dump(best model tfidfww2v,"best model tfidfww2v.pkl")
          best_model_tfidfww2v
Out[115]: SGDClassifier(alpha=0.01, average=False, class weight=None, epsilon=0.1,
                 eta0=0.0, fit_intercept=True, l1_ratio=0.15,
                 learning rate='optimal', loss='hinge', max iter=None, n iter=None,
                 n_jobs=1, penalty='12', power_t=0.5, random_state=None,
                 shuffle=True, tol=None, verbose=0, warm start=False)
```

```
In [63]: best_model_tfidfww2v = joblib.load("best_model_tfidfww2v.pk1")

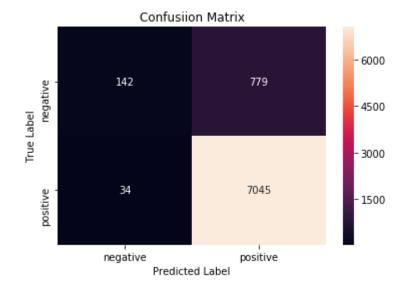
# Predict target vector
predict_test_tfidfww2v = best_model_tfidfww2v.predict(test_tfidfww2v)
#best_model.cv_results_
```

In [64]: print("Score= ",best\_model\_tfidfww2v.score(test\_tfidfww2v, predict\_test\_tfidfww2v
auc\_score\_lin\_tfidfww2v = roc\_auc\_score(y\_test, predict\_test\_tfidfww2v)
print("AUC Score= ",auc\_score\_lin\_tfidfww2v)

Score= 1.0 AUC Score= 0.49924935875697246

```
In [119]: # Confusion Matrix on Test Data
#y_pred = np.argmax(pred_test, axis=1)
cm_tfidfww2v = confusion_matrix(y_test, predict_test_tfidfww2v)
cm_tfidfww2v
```

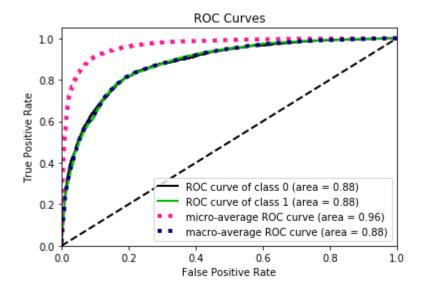
```
In [120]: # plot confusion matrix to describe the performance of classifier.
    import seaborn as sns
    class_label = ["negative", "positive"]
    df_cm = pd.DataFrame(cm_tfidfww2v, index = class_label, columns = class_label)
    sns.heatmap(df_cm, annot = True, fmt = "d")
    plt.title("Confusiion Matrix")
    plt.xlabel("Predicted Label")
    plt.ylabel("True Label")
    plt.show()
```



In [123]: #Plotting ROC curve over Test Data
skplt.metrics.plot\_roc\_curve(y\_test,predict\_test\_CalibCV\_tfidfww2v)

C:\Users\AbhiShek\Anaconda3\lib\site-packages\sklearn\utils\deprecation.py:77:
DeprecationWarning: Function plot\_roc\_curve is deprecated; This will be removed in v0.5.0. Please use scikitplot.metrics.plot\_roc instead.
 warnings.warn(msg, category=DeprecationWarning)

Out[123]: <matplotlib.axes.\_subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x1b46d242160>



## Applying rbf on tfidf-W-W2V

# tuning C for rbf on avgW2V

```
In [124]: cs = [0.1, 1, 10]
for c in cs:
    rbf_svc_tfidfww2v= svm.SVC(kernel='rbf', C=c)
    rbf_svc_tfidfww2v.fit(train_avgw2v, y_train)
    pred_cv_tfidfww2v = rbf_svc_tfidfww2v.predict(cv_tfidfww2v)

# evaluate CV accuracy
    acc = accuracy_score(y_cv, pred_cv_tfidfww2v, normalize=True) * float(100)
    print('\nCV accuracy for C = %d is %d%' % (c,acc))

joblib.dump(rbf_svc_tfidfww2v,"rbf_svc_tfidfww2v.pkl")
joblib.dump(pred_cv_tfidfww2v,"pred_cv_tfidfww2v.pkl")

CV accuracy for C = 0 is 90%

CV accuracy for C = 1 is 91%

Out[124]: ['pred_cv_tfidfww2v.pkl']
```

# tuning gamma for rbf on avgW2V

```
In [126]: gammas = [0.1, 1, 10]
    for gm in gammas:
        rbf_svc_gm_tfidfww2v = svm.SVC(kernel='rbf', gamma=gm)
        rbf_svc_gm_tfidfww2v.fit(train_tfidfww2v, y_train)
        pred_cv_gm_tfidfww2v = rbf_svc_gm_tfidfww2v.predict(cv_tfidfww2v)

    # evaluate CV accuracy
    acc = accuracy_score(y_cv, pred_cv_gm_tfidfww2v, normalize=True) * float(100 print('\nCV accuracy for gamma = %d is %d%%' % (gm,acc))

    joblib.dump(rbf_svc_gm_avgw2v, "rbf_svc_gm_tfidfww2v.pk1")
    joblib.dump(pred_cv_gm_avgw2v, "pred_cv_gm_tfidfww2v.pk1")

    CV accuracy for gamma = 0 is 91%

    CV accuracy for gamma = 1 is 89%

    CV accuracy for gamma = 10 is 89%

Out[126]: ['pred_cv_gm_tfidfww2v.pk1']
```

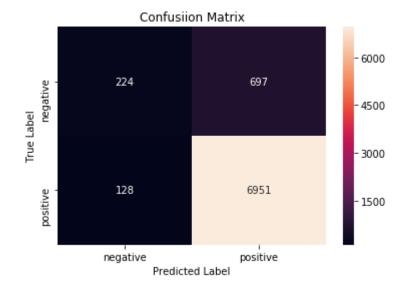
### **SVC** with RBF kernel with best parameters

```
In [16]: # SVC with RBF kernel
         rbf_svc_best_tfidfww2v = svm.SVC(kernel='rbf', C=10, gamma=0.1,class_weight='balk'
         rbf svc best tfidfww2v.fit(train tfidfww2v, y train)
          joblib.dump(rbf svc best tfidfww2v,"rbf svc best tfidfww2v.pkl")
Out[16]: ['rbf_svc_best_tfidfww2v.pkl']
In [17]: rbf svc best tfidfww2v = joblib.load("rbf svc best tfidfww2v.pk1")
         #rbf_svc_best_fit = rbf_svc_best.fit(train_bow, y_train)
          #joblib.dump(rbf svc best fit, "rbf svc best fit.pkl")
In [18]: #Predicting over Test data points
         pred test rbf tfidfww2v = rbf svc best tfidfww2v.predict(test tfidfww2v)
         print(pred test rbf tfidfww2v)
         [1 \ 1 \ 1 \ \dots \ 1 \ 1 \ 1]
         model rbf CalibCV tfidfww2v = CalibratedClassifierCV(rbf svc best tfidfww2v)
In [19]:
         model_rbf_CalibCV_tfidfww2v.fit(train_tfidfww2v, y_train)
          joblib.dump(model rbf CalibCV tfidfww2v,"model rbf CalibCV tfidfww2v.pkl")
Out[19]: ['model rbf CalibCV tfidfww2v.pkl']
In [20]: model rbf CalibCV tfidfww2v = joblib.load("model rbf CalibCV tfidfww2v.pkl")
         # Predict target vector
         predict test rbf CalibCV tfidfww2v = model rbf CalibCV tfidfww2v.predict proba(te
In [21]: | predict_test_rbf_CalibCV_tfidfww2v
Out[21]: array([[0.24921219, 0.75078781],
                 [0.32430499, 0.67569501],
                 [0.06570459, 0.93429541],
                 [0.01825257, 0.98174743],
                 [0.04319045, 0.95680955],
                 [0.06765002, 0.93234998]])
 In [ ]: | #defining own threshhold for prediction over probability values
          def pred(y):
             y_pred = []
              i=[]
              for i in y:
                  if i.any()>=0.5:
                      y pred.append(1)
                  else:
                      y_pred.append(0)
              return y pred
         pred test rbf tfidfww2v = pred(predict test rbf CalibCV tfidfww2v)
```

Score= 1.0 AUC Score= 0.6125661239932335

```
In [24]: # Confusion Matrix on Test Data
#y_pred = np.argmax(pred_test, axis=1)
cm_tfidfww2v_rbf = confusion_matrix(y_test, pred_test_rbf_tfidfww2v)
cm_tfidfww2v_rbf
```

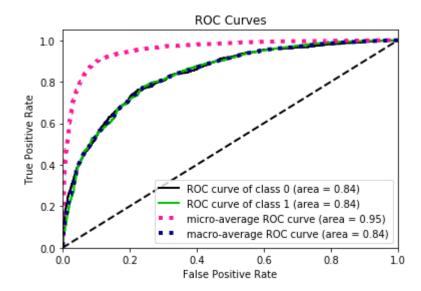
```
In [25]: # plot confusion matrix to describe the performance of classifier.
import seaborn as sns
class_label = ["negative", "positive"]
df_cm = pd.DataFrame(cm_tfidfww2v_rbf, index = class_label, columns = class_label
sns.heatmap(df_cm, annot = True, fmt = "d")
plt.title("Confusiion Matrix")
plt.xlabel("Predicted Label")
plt.ylabel("True Label")
plt.show()
```



In [26]: #Plotting ROC curve over Test Data
skplt.metrics.plot\_roc\_curve(y\_test,predict\_test\_rbf\_CalibCV\_tfidfww2v)

C:\Users\AbhiShek\Anaconda3\lib\site-packages\sklearn\utils\deprecation.py:77:
DeprecationWarning: Function plot\_roc\_curve is deprecated; This will be removed in v0.5.0. Please use scikitplot.metrics.plot\_roc instead.
 warnings.warn(msg, category=DeprecationWarning)

Out[26]: <matplotlib.axes.\_subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x20f3518f208>



```
In [91]: x = PrettyTable()
         x.field_names = ["Paramters/Models","BoW", "TFIDF", "AvgW2V", "TFIDF-W-W2V"]
         #x.field names = ["Kernel = Linear"]
         x.add_row(["(Kernel = Linear) Best Parameters: alpha: ", "0.1", "1", "0.001", "0
         x.add_row(["(Kernel = Linear) Best Penalty: ", "12", "12","11","12"])
         x.add_row(["(Kernel = Linear) AUC Score: ",auc_score_lin_bow, auc_score_lin_tfid
         #x.field_names = ["Kernel = RBF"]
         x.add_row(["(Kernel = RBF) Best Parameters: C: ", "10", "10", "10", "10"])
         x.add_row(["(Kernel = RBF) Best Parameters: Gamma: ", "1", "1", "0.1", "0.1"])
         x.add_row(["(Kernel = RBF) AUC Score: ",auc_score_rbf_bow, auc_score_rbf_tfidf,
         print(x)
                        Paramters/Models
                                                               BoW
                                                                                  TFIDF
          AvgW2V
         | (Kernel = Linear) Best Parameters: alpha: |
                                                               0.1
           0.001
                           0.01
                (Kernel = Linear) Best Penalty:
                                                                12
                                                                                     12
             11
                             12
                 (Kernel = Linear) AUC Score:
                                                      0.7107706741920982 | 0.614142179
         1817765 | 0.5 | 0.49924935875697246 |
              (Kernel = RBF) Best Parameters: C:
                                                                10
                                                                                     10
                             10
             10
            (Kernel = RBF) Best Parameters: Gamma:
                                                                                     1
                            0.1
                   (Kernel = RBF) AUC Score:
                                                               0.5
                                                                                    0.5
                   0.6125661239932335
 In [ ]:
```