



# ADVANCED SQL / PROJECT



Presented by :- ABHISHEK PANDEY

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# About SWIGGY



**SWIGGY** founded in India in 2014, is a leading food delivery platform that has transformed dining experiences with its easy-to-use app, broad restaurant selection, and fast delivery service has also expanded into grocery deliveries, continually evolving in the competitive market.

**Swiggy** is headquartered in Bangalore and operates in more than 580 Indian cities, as of July 2023.

Besides food delivery, the platform also provides quick commerce services under the name **Swiggy Instamart**, and same-day package deliveries with **Swiggy Genie**.

# What are 'JOINS'

A **JOIN** is used to combine data from two or more tables, based on a related column between them. In **SQL**, a **JOIN** is used to combine rows from two or more tables based on a related column between them. Joins are essential for querying relational databases where data is often distributed across multiple tables.

Here's a rundown of the main types of **SQL** joins:

- **INNER JOIN** : Returns only matching rows.
- **LEFT JOIN** : Returns all left table rows, matching or not.
- **RIGHT JOIN** : Returns all right table rows, matching or not.
- **FULL JOIN** : Returns rows when there's matching or not.
- **CROSS JOIN** : Combines all rows from both tables.
- **SELF JOIN** : Joins a table with itself.

# Problem Statement:

- Display all customers who live in 'Delhi'.
- Find the average rating of all restaurants in 'Mumbai'.
- List all customers who have placed at least one order.
- Display the total number of orders placed by each customer.
- Find the total revenue generated by each restaurant.
- Find the top 5 restaurants with the highest average rating.
- Display all customers who have never placed an order.

- Find the number of orders placed by each customer in 'Mumbai'.
- Display all orders placed in the last 30 days.
- List all delivery partners who have completed more than 1 delivery.
- Find the customers who have placed orders on exactly three different days.
- Find the delivery partner who has worked with the most different customers.
- Identify customers who have the same city and have placed orders at the same restaurants, but on different dates.



# SQL QUERY ANALYSIS

# Display all customers who live in 'Delhi'.

```
1 · SELECT  
2     customer_id, name as Customer_Name  
3 FROM  
4   customers  
5 WHERE  
6   city = 'Delhi';
```

	customer_id	Customer_Name
▶	2	Rohini Verma
▶	5	Manish Kumar
▶	18	Sonali Mishra
▶	HULL	HULL

## PURPOSE

The purpose of this query is to retrieve the information of the customers of a specific area to make useful decision in accordance to that.



# Find the **average rating** of all restaurants in 'Mumbai'.

```
1 SELECT  
2     ROUND(AVG(rating), 2) AS Avg_rating  
3 FROM  
4     restaurants  
5 WHERE  
6     city = 'Mumbai';
```

Result Grid	
	Avg_rating
▶	4.30

## PURPOSE

The purpose of this query is to retrieve the average rating of all the restaurants of "Mumbai" and to have an overall rating of the restaurants.



# List all customers who have placed at least one order.

```
1 · SELECT DISTINCT  
2     customers.customer_id,  
3     customers.name,  
4     COUNT(orders.order_id) AS no_of_orders_placed  
5   FROM  
6     customers  
7       INNER JOIN  
8     orders ON customers.customer_id = orders.customer_id  
9 GROUP BY customers.customer_id , customers.name;
```

	customer_id	name	no_of_orders_placed
▶	1	Amit Sharma	2
	2	Rohini Verma	3
	3	Rajesh Gupta	3
	4	Sneha Mehta	2
	5	Manish Kumar	4
	6	Priya Singh	3
	7	Vikas Reddy	3
	8	Anjali Patel	3

## PURPOSE

The purpose of this query is to retrieve the information of the customers who have placed at least one order and to make rightful decision in accordance like forming sales boosting strategies.



# Display the total number of orders placed by each customer.

```
1 • SELECT  
2     customers.customer_id,  
3     customers.name,  
4     COUNT(orders.order_id) AS no_of_order_placed  
5   FROM  
6     customers  
7     LEFT JOIN  
8     orders ON customers.customer_id = orders.customer_id  
9   GROUP BY customers.customer_id , customers.name;
```

	customer_id	name	no_of_order_placed
1	1	Amit Sharma	2
2	2	Rohini Verma	3
3	3	Rajesh Gupta	3
4	4	Sneha Mehta	2
5	5	Manish Kumar	4
6	6	Priya Singh	3
7	7	Vikas Reddy	3
8	8	Anjali Patel	3

## PURPOSE

The purpose of this query is to retrieve the information regarding total number of order placed by each customer and to make rightful decision in accordance to that, like giving discount on next order or giving coupons.



# Find the total revenue generated by each restaurant.

```
1 • SELECT
2     restaurants.restaurant_id,
3     restaurants.name,
4     COALESCE(SUM(orders.total_amount), 00) AS Total_revenue
5 FROM
6     restaurants
7     LEFT JOIN
8     orders ON restaurants.restaurant_id = orders.restaurant_id
9 GROUP BY restaurants.restaurant_id , restaurants.name;
```

	restaurant_id	name	Total_revenue
1	1	Spice of India	1100.00
2	2	Tandoori Flames	1200.00
3	3	Biryani House	5300.00
4	4	Curry Pot	3200.00
5	5	Taste of Punjab	600.00
6	6	Royal Biryani	650.00
7	7	Coastal Delight	2100.00
8	8	Veggie Delight	1600.00
9	9	Gujarat Express	2550.00

## PURPOSE

The purpose of this query is to retrieve the revenue generated by each restaurants in order to compare the sales and popularity between multiple restaurants .



# Find the top 5 restaurants with the highest average rating.

```
1 • SELECT
2     restaurants.restaurant_id,
3     restaurants.name,
4     ROUND(AVG(restaurants.rating),2) AS Avg_rating
5   FROM
6     restaurants
7 GROUP BY restaurants.restaurant_id , restaurants.name
8 ORDER BY AVG(restaurants.rating) DESC
9 LIMIT 5;
```

	restaurant_id	name	Avg_rating
▶	3	Biryani House	4.80
	22	Paradise Biryani	4.80
	30	Lucknowi Nawabi	4.70
	6	Royal Biryani	4.70
	12	Flavours of Bengal	4.60

## PURPOSE

The purpose of this query is to retrieve the information of top restaurants with highest average ratings to get better search results for good experience of restaurants.



# Display all customers who have never placed an order.

```
1 • SELECT  
2     customers.customer_id, customers.name  
3   FROM  
4     customers  
5       LEFT JOIN  
6     orders ON customers.customer_id = orders.customer_id  
7 WHERE  
8     orders.customer_id IS NULL;
```

	customer_id	name
▶	24	Sonal Kaur
	25	Vivek Malhotra
	26	Divya Iyer
	27	Rakesh Yadav
	28	Mona Sharma
	29	Sudha Pillai
	30	Gaurav Khanna

## PURPOSE

The purpose of this query is to retrieve the information of the customers who have never placed an order and make some better strategies for more interaction.



# Find the number of orders placed by each customer in 'Mumbai'.

```
1 • SELECT  
2     customers.customer_id,  
3     customers.name,  
4     COUNT(orders.order_id) AS Orders_placed  
5   FROM  
6     customers  
7       LEFT JOIN  
8     orders ON customers.customer_id = orders.customer_id  
9   WHERE  
10      city = 'Mumbai'  
11 GROUP BY customers.customer_id , customers.name;
```

	customer_id	name	Orders_placed
▶	1	Amit Sharma	2
	3	Rajesh Gupta	3
	19	Arjun Desai	2
	23	Ravi Singh	2

## PURPOSE

The purpose of this query is to retrieve the information of number of orders placed by each customers of "MUMBAI" to make a region specific algorithm and make decision in accordance to that.



# Display all orders placed in the last 30 days.

```
1 • SELECT
2      *
3  FROM
4    orders
5 WHERE
6    order_date >= DATE_SUB(CURDATE(), INTERVAL 30 DAY);
```

## PURPOSE

The purpose of this query is to retrieve the information of all the orders placed in a specific period to review and analyze it for improvement.



# List all delivery partners who have completed more than 1 delivery.

```
1 • SELECT
2     deliverypartners.partner_id,
3     deliverypartners.name,
4     COUNT(deliveryupdates.order_id) AS Count_of_orders
5   FROM
6     deliverypartners
7       JOIN
8         orderdelivery ON deliverypartners.partner_id = orderdelivery.partner_id
9       JOIN
10        deliveryupdates ON orderdelivery.order_delivery_id = deliveryupdates.delivery_id
11 WHERE
12     deliveryupdates.status = 'Delivered'
13 GROUP BY deliverypartners.partner_id , deliverypartners.name;
```

	partner_id	name	Count_of_orders
▶	4	Suresh Reddy	3
	3	Priya Patel	1
	5	Anita Desai	2
	7	Sonia Agarwal	1
	2	Ravi Kumar	2
	12	Reena Rao	2
	18	Meera Gupta	1
	10	Kiran Mehta	1

## PURPOSE

The purpose of this query is to retrieve the information of the delivery partners who have completed more than 1 delivery to make better incentive plans and provide bonuses.



# Find the customers who have placed orders on exactly three different days.

```
1 • SELECT  
2     customers.customer_id,  
3     customers.name,  
4     COUNT(orders.order_date) AS Order_date  
5   FROM  
6     customers  
7       JOIN  
8     orders ON customers.customer_id = orders.customer_id  
9 GROUP BY customers.customer_id , customers.name  
10 HAVING COUNT(DISTINCT orders.order_date) = 3;
```

	customer_id	name	Order_date
▶	2	Rohini Verma	3
	6	Priya Singh	3
	8	Anjali Patel	3
	14	Nidhi Saxena	3
	15	Ashok Kumar	3
	18	Sonali Mishra	3

The purpose of this query is to retrieve the information of the customers who have placed order on three different dates to understand the customer's preferred time and choices of order for improvement.

## PURPOSE



# Find the delivery partner who has worked with the most different customers.

```
1 • SELECT
2     deliverypartners.partner_id,
3     deliverypartners.name,
4     COUNT(DISTINCT orders.customer_id) AS Count_of_customers
5   FROM
6     deliverypartners
7       JOIN
8         orderdelivery ON deliverypartners.partner_id = orderdelivery.partner_id
9       JOIN
10        orders ON orderdelivery.order_id = orders.order_id
11   GROUP BY deliverypartners.partner_id , deliverypartners.name
12 ORDER BY COUNT(DISTINCT orders.customer_id) DESC
13 LIMIT 1;
```

	partner_id	name	Count_of_customers
▶	4	Suresh Reddy	6

## PURPOSE

The purpose of this query is to retrieve the information of the Delivery partner who have worked with most different customer to motivate them with monetary or non-monetary rewards for their dynamism.



# Identify customers who have the same city and have placed orders at the same restaurants, but on different dates.

```
1 * SELECT
2     c1.name AS Customer1,
3     c2.name AS Customer2,
4     c1.city AS City1,
5     c2.city AS City2,
6     restaurants.name
7 FROM
8     customers AS c1
9     JOIN
10    orders AS o1 ON c1.customer_id = o1.customer_id
11    JOIN
12    orders AS o2 ON o2.restaurant_id = o1.restaurant_id
13    JOIN
14    customers AS c2 ON c1.city = c2.city AND c1.name <> c2.name
15    AND o2.customer_id = c2.customer_id
16    JOIN
17    restaurants ON o1.restaurant_id = restaurants.restaurant_id
18 WHERE
19     o1.order_date <> o2.order_date;
```

	Customer1	Customer2	City1	City2	name
▶	Manish Kumar	Sonali Mishra	Delhi	Delhi	Biryani House
	Sonali Mishra	Manish Kumar	Delhi	Delhi	Biryani House
	Sonali Mishra	Manish Kumar	Delhi	Delhi	Biryani House
	Arjun Desai	Ravi Singh	Mumbai	Mumbai	Veggie Delight
	Manish Kumar	Sonali Mishra	Delhi	Delhi	Biryani House
	Ravi Singh	Arjun Desai	Mumbai	Mumbai	Veggie Delight

★ PURPOSE ★

The purpose of this query is to retrieve the information of the customers who are from same city and have placed order at same restaurants on different dates to understand the complex algorithms for improvement of the model.





# Thank you

## Connect with me

- GMAIL

[abhishekp1322@gmail.com](mailto:abhishekp1322@gmail.com)

- LinkedIn

Abhishek Pandey

