

LINKED LIST { Easiest DS }

Classes & Objects

Linked list

Question in WA group tomorrow

Try those questions

Class?



land

Architect [Blueprint]

Class is just a
blue print it does not
occupy any space

```
class Employee {  
    String name  
    long salary  
    String gender  
    String designation  
}
```

Employee emp = new Employee()
 object reference object

emp.name = "Deepak"
emp.salary = 10000000

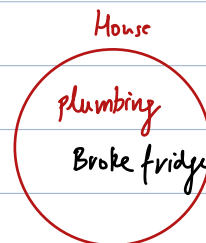
emp1 emp2

name: Deepak
salary: ~~1000000~~
 10
gender:
desig:

Objects
Instances of the class

emp2 = emp // shallow copy
emp2.salary = 10

Plumber
Key



1 object ← multiple object reference

emp2 = new Employee()

emp

name: Deepak
salary: 1000000
gender:
desig:

emp2

name: karan
salary:
gender:
desig:

emp2.name = "Karan"
~~emp = emp2~~
~~print(emp.name)~~
→ karan

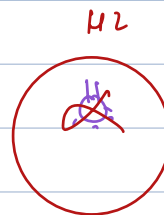
emp3 = new Employee()

emp3 →

name: Nikhil
salary:
gender:
desig:

emp3.name = emp2.name

emp3.name = Nikhil
print(emp2.name)

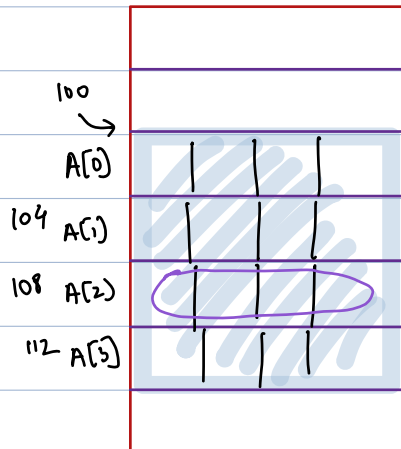


Object references → memory address of the object

Arrays

$A[i] \rightarrow O(1)$

RAM



Array: Continuous memory allocation

int A[4]

int \rightarrow 4 bytes

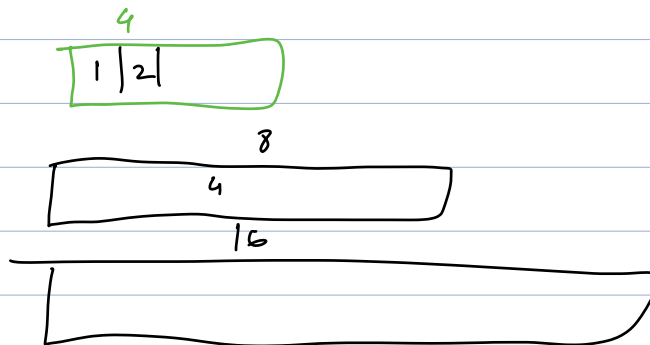
A[2]

$$100 + 2 \times 4 = 108$$

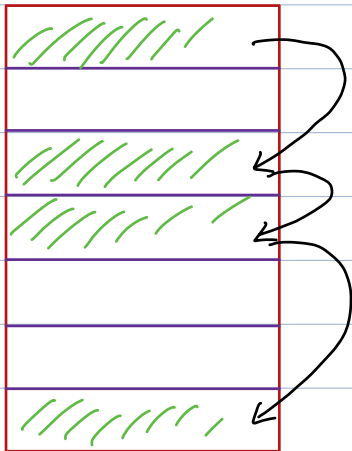
A[1]

$$100 + 1 \times 4 = 104$$

Dynamic Array



Arrays

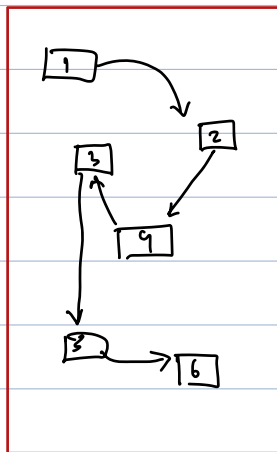


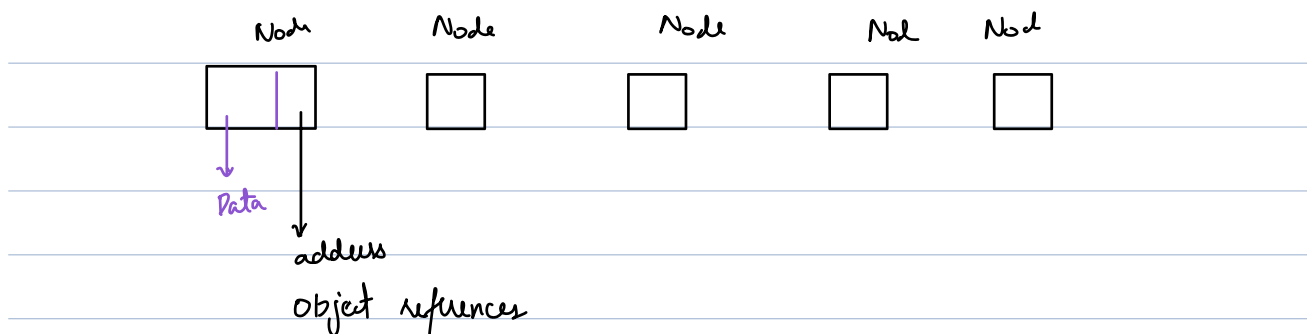
RAM



Linked list

Memory allocation is not continuous





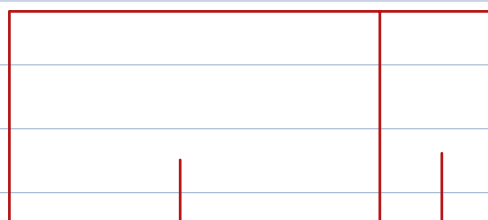
class Node {

int data;

Node next;

}

n = new Node();



n.data = 5

n.next = null

m = new Node();

m.data = 3

m.next = null

(Object reference)

Constructor

Used to initialize objects

- Method / function with no return type
- Name of function should be same as class

```
class Node {
```

```
    int data;
```

```
    Node next;
```

```
    Node(int x) {
```

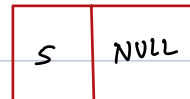
```
        data = x
```

```
        next = null
```

```
    }
```

```
}
```

```
Node n = new Node(5)
```



```
Node m = new Node(7)
```



10:28 - 10:43

~~n.data~~ → 5

n.next → null

Node n = new Node(5)



← Address of node 7

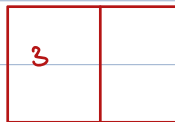
n.next = m

Node m = new Node(7)



n.next.next = x

Node x = new Node(3)

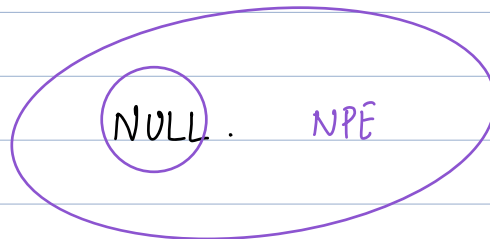


n.next.data → 7

n.next.next.next → null

n.next.next.next.data →

Null Pointer Exception

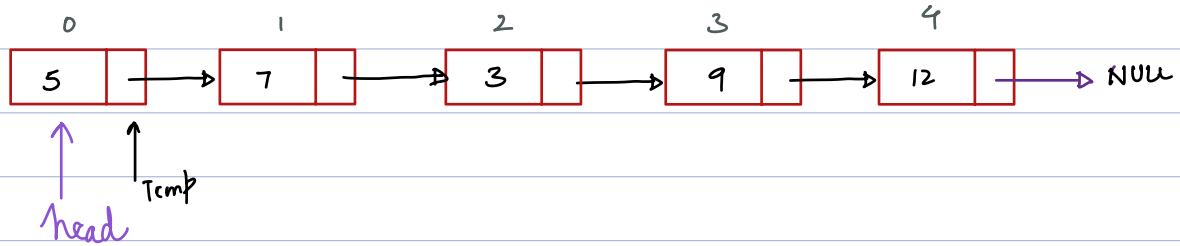


1) Can only go forward in a LL

2) First node of every LL is head

Q1) Print a linked list

temp.data = 9



Reference to the head node

```
void printll(head) {
```

```
    temp = head    c = 0
```

```
    while (temp != NULL)
```

```
    |   print(temp.data)  → C++
```

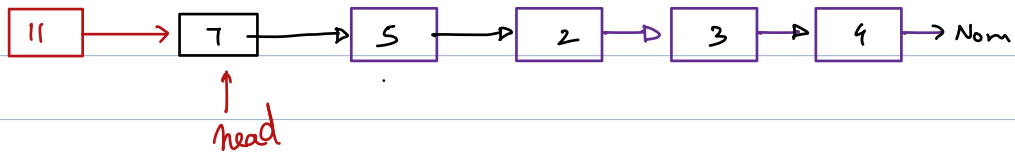
```
    |   temp = temp.next
```

```
    }
```

```
}
```

Size of a LL

Insert at first



nn

```
Node insertAtFront(head, data){
```

```
    Node nn = new Node(data)
```

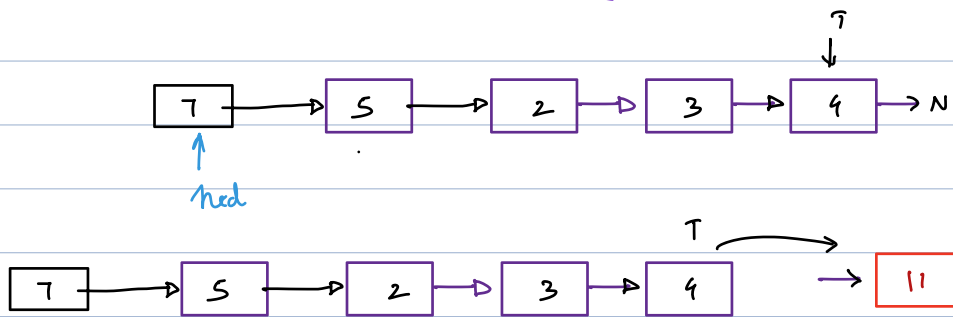
```
    nn.next = head
```

```
    head = nn
```

```
    return head
```

```
}
```

Insert at end



```
Node insertAtEnd (Node head, int data) {
```

```
    Node nn = new Node(data)
```

```
    if (head == null) { return nn }
```

```
    Node temp = head
```

```
    while (temp.next != null) {
```

```
        | temp = temp.next
```

```
    }
```

```
    temp.next = nn
```

```
    return head
```

```
}
```

TC: $O(N)$

Done!

k will be valid value

Q2) Insert at k^{th} position in LL $0 \leq k \leq N-1$

