

```
public class solve {
```

```
    int foo(int x){
```

```
        if(x <= 2) { return x }
```

```
        return foo(x-1) + foo(x-2) + foo(x-3)
```

```
    }
```

```
}
```

foo(5)

last intermediate cond.

> 66.6%

63

→ 90%

70

Advance

level

< 2 questions { reattempt }

ensure to solve

>= 2 questions

100% complete backlog

1) Reach out to peers on
WA group

2) Ping me on WA

Friday, Sat, Sund, Mon

15mins even

3) Reach out to TA

set a goal to complete 100% of question

public class solve {

int foo(int x){

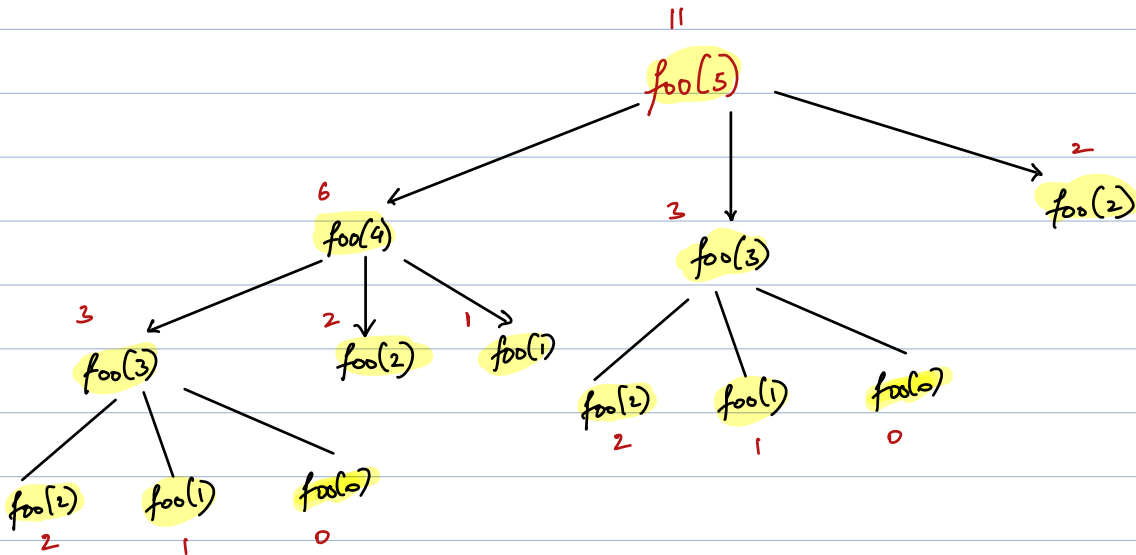
1 if(x <= 2) { return x }

2 return foo(x-1) + foo(x-2) + foo(x-3)

}

}

Ans: 11



Q2) Write a function that takes in the string A representing the story and returns the first letter that repeats in a string.

NR R

0 1 2 3 4 5
a d b c d b
→

d → 2
b → 2
c → 1
a → 1

0 1 2 3
c g c g

0
x

a → repeating first:

a b c c a b
→

Ans: c

HM

{}

a	b	c	c	a	b
{a:1}	{a:1, b:1}	{a:1, b:1, c:1}			

Repeating

HM

<key, count>

↓
char

Hash set

TC: $O(N)$ $\rightarrow O(1)$
SC: $O(1)$

hs = {}

for (i=0; i < N; i++) {

if (hs.contains(A[i])) {

return A[i] # convert to string

hs.insert(A[i])

}

return ""

a - 2

Q3) Given a string check if it can be converted to a palindrome or not by doing any no. of swaps.

0 1 2
a b c

b a c

b c a

a c b

c a b

c b a

obs 1) Using N no. of swaps you can permute the string in any order as you want

c a d \longrightarrow d a c ✓

c a d \longrightarrow a d c ✓

c a d \longrightarrow c a t ✗

you can only permute and not change

Palindrom

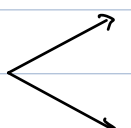
a b b a c \longrightarrow

a b c b a		yes
b a c a b		

a b c b \longrightarrow Not possible

len = 1 x , y , z \longrightarrow True

len = 2 x y \longrightarrow False
both chars have to be same

len 3 \Rightarrow 
all are same
2 same elements

b * b
↑

N is even

X X Z A B C D E E D C B A Z X X

all chars must occur even no. of times

N is odd

X X Z A B C D E F F E D C B A Z X X

all chars must occur even no. of times

except 1 and only one which occur
odd no. of times

Hashmap < char , int >
 ↓ ↓
 s[i] count

1) Create HM

2) Iterate over HM and check no. of s[i]
 having odd count

3) check if odd occurring elements ≤ 1