

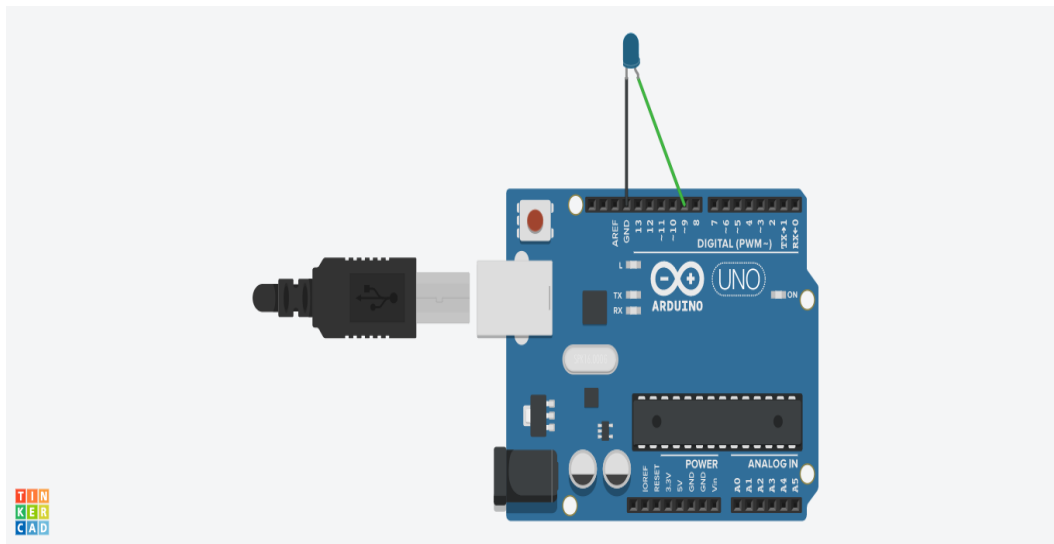
Program no : 01

Program Title : LED Blink

Hardware Required

1. Arduino Board
2. Led bulb
3. wires

Circuit Diagram

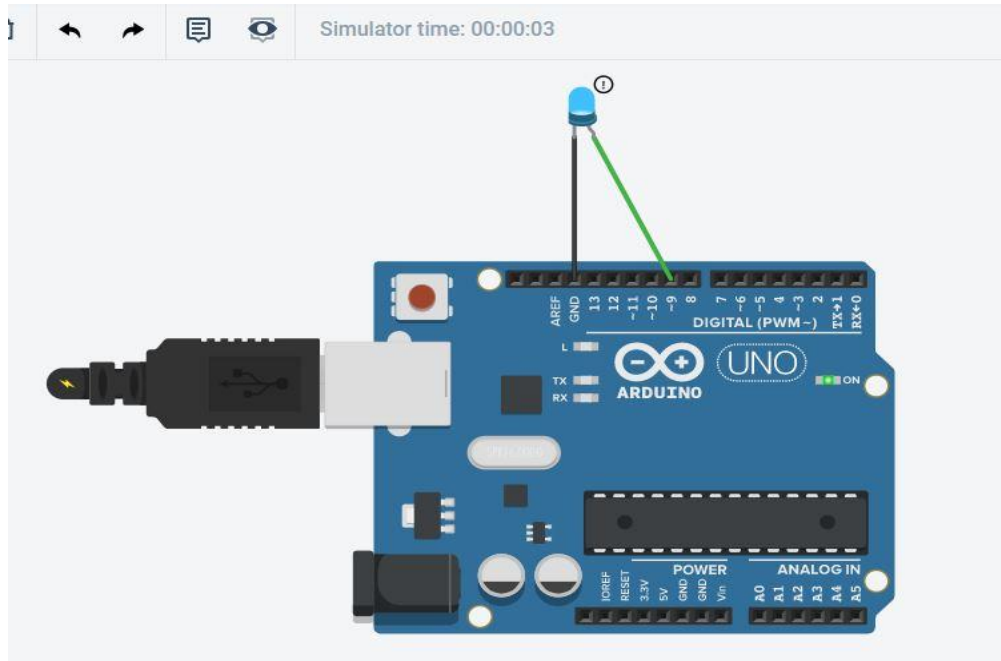


Code:

```
Text [v] [Download] [Save] [Run] 1 (Arduino Uno R3)

1  int ledPin = 9;
2  void setup() {
3  }
4
5  void loop()
6  {
7      for(int fadeValue = 0;fadeValue <=255;fadeValue += 5)
8      {
9          analogWrite (ledPin,fadeValue);
10         delay(30);
11     }
12     for(int fadeValue = 255;fadeValue >= 0;fadeValue -= 5)
13     {
14         analogWrite (ledPin,fadeValue);
15         delay(30);
16     }
17 }
```

Observation /Output



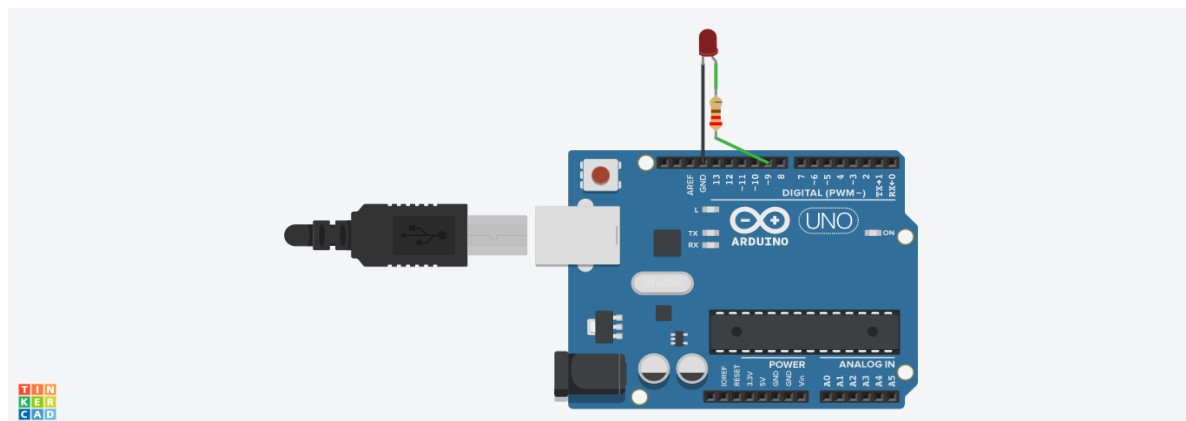
Program no : 02

Program Title : LED Fading

Hardware Required

1. Arduino Board
2. Led bulb
3. Wires
4. resistor

Circuit Diagram

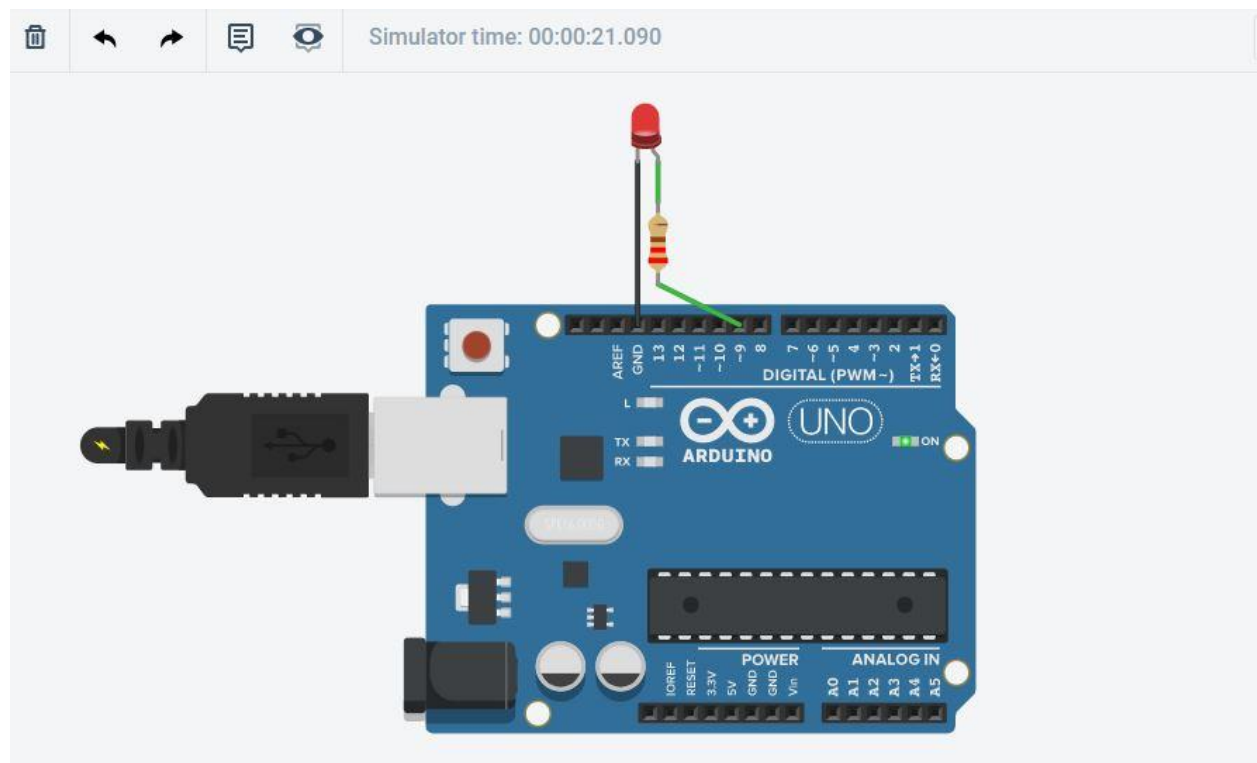


Code:

```
Text [v] [Download] [Save] [Compile] 1 (Arduino Uno R3)

1  int brightness = 0;
2
3  void setup()
4  {
5      pinMode(9, OUTPUT);
6  }
7
8  void loop()
9  {
10     for (brightness = 0; brightness <= 255; brightness += 5) {
11         analogWrite(9, brightness);
12         delay(30);
13     }
14     for (brightness = 255; brightness >= 0; brightness -= 5) {
15         analogWrite(9, brightness);
16         delay(30);
17     }
18 }
```

Observation /Output



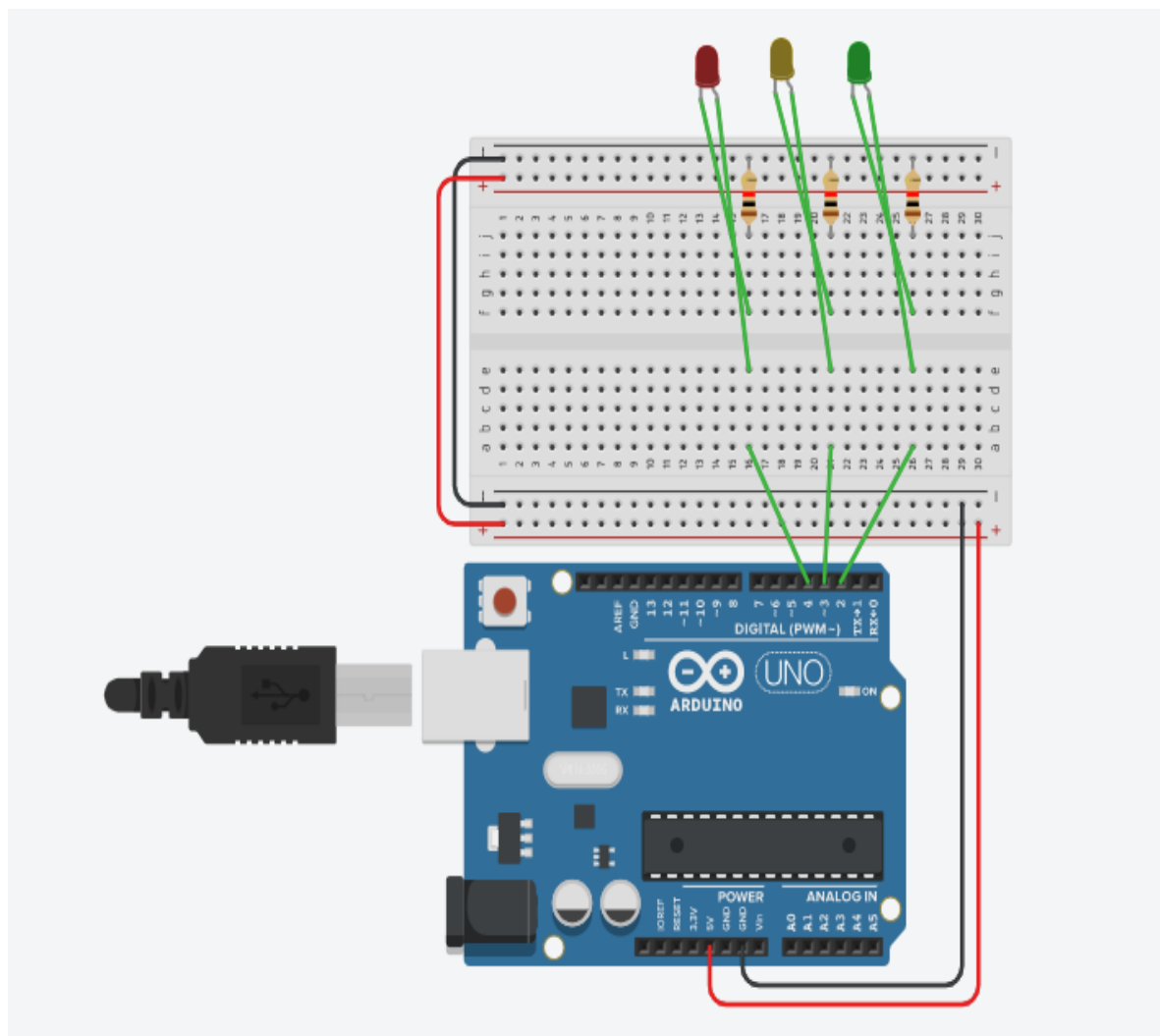
Program no : 03

Program Title : Traffic Light Controller

Hardware Required

1. Arduino Board
2. 3 Led bulb
3. Wires
4. 3 resistor
5. breadboard

Circuit Diagram



Code:

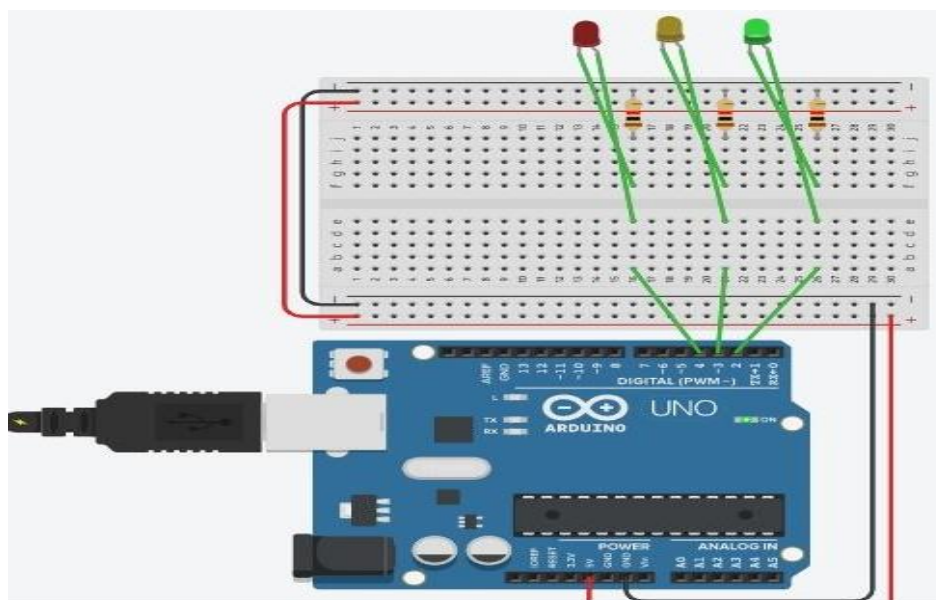
```
Text [v] [Download]
```

```
1 int GREEN = 2;
2 int YELLOW = 3;
3 int RED = 4;
4 int DELAY_GREEN = 900;
5 int DELAY_YELLOW = 700;
6 int DELAY_RED = 900;
7
8 // basic functions
9 void setup()
10 {
11     pinMode(GREEN, OUTPUT);
12     pinMode(YELLOW, OUTPUT);
13     pinMode(RED, OUTPUT);
14 }
15
16 void loop()
17 {
18     red_light();
19     delay(DELAY_RED);
20     yellow_light();
21     delay(DELAY_YELLOW);
22     green_light();
23     delay(DELAY_GREEN);
24 }
25
```

```
26
27 void green_light() {
28     digitalWrite(GREEN, HIGH);
29     digitalWrite(YELLOW, LOW);
30     digitalWrite(RED, LOW);
31 }
32
33 void yellow_light() {
34     digitalWrite(GREEN, LOW);
35     digitalWrite(YELLOW, HIGH);
36     digitalWrite(RED, LOW);
37 }
38
39 void red_light() {
40     digitalWrite(GREEN, LOW);
41     digitalWrite(YELLOW, LOW);
42     digitalWrite(RED, HIGH);
43 }
44
45
46
```

Serial Monitor

Observation /Output



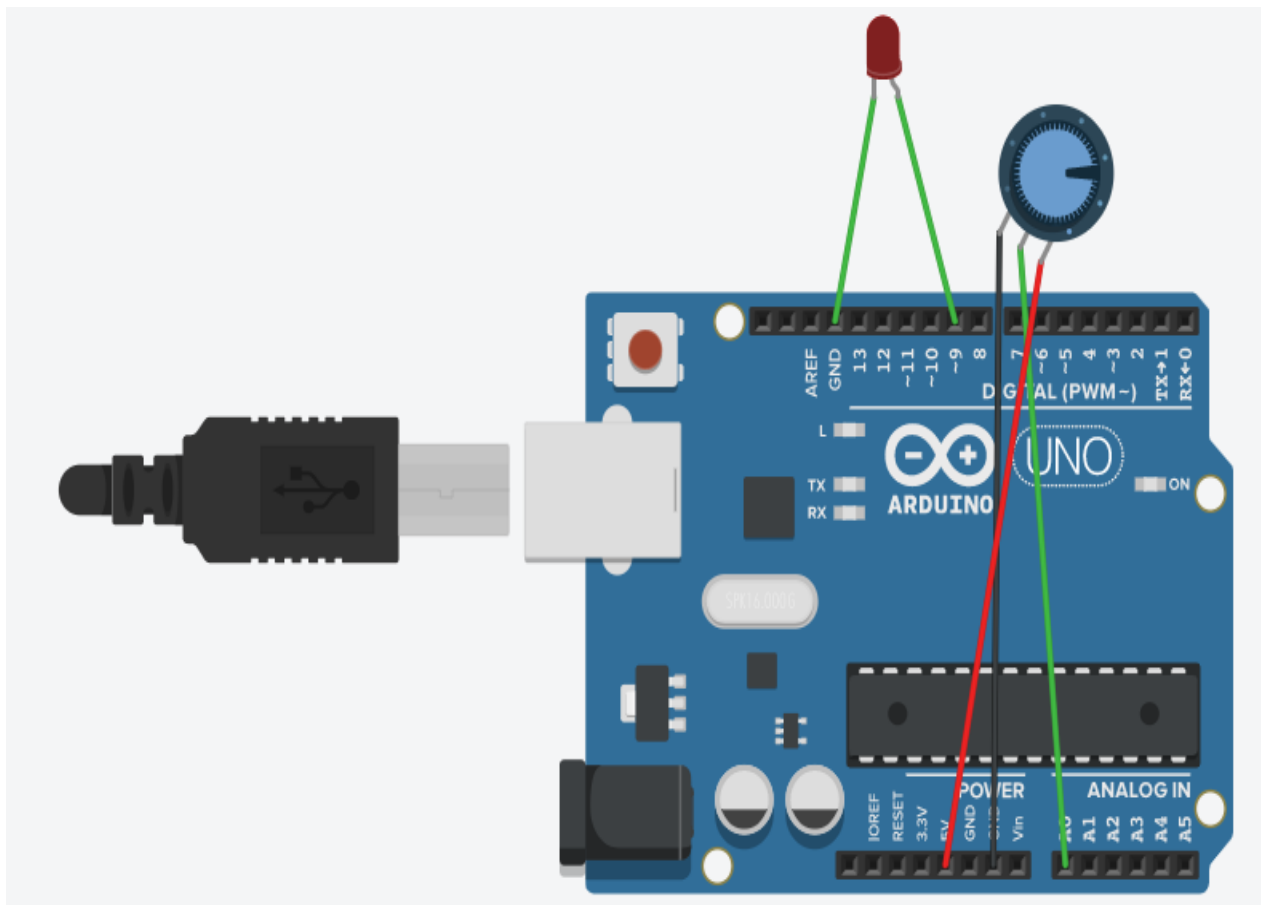
Program no : 04

Program Title : Potentiometer

Hardware Required

1. Arduino Board
2. Led bulb
3. Wires
4. Potentiometer

Circuit Diagram



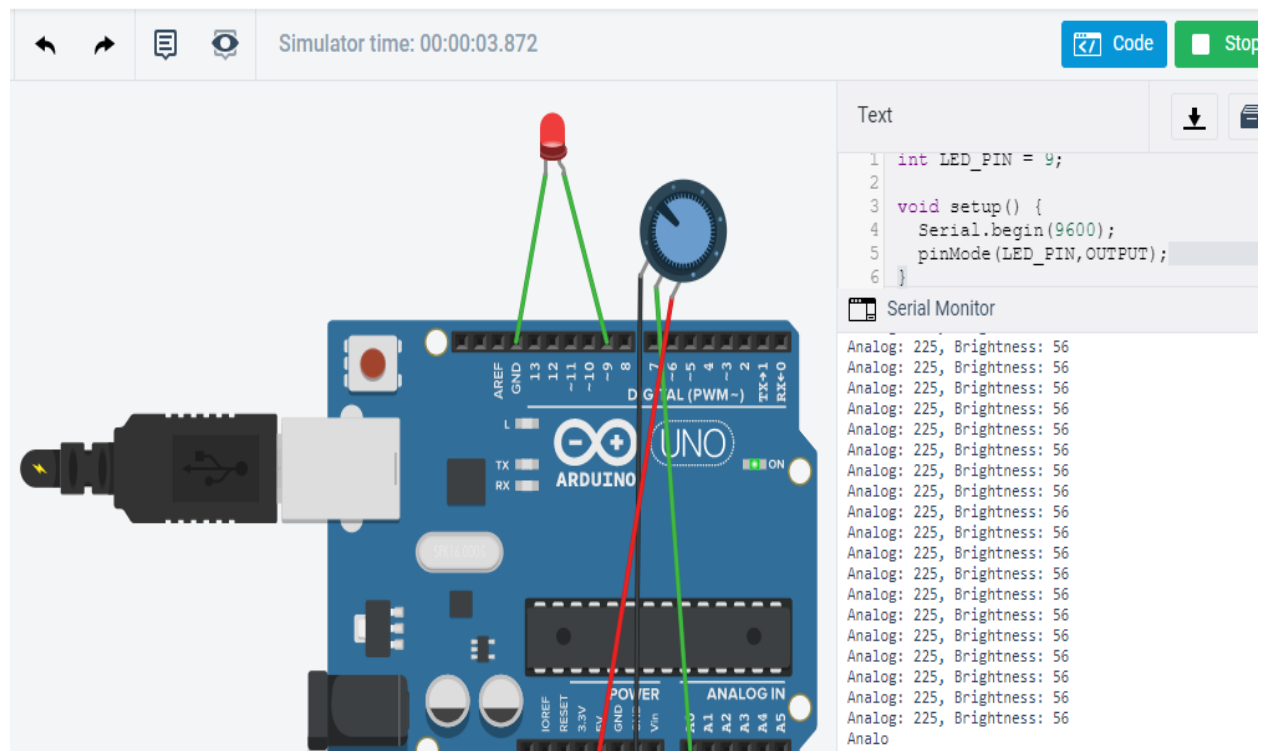
Code:

```
Text [v] [Download] [Save] [Run] 1 (Arduino)

1  int LED_PIN = 9;
2
3  void setup() {
4      Serial.begin(9600);
5      pinMode(LED_PIN, OUTPUT);
6  }
7
8  void loop()
9  {
10     int analogValue = analogRead(A0);
11     int brightness = map(analogValue, 0, 1023, 0, 255);
12     analogWrite(LED_PIN, brightness);
13     Serial.print("Analog: ");
14     Serial.print(analogValue);
15     Serial.print(", Brightness: ");
16     Serial.println(brightness);
17     delay(100);
18 }
19
```

Observation /Output

er Wluff



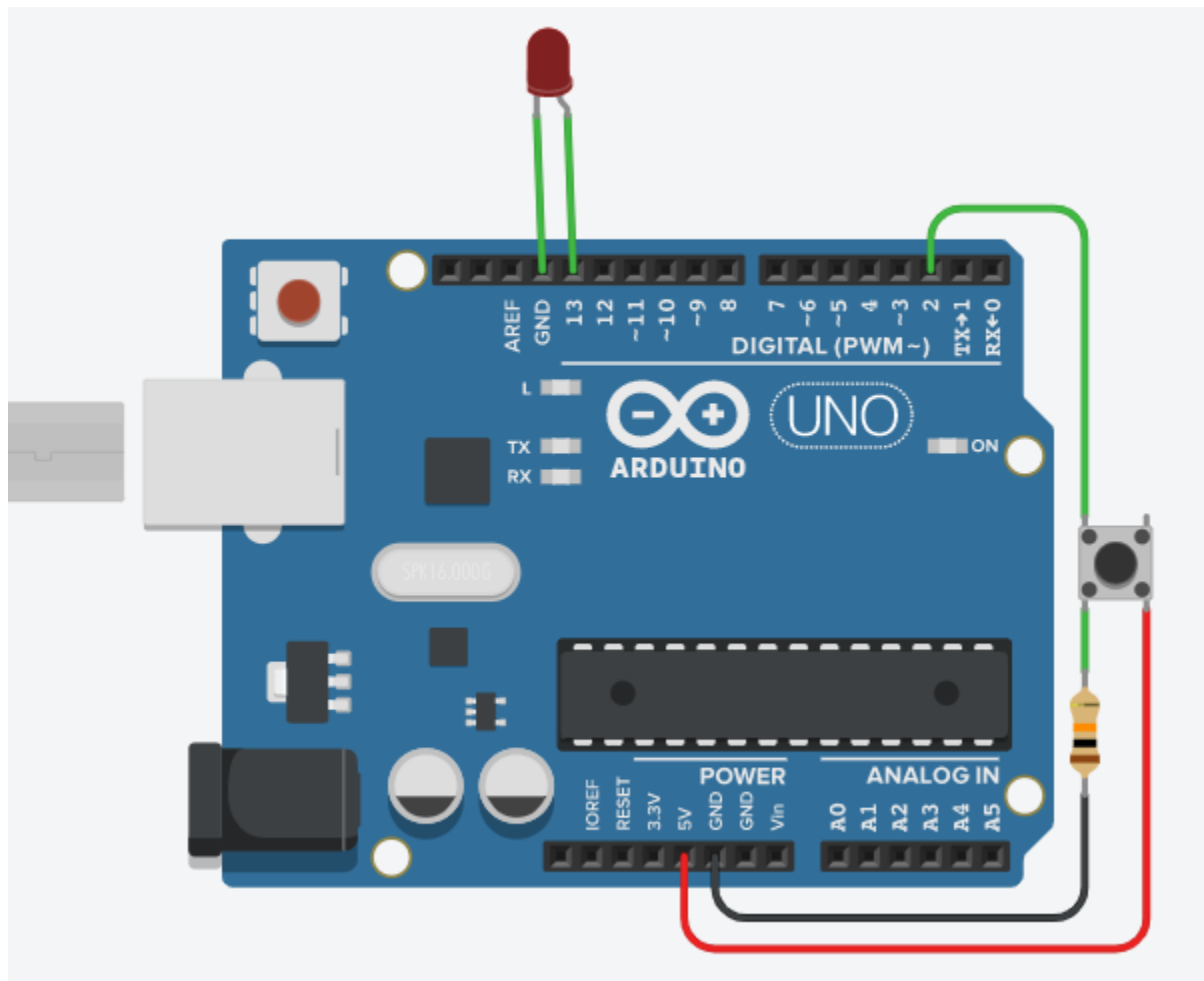
Program no : 05

Program Title : Push button

Hardware Required

1. Arduino Board
2. Led bulb
3. Wires
4. Resistor
5. Push button

Circuit Diagram



Code:

Text

```
1 int buttonState = 2;
2 int ledpin=13;
3 int buttonstate=0;
4 void setup()
5 {
6   pinMode(2, INPUT);
7   pinMode(13, OUTPUT);
8 }
9
10 void loop()
11 {
12   buttonState = digitalRead(2);
13   if (buttonState == HIGH) {
14
15     digitalWrite(13, HIGH);
16   } else {
17     // turn LED off
18     digitalWrite(13, LOW);
19   }
20   delay(10);
21 }
```

Observation /Output

