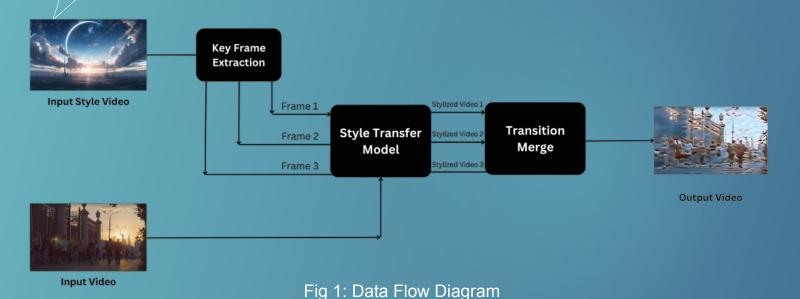


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Introduction

In our project, we aim to build upon Neural Style Transfer (NST) by extending its capabilities from static images to dynamic video content. Through our attempt, we have tried to adapt this technique to work with video data, allowing for the extraction of styles from one video and applying them to another.



Goals and Objectives

1- Develop a foundational model:

Creating a foundational model capable of extracting the artistic style from an input image and then applying that style to an output image or video.

3- Efficiency & Performance Optimization:

The optimization process aims to ensure that style transfer can be performed quickly, allowing users to experience dynamic style changes without significant delay.

2- Implement video style transfer algorithms:

Using various algorithms, we extract a style image from a video input which serves as the style input to be applied on another video, while preserving temporal coherence & video quality.

4- Quality Evaluation:

We use comprehensive metrics and assessment criteria to evaluate the quality of the generated videos, including both automated metrics & manual assessments.



-> Develop a foundational model which accepts an input image and a style image, and generates a stylized image as its output.

-> Implemented the following 3 models: Gatys et al., Segmentation - based, and Arbitrary Image Stylization - and optimized model performance.

Approach

-> We expand each model's functionality to accommodate video inputs. This enhancement enables us to generate a coherent and synthesized stylized video.

-> Experimented with the same 3 models on different loss functions to minimize flickering, ensuring a consistent stylized output.

Extension to Video Inputs

Video Style Extraction and Optimization

- -> We further our model by using video input for the extraction of style in an image.
- -> We extracted key-frames from the input style video by segmenting the video and picking a frame from each which serve as the style inputs. These are applied to the target video in transition.

Style Transfer by Gatys et al

Motivation

Establish a baseline model and implement basic neural style transfer for input image and style image

Model Structure

Minimise the Style Loss from style image and Content loss form the Original Image to Reconstruct the output image.

Extension to the Original Model

We extended the Style
Transfer model to work
from a single input image
to an input video

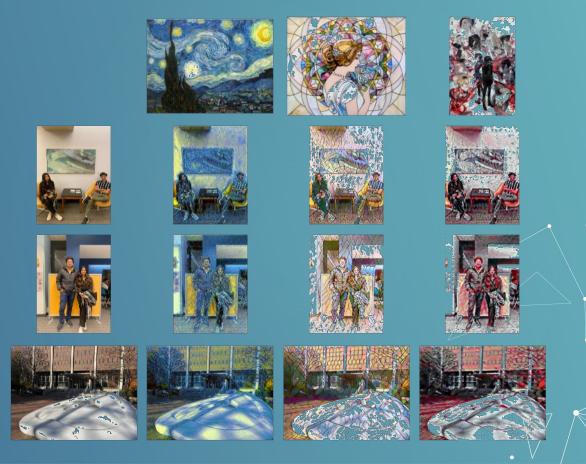
Drawbacks:

Slow Style Transfer for Videos

Reconstructing video frame by frame takes a lot of time

Background Flickering

Inconsistent styles in still objects and lots of changes in color across frames of the video



Output Video

Style Image













Segmentation of Foreground and Background

Motivation

Try to get consistency in the foreground and background of the image and try to reduce the flickering in videos.

Structure

Segment out Foreground and Background

Apply styles independently.

Merge to make the final stylized image.

Approaches Implemented

- 1. Segmenting foreground and background using strict edges
- 2. Segmenting foreground and background using blurring at edges.
- 3. Blurring instead of segmenting out.
- 4. Resizing foreground and background to size of image

Segment Foreground and Background







Input Image

Background segmented

Foreground segmented

Final Output and Merging





Background stylized



Foreground stylized







Foreground Background blurred blurred



Combined **Stylized Output**





Arbitrary Image Stylization



Overcome the drawbacks of the baseline model and try
• to improve upon the time taken for each frame to be stylized

Model Structure

Using Style Prediction Network
that supplies set of
normalization constants for
Style Transfer Network which
minimizes content and style
loss to generate stylized
images

Extension to the Original Model

Implemented Transition Style
Strategy by using overlaying style
transfer with proportional mix ratio.
The intensity of style 1 is gradually
diminished while
amplifying the influence of the
subsequent keyframes style

Applying Multiple Styles









Key Frames from Video









Video to Video Style Transfer Outputs









Video to Video Style Transfer Outputs





Future Work

- 1. Incorporating Optical Flow Information to improve temporal coherence
 - 2. Inpainting in segmented Foreground and Background images for more seamless results
 - 3. Extracting Keyframes by quantitatively identifying style change and synchronizing style changes
 - 4. Identifying layer in NN with maximum variation across video frames and normalizing it to reduce video flickering

