

# Tree Data Structure

- NonLinear hierarchical D.S.
- Consists of nodes connected by edges

→ Why Tree D.S.?

In Linear D.S. Like Stack, Queue, Arrays and Linked List time complexity increases with increase in data size.

→ Tree Terminologies:-

- Node - It consists of a key or value and pointers to its child nodes.
- Last node of each path are Leaf nodes.
- First node is the root node (Topmost node of tree)
- Edge - Link between two nodes
- Height of Node - (Longest path from the node to a Leaf node)
- Height of Tree - Root node to Leaf node.
- Depth of Node - No. of edges from root to the node.

⇒ Types of tree:-

i) Binary tree

iv) B Tree

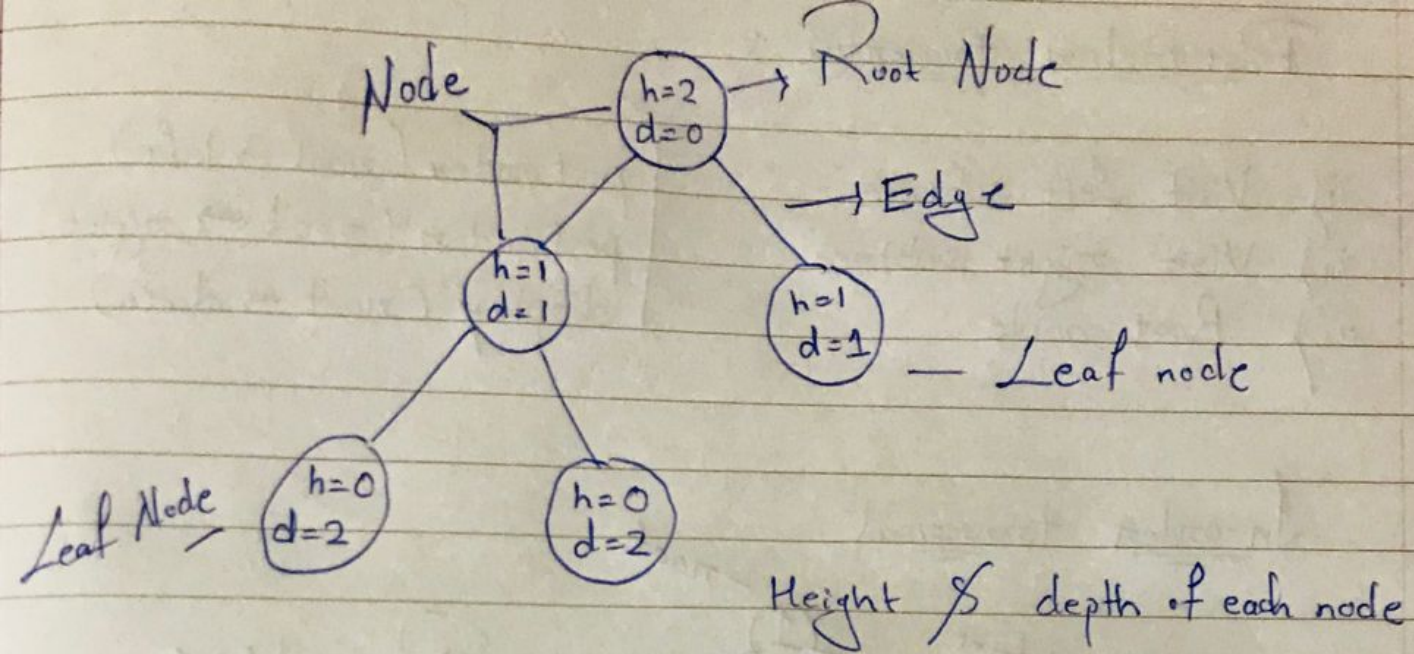
ii) Binary Search tree

v) B+ Tree

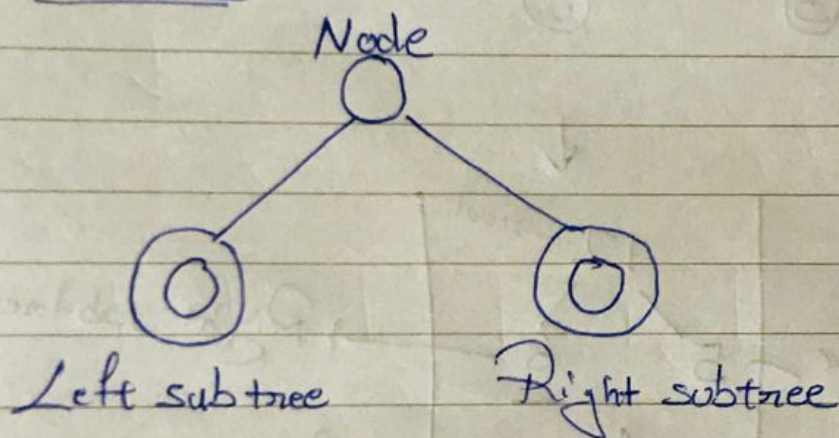
iii) AVL

vi) Red-Black Tree





Tree traversal :-



Inorder traversal

- |   |  |
|---|--|
| i) Visit all the node in <u>Left subtree</u> .        | $\text{inorder}(\text{root} \rightarrow \text{left})$  |
| ii) Then the <u>root</u>                              | $\text{display}(\text{root} \rightarrow \text{data})$  |
| iii) Visit all the node in the <u>right subtree</u> . | $\text{inorder}(\text{root} \rightarrow \text{right})$ |

Preorder traversal

- |                        |   |
|------------------------|---|
| i) Visit root          | $\text{display}(\text{root} \rightarrow \text{data})$   |
| ii) All Left subtree   | $\text{preorder}(\text{root} \rightarrow \text{left})$  |
| iii) All right subtree | $\text{preorder}(\text{root} \rightarrow \text{right})$ |

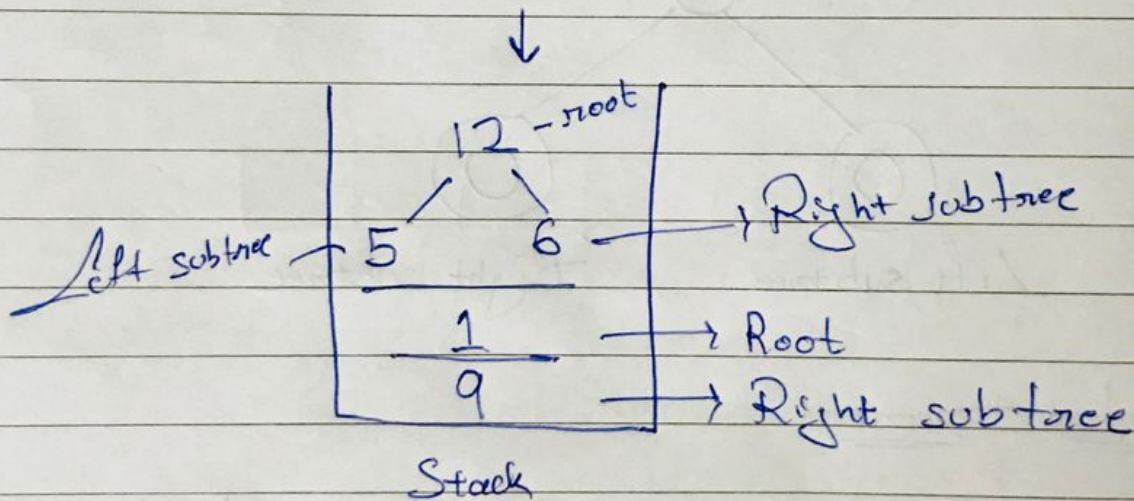
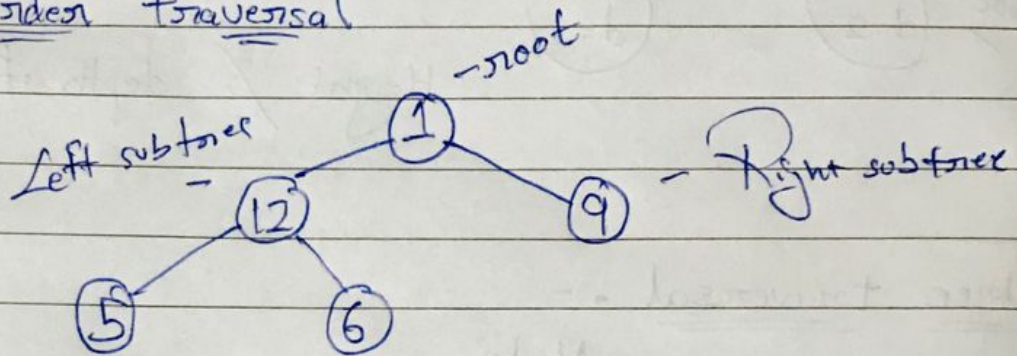


## Postorder traversal :

- i) Visit Left subtree
- ii) Visit right subtree
- iii) Root node

postorder (root  $\rightarrow$  left)  
postorder (root  $\rightarrow$  right)  
display (root  $\rightarrow$  data)

## In-order traversal



5	top	
12		LEFT 1
6		ROOT 1
1		RIGHT 1
9		ROOT
		RIGHT (ROOT 2)

Final Stack



# Inorder Tree traversal without Recursion & Stack ! (Morris Traversal)

Algo

curr = root

while curr is not None:

{ if curr.left is None:  
yield curr.data  
curr = curr.right

(i) else :

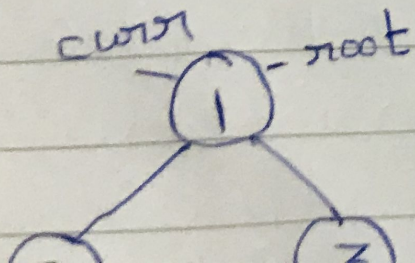
pre = curr.left  
while pre.right != None and  
pre.right != curr :

pre = pre.right  
if pre.right is None:  
pre.right = curr  
curr = curr.left

else :

pre.right = None  
yield curr.data  
curr = curr.right

(ii) a

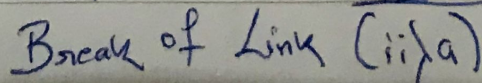
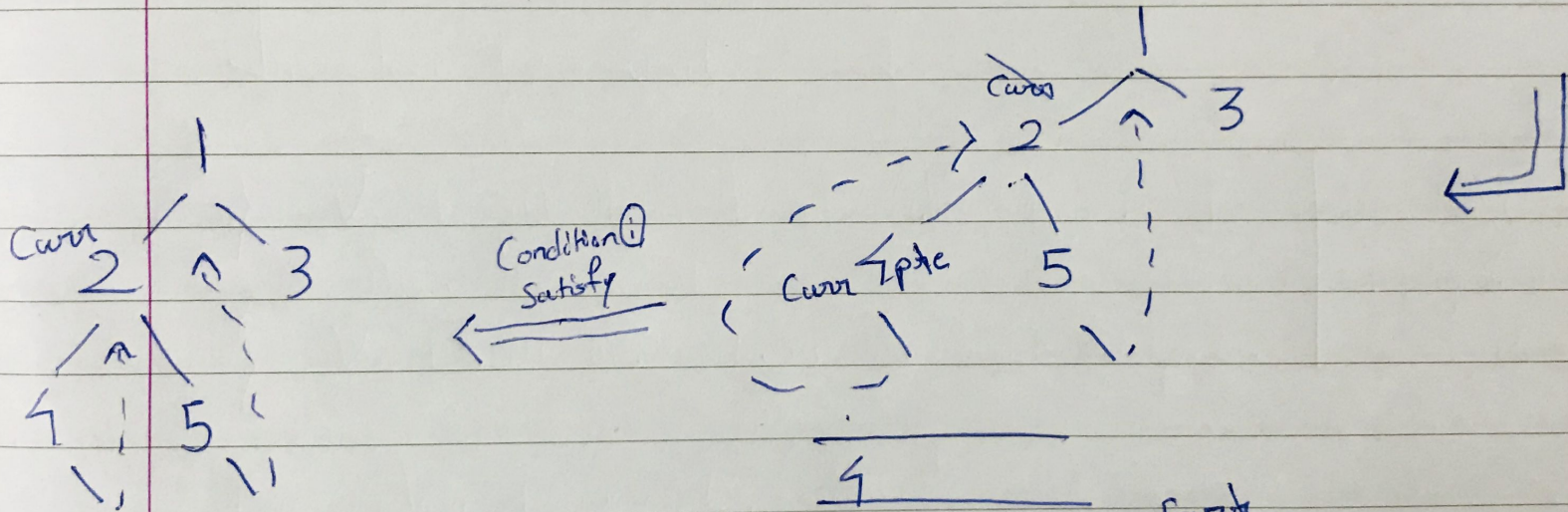
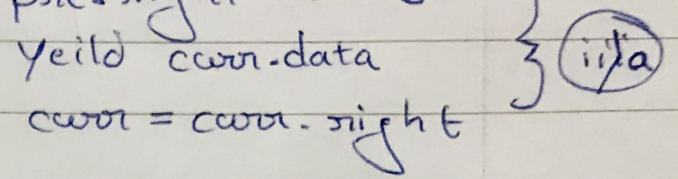


is false

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$$\text{ii) } \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{a} \end{array} \right.$$