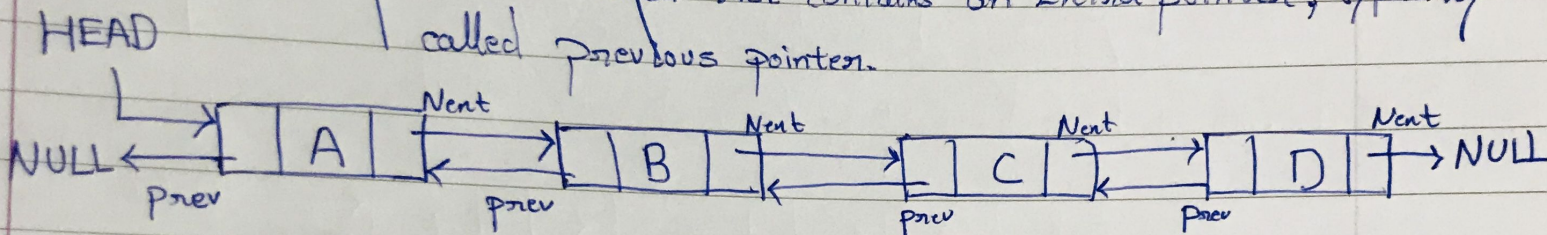


# Double Linked List

A double linked list contains an extra pointer, typically called previous pointer.



class Node :

```
def __init__(self, next = None, prev = None, data = None):  
    self.next = next  
    self.prev = prev  
    self.data = data
```

Advantages :-

- i) DLL can be traversed in both forward & backward.
- ii) Delete operation is more efficient.

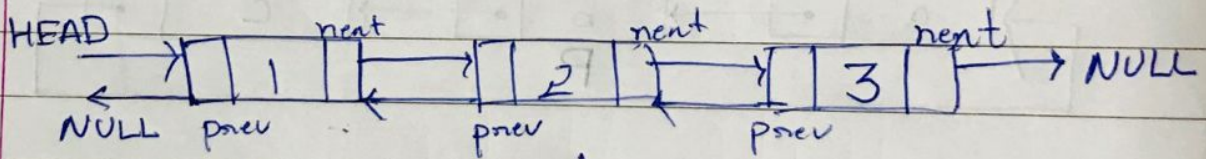


# Double Linked List :-

=> Set a head :-

- i) If element exist in the Linked List
- ii) remove it from the Linked List
- iii) Set to head.

def setHead(self, node):



self.<sup>insert before</sup>~~insert before~~(head, node)

↓ To set head

Suppose we want to make node(2) as head

→ i) Insert Before (self.head, node)

↑  
We will call insert before function

→ self.remove(node)

→ Insert Before will call remove node function

=> Remove a node :-



We will  
before function

→ self.remove(node)

↳ Insert Before will  
call remove node function

⇒ Remove a node:

```
def remove(self, node):
```

```
    if (node == self.head):
```

```
        self.head = self.head.next
```

```
    if (node == self.tail):
```

```
        self.tail = self.tail.prev
```

} Check for head  
/ tail of the node  
Here we break a  
single link

```
self.removeNodeBindings(node)
```

↳ to break and bind



def removeNodeBindings(self, node): Called by remove()

if node.prev is not None: (i)

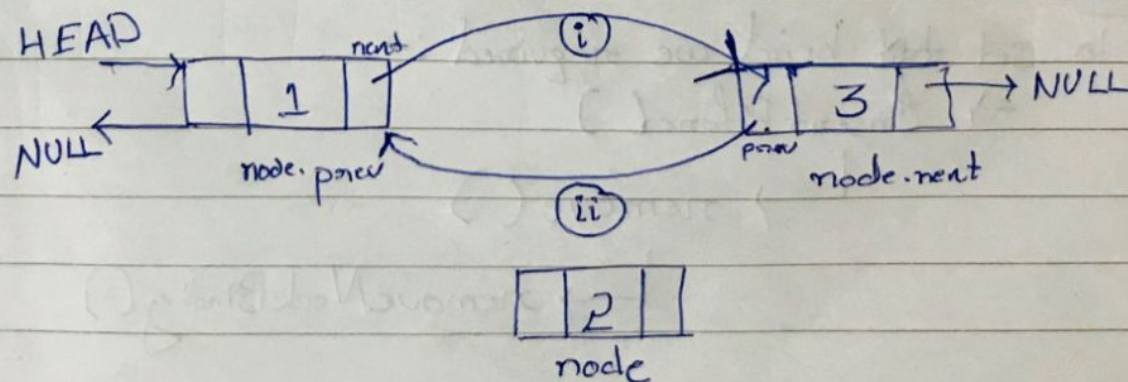
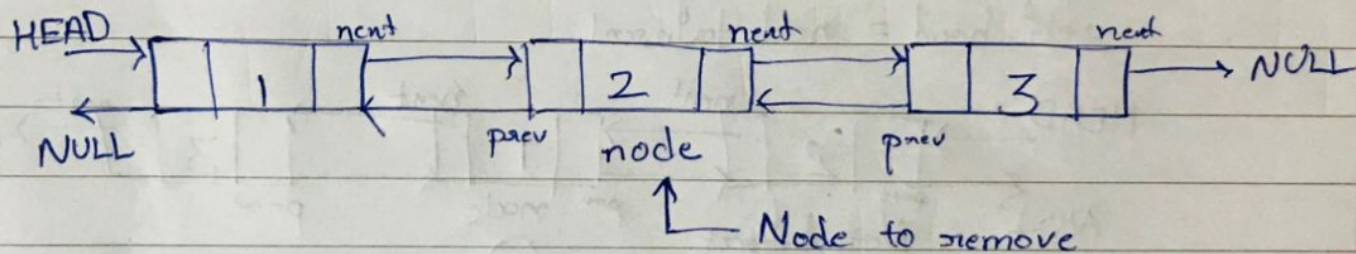
node.prev.next = node.next

if node.next is not None: (ii)

node.next.prev = node.prev

node.next = None

node.prev = None

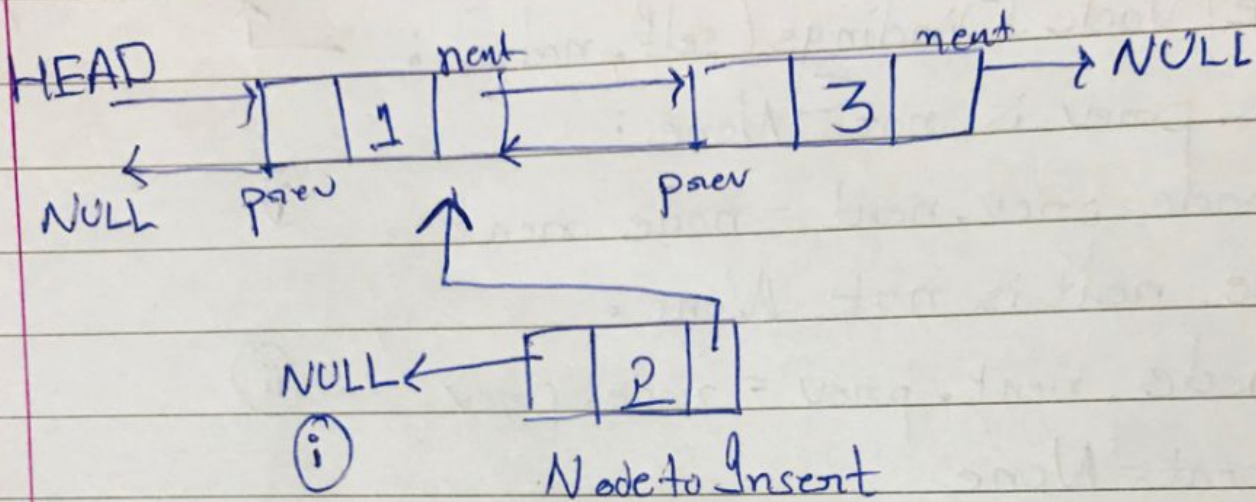


So we have removed 2 from the Linked List, Now perform insertBefore()

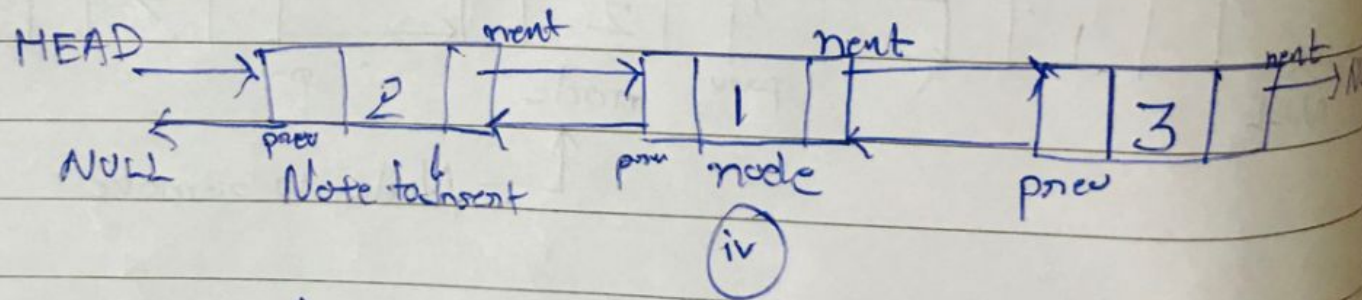








So  $\text{node}.\text{prev}$  is None : (ii)  
 $\text{self}.\text{head} = \text{node to insert}$

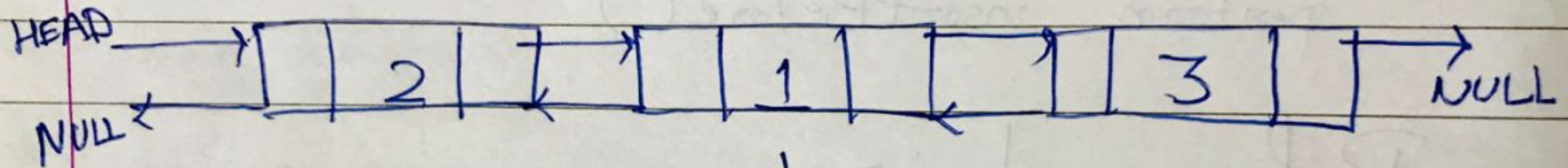


Summary : To set ~~list~~ head we required :-  
 → Insert Before ( )

↳ remove ( )

↳ removeNodeBinding ( )

⇒ Set tail() :-



↓  
To set tail

So here we have to do :-

→ Insert After ()

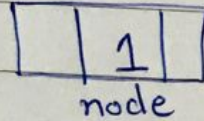
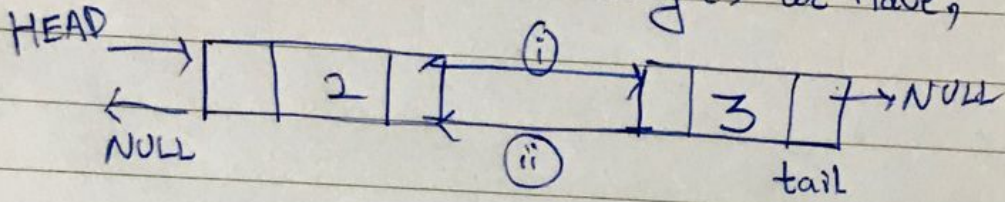
↳ remove ()

↳ remove Node Binding ()

\* we call self.insertAfter(self.tail, node)  
↳ (1)  
node



After remove() and removeBinding() we have,



=> Insertion After a Node :-

```
def insertAfter(self, node, node to Insert):
     $\swarrow$  head tail  $\searrow$  node
```

self.remove(node to Insert) # Done

node to Insert.prev = node  
node to Insert.next = node.next } (i)

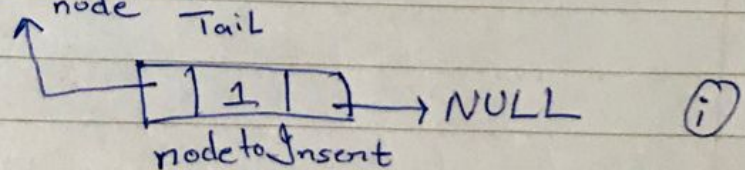
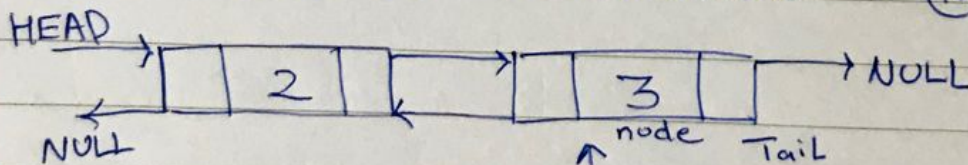
if node.next is None:

self.tail = node to Insert (ii)

else:

node.next.prev = node to Insert (iii)

node.next = node to Insert — (iv)



So, node.next is None in our case

