

## Assignment 5 Q53 (june 2018)

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53) Suppose that the lifetime of an electric bulb follows an exponential distribution with mean  $\theta$  hours. In order to estimate  $\theta$ ,  $n$  bulbs are switched on at the same time. After  $t$  hours,  $n-m$  bulbs are found in functioning state. If the lifetimes of other  $m$  bulbs are noted as  $x_1, x_2, \dots, x_m$  respectively, then the maximum likelihood estimate of  $\theta$  is given by

**Ans**

Probability distribution function of Exponential distribution is given by -

$$f_X(x) = \lambda e^{-\lambda x} \quad (1)$$

Given mean is  $\theta$ . We know

$$E(X) = \frac{1}{\lambda} = \theta \quad (2)$$

Substitute in eq(1) we get,

$$f_X(x) = \frac{1}{\theta} e^{-\frac{x}{\theta}} \quad (3)$$

**Likelihood function -**

$$L(x_1, \dots, x_n) = \prod f_X(x_i) = \left(\frac{1}{\theta}\right)^n \exp\left(-\frac{1}{\theta} \sum_{i=1}^n x_i\right) \quad (4)$$

Take logarithm of the likelihood function -

$$\log(L) = l = n \log\left(\frac{1}{\theta}\right) - \frac{1}{\theta} \sum_{i=1}^n x_i \quad (5)$$

Maximizing the log likelihood function-

$$\frac{dl}{d\theta} = \frac{-n}{\theta} + \frac{1}{\theta^2} \sum x_i = 0 \quad (6)$$

$$\Rightarrow \theta = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^n x_i}{n} \quad (7)$$

Given  $(n-m)$  bulbs are running with life of  $t$  hours and  $m$  bulbs have life  $x_1, \dots, x_m$

$$\therefore \theta = \frac{(n-m)t + \sum_{i=1}^m x_i}{n} \quad (8)$$