

Assignment 5 Q53 (june 2018)

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28 February 2022

53) Suppose that the lifetime of an electric bulb follows an exponential distribution with mean θ hours. In order to estimate θ , n bulbs are switched on at the same time. After t hours, $n-m(>0)$ bulbs are found in functioning state. If the lifetimes of other $m(>0)$ bulbs are noted as x_1, x_2, \dots, x_m respectively, then the maximum likelihood estimate of θ is given by

Ans

Probability distribution function of Exponential distribution is given by -

$$f_X(x) = \lambda e^{-\lambda x} \quad (1)$$

Given mean is θ . We know

$$E(X) = \frac{1}{\lambda} = \theta \quad (2)$$

Substitute in eq(1) we get,

$$f_X(x) = \frac{1}{\theta} e^{-\frac{x}{\theta}} \quad (3)$$

Likelihood function -

$$L(x_1, \dots, x_n) = \prod f_X(x_i) = \left(\frac{1}{\theta}\right)^n \exp\left(-\frac{1}{\theta} \sum_{i=1}^n x_i\right) \quad (4)$$

Take logarithm of the likelihood function -

$$\log(L) = l = n \log\left(\frac{1}{\theta}\right) - \frac{1}{\theta} \sum_{i=1}^n x_i \quad (5)$$

Maximizing the log likelihood function-

$$\frac{dl}{d\theta} = \frac{-n}{\theta} + \frac{1}{\theta^2} \sum x_i = 0 \quad (6)$$

$$\Rightarrow \theta = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^n x_i}{n} \quad (7)$$

Given $(n-m)$ bulbs are running with life of t hours and m bulbs have life x_1, \dots, x_m

$$\therefore \theta = \frac{(n-m)t + \sum_{i=1}^m x_i}{n} \quad (8)$$

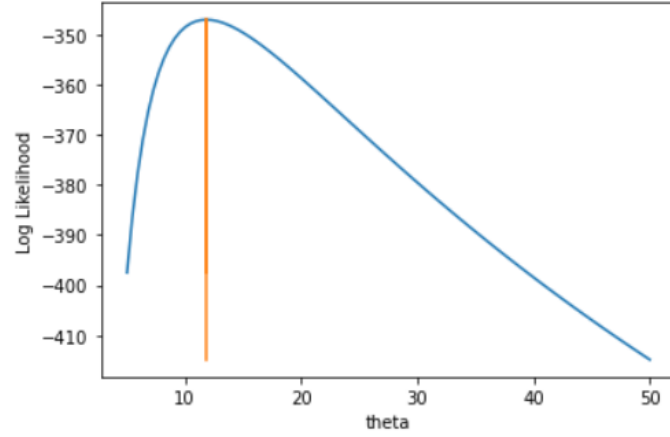


Figure 1: Theta vs Log Likelihood

The above graph is log likelihood function plotted for various theta. The following variables are chosen - $n=100$, $m=45$, $t=15$.

The graph has global maximum at theta calculated by equation(8)