

# List of LaTeX mathematical symbols

## Greek letters

Greek letters			
Symbol	LaTeX	Symbol	LaTeX
<b>A</b> and <b>α</b>	<code>\Alpha</code> and <code>\alpha</code>	<b>N</b> and <b>ν</b>	<code>\Nu</code> and <code>\nu</code>
<b>B</b> and <b>β</b>	<code>\Beta</code> and <code>\beta</code>	<b>Ξ</b> and <b>ξ</b>	<code>\Xi</code> and <code>\xi</code>
<b>Γ</b> and <b>γ</b>	<code>\Gamma</code> and <code>\gamma</code>	<b>O</b> and <b>ο</b>	<code>\Omicron</code> and <code>\omicron</code>
<b>Δ</b> and <b>δ</b>	<code>\Delta</code> and <code>\delta</code>	<b>Π</b> , <b>π</b> and <b>ϖ</b>	<code>\Pi</code> , <code>\pi</code> and <code>\varpi</code>
<b>Ε</b> , <b>ε</b> and <b>ς</b>	<code>\Epsilon</code> , <code>\epsilon</code> and <code>\varepsilon</code>	<b>P</b> , <b>ρ</b> and <b>ϑ</b>	<code>\Rho</code> , <code>\rho</code> and <code>\varrho</code>
<b>Z</b> and <b>ζ</b>	<code>\Zeta</code> and <code>\zeta</code>	<b>Σ</b> , <b>σ</b> and <b>ς</b>	<code>\Sigma</code> , <code>\sigma</code> and <code>\varsigma</code>
<b>H</b> and <b>η</b>	<code>\Eta</code> and <code>\eta</code>	<b>T</b> and <b>τ</b>	<code>\Tau</code> and <code>\tau</code>
<b>Θ</b> , <b>θ</b> and <b>ϑ</b>	<code>\Theta</code> , <code>\theta</code> and <code>\vartheta</code>	<b>Υ</b> and <b>υ</b>	<code>\Upsilon</code> and <code>\upsilon</code>
<b>I</b> and <b>ι</b>	<code>\Iota</code> and <code>\iota</code>	<b>Φ</b> , <b>φ</b> , and <b>ϕ</b>	<code>\Phi</code> , <code>\phi</code> and <code>\varphi</code>
<b>K</b> , <b>κ</b> and <b>ϰ</b>	<code>\Kappa</code> , <code>\kappa</code> and <code>\varkappa</code>	<b>X</b> and <b>χ</b>	<code>\Chi</code> and <code>\chi</code>
<b>Λ</b> and <b>λ</b>	<code>\Lambda</code> and <code>\lambda</code>	<b>Ψ</b> and <b>ψ</b>	<code>\Psi</code> and <code>\psi</code>
<b>M</b> and <b>μ</b>	<code>\Mu</code> and <code>\mu</code>	<b>Ω</b> and <b>ω</b>	<code>\Omega</code> and <code>\omega</code>

Archaic Greek letters	
Symbol	LaTeX
<i>F</i>	<code>\Digamma</code>
<i>F</i>	<code>\digamma</code>

## Unary operators

Unary operators											
Symbol	LaTeX	Comment	Symbol	LaTeX	Comment	Symbol	LaTeX	Comment	Symbol	LaTeX	Comment
<b>+</b>	<code>+</code>		<b>−</b>	<code>−</code>	negation	<b>!</b>	<code>!</code>	factorial	<b>#</b>	<code>\#</code>	primorial
			<b>¬</b>	<code>\neg</code>	not						

## Relation operators

Relation operators

Symbol	L <sup>A</sup> T <sub>E</sub> X	Comment	Symbol	L <sup>A</sup> T <sub>E</sub> X	Comment
<	<	is less than	>	>	is greater than
⩵	\nless	is not less than	⩵	\ngtr	is not greater than
≤	\leq	is less than or equal to	≥	\geq	is greater than or equal to
⩵	\leqslant	is less than or equal to	⩵	\geqslant	is greater than or equal to
⩵	\nleq	is neither less than nor equal to	⩵	\ngeq	is neither greater than nor equal to
⩵	\nleqslant	is neither less than nor equal to	⩵	\ngeqslant	is neither greater than nor equal to
⋈	\prec	precedes	⋈	\succ	succeeds
⋈	\nprec	doesn't precede	⋈	\nsucc	doesn't succeed
⋈	\preceq	precedes or equals	⋈	\succeq	succeeds or equals
⋈	\npreceq	neither precedes nor equals	⋈	\nsucceq	neither succeeds nor equals
⋈	\ll		⋈	\gg	
⋈	\lll		⋈	\ggg	
⊂	\subset	is a proper subset of	⊃	\supset	is a proper superset of
⊄	\not\subset	is not a proper subset of	⊄	\not\supset	is not a proper superset of
⊆	\subseteq	is a subset of	⊇	\supseteq	is a superset of
⊈	\nsubseteq	is not a subset of	⊈	\nsupseteq	is not a superset of
⊊	\sqsubset		⊋	\sqsupset	
⊆	\sqsubseteq		⊇	\sqsupseteq	

Symbol	L <sup>A</sup> T <sub>E</sub> X	Comment
=	=	is equal to
≐	\doteq	
≡	\equiv	is equivalent to
≈	\approx	is approximately
≡	\cong	is congruent to
≈	\simeq	is similar or equal to
∼	\sim	is similar to
∝	\propto	is proportional to
≠ or ≠	\neq or \ne	is not equal to

Symbol	L <sup>A</sup> T <sub>E</sub> X	Comment	Symbol	L <sup>A</sup> T <sub>E</sub> X	Comment
∥	\parallel	is parallel with	⧻	\nparallel	is not parallel with
⋈	\asymp	is asymptotic to	⋈	\bowtie	
⋈	\vdash		⋈	\dashv	
∈	\in	is member of	∋	\ni	owns, has member
⋈	\smile		⋈	\frown	
⋈	\models	models	⋈	\notin	is not member of
⊥	\perp	is perpendicular with		\mid	divides

Binary operators

Binary operators

Symbol	L <sup>A</sup> T <sub>E</sub> X	Comment	Symbol	L <sup>A</sup> T <sub>E</sub> X	Comment	Symbol	L <sup>A</sup> T <sub>E</sub> X	Comment	Symbol	L <sup>A</sup> T <sub>E</sub> X	Comment
±	\pm	plus or minus	∩	\cap	set intersection	◊	\diamond		⊕	\oplus	
∓	\mp	minus or plus	∪	\cup	set union	Δ	\bigtriangleup		⊖	\ominus	
×	\times	multiplied by	⊞	\uplus	multiset addition	∇	\bigtriangledown		⊗	\otimes	
÷	\div	divided by	⊐	\sqcap		◄	\triangleleft		⊘	\oslash	
*	\ast	asterisk	⊔	\sqcup		►	\triangleright		⊙	\odot	
★	\star		∨	\vee		◯	\bigcirc		∘	\circ	
†	\dagger		∧	\wedge		•	\bullet		\	\setminus	set difference
‡	\ddagger		⋅	\cdot		ℓ	\wr		⧻	\amalg	

Negated binary operators

## Negated binary operators

Symbol	L <sup>A</sup> T <sub>E</sub> X	Comment	Symbol	L <sup>A</sup> T <sub>E</sub> X	Comment
$\neq$ or $\neq$	<code>\neq</code> or <code>\ne</code>	is not equal to	$\notin$	<code>\notin</code>	is not member of
$\nless$	<code>\nless</code>	is not less than	$\ngtr$	<code>\ngtr</code>	is not greater than
$\nleq$	<code>\nleq</code>	is not less than or equal to	$\ngeq$	<code>\ngeq</code>	is not greater than or equal to
$\nleqslant$	<code>\nleqslant</code>		$\ngeqslant$	<code>\ngeqslant</code>	
$\nleqq$	<code>\nleqq</code>		$\ngeqq$	<code>\ngeqq</code>	
$\lneq$	<code>\lneq</code>		$\gneq$	<code>\gneq</code>	
$\lneqq$	<code>\lneqq</code>		$\gneqq$	<code>\gneqq</code>	
$\lvertneqq$	<code>\lvertneqq</code>		$\gvertneqq$	<code>\gvertneqq</code>	
$\lnsim$	<code>\lnsim</code>		$\gnsim$	<code>\gnsim</code>	
$\lnapprox$	<code>\lnapprox</code>		$\gnapprox$	<code>\gnapprox</code>	
$\nprec$	<code>\nprec</code>	does not precede	$\nsucc$	<code>\nsucc</code>	does not succeed
$\npreceq$	<code>\npreceq</code>	neither precedes nor equals	$\nsucceq$	<code>\nsucceq</code>	neither succeeds nor equals
$\precneqq$	<code>\precneqq</code>		$\succneqq$	<code>\succneqq</code>	
$\precnsim$	<code>\precnsim</code>		$\succnsim$	<code>\succnsim</code>	
$\precnapprox$	<code>\precnapprox</code>		$\succnapprox$	<code>\succnapprox</code>	
$\nsim$	<code>\nsim</code>	is not similar to	$\ncong$	<code>\ncong</code>	is not congruent to
$\nshortmid$	<code>\nshortmid</code>		$\nshortparallel$	<code>\nshortparallel</code>	
$\nmid$	<code>\nmid</code>		$\nparallel$	<code>\nparallel</code>	is not parallel with
$\nvdash$	<code>\nvdash</code>		$\nvDash$	<code>\nvDash</code>	
$\nVdash$	<code>\nVdash</code>		$\nVDash$	<code>\nVDash</code>	
$\ntriangleleft$	<code>\ntriangleleft</code>		$\ntriangleright$	<code>\ntriangleright</code>	
$\ntrianglelefteq$	<code>\ntrianglelefteq</code>		$\ntrianglerighteq$	<code>\ntrianglerighteq</code>	
$\nsubseteq$	<code>\nsubseteq</code>		$\nsupseteq$	<code>\nsupseteq</code>	
$\nsubseteqq$	<code>\nsubseteqq</code>		$\nsupseteqq$	<code>\nsupseteqq</code>	
$\subsetneq$	<code>\subsetneq</code>		$\supsetneq$	<code>\supsetneq</code>	
$\varsubsetneq$	<code>\varsubsetneq</code>		$\varsupsetneq$	<code>\varsupsetneq</code>	
$\subsetneqq$	<code>\subsetneqq</code>		$\supsetneqq$	<code>\supsetneqq</code>	
$\varsubsetneqq$	<code>\varsubsetneqq</code>		$\varsupsetneqq$	<code>\varsupsetneqq</code>	

## Set and/or logic notation

Set notation		
Symbol	L <sup>A</sup> T <sub>E</sub> X	Comment
∅ or ∅, and ∅	\O or \emptyset, and \varnothing	the empty set
N	\N	set of natural numbers
Z	\Z	set of integers
Q	\Q	set of rational numbers
A	\mathbb{A}	set of algebraic numbers
R	\R	set of real numbers
C	\C	set of complex numbers
H	\mathbb{H}	set of quaternions
O	\mathbb{O}	set of octonions
S	\mathbb{S}	set of sedenions
∈	\in	is member of
∉	\notin	is not member of
∋	\ni	owns (has member)
⊂	\subset	is proper subset of
⊆	\subseteq	is subset of
⊃	\supset	is proper superset of
⊇	\supseteq	is superset of
∪	\cup	set union
∩	\cap	set intersection
\	\setminus	set difference

Logic notation		
Symbol	L <sup>A</sup> T <sub>E</sub> X	Comment
∃	\exists	there exists at least one
∃!	\exists!	there exists one and only one
∄	\nexists	there is no
∀	\forall	for all
¬	\neg	not (logical not)
∨	\lor	or (logical or)
∧	\land	and (logical and)
⇒ or ⇒	\Longrightarrow or \implies	implies
⇒	\Rightarrow	(preferred for right implication)
⇐	\Longleftarrow	is implied by (only if)
⇐	\Leftarrow	(preferred for left implication)
⇔	\iff	is equivalent to (if and only if, iff)
⇔	\Leftrightarrow	(preferred for equivalence)
⊤	\top	
⊥	\bot	

## Geometry

Geometry notation					
Symbol	L <sup>A</sup> T <sub>E</sub> X	Comment	Symbol	L <sup>A</sup> T <sub>E</sub> X	Comment
$\overline{AB}$	\overline{\rm AB}	segment	$\overrightarrow{AB}$	\overrightarrow{\rm AB}	ray (half-line)
∠	\angle	angle	∠	\measuredangle	measured angle
△	\triangle	triangle	□	\square	square
≅	\cong	congruent (same shape and size)	≇	\ncong	not congruent
∼	\sim	similar (same shape)	⋈	\nsim	not similar
∥	\	is parallel with	⋈	\nparallel	is not parallel with
⊥	\perp	is perpendicular to	⊥	\not\perp	is not perpendicular to

## Delimiters

Delimiters											
Symbol	L <sup>A</sup> T <sub>E</sub> X	Comment	Symbol	L <sup>A</sup> T <sub>E</sub> X	Comment	Symbol	L <sup>A</sup> T <sub>E</sub> X	Comment	Symbol	L <sup>A</sup> T <sub>E</sub> X	Comment
		divides	∥	\	divides unitarily, is parallel with	/	/	slash	\	\backslash	
(	( \,	left parenthesis	)	) \,	right parenthesis	[	[ \,	left [square] bracket	]	] \,	right [square] bracket
{	\{	left brace	}	\}	right brace	⟨	\langle	left angle bracket	⟩	\rangle	right angle bracket
⌈	\lceil	ceiling (left)	⌋	\rceil	ceiling (right)	⌊	\lfloor	floor (left)	⌋	\rfloor	floor (right)
⌜	\ulcorner		⌝	\urcorner		⌞	\llcorner		⌟	\lrcorner	

## Arrows

Arrows

Symbol	L <sup>A</sup> T <sub>E</sub> X	Comment	Symbol	L <sup>A</sup> T <sub>E</sub> X	Comment	Symbol	L <sup>A</sup> T <sub>E</sub> X	Comment	Symbol	L <sup>A</sup> T <sub>E</sub> X	Comment
→ or →	\rightarrow or \to		⇒	\Rightarrow		→	\longrightarrow		⇒	\Longrightarrow	
↦	\mapsto					↦	\longmapsto				
← or ←	\leftarrow or \gets		←	\Leftarrow		←	\longleftarrow		←	\Longleftarrow	

Symbol	L <sup>A</sup> T <sub>E</sub> X	Comment	Symbol	L <sup>A</sup> T <sub>E</sub> X	Comment
↑	\uparrow	Knuth's up-arrow notation	↑	\Uparrow	
↓	\downarrow		↓	\Downarrow	
↕	\updownarrow		↕	\Updownarrow	

Other symbols

Other symbols

Symbol	L <sup>A</sup> T <sub>E</sub> X	Comment	Symbol	L <sup>A</sup> T <sub>E</sub> X	Comment	Symbol	L <sup>A</sup> T <sub>E</sub> X	Comment	Symbol	L <sup>A</sup> T <sub>E</sub> X	Comment
∂	\partial	partial derivative	ℑ	\imath		ℜ	\Re	real part	∇	\nabla	del (vector calculus)
ℑ	\eth		ℐ	\jmath		ℑ	\Im	imaginary part	□	\Box	
ℏ	\hbar	reduced Planck's constant	ℓ	\ell		℘	\wp	[Weierstrass] powerset	∞	\infty	infinity

Hebrew letters

Symbol	L <sup>A</sup> T <sub>E</sub> X	Comment
ℵ	\aleph	aleph numbers
ב	\beth	
ג	\gimel	

Trigonometric functions

Circular functions

*The prefix arc used for inverse circular trigonometric functions is the abbreviation for arcus.*

Symbol	L <sup>A</sup> T <sub>E</sub> X	Symbol	L <sup>A</sup> T <sub>E</sub> X	Symbol	L <sup>A</sup> T <sub>E</sub> X	Symbol	L <sup>A</sup> T <sub>E</sub> X
<b>sin</b>	\sin	<b>arcsin</b>	\arcsin	<b>csc</b>	\csc	<b>arccsc</b>	\arccsc
<b>cos</b>	\cos	<b>arccos</b>	\arccos	<b>sec</b>	\sec	<b>arcsec</b>	\arcsec
<b>tan</b>	\tan	<b>arctan</b>	\arctan	<b>cot</b>	\cot	<b>arccot</b>	\arccot

Hyperbolic functions

*The abbreviations arcsinh, arccosh, etc., are commonly used for inverse hyperbolic trigonometric functions (area hyperbolic functions), even though they are misnomers, since the prefix arc is the abbreviation for arcus, while the prefix ar stands for area.*

Symbol	L <sup>A</sup> T <sub>E</sub> X	Symbol	L <sup>A</sup> T <sub>E</sub> X	Symbol	L <sup>A</sup> T <sub>E</sub> X	Symbol	L <sup>A</sup> T <sub>E</sub> X
<b>sinh</b>	\sinh	<b>arsinh</b>	\operatorname{arsinh}	<b>csch</b>	\operatorname{csch}	<b>arcsch</b>	\operatorname{arcsch}
<b>cosh</b>	\cosh	<b>arcosh</b>	\operatorname{arcosh}	<b>sech</b>	\operatorname{sech}	<b>arsech</b>	\operatorname{arsech}
<b>tanh</b>	\tanh	<b>artanh</b>	\operatorname{artanh}	<b>coth</b>	\coth	<b>arcoth</b>	\operatorname{arcoth}