

MA 351 : Theory of Computation (Midsem)

Indian Institute of Technology Guwahati

Date: 28/02/2022, Time: 2:00pm - 4:00pm

Write Name and Roll No. at the beginning of answer-script

1. Draw the **minimal** DFA's for the following languages over alphabet $\{0,1\}$.

No marks unless the DFAs are minimal

- (a) Set of all strings that start and end with same symbol. 3
- (b) $(01 + 10)^*$. 3
- (c) Set of all strings (interpreted as binary representations of integers) which are divisible by 4. 4
 ϵ should be considered as the integer 0.

2. For any language L over alphabet Σ , we define $\frac{1}{2}L = \{w \mid \exists x \in \Sigma^* \text{ s.t. } wx \in L \text{ and } |w| = |x|\}$.

Also, recall that for any language L we defined the binary relation R_L over Σ^* as follows:

$xR_L y$ if for all $z \in \Sigma^*$, $xz \in L \Leftrightarrow yz \in L$.

Now, prove or disprove that, *If R_L has infinite index then $R_{\frac{1}{2}L}$ also has infinite index.* 10

Write "Proving" or "Disproving" at the beginning of your answer. Otherwise you get zero.

3. Let L be the set of all strings over $\{a,b\}$ which contain more a than b .

Prove or disprove that, *L is regular* 10

Write "Proving" or "Disproving" at the beginning of your answer. Otherwise you get zero.

4. A , B and X are formal languages (not necessarily regular) s.t. $X = AX \cup B$.

Also, $A, B \neq \phi$ and $A, B \neq \{\epsilon\}$.

Prove or disprove that, $X = A^*B$. 10

Write "Proving" or "Disproving" at the beginning of your answer. Otherwise you get zero.