

ITSP 2015

FINAL PRESENTATION

TEAM ID: 105 (VISIONERS)
DRIVER DROWSINESS DETECTION

-ABHISHEK KONALE

-ARPIT DANGI

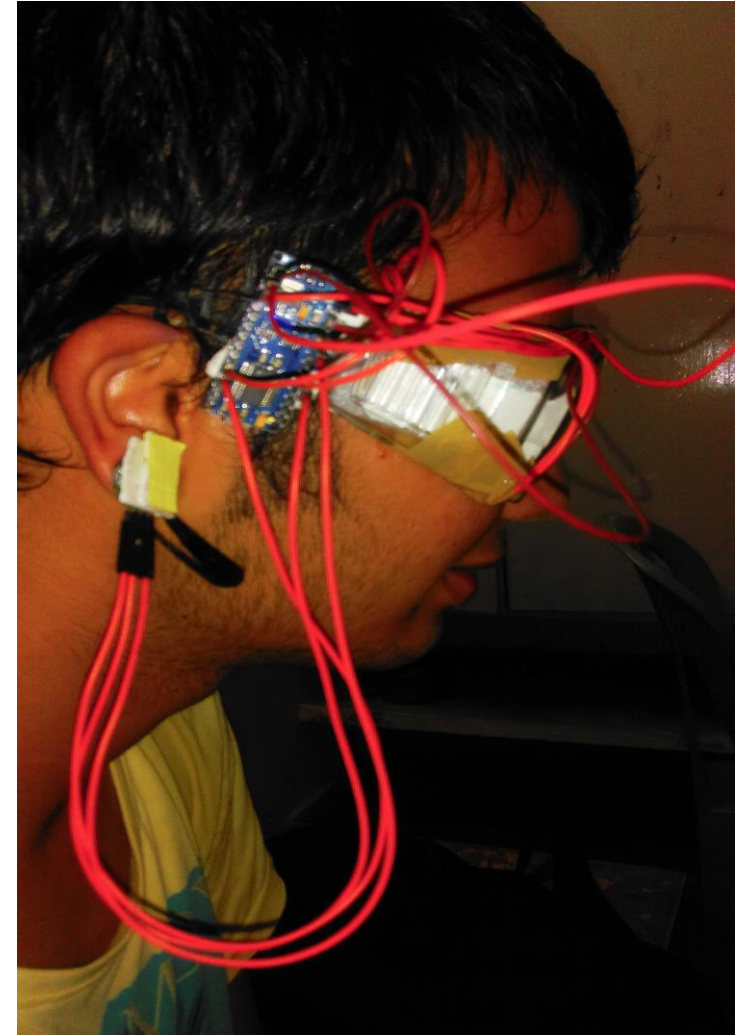
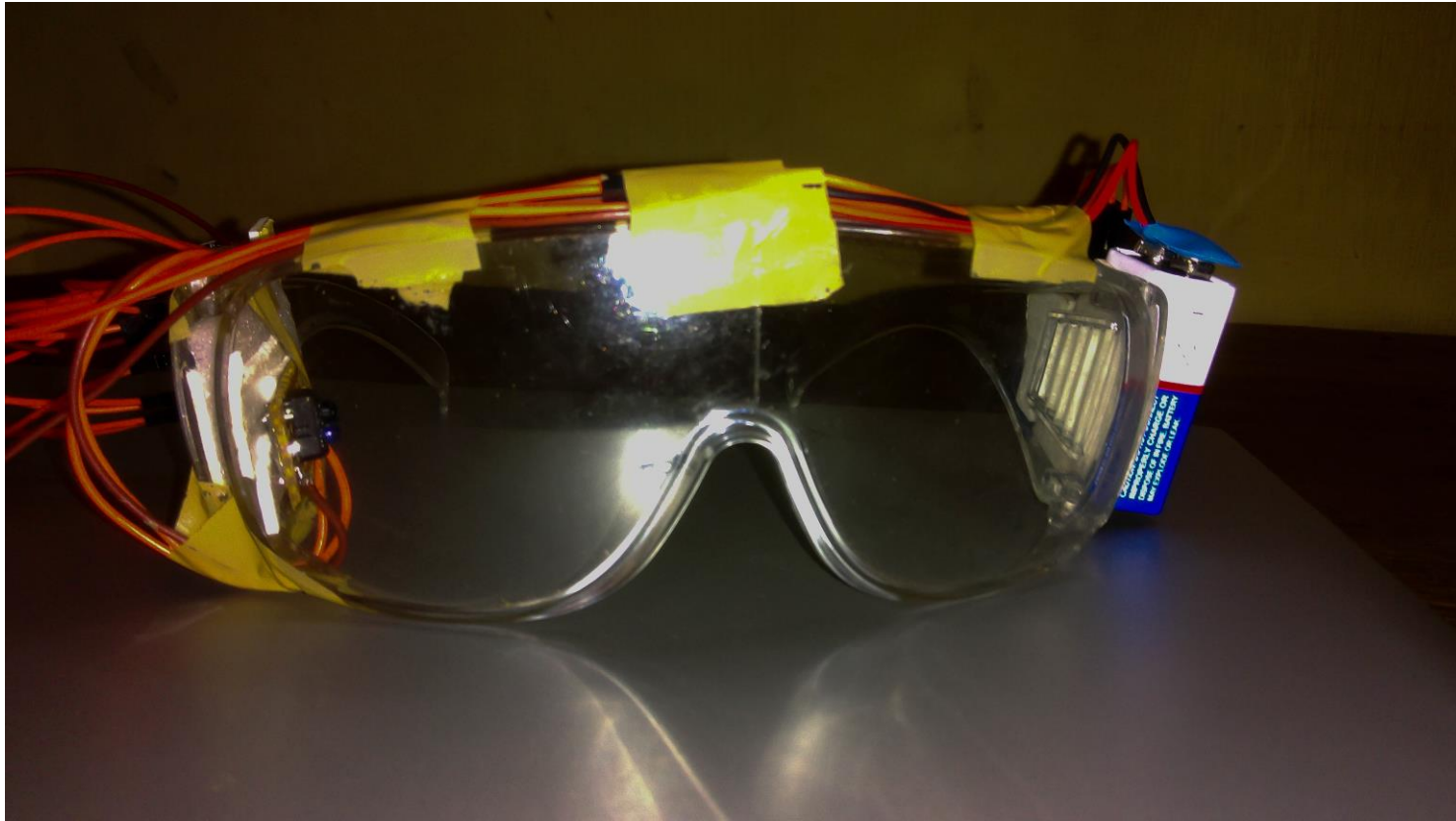
-SIDDHARTHA SHERING

-KISHAN KUMAR

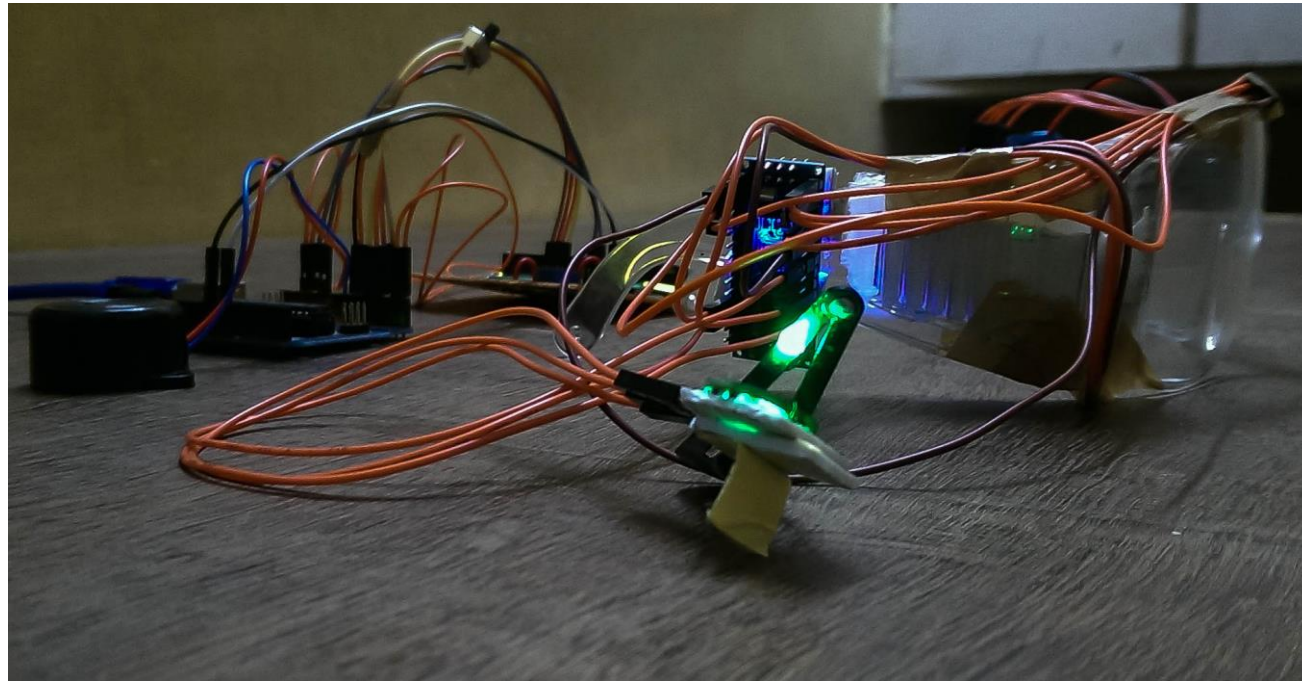
FACTORS USED TO PREDICT DROWSINESS:

- 1.HEART RATE
- 2.COEFFICIENT OF VARIATION OF R-R INTERVALS (experimental stage)
- 3.EYE BLINK DURATION

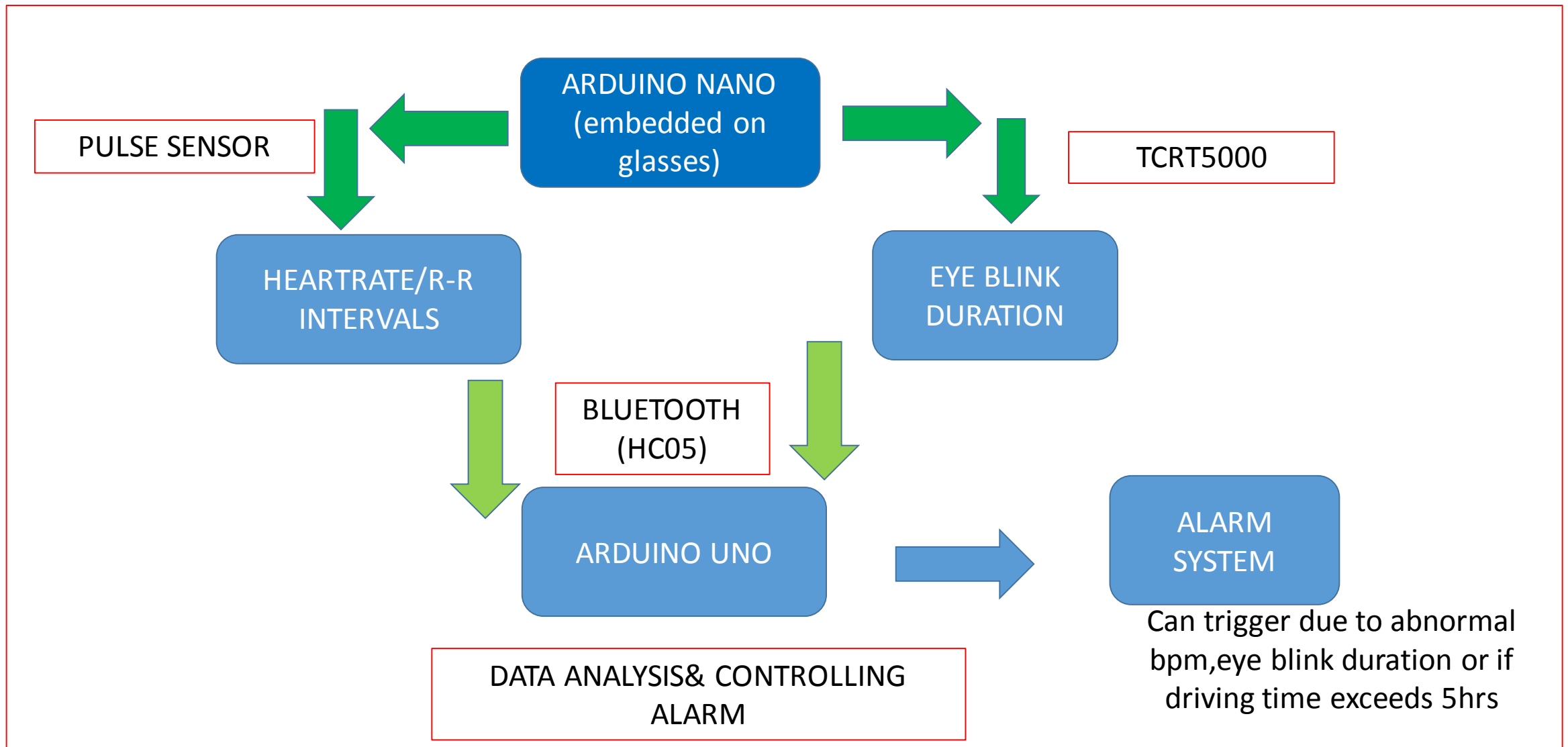
DRIVER DROWSINESS DETECTION SYSTEM EMBEDDED ON GLASSES!!



FINAL PRODUCT!!



SYSTEM BLOCK DIAGRAM:



PREDICTING FATIGUE WITH HEART RATE/R-R INTERVALS (FROM PPG)

- 1.ON SOME OBSERVATION AND FROM RELIABLE SOURCES,WE DECIDED TO TRIGGER THE ALARM ON 8% DECREASE FROM NORMAL RESTING BPM WHICH WILL BE RECORDED APPROPRIATELY AND STORED BY THE SYSTEM.
- 2.ALSO WHEN THE BPM RISES ABOVE 100 BPM DRIVER IS NOTIFIED .
- 3.COEFFICIENT OF VARIATION OF R-R INTERVALS(OF 100 SAMPLES) WERE FOUND TO BE RELATED TO ALERTNESS LEVEL .

PREDICTING FATIGUE WITH EYE BLINK DURATION:

EYE BLINK IS DETECTED WITH TCRT5000 (IR LED/PHOTOTRANSISTOR PACKAGE)

- 1.NORMAL HUMAN AVERAGE EYE BLINK DURATION IS 400ms
- 2.IT IS FOUND TO BE CONSIDERABLY LARGE DURING DROWSINESS
- 3.ON SURPASSING THE THRESHOLDS VISUAL ALERTNESS IS CREATED.

FUTURE WORK

- 1.WORK ON MAKING A PRODUCT WHICH CONSUMES MINIMAL POWER.
- 2.EXPERIMENTING EXTENSIVELY ON R-R INTERVAL ANALYSIS
- 3.IMPROVING DESIGN OF THE SYSTEM
- 4.INCORPORATING MORE FACTORS INTO THE SYSTEM TO DETECT DROWSINESS
- 5.IMPROVING ALARM TRIGGERING EFFICIENCY