```
1 import re
 2 import numpy as np
 3 import pandas as pd
 4 from sklearn.discriminant_analysis import LinearDiscriminantAnalysis as LDA
 5 from sklearn.decomposition import PCA
 6 from sklearn.decomposition import SparsePCA
 7 from sklearn.tree import DecisionTreeClassifier
 8 from sklearn.naive bayes import BernoulliNB, GaussianNB
 9 from imblearn.over sampling import SMOTE
10 import pandas as pd
11 from sklearn.model selection import train test split
12 import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
13 import random
14 from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
15 from sklearn.decomposition import TruncatedSVD
16 from sklearn.model_selection import GridSearchCV
17 from sklearn.metrics import accuracy_score,classification_report,confusion_matrix,f1_score,make_scorer
18 from sklearn.feature_selection import chi2
19 from sklearn.feature selection import SelectKBest
20 from sklearn.impute import SimpleImputer
21 from sklearn.model_selection import ShuffleSplit,cross_val_score
 1 bug2 = pd.read_csv("/content/drive/MyDrive/data_bug2.txt", sep=' ')
 2 bug2.info()
 3 print(bug2.shape)
```

4 bug2.head(7)

<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'> RangeIndex: 100000 entries, 0 to 99999 Data columns (total 5 columns): Column Non-Null Count Dtype 100000 non-null float64 100000 non-null float64 1 sy 100000 non-null float64 2 gx 100000 non-null float64 3 100000 non-null float64 dtypes: float64(5) memory usage: 3.8 MB (100000, 5) 1 sy gx gу SX **0** -20.35270 -13.16810 -16.861800 13.85940 31.08

1 bug2.describe()

	sx	sy	gx	gy	d
count	100000.000000	100000.000000	100000.000000	100000.000000	100000.000000
mean	2.558475	-1.111631	2.461731	-1.162655	62.395794
std	13.772926	9.125932	13.824945	9.114331	47.137511
min	-21.999600	-13.999900	-21.999800	-13.999900	0.000000
25%	-8.671688	-9.578298	-8.958005	-9.627072	22.725000
50%	4.375180	-2.599365	4.251060	-2.675130	55.020000
75%	14.506300	7.541390	14.487900	7.334085	90.480000
max	21.999300	13.999900	21.999900	14.000000	258.660000

1 d_label = bug2['d']

1 bug2.drop(['d'],axis=1,inplace = True)

```
1 X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(bug2, d_label, test_size=0.2, random_state=0)
  1 from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
  2 scaler = StandardScaler()
  3 X train1 = scaler.fit_transform(X_train)
  4 print(scaler.mean )
  5 X_test1 = scaler.transform(X_test)
  7 print(type(X train1))
  8 print(type(X test1))
      [ 2.5758674 -1.12390206 2.46324972 -1.16738687]
      <class 'numpy.ndarray'>
      <class 'numpy.ndarray'>
 1 from sklearn.neighbors import KNeighborsRegressor
  2 from sklearn.tree import DecisionTreeRegressor
  3 from sklearn.ensemble import RandomForestRegressor
  4 from sklearn.gaussian process import GaussianProcessRegressor
  5 from sklearn.neural_network import MLPRegressor
  6 from sklearn.metrics import mean squared error
 7 from sklearn.ensemble import AdaBoostRegressor
  8
  9 classifiers_list = {
       "K-Neighbors Regressor": KNeighborsRegressor(),
 10
       "Decision Tree Regressor": DecisionTreeRegressor(),
 11
        "Random Forest Regressor": RandomForestRegressor(),
 12
        "Naive Bayes Regressor" : GaussianProcessRegressor(),
 13
        "Neural Network Regressor" : MLPRegressor(),
 14
       "Adaboost" : AdaBoostRegressor(base_estimator=RandomForestRegressor())
 15
 16 }
 17
18 classifiers count = len(classifiers_list.keys())
 19 df results = pd.DataFrame(data=np.zeros(shape=(classifiers count,5)), columns = ['classifier', 'Recall', 'F1', 'Precision', 'Accuracy'])
 20
 21 for c name, classifier in classifiers list.items():
22 classifier.fit(X_train,y_train)
     prediction = []
     nundiction alocation mundict/V toot)
```

```
24 prediction = classifier.predict(x_test)
```

- 25 cv1 = ShuffleSplit(n_splits=5, test_size=0.2, random_state=0)
- 26 scores = cross_val_score(classifier, X_train, y_train, cv=cv1)
- 27 print ('Classifier+OneHotEncoder', c_name)
- 28 print ('Cross validation', scores)
- 29 print(prediction)
- 30 #print(classification_report(y_test,prediction))
- 31 print(mean_squared_error(y_test,prediction, squared=False))

```
1 classifiers list = {
       "K-Neighbors Regressor": KNeighborsRegressor(),
       "Decision Tree Regressor": DecisionTreeRegressor(),
 3
      "Random Forest Regressor": RandomForestRegressor(),
 4
 5
      #"Naive Bayes Regressor" : GaussianProcessRegressor(),
      "Neural Network Regressor" : MLPRegressor()
 6
 7 }
 8
 9 classifiers count = len(classifiers list.keys())
10 df results = pd.DataFrame(data=np.zeros(shape=(classifiers_count,5)), columns = ['classifier', 'Recall', 'F1', 'Precision', 'Accuracy'])
11
12 for c name, classifier in classifiers list.items():
    classifier.fit(X train1,y train)
    prediction = []
14
    prediction = classifier.predict(X_test1)
    cv1 = ShuffleSplit(n splits=5, test size=0.2, random state=0)
16
17
    scores = cross val score(classifier, X train1, y train, cv=cv1)
    print ('Classifier+OneHotEncoder', c name)
18
    print ('Cross validation', scores)
    print(prediction)
20
    #print(classification_report(y_test,prediction))
21
    print(mean_squared_error(y_test,prediction, squared=False))
22
     Classifier+OneHotEncoder K-Neighbors Regressor
    Cross validation [0.95790924 0.95540089 0.95564788 0.9566909 0.95506911]
    [ 53.748 34.08 124.788 ... 45.108 25.392 54.24 ]
     9.509439531623302
    Classifier+OneHotEncoder Decision Tree Regressor
     Cross validation [0.90688291 0.90322222 0.90317568 0.91455561 0.90675217]
    [ 52.92 34.44 107.46 ... 45.36 26.46 52.86]
    14.016947170479026
     Classifier+OneHotEncoder Random Forest Regressor
     Cross validation [0.95614924 0.95556907 0.95358417 0.95704907 0.95472031]
     [ 51.354 34.7754 146.0046 ... 45.9414 25.239 52.6866]
     9.693991643201576
    /usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages/sklearn/neural_network/_multilayer_perceptron.py:696: ConvergenceWarning: Stochastic Optimizer: Ma
       ConvergenceWarning,
    /usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages/sklearn/neural network/ multilayer perceptron.py:696: ConvergenceWarning: Stochastic Optimizer: Ma
```

```
ConvergenceWarning,
    /usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages/sklearn/neural network/ multilayer perceptron.py:696: ConvergenceWarning: Stochastic Optimizer: Ma
      ConvergenceWarning,
    /usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages/sklearn/neural network/ multilayer perceptron.py:696: ConvergenceWarning: Stochastic Optimizer: Ma
      ConvergenceWarning,
    /usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages/sklearn/neural network/ multilayer perceptron.py:696: ConvergenceWarning: Stochastic Optimizer: Ma
      ConvergenceWarning,
    Classifier+OneHotEncoder Neural Network Regressor
    Cross validation [0.81837745 0.79905087 0.82397237 0.82021138 0.8302946 ]
    [ 44.12417048 27.9305746 115.26066418 ... 24.98848521 18.61378319
      55.85931567]
   19.53060301989341
   /usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages/sklearn/neural network/ multilayer perceptron.py:696: ConvergenceWarning: Stochastic Optimizer: Ma
      ConvergenceWarning,
1 print(y_test)
    3582
              53.04
    60498
              34.68
    53227
             129.12
    21333
              62.64
    3885
              59.16
              . . .
    60116
              61.98
    2415
              20.94
    43763
              45.84
    71345
              24.90
    77687
              53.16
    Name: d, Length: 20000, dtype: float64
1 import sklearn.metrics
2 print(sklearn.metrics.SCORERS.keys())
    dict keys(['explained variance', 'r2', 'max error', 'neg median absolute error', 'neg mean absolute error', 'neg mean absolute percentage
1 from sklearn.model selection import KFold
2 from sklearn.model selection import GridSearchCV
```

```
3 from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
 4 from sklearn.model selection import KFold
 6 # Define our candidate hyperparameters
 7 hp_candidates = [{'n_neighbors': [2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10,11,12,13,14,15], 'weights': ['uniform', 'distance'], 'p':[1,2,5]}]
 9 # Search for best hyperparameters
10 grid = GridSearchCV(estimator=KNeighborsRegressor(), param grid=hp candidates, cv=5,scoring='r2')
11
12 grid.fit(X_train1,y_train)
    GridSearchCV(cv=5, estimator=KNeighborsRegressor(),
                  param_grid=[{'n_neighbors': [2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12,
                                               13, 14, 15],
                               'p': [1, 2, 5], 'weights': ['uniform', 'distance']}],
                  scoring='r2')
1 print("Tuned Hyperparameters :", grid.best_params_)
 2 print("Accuracy :",grid.best score )
    Tuned Hyperparameters : {'n_neighbors': 6, 'p': 2, 'weights': 'distance'}
    Accuracy: 0.9582734325923965
 1 hp_candidates = [{"max_depth" : [None,2,4,6,8,10,12], }]
 2 grid = GridSearchCV(estimator=DecisionTreeRegressor(), param grid=hp candidates, cv=5)
 3 grid.fit(X train1,y train)
    GridSearchCV(cv=5, estimator=DecisionTreeRegressor(),
                  param_grid=[{'max_depth': [None, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11,
                                             12]}])
 1 print("Tuned Hyperparameters :", grid.best params )
 2 print("Accuracy :",grid.best score )
    Tuned Hyperparameters : {'max depth': None}
    Accuracy: 0.9057270160611951
1 hp candidates = [{'n estimators': [10,20,30,40], 'max features': ['auto', 'sqrt', 'log2'], 'max depth' : [None,2,3,4,5]}]
 2 grid = GridSearchCV(estimator=RandomForestRegressor(), param grid=hp candidates, cv=5,scoring='neg mean absolute error')
```

```
3 grid.fit(X train1,y train)
    GridSearchCV(cv=5, estimator=RandomForestRegressor(),
                 param_grid=[{'max_depth': [None, 2, 3, 4, 5],
                               'max features': ['auto', 'sqrt', 'log2'],
                               'n_estimators': [10, 20, 30, 40]}],
                  scoring='neg mean absolute error')
 1 print("Tuned Hyperparameters :", grid.best params )
 2 print("Accuracy :",grid.best score )
    Tuned Hyperparameters: {'max depth': None, 'max features': 'auto', 'n estimators': 40}
    Accuracy: -4.5210631125
 1 classifiers list = {
      "K-Neighbors Regressor": KNeighborsRegressor(n neighbors = 2, p = 2, weights = 'distance'),
       "Decision Tree Regressor": DecisionTreeRegressor(max depth= None),
 3
      "Random Forest Regressor": RandomForestRegressor(max_depth= None, max_features = 'auto', n estimators = 40),
 4
      #"Naive Bayes Regressor" : GaussianProcessRegressor(),
 5
       "Neural Network Regressor" : MLPRegressor()
 6
7 }
9 classifiers count = len(classifiers list.keys())
10 df results = pd.DataFrame(data=np.zeros(shape=(classifiers count,5)), columns = ['classifier', 'Recall', 'F1', 'Precision', 'Accuracy'])
11
12 for c_name, classifier in classifiers_list.items():
    classifier.fit(X train1,y train)
    prediction = []
14
    prediction = classifier.predict(X_test1)
15
    cv1 = ShuffleSplit(n_splits=5, test_size=0.2, random_state=0)
16
    scores = cross val score(classifier, X train1, y train, cv=cv1)
17
    print ('Classifier+OneHotEncoder', c name)
18
    print ('Cross validation', scores)
19
    print(prediction)
20
    #print(classification report(y test,prediction))
21
    print(mean squared error(y test,prediction, squared=False))
22
     Classifier+OneHotEncoder K-Neighbors Regressor
    Cross validation [0.95171266 0.9502014 0.95259018 0.95294602 0.94923148]
```

```
[ 52.30169881 32.99351873 145.48004059 ... 45.60925937 25.55738142
     52.83870022]
   10.163535779197355
   Classifier+OneHotEncoder Decision Tree Regressor
   Cross validation [0.90723194 0.90185824 0.90154257 0.91268159 0.90455931]
   [ 52.92 34.32 107.46 ... 45.36 26.46 52.74]
   14.087015076303425
   Classifier+OneHotEncoder Random Forest Regressor
   Cross validation [0.9560381 0.95460111 0.95257575 0.95547944 0.95304388]
   [ 51.828
              34.5825 148.911 ... 45.585 25.4745 52.8315]
   9.849071699470588
   /usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages/sklearn/neural network/ multilayer perceptron.py:696: ConvergenceWarning: Stochastic Optimizer: Ma
     ConvergenceWarning,
   /usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages/sklearn/neural_network/_multilayer_perceptron.py:696: ConvergenceWarning: Stochastic Optimizer: Ma
     ConvergenceWarning,
   /usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages/sklearn/neural network/ multilayer perceptron.py:696: ConvergenceWarning: Stochastic Optimizer: Ma
     ConvergenceWarning,
   /usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages/sklearn/neural network/ multilayer perceptron.py:696: ConvergenceWarning: Stochastic Optimizer: Ma
     ConvergenceWarning,
   /usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages/sklearn/neural network/ multilayer perceptron.py:696: ConvergenceWarning: Stochastic Optimizer: Ma
     ConvergenceWarning,
   Classifier+OneHotEncoder Neural Network Regressor
   Cross validation [0.81797425 0.82557981 0.81994791 0.82640348 0.83188815]
   64.86746883]
   20.253207010597386
   /usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages/sklearn/neural network/ multilayer perceptron.py:696: ConvergenceWarning: Stochastic Optimizer: Ma
     ConvergenceWarning,
1 from sklearn import neighbors
```

```
2 from sklearn.metrics import mean_squared_error
3 from math import sqrt
4 import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
5 %matplotlib inline
6 rmse_val = [] #to store rmse values for different k
7 for K in range(20):
8    K = K+1
9    model = neighbors.KNeighborsRegressor(n_neighbors = K)
10
11    model.fit(X_train, y_train) #fit the model
```

```
pred=model.predict(X_test) #make prediction on test set
 error = sqrt(mean_squared_error(y_test,pred)) #calculate rmse
 rmse val.append(error) #store rmse values
 print('RMSE value for k= ' , K , 'is:', error)
RMSE value for k= 1 is: 11.888223827805398
RMSE value for k= 2 is: 10.265583827040722
RMSE value for k= 3 is: 9.842908972453214
RMSE value for k= 4 is: 9.722429523915306
RMSE value for k= 5 is: 9.655117643944067
RMSE value for k= 6 is: 9.639658604432006
RMSE value for k= 7 is: 9.677903698674436
RMSE value for k= 8 is: 9.722679412814916
RMSE value for k= 9 is: 9.768395860347
RMSE value for k= 10 is: 9.822937574096661
RMSE value for k= 11 is: 9.906196556234073
RMSE value for k= 12 is: 9.975580568380469
RMSE value for k= 13 is: 10.041009049219548
RMSE value for k= 14 is: 10.106092232527217
RMSE value for k= 15 is: 10.16928041611598
RMSE value for k= 16 is: 10.233886727844869
RMSE value for k= 17 is: 10.30946144081513
RMSE value for k= 18 is: 10.354768957103776
RMSE value for k= 19 is: 10.432988483980504
RMSE value for k= 20 is: 10.503287253376916
```

```
1 curve = pd.DataFrame(rmse_val) #elbow curve
2 curve.plot()
```

12 13

14

15

```
<matplotlib.axes._subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x7f87d92fb790>
     12.0
 1 hp_candidates = [{"max_depth" : [1,3,5,7,9,None], "min_samples_leaf":[2,3,4,5], "max_leaf_nodes":[None,10,20]}]
 2 grid = GridSearchCV(estimator=DecisionTreeRegressor(), param grid=hp candidates, cv=5)
 3 grid.fit(X train1,y train)
    GridSearchCV(cv=5, estimator=DecisionTreeRegressor(),
                  param_grid=[{'max_depth': [1, 3, 5, 7, 9, None],
                               'max leaf nodes': [None, 10, 20],
                               'min samples leaf': [2, 3, 4, 5]}])
 1 print("Tuned Hyperparameters :", grid.best params )
 2 print("Accuracy :",grid.best score )
    Tuned Hyperparameters : {'max depth': 9, 'max leaf nodes': None, 'min samples leaf': 3}
    Accuracy: 0.8236125600489421
 1 from sklearn.neighbors import KNeighborsRegressor
 2 from sklearn.model_selection import KFold
 3 from sklearn.model_selection import GridSearchCV
 4 from sklearn.model selection import train test split
 5 from sklearn.model selection import KFold
7 # Define our candidate hyperparameters
 8 hp_candidates = [{'n_neighbors': [2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10,11,12,13,14,15], 'weights': ['uniform','distance'],'p':[1,2,5]}]
10 # Search for best hyperparameters
11 grid = GridSearchCV(estimator=KNeighborsRegressor(), param_grid=hp_candidates, cv=5)
12
13 grid.fit(X_train1,y_train)
1 print("Tuned Hyperparameters :", grid.best params )
 2 print("Accuracy :",grid.best score )
1 rmse val = [] #to store rmse values for different k
```

```
2 for K in range(20):
      K = K+1
      model = neighbors.KNeighborsRegressor(n neighbors=K,p=2,weights='distance')
 5
 6
      model.fit(X_train, y_train) #fit the model
      pred=model.predict(X_test) #make prediction on test set
 7
      error = sqrt(mean_squared_error(y_test,pred)) #calculate rmse
 8
9
      rmse val.append(error) #store rmse values
10
      print('RMSE value for k= ' , K , 'is:', error)
1 curve = pd.DataFrame(rmse_val) #elbow curve
 2 curve.plot()
1 from sklearn import tree
 2 text_representation = tree.export_text(regr)
 3 print(text_representation)
1 fig = plt.figure(figsize=(25,20))
2 _ = tree.plot_tree(regr, feature_names=['x','y','dx','dy'], filled=True)
```

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Executing (3m 24s) ... > ... > _boo... > predi... > _call... > _dispatch_one_b... > _dispat... > _apply_as... > _init... > _call... > call... > _call... > _call.