Subject Name: Statistical Foundation of Machine Learning Mid-sem Exam, 40 Points, Time: 2 hrs exam. (All questions are compulsory)

Q1: a) (5 points): Prove two similar matrices A and B have the same characteristic polynomial hence same eigenvalues.

Q2 : (5 points). Which of the following are true? Prove or give a counterexample (in terms of probability and conditional probability)

- a) (2.5 points) If A and B are conditionally independent given C, are A and B independent?
- b) (2.5 points) If A and {B, C} are conditionally independent given D, are A and B conditionally independent given D?

Q3 : (5 points) : X=(X1, X2) is drawn from a two dimensional Gaussian distribution with a diagonal covariance matrix

X =(X1,X2) ~N(μ,Σ) Σ = (a 0) . Here a and b are some real numbers. (0 b)

Are X1 and X2 independent? Explain as succinctly as possible.

Q4: (10 points)

- a) (5 points) Consider a random process X(t) such that for every t, X(t) is an i.i.d. Gaussian random variable with zero mean and unit variance. Find Rx(t).
- b) (5 points) With the help of data points given in the table below, fit a second-order polynomial to the following data using the least square method

I	1	2	3	4	5	6
x	0	0.5	1.0	1.5	2.0	2.5
у	0	0.25	1.0	2.25	4.0	6.25

Q5 : (5 points) : An unbiased dice is rolled and for each number on the dice a bag is chosen:

Numbers on the Dice	Bag choosen

1	Bag A
2 or 3	Bag B
4 or 5 or 6	Bag C

Bag A contains 3 white ball and 2 black ball, bag B contains 3 white ball and 4 black ball and bag C contains 4 white ball and 5 black ball. Dice is rolled and bag is chosen, if a white ball is chosen find the probability that it is chosen from bag B.

Q 6 (10 Points): Calculate the entropy in bits for each of the following random variables:

- (i) Pixel values in an image whose possible grey values are all the integers from 0 to 255 with uniform probability.
- (ii) Humans classified according to whether they are, or are not, mammals.
- (iii) Gender in a tri-sexed insect population whose three genders occur with probabilities 1/4, 1/4, and 1/2.
- (iv) A population of persons classified by whether they are older, or not older, than the population's median age.