Module 2: Searching & Hashing Techniques

1) Linear Search

```
#include<iostream.h>
#include<conio.h>
void main()
int n,a[20], i ,k,index;
clrscr();
cout<<"Enter no of elements:";</pre>
cout<<"\nEnter array elements:";</pre>
for(i=0;i<n;i++)
cin >> a[i];
cout<<"\nEnter the element to be searched:";</pre>
cin>>k;
for(i=0;i< n;i++)
if(a[i]==k)
index=i;
break;
} }
if(a[i]==k)
cout<<"The element is form at index"<<index;</pre>
else
cout<<"The element not found ";</pre>
getch();
/* Output1 -
Enter no of elements:5
Enter array elements: 1 2 3 4 5
Enter the element to be searched:5
The element is form at index4
```

```
Output2 -
Enter no of elements:5

Enter array elements:1 2 3 4 5

Enter the element to be searched:6
The element not found
*/
```

2) Binary Search

```
#include<iostream.h>
#include<conio.h>
void main()
{
clrscr();
int n,a[25],k,low,high,i;
float mid;
cout<<"Enter elements:";</pre>
cin>>n;
cout<<"\nEnter an array element:";</pre>
for(i=0;i<n;i++)
cin >> a[i];
low=0;
high=n-1;
mid=(low+high)/2;
cout<<"Enter element to be search:";</pre>
cin>>k;
while(low<=high)</pre>
if(a[mid] < k)
low=mid+1;
else
if(a[mid]==k)
cout << "\nElements found at index" << mid;
break;
else
high=mid-1;
mid=(low+high)/2;
```

```
}
if(low>high)
{
cout<<"\nElement not found";
}

getch();
}
/* Output1 -
Enter elements:5

Enter an array element:1 2 3 4 5
Enter element to be search:4

Elements found at index3

Output2 -
Enter elements:5

Enter an array element:1 2 3 4 5
Enter element to be search 7
Element not found

*/
</pre>
```

HASHING TECHNIQUES

3) Linear Probe

```
#include<iostream.h>
#include<conio.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
#define max 10
class Hash
private:
 int a[max];
 public:
 Hash();
 int create(int);
 void linear prob(int,int),display();
  };
 Hash::Hash()
  int i;
  for(i=0;i\leq max;i++)
    a[i]=-1;
 int Hash::create(int num)
  int key;
  key=num%10;
  return key;
  void Hash::linear_prob(int key,int num)
  int flag,i,count=0;
   flag=0;
  if(a[key]==-1)
    a[key]=num;
   else
    i=0;
    while(i<max)
```

```
if(a[i]!=-1)
        count++;
        i++;
        }
   if(count==max)
      cout<<"\n hash table is full"<<num<<"cannot be inserted";</pre>
      display();
      getch();
      exit(1);
   for(i=key+1;i\leq max;i++)
      if(a[i]==-1)
        a[i]=num;
        flag=1;
        break;
   for(i=0;i<key && flag==00;i++)
       if(a[i]==-1)
        a[i]=num;
        flag=1;
        break;
void Hash::display()
 int i;
 cout << "\n the hash table is" << endl;
 for(i=0;i<max;i++)
  cout<<"\n"<<i<" "<<a[i];
void main()
 int num, key;
 char ans;
 Hash h;
 clrscr();
 cout<<"\n Collision Handling By Linera Probbing";
 do
  cout << "\n Enter the number:";
```

```
key=h.create(num);
    h.linear_prob(key,num);
    cout<<"\nDo you wish to continue?(yes/no)";
       ans=getch();
       while(ans=='y');
       h.display();
       getch();
       /* Output -
       Collision Handling By Linera Probbing
Enter the number:72
Do you wish to continue?(yes/no)
Enter the number:27
Do you wish to continue?(yes/no)
Enter the number:36
Do you wish to continue?(yes/no)
Enter the number:24
Do you wish to continue?(yes/no)
the hash table is
0 -1
1 -1
2 72
3 -1
4 24
5 -1
6 3 6
7 2 7
8 -1
9 -1
 Enter the number:
43
Do you wish to continue?(yes/no)
Enter the number:81
Do you wish to continue?(yes/no)
Enter the number:92
```

cin>>num;

Do you wish to continue?(yes/no) Enter the number:101

Do you wish to continue?(yes/no) the hash table is

- 0 -1
- 1 81
- 2 92
- 3 43
- 4 101
- 5 -1
- 6 -1
- 7 -1
- 8 -1
- 9 -1
- */